OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1908,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Picented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 23, 1908]

[No 8 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No 67 of the whole Record]
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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1833

John Hustis, since the death of the Rev. Joseph Selden Lord, of the Class of 1831, in November, 1905, the oldest living graduate of Yale University, and since the death of Professor George E. Day in July of the same year, the last survivor of his class, was born in Phillipstown, Putnam County, N. Y., October 22, 1810. His parents were Joseph Hustis, a farmer, and Elizabeth (Knapp) Hustis. He was prepared for college at the Academy in the neighboring town of Fishkill, in Dutchess County.

After graduation he studied law a year in the Yale Law School, then in the office of Jeremiah Hine (Y. C. 1815), of Carmel, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1836, in company with his classmate VanSantvoord, in New York City. He began practice in the city of Albany, N. Y., but in 1837 went directly to Milwaukee, in the new Territory of Wisconsin, where he engaged in the real estate busi-
ness, and in 1840 erected the first brick block in that place. In 1851 he removed with his family to Hustisford, a village on the Rock River, about forty-five miles northwest of Milwaukee, laid out by him and bearing his name. In 1837 he had encamped there, sixteen miles from any cabin, bought a claim, and built a house. In 1846 he built a dam across the river and erected a sawmill, and five years later a flour mill. In 1868 he returned with his family to Milwaukee, but continued to spend a large part of his time in Hustisford, and later made his home entirely at the latter place. He was well read especially in literature and science. The Rev. Joseph S. Lord, mentioned above, was for several years the Presbyterian pastor in Hustisford.

Mr. Hustis enjoyed excellent health until a short time before his death, which occurred September 20, 1907, in the 97th year of his age. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course in 1836.

He married, August 29, 1839, Laura Ann, daughter of Lewis and Polly Ludington, of Carmel, N.Y., and had four daughters and one son. Two of the daughters and the son are deceased. His youngest daughter, Mrs. Van W. Anthony, resides in Hustisford, and his daughter, Josephine L., resides in Milwaukee. Mrs. Hustis died in 1899.

1835

John Varick Dodge, son of Colonel Henry S. and Jane Dey (Varick) Dodge, was born in New York City, October 14, 1815. When he was two years old his parents moved to the Territory of Illinois and with a few other American families lived seven years among the French and Indians in Kaskaskia, but in 1824 returned to New York, his father dying two years later. In 1829 he entered Columbia College, but his mother removed to New Haven the following year, and in 1831 he entered Yale.

After graduation he took the course in Princeton Theological Seminary, and was then ordained by the Presbytery
of Vincennes, Ind, over the Presbyterian Church in Evansville. Soon afterwards the Old and New School controversy disrupted the church, but with six of its members who held the Old School views Mr. Dodge formed a new church. This church prospered and at the close of his pastorate of ten years, had reached a membership of one hundred and forty. In 1851, after preaching for a time in Terre Haute, Ind, he removed to Illinois, was pastor at Jacksonville four years, a state missionary two years, and preached at Canton two years. In 1859 he went to Wheeling, W. Va., for the sake of his wife's health, but in 1861 returned to Evansville, which was afterward his home. He served as Chaplain of the military hospital for three years, but in 1862 was thrown from a carriage, breaking both arms, and never fully recovered from the shock. Since then he had taken no regular charge. He received the degree of Master of Arts in course three years after graduation.

Mr. Dodge died at his home in Evansville, September 16, 1907, in the 92d year of his age. He was the last member of his class, and the oldest surviving graduate of the University but one. A brother graduated in 1840. He married, June 6, 1842, Augusta Alice, daughter of B. F. Dupuy, of Evansville, formerly of Kentucky, and of French Huguenot descent. She died January 14, 1856, and he afterward married her sister, Mary Eliza, who died April 13, 1907. By the first marriage he had two sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter only, Mrs Charles S. Ames, survives.

Until within a few months of his decease he was almost daily on the streets, and took especial pleasure in reading long passages from the Bible in the original Hebrew and Greek.

William Davis Ely, since the death of Mr. John Hustis, of the Class of 1833, in September, 1907, the oldest living graduate of the University, and since the death of Rev.
Newton Barrett in 1904, the last survivor of his class, was born in Hartford, Conn, June 16, 1815, and was the eldest son of William Ely (Y. C. 1787) and Clarissa May (Davis) Ely. His grandfather was Rev Richard Ely (Y. C 1754), who was for thirty years pastor of the Congregational church in Centerbrook, Conn. He was prepared for college in the old Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, where his father, having acquired a fortune in business enterprises, settled about 1810.

After graduation he remained in New Haven as a resident student, taking courses in the Divinity and Medical Schools in 1837 and 1838. The next year he became Tutor in Natural Philosophy in the College, and also began his course in the Law School. In the spring of 1842 he resigned his tutorship and went abroad, spending much time in the study of art and antiquities, and during the winter and spring having the companionship of the sculptor, Philippe Grass. After a year in Europe he returned to Hartford and entered the law office of Governor Ellsworth. He was admitted to practice in the Connecticut courts, November 18, 1843, and March 6, 1849, to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. In 1852, he made a second trip to Europe. After vigorous opposition from established companies he secured a charter for a railroad across Connecticut, the first section built being between Hartford and Willimantic. He was made Secretary and a director of the company. His efforts to secure a continuous line to Providence brought him in contact with the leading men of that city, to which he removed in 1856. This railroad, extended to Waterbury soon after, and finally to the Hudson River at Fishkill, opposite Newburg, N. Y., was called the Hartford, Providence & Fishkill Railroad, and now forms part of the Highland Division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Upon his removal to Providence, he gave up active law practice and engaged with the Allendale Company in the
manufacture of cotton. Of this company he was President and Treasurer at the time of his decease. He was a member of the Connecticut and Rhode Island Historical Societies, and of several patriotic societies.

He married in 1854, Anne Crawford, daughter of Hon. Zachariah Allen, LL.D., a graduate of Brown University in 1813 and for over fifty years a trustee of that institution. She died in 1888, and a daughter is also deceased, but his only son, William Ely (Ph B Brown 1878), who was a graduate student at Yale in 1878-79, survives him.

Mr. Ely died from heart failure following an illness of ten days, at his home in Providence, June 11, 1908, having nearly completed his 93rd year.

In 1886 he presented a set of magnetic instruments to the Yale Observatory.

**1837**

George Tiley Spencer, son of Deacon George and Julia (Pratt) Spencer, was born November 6, 1814, in the village of Deep River, in the town of Saybrook, Conn. His father was a soldier in the War of 1812, and afterward one of the earliest manufacturers of ivory goods in the country.

After graduation he taught a year in Belchertown, Mass., then began the study of law in the office of Governor William W. Ellsworth, LL.D. (Y. C. 1810), in Hartford, Conn., continued his studies in the office of John C. Forbes in Syracuse, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar there in 1841. Shortly afterward he settled in Corning, Steuben County, N. Y., where he was actively engaged in the practice of his profession for over fifty years, retiring in 1894. During this long period he was at different times in partnership with Col. Charles H. Thomson and Ellsworth D. Mills, the successive titles of the firms being Spencer & Thomson; Spencer, Thomson & Mills; and Spencer & Mills. He was
for many years regarded as one of the ablest lawyers in western New York.

He was one of the earliest members of the Republican party, and in 1856 was elected to the New York State Assembly. He was a member of the New York State Constitutional Convention in 1867. In November, 1871, he was elected County Judge and Surrogate of Steuben County, and held this office for the full term of six years.

Judge Spencer filled a position of large influence in his home community, and no one in its public or private life stood higher in general regard. Although unassuming in manner he was for many years a leader in shaping public opinion. He was one of the first Village Board of Trustees after the incorporation of Corning in 1849, and the following year was President of the Village.

He was a man of wide knowledge outside of the law. He learned German after he was sixty years old, and to the end of his life found pleasure in reading the Greek, Latin, French and German classics. Although his physical vigor declined and he was confined to his room during the last year his mental faculties were unimpaired. He died in Corning, March 3, 1908, at the home which he built over thirty years ago. He was 93 years of age, the oldest citizen of Corning, and the last survivor of his class.

He married, November 3, 1842, Harriet, daughter of Ira and Roxanna (Glover) Stacy, and sister of his classmate, John Stacy. They had six daughters and four sons, of whom the two eldest daughters and two sons died in infancy, and the youngest son, leaving Yale College at the close of Freshman year on account of ill health, died after a long illness in 1889. Mrs. Spencer died May 7, 1897. The surviving son graduated from the Albany Law School in 1872, one of the daughters from Elmira College in 1868, and another daughter from Wellesley College in 1883. One of his sisters married his classmate, Dr. Ambrose Pratt.
Richard Ellis Butler, son of Judge Thomas Butler, a planter of St Francisville, West Feliciana Parish, La., was born in Natchez, Miss., December 31, 1819. His mother was before marriage Miss Ann Ellis. After attending school in Jackson and Baton Rouge, La., he entered college in Sophomore year.

Some time after graduation he went to reside in Terrebonne Parish, where he managed the estate of his uncle, also property of his mother's, and later his own property until the Civil War began. From 1862 to 1865 he lived with his mother in West Feliciana Parish; after the war he returned to his plantation in Terrebonne Parish, and remained there until 1872. Since then he had again resided near St. Francisville, where he died February 24, 1908, at the age of 88 years. He was Senior Warden of St. Matthew's Church at Houma, in Terrebonne Parish, and until a few years ago was Senior Warden of Grace Church, St. Francisville.

He married, October 18, 1849, Sarah E., daughter of Dr. John Ker, a physician of Natchez, Miss. His only son survives him.

William Thomas Doubleday, son of Dr. Ammi and Susan (Pierce) Doubleday, was born in Binghamton, N. Y., March 28, 1818. He was a student two years at Amherst College, joining his class at Yale in Junior year.

The year after graduation he was in poor health, but in 1839 entered Union Theological Seminary. Owing to a year of absence during the course he did not complete it until 1843. He then preached two years for the First Presbyterian Church of Bainbridge, N. Y., and was about three years at Truxton, where he was ordained by the Cortland Presbytery March 3, 1847. In 1850 he became pastor at Gilbertsville, Otsego County, where his church was largely
increased in membership, and remarkably blessed in its spiritual life. After ten years of service he resigned on account of overwork, and was then pastor at Delhi about two years and a half. In June, 1864, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Goshen, Conn., devoting himself to his people until October, 1871, when he resigned to gain entire rest and a change of climate. He then resided several years in Vineland, N. J., with beneficial results. During the autumn of 1878 he returned to Binghamton, where he had since made his home, and where for a number of years he had frequently preached. In 1890 he retired entirely from the active ministry.

Mr. Doubleday died at the home of his daughter, Miss Frances C. Doubleday, July 13, 1907, at the age of 89 years, and at his decease was probably the oldest native of Binghamton.

He married, May 14, 1844, Frances Maria, daughter of Francis Doremus, a merchant of New York City, and Eliza D. (Canfield) Doremus. She died April 5, 1882, and of their two daughters one died in infancy.

1839

Augustus Rodney Macdonough, son of Commodore Thomas Macdonough, Commander of the American fleet at the battle of Lake Champlain in 1814, was born in Middletown, Conn., November 20, 1820. His mother was Lucy Ann, daughter of Nathaniel Shaler, a merchant of Middletown, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the Harvard Law School, also in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in 1843. The following year he removed to St. Louis, Mo., and began the practice of his profession; but after the death of his wife in 1846, he returned to New York City, where he continued his legal practice, and was Secretary of the Erie Railroad from about 1877 to 1902.
During the Civil War he was active in the management of the New York Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission, and during its continuance edited the *Spirit of the Fair*. In the early part of the war he was a writer for the New York *World*. Since then he had contributed frequently to the New York papers, and translated several operas from the German and French.

Mr. Macdonough was long prominent in social and other organizations, having joined the Century Association of New York City in 1852, and being made an honorary member in 1886. He was its Secretary for twenty-seven years, and was also President of the St Nicholas Society two years. He was a trustee of the House of Refuge three years, and examiner under the first Civil Service regulations in New York City.

He married, June 10, 1846, Frances Brenton McVickar, daughter of Edward McVickar. She died the following December, and he never married again.

Mr. Macdonough died at his home in New York City, July 21, 1907, in the 87th year of his age.

His brother, Dr. James E. F. Macdonough, graduated from the Medical Department in 1840, and his brother Thomas was a non-graduate member of the Class of 1841 in the Academical Department.

1840

*John Frazier Head, son of George E and Hannah (Cathlin) Head, was born in Boston, Mass, January 9, 1821.*

After graduation he entered the Harvard Medical School and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from there in 1843, and the same year that of Master of Arts from Yale. In August, 1846, he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon in the United States Army, five years later Captain and Assistant Surgeon, and in 1860 Major and Surgeon. He was with Scott’s army in Mexico, and served through
the Civil War. He attained the rank of Colonel in June, 1882, and was retired on account of age in January, 1885. Since then he had resided in Washington, D. C. In April, 1904, he was advanced to the rank of Brigadier-General, retired.

General Head died at Nassau, in the Bahama Islands, February 5, 1908, at the age of 87 years. He was buried in the Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, August 18, 1846, Katharine, daughter of Mrs. Apthorp, who for many years conducted a school of high repute for young ladies on Hillhouse Avenue, New Haven. Mrs. Head died in 1904, but a son, Frazier Davenport Head, a graduate of the Class of 1874 in the Sheffield Scientific School, survives him.

**1844**

Edward Henry Avery, son of Rev. Charles Eldredge Avery (Middlebury 1818) and Asenath (Cheadell) Avery and a descendant of Captain James Avery, a settler of New London, Conn., was born at Columbus, Chenango County, N. Y., August 18, 1824. He was fitted for college at "The Lyceum," at Geneva, N. Y., and entered the Sophomore class in 1841.

Soon after graduation he became the tutor of four children of a planter in Georgia. Returning to central New York in 1846, he studied law at Auburn and was admitted to the bar in November, 1848. After three years of preliminary experience at Dansville and Bath, he removed to Auburn in 1851, where he speedily established an extensive and lucrative practice. Among his clients were some of the railway companies which in 1853 were consolidated into the New York Central Railroad Company, of which he was appointed one of the local attorneys and afterward counsel, continuing this relation until his retirement from the practice of the law thirty years later.
During the Civil War he acted as treasurer of a large fund contributed for the purpose of raising and equipping troops. Under a commission from the governor of the state, he visited the front and acquainted himself with the needs of the service. In 1870 he was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, in the National Guard of the State of New York.

During the war he also carried to successful completion the building of the Auburn water works, the "Holly system" being introduced in the face of numerous predictions of failure. He personally bore one-tenth of the pecuniary risk involved. He was not without experience in such enterprises, having been associated with other capitalists in furnishing the city of Indianapolis with its water and power, and having been Secretary and Treasurer of the corporation formed for that undertaking.

Subsequently he was an active and often a controlling spirit in various organizations which have contributed to the growth and prosperity of Auburn. Among these were a paper mill company and a local railway company, of both of which he was President; and he was a director of the Auburn Wagon Company and the Empire State Telephone Company. For nearly forty years he was the President of the Auburn Gas Light Company.

In 1882 he assumed the presidency of the First National Bank of Auburn, relinquishing his legal practice at that time. For more than a quarter of a century he conducted the affairs of the bank with sound and conservative judgment, but with a liberal spirit. His promptness and energy, his incorruptible integrity, and his high standard of commercial honor inspired the utmost confidence. He was also a trustee of the Cayuga County Savings Bank and a member of its finance committee.

His time was not entirely absorbed in business. He was long one of the trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Auburn, and one of the directors of the American Social
Science Association, of whose executive committee he was a member. In 1867 he visited Europe with his family, and again in 1878.

He had a constitution of remarkable vitality, which he was careful not to overwork, and his health continued nearly perfect until last November, when he was prostrated by illness. A short sojourn at Clifton Springs Sanitarium was attended with no improvement, and he gradually grew weaker until he expired May 5, 1908.

His wife, Susan S., daughter of Najah Taylor of Brooklyn, N.Y., to whom he was married May 5, 1852, died in 1890. Their first child died in infancy, twin sons, James Carrington and Charles Irving Avery (both Cornell 1883), and a daughter, Mrs. Milligan, survive.

FREDERICK DENISON AVERY, son of Henry William and Betsey (Denison) Avery, was born October 30, 1818, in Groton, Conn. When seventeen years of age he went to the home of an uncle in Sherburne, N.Y., to learn cabinet-making, but at the end of a year and a half he decided to take a college course preparatory to entering the ministry.

After graduation from the Academical Department he at once began the three years’ course in the Yale Divinity School. He supplied the Congregational Church in Eden, Erie County, N.Y., a year and a half, and then, June 11, 1850, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Columbia, Tolland County, Conn. He continued his ministry there forty-five years, November 1, 1895, becoming pastor emeritus. In 1896 a tablet of bronze commemorating his long service was placed in the church by Mrs. William H. Yeomans, of Columbia.

His "Address at the One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the Columbia Congregational Church," 1866, "Historical Address at the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Tolland County Association of Congregational Ministers" in June, 1889, and "Loyalty to Christ," an essay
read at the County Conference in October, 1893, were printed.

He was one of the organizers of the Tolland County Conference of Congregational Churches, and its Registrar for a dozen years, also Registrar for about the same length of time of the Tolland (Congregational) Association. In 1880 he was Moderator of the General Association of Connecticut. For thirty-six years he was a member of the town School Committee, and during most of that time acting School Visitor, and was also chairman of the Columbia Free Library Committee. In 1885 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives.

Mr. Avery died February 26, 1908, after an illness of six weeks from diabetes, at his home in East Hartford, Conn., where he had resided since his retirement from the active ministry. He was 89 years of age. He was buried in the family lot at Columbia, Conn.

He married, March 12, 1849, Julia Sophia, daughter of Roswell and Phœbe (Harrison) Smith. She died in 1855, leaving a daughter who graduated from Mt Holyoke Seminary in 1876 and died in 1904. In 1857 Mr. Avery married Charlotte, daughter of Benjamin and Barbara (DeGraffe) Manny, of Hagaman, near Amsterdam, N. Y. She survives him with a son.

Samuel Augustus Badger, eldest son and third of the eight children of Samuel and Apphia Maria (Fernald) Badger, was born August 5, 1822, in Kittery, Me. His father was a noted shipbuilder, and his grandfather, William Badger, founder of the business, gave his name to Badger's Island, adjoining Kittery. When about eleven years old he began to row across the Piscataqua River daily to school in Portsmouth and continued to do so for three years. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H., and entered at the beginning of the second term of Freshman year.
After graduation he spent several months in travel and general study, followed by a year in the Harvard Medical School, and then engaged in business in Portsmouth. He was active in the presidential campaign of 1848, serving as President of the Young Men's Taylor Club, and Secretary of the Whig Vigilance Committee. In 1849 he was elected to the New Hampshire Legislature, and drew up the petition and carried through the measure making Portsmouth a city in 1850. He was chosen a member of the first City Council, and was several times on the Board of Education.

In 1852 he removed to New York City, but the next year began the manufacture of furniture by steam in Detroit, Mich. There he suffered a serious loss from fire four years later and was induced to go to Sabula, Ia., a place then attracting much attention as the proposed eastern terminus of the Iowa Central Railway. He obtained an interest in a tract of land there for an addition to the town, laid it out in building lots, built a house, was a representative man of the place, and held several official positions. His father's death occurred in September, 1857, and during his absence in the East the great panic blighted his Iowa plans. He then became commercial agent of a Boston furniture house and was greatly esteemed by the company. After a time he engaged in the manufacture and selling of furniture at wholesale on his own account, and built up a large business, which was ruined through the dishonesty of a partner and the failure of another business house. Since then he had been a wholesale commission furniture merchant, but retired in 1906.

Mr. Badger died of heart failure in Boston, September 17, 1907, at the age of 85 years.

From his Academy days he had been an active church member, and was for years a deacon of the Union Congregational Church in Boston.

He married in Portsmouth, August 30, 1847, Caroline Harriet, daughter of William and Caroline (Haley) Good-
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rich, and had two sons and a daughter. She survives him with their daughter and younger son, the elder son having died two days after his father.

1846

Frederick Henry North, youngest of the four children of Major Seth Judd and Elizabeth (Stanley) North, was born in New Britain, Conn., August 10, 1824. He was prepared for college in private schools in New Britain and Fair Haven, and entered Yale in 1841, but owing to weakness of the eyes was out of college a year, and joined the Class of 1846 in its Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, but before completing the course went into business. Shortly afterward his father died, leaving in his care important manufacturing and real estate interests, which he managed with success. He was one of the incorporators of the New Britain Gas Light Company, one of the original directors of the New Britain Institute, and a leader in the business life of the city. He spent much time abroad, and gathered a choice collection of pictures.

He married, August 28, 1850, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Henry and Lauretta (Smith) North, of New Britain, and had a son and two daughters. For the benefit of his wife's declining health he moved to St. Louis in the fall of 1876, but she died the following spring, and two years later one of his daughters died.

From the summer of 1879 to that of 1884 Mr. North was in Europe, mostly in Germany, and then resided in Chicago, Ill., with his daughter until the end of 1906, when they went to Beaver Dam, Wis. There he died, July 20, 1907, at the home of his son, Dr. Charles F. North (M.D. Leipsic 1884). He was nearly 83 years of age. His sister was the wife of the Rev. Samuel Rockwell (Y.C. 1825), who was
the first pastor of the South Congregational Church in New Britain. Of this church Mr. North and his father were members.

1847

William Edward Brodnax, son of Alexander J. Brodnax, a planter, and Rebecca A. (Wilkins) Brodnax, was born January 8, 1827, in Brunswick County, near the southern border of Virginia. After studying under a private tutor and for a short time in the University of North Carolina, he entered Yale College in Sophomore year.

On graduation he returned to his native county in Virginia, and settled on a plantation near White Plains. There, with the exception of a few years in North Carolina preceding and during the Civil War, he had resided ever since, living the quiet life of a country gentleman and extending a most generous hospitality. During the war he was Captain on the staff of General Robert Ransom in North Carolina. In 1892 a tornado greatly damaged his farm and injured him, but not seriously.

He had no organic disease, but died after several weeks of increasing weakness, at his home, "The Hermitage," September 2, 1907, at the age of 80 years. Around him lived his former slaves and their children, who held him in warm affection and the highest regard. He was never married. His only near relative surviving is a niece.

Alfred Plant, son of Samuel and Delicia Mary (Poignaud) Plant, was born in Lancaster, now Clinton, Mass, March 2, 1821. From the age of 14 to 21 years he was clerk in a country store, after which he supported himself while preparing for college at Leicester Academy and Williston Seminary.

After graduation from Yale College he studied a year each in Union and Yale Theological Seminaries. He was
licensed to preach in 1850, and the same year went to St. Louis, where four of his brothers resided. The following year he attended the first World's Fair in London. He remained abroad two years, and was in Paris during the coup d'état that made Napoleon Emperor of France. Returning to St. Louis in 1853 he preached for the next three years in St. Louis, Keosauqua, Ia., and Collinsville, Ill., but was then obliged by ill health to give up continuous ministerial work, although he afterward preached frequently.

In 1856 he became associated with his brother William in the agricultural and seed business in St. Louis, and two years later became an equal partner. In 1872 he acquired the seed business of the firm, and in November organized the Plant Seed Company, of which he was President until his retirement.

In St. Louis he was a member of the First Congregational Church, and later an original member and Trustee of the Pilgrim Congregational Church. Afterward he lived in Webster Groves, ten miles from the center of St. Louis, for nearly forty years, and was an officer of the First Congregational Church there.

Mr. Plant had suffered from partial blindness and had been in feeble health for several years. He had a paralytic stroke early in the summer of 1907, and died December 28, at his home in Webster Groves, in the 87th year of his age.

He married, September 20, 1863, Mary C., daughter of Ralph and Charlotte (Waterman) Swift of Geneva, N.Y., who died in 1896 from injuries received by being thrown from a carriage. One son only survives, their second son having died in infancy.

Gouverneur Morris Wilkins, son of Martin Wilkins, a rice planter, and Eliza Berkeley (Grimball) Wilkins, was born February 15, 1828, in Charleston, S.C., and entered college in Sophomore year.
After graduation he studied medicine in the Charleston Medical College, but his health failing he engaged in planting. During the Civil War he was in the service of the Confederacy as a private in Company K of the Fourth South Carolina Cavalry, and as a result of the war suffered the loss of his entire property. Since then he had lived quietly at Lowndes Hill, Greenville, S.C., occupied in farming.

During the last year he had been an invalid as the result of a fall, and in the spring had an attack of the grip from which he did not fully recover. He died at his home, August 19, 1907, in the 80th year of his age.

Mr. Wilkins was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, February 26, 1856, Adela, daughter of Thomas O and Elizabeth Wragg (Smith) Lowndes, and had seven sons and two daughters, of whom three sons, with Mrs. Wilkins, survive him.

Samuel Emerson, fourth son and fifth of the nine children of Professor Ralph Emerson, D.D. (Y.C. 1811), and Eliza (Rockwell) Emerson, was born May 9, 1827, in Norfolk, Conn. His father was the Congregational pastor there until 1829, and for twenty-five years afterward Professor in Andover Theological Seminary.

After graduation from Yale he took the course in Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1852, and continued his studies there another year, being licensed to preach in the spring of 1851, though subsequently spending some time in teaching. In 1854 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale, and during the spring of that year he was in charge of the church at Genesee, Wis., in 1856 was a missionary under the American Sunday School Union in Virginia, in Rockingham and neighboring counties, and then for a time edited a paper. Finding the
climacter suited to his needs, he spent most of his life thereafter in Virginia, in the autumn of 1856 taking charge of the Rural Valley Seminary near the Natural Bridge, then for a year and a half of Little Levels Academy, Pocahontas County, and after that time residing in Albemarle County, engaged in preaching, teaching, and in study. For many years he had lived in Charlottesville, the seat of the University of Virginia, tutoring, and working on a mathematical treatise which he left unfinished. He died there January 18, 1908, in the 81st year of his age. He was never married. His eldest brother graduated from Western Reserve University in 1839, and two brothers from Yale in 1841 and 1844 respectively.

JOHN HOLLENCHCL PUMPILLY, son of William Pumpelly, one of the pioneer settlers of Western New York and many years President of the Owego Bank, and Mary (Welles) Pumpelly, and grandson of George Welles (Y. C. 1779), was born August 16, 1826, in Owego, Tioga County, N. Y.

After graduation he was engaged in civil engineering on the Erie Railroad, then under construction, on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, upon which he did some notable work in Pennsylvania, and on the Houston & Red River Railroad in Texas. In 1852-53 he was a broker in Wall street, New York City, from May, 1856, to August, 1857, gold-mining in Fauquier County, Va, in 1858 studying medicine, and from 1860 to 1865 studying mathematics in New York City, chiefly under Professor Boeck.

From 1870 to his retirement in 1883, except for two years abroad, he continued his engineering work on various surveys, at one time assisting in a topographical survey in the mountains of Montana under the superintendence of his brother, Professor Raphael Pumpelly.

Since 1883 he had been in no active occupation, and resided during the winter for many years in Albany, N. Y., and in summer at Dublin, N. H.
Mr. Pumpelly died of pneumonia at Waltham, Mass., December 6, 1907, at the age of 81 years, and was buried at Owego, N.Y.

He married in 1868, Mary Ann, daughter of Dr. Lyman Foote, a surgeon in the United States Army who died during the Mexican War. Mrs. Pumpelly died in 1877. They had no children.

1849

Francis Miles Finch, son of Miles and Tryphena (Farling) Finch, was born June 9, 1827, at Ithaca, N.Y., and entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year from Ithaca Academy. During his college course he was noted for his felicity as an impromptu speaker, and in Senior year he was one of the editors of the Yale Literary Magazine and Class Poet.

After graduation he studied law at Ithaca with Judge Henry S. Walbridge and from 1851 to 1880 practiced his profession in his native place, from about 1856 to 1866 in partnership with Judge Douglass Boardman (Y.C. 1842). For a number of years he was Librarian of the Cornell Public Free Library of Ithaca. From May, 1869, to June, 1873, he was Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-sixth District of the State of New York, and from May, 1880, to January, 1896, was Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals of New York State.

His far-seeing judgment and watchful zeal were of the highest value to Cornell University at its beginning. He was ex-officio Trustee and Secretary of the Board of Trustees from 1865 to 1875, and Trustee by election from 1877 to 1882. Upon his retirement from the bench he was Dean of the Faculty of Cornell Law School tilt 1903, also Director of the Law School in 1896, and from 1895 Professor of the History and Evolution of Law. In 1899 he was President of the New York State Bar Association.
His opinions upon the bench were famous not only for their legal soundness but for the clearness and grace of their literary expression. Many of his poems, especially "The Blue and the Gray," first published in the *Atlantic Monthly* in 1867, enjoyed a wide repute and his fraternity and college songs, such as "Gather ye smiles," "Linonia," and "The Smoking Song," have retained their popularity through succeeding college generations. At the centennial celebration of the Linonian Society, in July, 1853, he recited his poem containing the lyric on Nathan Hale. He also delivered the poem at the Phi Beta Kappa anniversary at Yale in July, 1854, and before the Army of the Potomac in July, 1879.

Judge Finch received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Hamilton College in 1880, and from Yale University in 1889.

He died at his home in Ithaca, July 31, 1907, at the age of 80 years.

He married, May 25, 1853, Elizabeth A., daughter of Robert May and Orra (Bridges) Brooke, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Finch died March 29, 1892, the second son died in childhood, and the elder son in 1901. His two daughters survive him.

Frederick St. John Lockwood, son of Colonel Buckingham St John and Polly Esther Belden (St. John) Lockwood, was born August 23, 1825, in Norwalk, Conn.

After graduation he began the study of law in the office of Chief Justice Thomas B. Butler (M.D. Yale 1828), but the sudden death of his father in 1856 left in his hands the care of large estates in Connecticut and Ohio and prevented his carrying out his original intentions. From 1859 to 1862 he was one of the State Bank Commissioners. During the Civil War he was on the staffs of Major Generals King and Russell, and at the close of the war he represented Norwalk as a Republican in the State Legislatures of 1865, 1866, and 1872. For many years he was a director of the Danbury
& Norwalk Railroad Company, and since 1882 its President. From 1868 to 1890 he was President of the Fairfield County National Bank, for more than forty years was a director of the Norwalk Savings Society, and was one of the incorporators of the Fairfield County Savings Bank. He was officially connected with many other financial and industrial corporations. He was a member of the Norwalk Congregational Church and since 1898 President of the Norwalk Historical Society. Three years after graduation he received the degree of Master of Arts.

Mr. Lockwood died after a brief illness at Norwalk, October 12, 1907, at the age of 82 years.

He married, February 23, 1866, Carrie, daughter of Frederick Seymour and Nancy (Raymond) Ayers, of West Troy, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters and a son (Y.C. 1894). One of the daughters graduated from Vassar College in 1901.

1850

WILLIS STRONG COLTON, son of Rev George Colton (Y.C. 1804) and Lucy (Cowles) Colton, and great-grandson of Rev Benjamin Colton (Y.C. 1710), was born June 25, 1828, at Royalton, Niagara County, N. Y. He was Salutatorian of his class.

After graduation he taught in the Old Saybrook (Conn.) Academy a year, then a year in Kentucky in the family of the Hon. Cassius M. Clay (Y.C. 1832), a classmate of one of his brothers, and in 1852 entered the Yale Theological Seminary. He was Tutor in the College from 1853 to 1856, at the same time continuing his theological studies. He was licensed to preach by the New Haven Central Association in 1854 and was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Wethersfield, Conn., September 17, 1856. After a service of ten years there he accepted the call of the First Congregational Church in Washington, Conn., where he remained nearly eleven years.
He was then at Warren, Conn., eleven years, and at Wayne, Mich., five years, resigning in 1893. After that he preached in the Presbyterian Church at Greenspring, Ohio, from April, 1895, to April, 1897, and later two years each at Alexis and West Toledo, Ohio. In 1893 he removed to Toledo, Ohio, where he afterward resided, his health remaining excellent until about six months before his decease. He died there November 26, 1907, at the age of 79 years.

He wrote the “Song of Reunion” for the twenty-fifth anniversary of his class, “The Lost Triad,” “The Voyage of Life,” “The Unseen City,” and other poems, and contributed to various religious journals.

Mr. Colton married, May 22, 1857, Lucy Parsons, sister of Rev. Lewis W. Gibson (Y. C 1854), and daughter of Otis L. Gibson, M.D., and Emeline Barton (Parsons) Colton of Wellsboro, Pa., and had four daughters and three sons, of whom two daughters are deceased. The eldest daughter married Edward P. Hickox (Y. C 1878), the second died in early life, the third married William G. Brinsmade (Harv 1881), and the youngest after graduating from the University of Michigan in 1895 died in 1896. His son, Arthur W., graduated from the Academic Department of Yale in 1890 and was Instructor in English in the College from 1893 to 1895. Four brothers were graduates of Yale, in the years 1832, 1840, 1844, and 1848, respectively. A fifth brother, Horace B., left college before graduation but was given an honorary degree in 1850.

Benjamin Parsons, son of Starr and Elizabeth (Speer) Parsons, and one of nine children, was born January 6, 1826, in Bloomfield, N. J., and entered college from that place at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The year after graduation he was a private tutor in the family of Hon. Cassius M. Clay in Kentucky, preceding his
classmate Colton, who acted in the same capacity the next year, and then taught several months in Bloomfield Institute Early in 1852 he attended lectures at the Berkshire Medical School, Pittsfield, Mass, and then took the course in the Theological Institute of Connecticut at East Windsor Hill (now Hartford Theological Seminary) He was ordained as a missionary, June 20, 1854, and the following August sailed from Boston for Smyrna on his way to Sivas in Asia Minor, where he remained as a missionary of the American Board until October, 1859, when the ill health of his family caused his return to this country From 1860 to 1865 he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Windsor, Conn, and was then two years in Watertown, Conn. The next five years he was settled at Smyrna, Mich, and the four years following at Saline in the same state Then he was in Ann Arbor, Mich, but in March, 1889, he reached Seattle, and had spent his life since then in ministerial work in the Puget Sound region of Washington. He was at first pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church and its successor, Bethany Church, and then labored in Centralia, Carbonado, and elsewhere, returning later to Seattle, where he continued his religious activity till his death He was instrumental in securing a permanent Coast Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions to give his entire attention to the interests of foreign missions on the Pacific coast, and while completing the details for the missionary rally to be held early the following month in Seattle he was taken with a chill, and died at the home of his daughter in that city, February 19, 1908, at the age of 82 years.

He was an enthusiastic member of the Yale Alumni Association of Seattle, and was highly esteemed by the college men of the region. In 1854 he received the degree of Master of Arts in course.

He married, June 18, 1854, Sarah W, daughter of Samuel Powers, of Hadley, Mass, and had three sons and
a daughter, of whom the eldest son, a graduate in Pharmacy of the University of Michigan in 1876, is deceased. Mrs. Parsons died in September, 1907.

1851

William Felix Alexander, son of Adam Leopold Alexander (Y. C. 1821), who was from 1849 to 1858 Trustee of the University of Georgia, was born in Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., May 7, 1832. His mother was Sarah Hillhouse (Gilbert) Alexander, daughter of Felix H., and Sarah Gilbert, and granddaughter of David and Sarah (Porter) Hillhouse of Hadley, Mass.

After graduation he read medicine for eighteen months in the office of the family physician, but then gave up the plan of entering the medical profession, and became Cashier of the branch in his native town of the State Bank of Georgia, later succeeding his father as President. After the death of his wife, early in 1855, he gave up this position, took a brief trip to Europe, and then settled on a cotton plantation which he had bought in southwestern Georgia, where he remained nearly six years.

When the Confederate Government was formed in 1861 he became Chief Clerk under Brigadier-General Robert Toombs, Secretary of State, but after the battle of Manassas he hastened into active service under General Toombs, and was on his staff nearly two years. When his brother-in-law, General A. R. Lawton, was so severely wounded at Sharpsburg as to be unfit for field service and was made Quartermaster-General of the Confederate army, Mr. Alexander became his assistant, being stationed in Richmond, and in that position was thrown into intimate relations with those in highest authority.

With the evacuation of Richmond, all his property being lost except a small amount of cash, he went to Columbus,
Ga., as buyer for a large house dealing in cotton, but two years later began on his own account buying cotton for spinners and exporters. He continued in Columbus till 1872, and since then had lived in Augusta, Ga., where he was President of the Augusta Cotton Exchange and Board of Trade, and since his retirement from the cotton business in 1895, Secretary of these organizations. For the last twelve years he was a member of the Board of Charities of the County and its President after 1903. He was also Treasurer of the Augusta Orphan Asylum.

Major Alexander died of paralysis at Augusta, August 15, 1907, at the age of 75 years. From 1846 he was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, April 28, 1853, Mary Louisa, daughter of Brigadier-General Robert Toombs (Union 1828), afterward for sixteen years United States Congressman and Senator. She died in March, 1855, while in Richmond. January 6, 1863, he married Lucy Gilmer, daughter of Peachy Ridgway Grattan, who was for forty years Reporter of the Court of Appeals of Virginia. Mrs. Alexander died in 1899. Of their three sons and one daughter, only the daughter, the wife of Edgeworth Bird Baxter (Princeton 1890), survives.

James Stelle Brownson, son of Judge John and Caroline (Stelle) Brownson, was born at St. Martinville, La., June 2, 1830, but entered college from Brooklyn, N.Y.

After graduation he devoted his time to the study of French at home till the spring of 1852, when he sailed for Europe and spent six months chiefly in Paris. On his return home he devoted several months to the study of German, and then went abroad again. After traveling in Germany he studied medicine at Bonn and then at Paris, and after receiving in the latter city the degree of Doctor of Medicine, practiced his profession until his retirement.
Dr. Brownson married, in New York City, December 13, 1864, Eliza, daughter of Coleman Williams, and died there February 19, 1908, in the 78th year of his age. Mrs. Brownson survives him.

James Gardiner Vose was born March 3, 1830, in Boston, Mass., where his father, Colonel Josiah Howe Vose, an officer in the Seminole War and the War of 1812, was at the time in command of the Fourth United States Infantry. His mother was Charlotte (Cushing) Vose. In October, 1834, he left Boston with his parents, crossed the Alleghany Mountains by stage and spent the winter in Cincinnati. In the spring of 1835 the family went by steamboat down the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers to the mouth of the White River, thence to Little Rock, and then by wagons across the country to the Indian Territory, where they spent four years at Fort Towson, a military post on the Red River, which was afterward abandoned. His preparation for college was obtained at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., three classmates also being fitted there.

After graduation from college he at once entered Andover Theological Seminary, graduated there in 1854, and spent the following winter in preaching and pastoral work in Greenfield, Mass. During the middle year of his seminary course he spent six months in South Carolina on account of poor health, and in the spring of 1855 went abroad for the same reason. He studied in the University of Berlin from October to January, and regained his health while sojourning in Italy. He returned to the United States in May, 1856, and was soon invited to a Professorship of Rhetoric in Amherst College. He accepted and remained there nearly nine years.

He was ordained to the ministry October 30, 1857, after the close of his service at Amherst was acting pastor of the Second Congregational Church in Dorchester, Mass., about a year, and in January, 1866, became pastor of the
Beneficent Church, Providence, R I. During his active pastorate of thirty-five years this church was a power for good in the community, and from it have grown other churches. He was highly esteemed for his wise zeal, prudence in council, and helpfulness as a pastor, and was honored throughout the state, where he was personally known through the wide scattering of the early members of his church as well as by his public service. He took a deep interest in many matters outside of his church, being for twelve years a member of the School Committee, and a member of the special committee about 1899 for the improvement of the schools. Since 1886 he had been a Trustee of Andover Theological Seminary and of Phillips (Andover) Academy, and was also a Trustee of Wheaton Seminary, at Norton, Mass. In 1893 he was appointed a member of the Prudential Committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

He made a thorough study of church history and preached often on historical subjects, especially on events since the Reformation. He contributed to the *Bibliotheca Sacra* and other reviews, and delivered many addresses, including that at Roger Williams Park in 1886 on the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of Providence. His volume of "Sketches of Congregationalism in Rhode Island" was published in 1894. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale University in 1858, and the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Brown University in 1874.

Dr. Vose was made pastor *emeritus* in 1901, but his occasional sermons since then were heartily welcomed by his people.

He died at his home in Providence, March 13, 1908, after an illness of only two days from pneumonia. He was 78 years of age. The death of Mrs. Vose occurred only two days after that of her husband.

Dr. Vose married, August 19, 1856, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter of Franklin and Charlotte (Barrett) Ripley, of
Greenfield, Mass, and had three daughters and two sons, who survive him. The elder son graduated from Brown University in 1884, and the younger from Amherst College in 1892 and the Harvard Medical School in 1896. One of Mrs. Vose's sisters was the wife of Rev. Henry Blodget, D.D. (Y C. 1848), who was for forty years a missionary in China.

**1852**

Henry Edwin Dwight, son of Rev. William Theodore Dwight, D.D. (Y C 1813), and grandson of President Timothy Dwight, the elder, was born August 2, 1832, at Portland, Me., where his father had begun his long pastorate of the Third Congregational Church. His father was a tutor in Yale College from 1817 to 1819, a member of the Board of Overseers of Bowdoin College for over twenty years, and of the Board of Visitors of Andover Theological Seminary for ten years. His mother was Eliza L., daughter of Thomas Bradford, a distinguished lawyer of Philadelphia.

After graduation he was a teacher in the Brooklyn (N. Y.) High School two years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, finishing his course there in 1857. After preaching at Dracut, Cambridge, Nantucket, and elsewhere in Massachusetts, he was ordained and installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Randolph, Mass., December 29, 1859. In April, 1862, he resigned and went abroad, studying at Halle, Berlin, and Paris. On his return to America in 1863, he went to Philadelphia, and lectured in various schools in that city. Soon afterward he began the study of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, in 1867 received the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and had since then practiced that profession in Philadelphia. During his earlier medical work he was Resident Physician of the Philadelphia Hospital, continuing as Visiting Physician for years afterward.
Dr Dwight died from the infirmities of age at his home in Philadelphia, April 3, 1908, at the age of 75 years. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Washington and Lee University in 1882. His brother, Judge Thomas Bradford Dwight, graduated from Yale College in 1859, and his sister, Elizabeth Checkman Bradford Dwight, was the wife of Rev Professor Egbert C. Smyth, D.D., of Andover Theological Seminary.

He married, December 21, 1865, Laure Emma, daughter of Christian Adolphe and Rose Reine Laure (Bonhôte) Lerman, of Neuchâtel, Switzerland. She survives him with their two daughters.

Dr Dwight compiled and edited for the Home Missionary Society of Philadelphia "Fifty Years' Work in the Spread of the Gospel, Relief of the Poor, and Care of Destitute Children," 1885, "The Life and Character of Edwin G. Booth," 1886, and wrote a "Life of Vincent L. Bradford." 1887. His address on "The Influence of Universities upon the Medical Profession" was also printed.

Alonzo Norton Lewis, son of Norton Newell and Beulah (Bird) Lewis, was born September 3, 1831, in New Britain, Conn., but was left an orphan when only six years old. He entered college from the adjoining town of Plainville, but left the second term of Sophomore year, and was principal of the Litchfield (Conn.) Academy three years. He then taught a year each in New Hartford and Naugatuck, Conn. While in Litchfield he began the study of law, spent the year 1856-57 in the Yale Law School, being at the same time its Librarian, was admitted to the bar in Litchfield in October, 1857, and the following year practiced law. In 1858 he went South for the benefit of his health, and was for a year in charge of the Blind Department of the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Raleigh, N.C. From 1860 to 1866 he was principal of the High School and Superintendent of Schools in Waterbury, Conn.
He received the degree of Master of Arts and enrollment with his class in 1866. Trinity College also gave him the degree of Master of Arts in 1872.

Having studied for the ministry while teaching in Waterbury, he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, April 14, 1866, and Priest, March 7, 1868. From 1866 to 1870 he was Rector of Christ Church, Bethlehem, Conn., and at the same time conducted Parker Academy, a boarding school for boys in Woodbury, the next town south. In 1870 he became Rector of the Church of the Messiah at Dexter, Me., remained there two years, and was then three years at St. James's Church, Westville, Conn. From 1875 to 1889 he was Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Westport, Conn., and from 1891 to 1907 Rector of Christ Church, Montpelier, Vt.

He was deeply interested in historical matters and in fraternal and patriotic organizations. He was the founder of the Saugatuck (Conn.) Historical Society, one of the originators of the Yale Alumni Association of Fairfield County, President of the University Club of Montpelier, since 1889 Chaplain and Historian of the Society of the Cincinnati in Connecticut, and the first Secretary and afterwards President of the Sally Lewis Academy Association. At this school in Southington he received part of his preparation for college. Since 1892 he had been Secretary of his Class.

He contributed frequently to the local press, and besides several pamphlets, he published many poems, and prepared "The School Psalter."

Since his retirement from his parish in Montpelier he had resided in Westville, Conn., with his daughter, Mrs. William A. Borden, at whose home he died September 12, 1907, after suffering for several months from a complication of diseases. He was 76 years of age.

He married, November 28, 1860, Sarah Maria, youngest daughter of Hon. Charles B. and Amanda (Parker) Phelps,
of Woodbury. Their eldest child (a son) is deceased, but two daughters and a son, with Mrs. Lewis, survive him.

1853

Joshua Coit, son of Deacon Robert Coit, was born in New London, Conn., February 4, 1832. His mother was Charlotte, daughter of David Coit.

After graduation he studied three years at Andover Theological Seminary and about a year each at the Universities of Halle and Berlin, and then returned to New London for two years. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational church in Brookfield, Mass., November 13, 1860, and remained there eleven years. Trouble with his eyes obliged him to give up preaching for a time, and the next three years he was Secretary of the Massachusetts Prison Commission, living at Salem, Mass. After this, from 1874 to the close of the year 1882, he was pastor of the Lawrence Street Congregational Church in Lawrence, Mass. In January, 1883, he began his duties as Secretary of the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society, and during his service of twenty years he kept in close and sympathetic touch with the needs of the many workers and churches under his care, and was foremost in plans for reaching the foreigners of many nationalities coming into the state. In 1903 he retired from the work of Secretary, and became Treasurer of the society.

While on his way to make an address at the First Congregational Church, Winchester, Mass., of which he had been for many years a member, he was taken ill, and died soon after at his home, December 14, 1907. He was 75 years of age.

He married, October 2, 1860, Mary Lyman, daughter of George Bowen and Susan (Smith) Chandler, of Concord, N. H. She survives him, with two sons—Robert, a graduate of Harvard in 1883, and George C., of Amherst in
1890—and a daughter, who is the wife of Rev. Frederick H. Means, a graduate of Harvard in 1888, and of the Yale Divinity School in 1891. His youngest son is deceased. Two brothers graduated from Yale College in 1850 and 1856, respectively, and his brother-in-law, President Chapin of Beloit College, in 1837.

JOHN COFFEY DOUGLASS, son of Watson and Isabella (Coffey) Douglass, was born at Greenfield, Highland County, O., December 13, 1824. He graduated from Salem Academy, at South Salem, in the adjoining Ross County, paying his way by farming and afterward teaching, and when his resources allowed, in the winter of 1850-51, started on horseback for Yale, eight hundred miles away, and joined the class in May of that year as a Sophomore.

After graduation from college he taught school a year at Matagorda, Texas, and the next year was principal of the High School in the third district of New Orleans, La. While in Texas he had been admitted to the bar in Brazoria, and after teaching in New Orleans he entered the Harvard Law School in October, 1855. The following year he left Cambridge to join the Kansas free state movement, but with others of his class received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Harvard University in 1857. In the spring of 1857 he superintended the taking of the census in Leavenworth County, Kans, and in the following autumn was elected a member of the Free State Territorial Legislature. The next year he was chosen a member of the Constitutional Convention which met at Leavenworth. In the winter of 1859-60 he was acting County Attorney and conducted the prosecution in the Charley Fisher fugitive slave case. In 1860 he was elected Territorial Superintendent of Schools, holding the office until Kansas was admitted as a state the following year, and afterward aided in framing the first school law of the state. In 1861 he was appointed United States Commissioner for Kansas, and the
same year became the first United States pension agent in the state, continuing in the latter office four years.

During the Civil War he volunteered in the Home Guards, and served in the campaign against General Price, being with the First Regiment of Kansas militia at the battle of Westport, Mo, in 1864. In November, 1865, he was severely injured in a runaway, and unable to attend to business for over a year.

Aside from his legal business he devoted much time to outdoor life, raising large quantities of fine apples in his orchards, dealing extensively in prairie lands, and having many tenants under his care.

He made a special study of the Kansas tax laws, and on that subject was considered one of the ablest authorities. He was the oldest lawyer practicing in Leavenworth, and was still actively engaged in practice with faculties unimpaired, when an attack of pneumonia closed his life after a brief illness, February 27, 1908, in the 84th year of his age. He was an original member of the First Congregational Church, and later a deacon and trustee.

He married, November 1, 1860, Ellen R., daughter of Willard and Rebecca (Richards) Robinson, of Attleboro, Mass. She died November 8, 1880, and Mr. Douglass married at Atchison, Kans., June 27, 1888, Mrs. Charlotte Barton, formerly of Lawrence, Mass., who survives him. One son (Y. C. 1887) by the first marriage is living, a son and a daughter having died.

Edmund Clarence Stedman, son of Major Edmund Burke Stedman, a merchant, and Elizabeth Clementine (Dodge) Stedman, was born October 8, 1833, in Hartford, Conn. His father died before he was two years old, and he then became the ward of his great-uncle, James Stedman, in Norwich, Conn. His mother was the sister of the Hon. William E. Dodge, the well-known merchant and philanthropist of New York City. From early life she
was a writer, and from 1840 to 1850 a constant contributor, especially of verse, to the magazines of the time. She afterward married William B. Kinney, founder of the Newark (N. J) Daily Advertiser, and from 1851 to 1856 United States Minister to Sardinia.

Mr. Stedman was prepared for college by his great-uncle and distinguished himself there in Greek and English composition. In 1851 he received first prize for a poem on Westminster Abbey which was published in the Yale Literary Magazine. He left the class in Junior year, but received the honorary degree of Master of Arts with enrollment in his class in 1871. After leaving college he continued his studies under private instruction in Northampton, Mass, but in 1852-53 became editor of the Norwich (Conn.) Tribune, and in 1854-55 of the Winsted (Conn.) Herald. In 1856 he went to New York and contributed to various periodicals. He became a reporter on the New York Tribune in 1859, and published in succession in that paper "The Diamond Wedding," "The Ballad of Lager Bier," and "How Old Brown took Harper's Ferry," which brought him his first reputation and were later included in his "Poems, Lyric and Idyllic," 1860. During the first two years of the Civil War he was correspondent of the New York World in Washington. He wrote a remarkable account of the first battle of Bull Run from notes taken on the battlefield. In 1863-64 he held a confidential position in the office of Attorney-General Bates in Washington, and then returned to New York City, where he became a banker and broker. Though he met with severe trials and reverses in his business career, more than once through the fault of others, his courage, integrity, and keen sense of honor commanded the respect and admiration of his associates and their affectionate regret when ill health in 1900 compelled him to retire.

In the hard-working leisure of his business life he produced a body of literary work of great value, while his
stimulating and appreciative criticism, his helpful counsel and sympathy, and his gift for friendship bound men to him by an uncommon affection.

He was a member of the New York Stock Exchange from 1869 to 1900. Since then he had devoted himself wholly to literary occupations. Besides the "Poems, Lyric and Idyllic," 1860 (previously mentioned), the chief works of which Mr. Stedman was the author are. "Alice of Monmouth, an Idyl of the Great War, with other Poems," 1864, "The Blameless Prince, and other Poems," 1869; "Poetical Works," 1873; "Hawthorne and other Poems," 1877, 'Lyrics and Idyls, with other Poems," London, 1879; "Poems," 1884, "Commencement Ode" (set to music by Professor Parker), 1894; "Poems, Now First Collected," 1897, "Mater Coronata" (Yale Bicentennial poem), 1901; "Hymn of the West," 1904, and many other poems written for important public occasions. He was a critic of the highest rank, and in 1891 delivered a course of eight lectures on "The Nature and Elements of Poetry" which was the first on the Turnbull Foundation at Johns Hopkins University. These lectures, thought by many to be the most adequate survey of the subject ever made, were afterwards repeated at the University of Pennsylvania and at Columbia University, and were published in book form in 1892. He also wrote volumes of critical essays, entitled "Victorian Poets," 1875, and "Poets of America," 1885, introductions to many other works, and prose articles in various magazines. The works which he edited were numerous and of high value, and include: "Cameos from the Poems of Walter Savage Landor" (with T. B. Aldrich), 1874; "Poems of Austin Dobson," 1880, "A Library of American Literature" (with Ellen M. Hutchinson), 11 vols., 1888-89; "The Works of Edgar Allan Poe" (with Professor G. E. Woodberry), 10 vols., 1895, "A Victorian Anthology," 1895; "An American Anthology," 1900; "A Complete Pocket Guide to Europe"
(with Thomas L. Stedman), issued yearly, 1881 and later; "A History of the New York Stock Exchange," 1905. On the day of his death he was working upon an article since published (May, 1908) in the Century Magazine upon Aerial Navigation, a subject which for many years had attracted his interest.

In addition to his degree of Master of Arts from Yale Mr Stedman received the same honorary degree from Dartmouth College in 1873, that of Doctor of Humanities from Columbia University in 1892, and of Doctor of Laws from Yale in 1894. He was elected an honorary member of the Harvard Phi Beta Kappa Society in 1877.

He was Vice-President of the American Copyright League from its foundation until 1891, when he succeeded James Russell Lowell as President. Ten years later he was chosen First Vice-President of the National Institute of Arts and Letters and President in 1904-05, and in 1902 and 1903 was President of the New England Society of New York. He was also an officer of the Authors Club and of the Century Association.

From 1896 to 1906 his home was at Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N Y. The last two years were passed at 2643 Broadway, New York City, where he died suddenly of heart disease, January 18, 1908, in the 75th year of his age.

He married, November 2, 1853, Laura Hyde, daughter of Asa and Elizabeth (Rogers) Woodworth, of Danielson, Conn., and had two sons, of whom the younger, Arthur, graduated from Yale College in 1881. Mrs. Stedman died in 1905, and the elder son, Frederick Stuart, in 1906, leaving one daughter, Laura.

In accordance with his will a valuable collection of editions and texts of the Greek Idyllists from his library became the property of the University Library.

Richard Waite, son of Hon. Henry Matson Waite, LL D. (Y. C. 1809), for twenty-two years a judge of the
Superior and Supreme Courts of Connecticut, and Maria (Selden) Waite, was born at Lyme, Conn, September 26, 1831.

After graduation he studied law in Toledo, O, two years, in the office of his brother, Hon Morrison R Waite, LL.D (Y.C 1837), was admitted to the bar October 20, 1855, and the following January formed a partnership with his brother which lasted until the latter's appointment as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1874. Mr Waite then continued his practice in partnership with his brother's son, Edward T. Waite (Y.C 1869), and afterward as head of the firm of Waite & Snider. In the fall of 1902 he was elected Judge of Probate for Toledo and Lucas County and served three years.

During the Civil War he served three months as Captain of Company A, 84th Regiment, and the same length of time as Captain of Company C, 130th Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry.

Mr Waite died at Toledo, July 12, 1907, from a blood clot. He was in his 76th year.

He married, May 21, 1857, Alice Jane, daughter of William J Voris, of Newark, N J., and had four sons and five daughters, of whom three sons and two daughters, with Mrs. Waite, are living. One son graduated from Rose Polytechnic Institute in 1893, and the youngest son from Yale College in 1905.

HENRY LYNES HUBBELL, son of Deacon Wakeman and Julia A (Lynes) Hubbell, of Wilton, Conn., was born June 24, 1830.

After graduation he spent two years teaching at Greenfield, Conn., and Auburn, N Y, and then began his theological studies in Union Seminary, but a year later went to
Andover Seminary, where he graduated in 1859. He remained at Andover as a resident licentiate a year and a half, until ordained, April 24, 1861, pastor of the First Congregational Church, Amherst, Mass, where he served four years. During the next three years he was in charge of the Congregational church at Unionville, Conn. In 1868 he went abroad and spent a year traveling in Europe, Palestine, and Egypt. Upon his return to America he was settled over the First Congregational Church, Ann Arbor, Mich., and remained there until October, 1876, when ill health compelled him to resign. He passed a winter in Kansas, the next summer and autumn in Colorado, and about two years in Amherst, Mass, after which his health was sufficiently recruited to permit him to accept the call of the First Congregational Church, Jamestown, N Y., where he was installed in August, 1880. In March, 1886, he closed his work to take charge of Tillotson Institute, a school for colored students at Austin, Texas. In 1889 he became President of Lake Charles College, Louisiana, where he remained until 1899, and since then had resided in New York City.

From 1873 to 1879 he was a director from Michigan of the Chicago Theological Seminary. In 1882 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Galesville University in Wisconsin. In 1883 he was elected a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Dr. Hubbell died of a disease of the kidneys and heart at his home in New York City, February 28, 1908, in the 78th year of his age, and was buried at Amherst, Mass.

He married, May 7, 1863, Harriet A., daughter of Levi Hinsdale, of Hinsdale, Berkshire County, Mass. They had no children, but adopted a niece, who graduated from Smith College in 1887. His brother James, who was pastor of the College Street Congregational Church in New Haven from 1869 to 1876, graduated from Yale in 1857.
THOMAS GARDINER RITCH, son of Wells Rossiter and Sarah Ann (Barnum) Ritch, was born at North Salem, N Y, September 18, 1833. The family residence was then in New York City. Three years later they removed to Stamford, Conn, which had since been his home, and of which his maternal ancestor, Jonas Weed, was a settler in 1642.

After graduation he immediately began professional study, spending a year in the Yale Law School and a year and a half in the law office of Whiting & Clark in New York City. He was admitted to the bar there in March, 1857, and since then had practiced in New York City, commuting regularly for fifty-one years between that city and Stamford, his home. Since February, 1858, he had been associated in practice with his classmate, Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, LL D, and for a number of years the late Judge William H. Arnoux was a member of the firm, then known as Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford. Later the firm was Ritch, Woodford, Bovee & Wallace, and in recent years Ritch, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher. For over twenty years their offices had been at 18 Wall street.

Mr Ritch came into special prominence as a lawyer in his capacity as executor of the estate of Daniel B. Fayerweather, who died in 1890, and whose benefactions to many of the higher educational institutions were remarkable for their size and wise distribution. President Dwight in his report of the University for that year spoke of the gift thus coming to Yale as "larger than that of any other individual benefactor in the past, except Mr. Sheffield." Mr. Ritch drew up the will and so carefully that all its provisions were upheld on appeal to the highest court. Although the final settlement of the estate was delayed by litigation for fifteen years, it was a source of much satisfaction to its executor that, in spite of the heavy expenses of this litigation, the increase in the value of the estate under his care enabled him at length to distribute to the various colleges and universities an amount much larger than they would have received if the estate could have been at once settled.
He was the senior director of the Niagara Fire Insurance Company of New York, and a director and counsel of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; and in Stamford was a director of the First National Bank, of the Gas and Electric Company, and of the Water Company, and Treasurer of the Ferguson Library and a trustee since its foundation. His father was for many years Selectman and Treasurer of the town, and he, also, was active in public matters so far as his business in New York permitted. In addition to the requirements of an absorbing practice and its related interests, the welfare of the Church was constantly in his thought, and to it he gave a large share of his life and his labor. His father had been one of the original elders of the First Presbyterian Church in Stamford, and for twenty-six years he had himself held the same office, for many years being also Clerk of the church and session. He was long Superintendent of the Sunday school, and continued as a teacher in the school to the close of his life. He was several times delegate to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, and often to the Westchester Presbytery.

Reading was a life-long habit, and his fund of general information was remarkable. He was quiet and unostentatious in manner, methodical and accurate in work. He was quick to express sympathy in helpful ways, and his gifts to worthy objects were constant but most unobtrusively bestowed.

Mr. Ritch died at his home on Atlantic street, Stamford, October 16, 1907, after an illness of but a few hours, from cerebral thrombosis. At a public hearing a few evenings previous, in reference to the widening of the street on which he lived, he made a vigorous speech opposing the plan and it is thought over-exerted himself. He was 74 years of age. Marietta College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at its Commencement in 1907. One of his sisters received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Vassar in 1870, and his uncle, Rev. Samuel Weed
Barnum, was for fifty years Secretary of the Class of 1841 at Yale

He married, April 14, 1859, Maria Esther, daughter of Hiram and Maria (Fowle) Pratt of Buffalo, N. Y., and had two sons and five daughters. Of their children but two daughters survive. Mrs. Ritch died in 1897.

Alexander Stevenson Twombly, son of Alexander Hamilton and Mary (Perley) Twombly, was born March 14, 1832, in Boston, Mass. Before fitting for college he spent two years in a store, and after preparation in the school of Lewis J. Dudley (Y. C. 1838) in Northampton, Mass, he joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he entered the Andover Theological Seminary and finished his course in 1858, having meantime spent part of the years 1856-57 in travel and study at Heidelberg, Germany. He was ordained February 10, 1859, and was pastor of the Presbyterian church in Cherry Valley, N. Y., three years. In 1862 he accepted a call as the first pastor of the State Street Presbyterian Church of Albany, N. Y., where he remained five years. From the spring of 1867 to 1872 he was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Stamford, Conn., and then for nineteen years of the Winthrop (Congregational) Church, in Charlestown, Mass (now Bunker Hill District of Boston). He remained with this church, admired and beloved, until his retirement from pastoral service in 1891, when he bought a home in Newton, Mass. He spent the year 1886-87 abroad. During four months of the winter and spring of 1894 he was the acting pastor of the Central Union Church at Honolulu. As the result of his sojourn there he wrote "Hawaiian and Its People" and "Kelea, the Surf Rider a Story," both published in 1900.

He often contributed to the religious and secular press and for a time in 1891 was editorially connected with the
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Boston Traveler. From 1896 to 1898 he was Literary Editor for the publishing house of Silver, Burdett & Co., issuing during that time "The Silver Series of English Classics," in ten volumes. Besides this work he was the author of "Merry Maple Leaves," 1872, "The Choir Boy of York Cathedral, and other Christmas Stories," 1890, "Masterpieces of Michelangelo and Milton," and "Life of Dr. John Lord," 1896.

In 1883 he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale, and from 1881 to 1885 was President of the Yale Alumni Association of Boston. He was for five years Vice-President of the Associated Charities of Newton and President from 1902 to 1908.

Dr. Twombly died after a brief illness at his home in Newton, November 19, 1907, at the age of 75 years.

He married, December 23, 1858, Abby, daughter of Jacob Bancroft, of Boston, and had five sons, all of whom with Mrs. Twombly survive him. Four of the sons graduated from the Academical Department of Yale, in 1881, 1884, 1891, and 1896, respectively, and the other from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1887.

1855

Cornelius Christie, son of David and Anna (Brinkerhoff) Christie, was born December 6, 1835, at English Neighborhood, now Leonia, Bergen County, N. J.

After graduation he was occupied in general study and travel for his health until November, 1856, when he entered upon the study of law, at first in the office of Chief Justice Mercer Beasley, in Trenton, N. J., then for a year at the Harvard Law School, and afterward in Jersey City with Hon. Abraham O. Zabriskie, LL.D (Princeton 1825). He was admitted to the bar in January, 1859, and after that practiced law, until 1871, in Jersey City. In 1867-68 he was a member of the State Legislature. From 1871 to
1877 he was editor and proprietor of the New Jersey Citizen, a semi-weekly newspaper published in Hackensack, but on retiring from journalism resumed his law practice. Upon the incorporation of Leonia as a borough in 1894 he was its first Mayor, and served three successive terms of two years each, after which he was counsel for the borough and for adjoining towns. He took an active interest in the development of the place and joined with others in securing restrictions upon all land sold. He was a member of the Presbyterian church there, also President of the Bergen County Bar Association in 1907, and President of the Bergen County Historical Society a year.

Mr. Christie died of paralysis at Leonia, March 7, 1908, at the age of 72 years. He never married.

John Edwards Todd, son of Rev. John Todd, D.D. (Y. C. 1822), and Mary Skinner (Brace) Todd, was born December 6, 1833, in Northampton, Mass., where his father was pastor of the Edwards Congregational Church. The latter was the author of many widely-known books, including the "Student's Manual," was a trustee of Williams College and from 1842 pastor of the First Congregational Church in Pittsfield, Mass., for thirty years. The son was Valedictorian of his class, two of his maternal uncles, Rev. Joab Brace and Samuel Brace, having also received the same honor in 1837 and 1841, respectively.

After graduation he spent the first year studying in Andover Theological Seminary and teaching in Phillips (Andover) Academy, the next year in engineering work on Lake Superior and in general study, and the third year in the study of law. In May, 1858, he went abroad for six months of travel. Soon after his return, in January, 1859, he was licensed to preach, and resumed theological study in Wilmamstown, Mass., under President Mark Hopkins.

Three years later, February 2, 1862, he was ordained and installed pastor of the Central Congregational Church,
Boston, Mass. After a pastorate of seven years he accepted a call to the Chapel Street Congregational Church, New Haven, then located at the southeast corner of Chapel and Union Streets, but which removed in 1871 to its new edifice on Orange Street, and has since been known as the Church of the Redeemer. He developed congregational singing with unusual success, often making use of brass instruments in addition to the organ and choir to lead the people, and inaugurated the special praise service, not then known in this part of the country. His sermons were able and had a distinct literary charm, his address was fluent, winning, and polished, and his personal presence most attractive. He was rarely gifted in prayer, and the Communion services were seasons rich in spiritual blessing. So deep was the mutual attachment of pastor and people that it was a sore trial to both when Mrs. Todd's declining health compelled him to resign in 1890 in order to seek a more favorable climate for her. His pastorate covered twenty-one years, and was of just the same length as that of his predecessor in office, Rev. William T. Eustis (Y.C. 1841). In 1879 Yale University conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He edited "Laudent Omnes; Hymns and Tunes arranged for Congregational Singing," and "Great Chorals," and in 1876 edited a life of his father under the title "John Todd; the Story of his Life told mainly by Himself." Several of his sermons and other papers were printed, including "How a Child May Come to Christ," 1878, and "Drunkenness a Vice, not a Disease," 1883.

On leaving New Haven Dr. Todd settled at Riverside, Cal., and engaged in the cultivation of oranges on a large scale. He seldom preached afterward. He died of heart failure at his home in Riverside, August 3, 1907, at the age of 73 years.

He married, December 6, 1860, Elizabeth Harriet, daughter of Edward Thomas, President of the Union Bank of
Augusta, Ga, formerly of Norwich, Conn. She died in April, 1891, the year after reaching their California home. Of their three daughters the eldest is deceased.

1856

Luke William Finlay, son of Hon. James Finlay, was born October 8, 1831, at Oak Grove, near Brandon, Miss. His mother was Miss Cady. The year before coming to New Haven he was connected as a tutor with Brandon College, from which he came to Yale and joined the Sophomore class.

The year after graduation he was Principal of the academy in Brandon, then studied law in Memphis, and was admitted to practice March 9, 1858. He taught a school there a short time, and then was Deputy Clerk and Master in Chancery. January 1, 1860, he opened a law office in Memphis and soon had a lucrative practice.

At the beginning of the Civil War he went into the Confederate Army, and was elected Lieutenant of the Fourth Tennessee Infantry, April 19, 1861. From the battle of Shiloh, where he was shot through the right shoulder, to the close of the conflict his record on the field was one of great heroism and devotion. He was laid up from May to November, 1864, from a wound in his skull. He served under many eminent generals, and took active part in many memorable encounters. In a sharp fight between his brigade and the reserve line of Federal forces, Colonel Roberts (Y C 1857), the commander of the latter, was killed. Colonel Finlay, in admiration for his courage, caused him to be buried with honor, not knowing until some time later that he was a Yale man.

Returning to Memphis after the war he resumed law practice with Col. Andrew J. Kellar, and, after a term of service in the General Assembly of Tennessee, formed the firm of Finlay, Peters & Greene. He continued in practice while
He lived, taking his son Percy (Y C. 1892) into the firm of Finlay & Finlay in 1894, and later delegating to him the heavier burdens of their professional work. He returned to his fortieth and fiftieth anniversaries at New Haven, at the former representing his class at the General Alumni Meeting During his vacations he made other visits to friends in the North, which his lovable character and delightful personal qualities made a great delight and a cherished memory. At the meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic in Boston in 1906 he was an invited and honored guest.

He had usually enjoyed the best of health and had been accustomed to walk two miles to his office He died of pneumonia at his home in Memphis, January 26, 1908, at the age of 76 years.

He married, April 23, 1863, Cecelia, daughter of Thomas B. Carroll, of Canton, Miss, and granddaughter of Gen. William Carroll, former Governor of Tennessee She is deceased, and a daughter died in childhood

Gustave Adolph Lemée was born at Natchitoches, La., February 20, 1835, the son of Alan Alexis and Eugenie (De Lamaler) Lemée.

After graduation he taught the first year, studied law in the University of Louisiana the succeeding winter, and was admitted to the bar in August, 1858. He practiced law in Natchitoches till April, 1861, meantime holding the offices of notary public and justice of the peace. At the beginning of the Civil War he joined the Second Louisiana Volunteers in the Confederate army, and served in Virginia till the surrender at Appomattox in 1865 Resuming his practice at Natchitoches he continued there six years, then spent seven years at Colfax, Grant Parish. From 1878 to 1881 he was in mercantile business in New Orleans, and then returned to Natchitoches Parish, residing near Chopin as a farmer, also acting as public juror and member of the school board several years He was afterward connected with the Texas
& Pacific Railroad, living at Boyce, Rapides Parish, where he died April 25, 1908, as the result of a fall. He was 73 years of age.

He married, May 27, 1869, Miss Ernestine Lacour, and had four sons and three daughters. Mrs Lemée survives him with six of the children.

Justin Martin, son of Daniel Butler and Sarah R. (Fuller) Martin, was born February 7, 1834, in Chaplin, Conn.

After graduation he studied two years in the Yale Divinity School, and then taught nearly fourteen years in Public School Number 32, New York City. Meantime, having been able to complete a course of medical study, he obtained in 1869 the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now of Columbia University) and began practice, but overwork necessitated a prolonged rest from all labor. On regaining his health after two years, he abandoned the calling of a physician, and in 1875 resumed teaching. For nearly twenty years he was Vice-Principal of Grammar School No. 51, winning deserved recognition and respect. From this position he retired in 1896, and devoted his remaining years to literary work and music. He attained a high degree of proficiency in piano- and violin-playing.

Mr Martin had for many years lived in Bayonne, N. J., where he died of heart disease and kidney trouble, December 16, 1907, in his 74th year. He was never married, but with a sister, Miss Washburn, who survives him, maintained a most attractive home.

1857

Lester Bradner, son of Lester and Fanny (Hammond) Bradner, was born November 1, 1836, in Dansville, Livingston county, New York, where his father had large farming
interests and was for thirty years President of the Bank of Dansville. He was prepared for college at a school in Elizabeth, N. J., and was the youngest of his college class.

After graduation he entered the freight department of the Illinois Central Railroad at Chicago, where he remained for nearly twenty years, during about fifteen of which he was local freight agent.

Having retired from business, from 1875 to 1883 he resided in Dansville, N. Y., and from 1883 to 1891 in New Haven, Conn., returning subsequently to Dansville, where he died from apoplexy, December 27, 1907, at the age of 71 years. During his residence in New Haven he was for some years a vestryman of Trinity Church.

He married, June 7, 1865, Lucy Atwater, daughter of William Slater Charnley, a merchant of New Haven, Conn., and vestryman of Trinity Church. Mrs. Bradner with their eldest son, Lester Bradner, Jr. (Y. C. 1889), survive, five children having died in infancy.

Franklin Chappell Jones, son of Rev. Elisha Cowles Jones (Y. C. 1831), Tutor and Fellow of Yale University, was born March 20, 1837, in New London, Conn., the home of his mother's family, but entered Yale from Southington, Conn., where his father was for thirty-five years the Congregational pastor.

After graduation he was Tutor for a year in Beloit College, studied for a year in Princeton Theological Seminary, and finished his theological course in Andover Seminary in 1861. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational church at Franklin, Conn., February 4, 1863, and continued his ministry there until ill health caused his resignation in September, 1880. Afterward he held no long pastorate, but preached about a year each at Mamtour, Colo., and Hydesville, Humboldt County, Cal., five and a half years at Vailsburg, N. J., and two and a half years in Dover, Mass.
During the last six and a half years he had lived at Norfolk, Mass, where he died of angina pectoris, December 10, 1907, at the age of 70 years.

He married at Carbondale, Pa, May 7, 1863, Harriet Lathrop, daughter of William and Lucretia Jeanette (Lathrop) Wurts, and had four sons, of whom three survive. One son is an Instructor in Lehigh University. Mrs Jones is living in Norfolk, Mass.

His published addresses were "A Historical Discourse" printed in the History of the Congregational Church of Franklin, Conn, and "Life and Character of Samuel Nott, D.D.," in Papers of the General Conference of Connecticut, 1877.

George Tucker, son of Daniel Robert and Frances (Fowle) Tucker, was born November 1, 1835, in the parish of Sandys in the Bermudas.

After graduation he studied theology with Bishop Feild in Newfoundland from 1858 to 1860, was ordained Deacon in 1859, was Curate of St George's, Bermuda Islands, a year, and missionary in Moreton, Newfoundland, two years, meantime being ordained Priest in 1861. Returning again to the Bermudas, he was Chaplain of the Royal Dockyard there in 1864-65, Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Smith's parish, from 1865 to 1869, and since then of Hamilton and Smith's parishes. In 1896 he was made Archdeacon of Bermuda. He was an arduous worker in the church, and actively connected with many enterprises for good in the islands. He was the first President of the Bermuda Natural History Society. Early in the present year his health failed and he retired from public life. He died at his residence, Palmetto Grove, Smith's parish, Bermuda Islands, April 6, 1908, at the age of 72 years. He received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Yale and from Trinity College in 1867.

He married in 1860, Theodosia, daughter of Anthony S and Almena (Harvey) Trott, of the Bermudas. She
died in 1880 and in 1892 he married Anna Emeline, daughter of Samuel C and Elizabeth (Booth) Outerbridge, of Hamilton. By his first marriage he had five sons and three daughters, of whom all but the eldest daughter and second son are living. By his second marriage he had three sons and one daughter, who with their mother survive him.

1858

George Mills Boynton, son of John and Louisa (Boutelle) Boynton, was born May 13, 1837, in Brooklyn, N. Y., but entered college from Orange, N. J.

After graduation he taught two years at Clinton, N. J., but in September, 1860, entered the Union Theological Seminary, and graduated there in May, 1863. The following October he was installed pastor of the Riverdale Presbyterian Church, at Riverdale, N. Y., on the Hudson River, and continued there over four years. In May, 1868, he went to Guilford, Conn., where on June 24 he was installed pastor of the Third Congregational Church. He remained with that church about four and a half years, then accepted the call of the Belleville Avenue Congregational Church in Newark, N. J., a vigorous young church which made an excellent record during his pastorate of over seven years. In March, 1880, he was installed over the Central Congregational Church of Jamaica Plain, in the city of Boston, Mass.

In 1888 he accepted the office of Associate Secretary of the Congregational Sunday School and Publishing Society, and the following year became General Secretary, holding this position until 1905, and during part of this time being also Treasurer of the society. On account of impaired health he resigned and was succeeded by Rev. Frank L. Sanders, D.D. (Ph.D. Yale 1889), formerly Dean of the Yale Divinity School. Dr. Boynton was then Missionary Secretary until 1907, when he retired from active work. He was chosen a director of the society in 1881. His long service
was able, faithful, successful, and of high value to the Congregational denomination. By wide travel he became thoroughly acquainted with Sunday school work, and was the wise counselor and personal friend of the missionaries in the field.

While in Newark he was a member of the executive boards of the American Missionary Association and missionary societies of New York, and for three years assisted in editing *The Sunday School Times*, besides doing much other literary work. He was an annual contributor to the volume of Monday Club Sermons, edited the *Pilgrim Missionary*, and wrote several useful volumes, including "The Model Sunday School," "The Pilgrim Pastor's Manual," and "The Congregational Way."

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College in 1888.

Dr. Boynton died of paralysis, May 17, 1908, at his home in Boston, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 1, 1864, Julia H., daughter of Silvanus and Elizabeth (Hoyt) Holmes. She survives him with their four sons. The eldest son completed the Architectural Course in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1890, and the second and third sons graduated from Amherst College in 1891 and 1897, respectively.

1859

Charles Hodge Boardman, son of Rev. Henry Augustus Boardman, D.D. (Y.C. 1829), long an eminent Presbyterian pastor in Philadelphia, Pa., was born in that city, May 28, 1838. His mother was Eliza Beach (Jones) Boardman, daughter of Paul Townsend and Mary Lamboll (Beach) Jones, of Charleston, S.C.

After graduation he studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, received his diploma there in 1862, and served three years in the United States army as Acting Assistant Surgeon.
In the winter of 1869 he settled as a physician in St. Paul, Minn., where he served in public capacities as State Commissioner in Lunacy from 1879 to 1883, member of the State Board of Medical Examiners, President of the City Board of Water Commissioners, a director of the Public Library, Secretary of the State Medical Society, Medical Director of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and from 1887 to 1890 Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the University of Minnesota in both the Law and Medical departments. He was also a life member of the Minnesota Historical Society. In 1900 he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died of heart disease, July 16, 1907, at the age of 69 years.

Dr. Boardman married, September 20, 1865, Harriet A., daughter of Robert C. and Harriet (Stanton) Nichols, of Bridgeton, N. J., and had a daughter who survives him. May 5, 1900, he was married again, to Miss Laura Engelhardt.

Henry Larned Johnson, son of Henry Larned and Almira D. (Browning) Johnson, was born July 11, 1837, in Jewett City, Conn.

After graduation he studied law a year in Hartford, Conn., and then enlisted in the Civil War, joining the Fifth Connecticut Volunteers as First Lieutenant and Commissary, and later being assigned to signal duty on the Potomac. In the fall of 1862 he was made Aide-de-camp on the staff of General Terry, with whom he served at Suffolk, Va., Newbern, Port Royal, and before Charleston. The following year he was promoted to the rank of Captain in the regular army and was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General by President Lincoln, with assignment as Judge Advocate of a military commission at Harrisburg, Pa. He afterward joined the Union army operating before Peters-
burg and Richmond as a member of the staff of General Birney, but later rejoined General Terry.

After the surrender of Richmond he resigned his commission and returned to Connecticut Later he was in Nova Scotia carrying on gold-mining operations. In 1868, in company with Brayton Ives (Y. C. 1861), he established the firm of Ives & Johnson, bankers and brokers, in New York City, and later carried on business by himself. Mr. Johnson was a member of the New York Stock Exchange for thirty-three years, resigning his seat in 1902 to his son, Leeds Johnson (Y C 1898)

He died of paralysis, September 9, 1907, at Plainfield, N J He went over from his New York home to visit his niece, Mrs W A Pinto, a week previous, and was taken ill soon after reaching there He was 70 years of age

He married December 3, 1868, Miss Carrie D. Howe, of New York City, who died in 1870 In 1873 he married Miss Carrie Frances Leeds of Staten Island, N. Y, daughter of Theodore Churchill Leeds of Dorchester, Mass

1861

FRANKLIN SEYMOUR BRADLEY, son of Seymour and Delia (Barnes) Bradley, was born May 17, 1839, in New Haven, Conn., and was a lifelong resident of this city.

After graduation he was engaged in the sale of agricultural implements and wooden ware and later for many years as a wholesale hardware merchant in the firm of F. S. Bradley & Co In 1878 he was elected President of the Yale National Bank, held that position over ten years, and continued as a director through life He was administrator of a number of large estates From 1905 to 1907 he was a member of the Board of Directors of the Public Library. He was always alert in mind and body, but had recently retired from most of his business interests
Since 1876 he had been a deacon of the Center Church, and was for a long time also Clerk and Treasurer. In his early manhood he officiated as organist in the Center, North, and College Street Churches, and his fine musical taste made him a valuable member of the music committee of his church. In connection with his church work he prepared many reports, and a paper on "The History of Religious Awakenings in Center Church" was published in the Church Manual for 1898. "The Friendship of a Theologian; Recollections of Dr Leonard Bacon," was printed in the *Connecticut Magazine* and separately in a pamphlet.

He died after a long illness April 26, 1908, at his home which he built about thirty years ago on Chapel street. He was 68 years of age.

Mr. Bradley married on his Commencement day, July 25, 1861, Louisa Trowbridge, youngest daughter of LeGrand and Mary (Trowbridge) Cannon, of New Haven. She died in 1889, and he afterward married Ella M., daughter of Luther C. Chatham, of Seneca County, N. Y., who survives him with a daughter. Of the children by his first marriage a son and two daughters are living, the younger son having died in 1907.

GEORGE CHALMERS, son of Dr Thomas C. Chalmers, for fifty years a practicing physician in New York City, was born in that city, September 4, 1840. His mother was Margaret (McGowan) Chalmers. He was a member of the Class of 1860 during two terms of Freshman year, when he left college and joined 1861 at the beginning of its Sophomore year.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, receiving his degree in 1863. Upon his admission to the bar, he practiced his profession in New York City until 1888, but since then had lived in Bournemouth, on the south coast of England, giving his attention chiefly to the
collection of paintings and engravings and to writing on art, making only occasional brief sojourns in this country. During a visit to his brother, Dr. Thomas C. Chalmers, in New York City, he was taken ill with pneumonia and died at the New York Hospital, January 15, 1908, at the age of 67 years. He was buried at West Charlton, Saratoga County, N.Y.

He married, June 15, 1888, Sophia, daughter of James and Anna (Harper) Lawlor, and had one son. They reside in Bournemouth.

JOSEPH NELSON FLINT, son of Joseph and Susan (Phillips) Flint, was born in South Dansville, Steuben County, N.Y., June 16, 1838, and entered college from Canaseraga, N.Y., in the adjoining county of Allegany. He was a member of the military company formed in his class after the fall of Fort Sumter, which drilled until graduation, but he did not enter the army at once, teaching mathematics for a year at Kingston Academy, Kingston, N.Y.

In August, 1862, he enlisted in the Union army as a private in the 130th New York Volunteer Infantry, which the next year was transferred to the cavalry service and became known as the First New York Dragoons. He remained in service through the war, attained the rank of First Lieutenant, January 1, 1865, and the following April was brevetted Captain. In 1864 he served on the staff of General Philip H. Sheridan. His regiment, of which he prepared a brief history in 1865, took part in forty-five engagements and was with General Grant in the march on Richmond.

At the close of the war Captain Flint began teaching again, and for years conducted a successful preparatory school for both sexes in Virginia City, Nevada, also occasionally contributing to the newspapers articles on education. In 1886 he removed to San Francisco, and after engaging for a time in teaching and journalism,
became a clerk in the naval office of the United States Custom House. Here he remained until the close of his life, finding his work congenial and enjoying in his leisure hours returning to the study of mathematics and the Greek and Latin poets.

He died at San Rafael, Cal., July 30, 1907, in his 69th year. He was never married.

Alexander Porter Root, son of John Bancroft and Mary (Porter) Root, was born June 21, 1840, at Wilmington, Del. His parents went from Westfield, Mass., and were pioneer settlers of Independence, Texas, where the son spent the first ten years of his life, until the family removed to Galveston.

Soon after graduation he joined the Southern army as a private in a cavalry regiment, and served a year till the battle of Galveston, when he was appointed Lieutenant. After another year's service in Texas and Louisiana he was made Assistant Adjutant-General with the rank of Major on the staff of General Drayton.

After the war he returned to Galveston and was associated with his father in the furniture business there until 1874, when he became Teller of the First National Bank of Houston, Texas. Two years later he was made Cashier and since 1891 had been President, succeeding his father-in-law, who was President for twenty-five years. He was also a Vice-President of the Guarantee Life Insurance Company, a director in the Houston Drug Company, and the Oriental Textile Mills, and connected with other enterprises. He was widely esteemed as a strong and able financier.

Mr. Root died of the grip at his home in Houston, February 18, 1908, at the age of 67 years.

He married, January 21, 1869, Laura Virginia, daughter of B. A. Shepherd. She survives him with a son and three daughters. Another daughter died in early childhood.
1862

Elisha Stiles Lyman was the ninth of eleven children of William Lyman, who was a native of Conway, Mass., but for forty years a wholesale and retail druggist in Montreal, Canada. His mother was Caroline (Williams) Lyman. He was born in Montreal, Canada, August 15, 1841.

After graduation he studied law in McGill University, received the degree of Bachelor of Civil Law in 1865, and was admitted to the bar in 1866. He practiced law little, however, but for some time was a hardware merchant, senior member of the firm of Lyman & McNabb. Having meantime prepared himself to enter the ministry, he was installed pastor of the Congregational church at Newmarket, Ontario, but afterward joined the Plymouth Brethren and worked zealously in many places as a traveling missionary. In 1881-82 he was in England, in 1895-96 in Newfoundland, and in other years in various cities and smaller places in the United States, Canada, and elsewhere.

Mr. Lyman had been out of health for some time, and was taken seriously ill while in the City of Mexico, but was brought to El Paso, Texas. Later he returned to Albuquerque, N.M., where he died at the Roman Catholic Hospital, November 9, 1907, after an operation for strangulated hernia. He was 66 years of age.

1863

John Safford Fiske, son of Isaac Hubbard and Mary (Safford) Fiske, was born January 18, 1838, at Ashtabula, Ohio, but entered college from Watertown, N.Y.

The winter after graduation he was Deputy Clerk of the New York State Senate at Albany, and the following year was a private tutor near New York City. He was then occupied for a time in general study, occasionally contributing to monthly magazines, but in October, 1867, was
appointed United States Consul at Leith, Scotland, where he remained three years. He then spent a year in Dusseldorf, Germany, painting architectural subjects, after which he returned to America and remained three years. In May, 1874, he went back to Europe, and lived successively in Dusseldorf; Pinneberg, a few miles from Hamburg, Germany; Ecouen, near Paris, France, and in Constantinople a year. In 1882 he settled at Alassio, Italy, on the Riviera, and established a charming home which fittingly expressed his exquisite taste and love for books and flowers. He was the guide of Freeman, the historian, in his travels in Sicily, and the companion of Hon Eugene Schuyler (Y. C. 1859) in the Grecian Archipelago and the Levant.

In 1873 he published a translation of Taine's "Voyage aux Pyrénées." While traveling in various countries he wrote of current events for a number of newspapers, and for many years furnished to The Nation occasional summaries of the progress of Italian literature showing rare charm and penetration. Numerous papers evinced his wide knowledge of art, and especially of architecture, gained by years of personal study, and he contributed several articles to the "Dictionary of Architecture and Building," edited by Russell Sturgis (M. A. hon. Yale 1872).

While in this country in 1893, on a visit to the Columbian Exposition, Mr Fiske lectured before Hobart College on the Architecture of French and English Cathedrals, and afterward gave to that college his large and choice library. In 1897 Hobart College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of the Humanities.

His rare social charm, his thoughtfulness, benevolence, and sympathetic appreciation, and his quiet and cheerful endurance of the increasing invalidism of his last years, won for him the devoted friendship of people of all ranks with whom he came in contact.

He died at his home in Alassio June 12, 1907, at the age of 69 years. He was never married.
1864

Henry Paine Boyden, son of David and Martha (Paine) Boyden, was born February 12, 1842, at Machias, Me., but removed in 1849 to Worcester, Mass.

While in college he won several prizes in debating, composition and declamation, including the DeForest Gold Medal in Senior year. He was President of the Linonian Society that year, editor of the University Quarterly in Sophomore year, and held high rank in general scholarship.

The year after graduation he was teaching in Worcester, but in December, 1865, went to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he had since lived. In July, 1869, he became assistant editorial writer on the Cincinnati Gazette, and the following December managing editor. In September, 1875, he took the post of literary editor of the Cincinnati Times, and in February, 1879, with his classmate, Hon. Charles P. Taft, he acquired an interest in that paper and was its managing editor until 1880. After this he was a stock broker for ten years. From 1897 to 1900 he was City Auditor of Cincinnati, and later was appointed trustee in bankruptcy of a brokerage firm. During the last ten years of his life he did much literary work.

He died after a long illness at his home in Cincinnati, April 1, 1908, at the age of 66 years.

He married, April 27, 1871, Annie H., daughter of H. Thane and Frances Miller, of Cincinnati, and had one son who died in 1897, and two daughters who with Mrs. Boyden survive him.

George Nicholas Hitchcock, son of David Keyes Hitchcock, M.D., a dentist, and Abigail Hastings (Barnes) Hitchcock, was born February 24, 1843, in Boston, Mass.

After graduation he was for six months in charge of the office of the Christian Commission at City Point, Va., and then began the study of law, entering the Harvard Law
School in January, 1866, and finishing his course there in 1867. He was admitted to the Suffolk County bar and began practice in Boston, but in July, 1869, removed to San Diego, Cal., where he had since continued in the practice of his profession, giving special attention to land claims.

During many years he rendered efficient service in the educational development of his adopted state. From 1880 to 1883 he was Superintendent of Schools of San Diego County, and from 1888 to 1890 of the city of San Diego. He was Secretary of the San Diego Lyceum of Sciences for a long period, and one of the California directors of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle. He was an officer of the San Diego Humane Society and Vice-President of the San Diego Floral Association.

Mr. Hitchcock died, after a brief illness from oedema of the lungs, at his home in San Diego, November 21, 1907, at the age of 64 years. For thirty-eight years he had been connected with the First Presbyterian Church, and for nearly thirty years had taught the adult Bible class. He joined the College Church on confession of faith near the end of his Junior year.

He married, at Los Angeles, Cal., April 30, 1891, Mrs. Ellen (Monroe) Cobb, who survives him. They had no children.

Arthur Arnold Barrows, son of Robert Porter Barrows, a farmer, and Elizabeth (Arnold) Barrows, was born December 31, 1840, at Mansfield, Conn.

While he was in college he was Librarian, Secretary, and in 1864 President of the Beethoven Society, and after graduation was a tenor singer in several leading church choirs in New York City, precentor in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in that city twenty-five years, and later in the First Presbyterian Church in Hackensack, N. J.
His life work was teaching, and after a short experience in his native place and two years in the public schools of Bridgeport, Conn., in 1868 he began teaching in Grammar School No. 58 in New York City, and continued in the same school to the close of his life, for a number of years past having been Vice-Principal.

In 1867 he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University) and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine there in 1870, but practiced only a year or so, preferring educational work.

He was Custodian of the New York Teachers' Mutual Benefit Association, and a director of the Teachers' Building and Loan Association of New York, and in Hackensack, N. J., which had been his home since 1888, he was a director of the local Building and Loan Association, and Treasurer of the Wheelmen's Club.

While in a Broadway subway train in New York City, June 6, 1908, Mr. Barrows was taken with apoplexy and died soon after. He was buried in Hackensack Cemetery. He was 67 years of age.

He married, in the Brick Church, New York City, October 24, 1872, Edith, daughter of Lyman Odell, a commission merchant, and Mary (Niven) Odell. She survives him with a daughter.  

William Bruce Rogers, son of William and Catherine Eliza (Peters) Rogers, was born at Litchfield, Conn., November 20, 1842. During the first half of his college course his residence was New Haven, Conn., and then in Springfield, Mass.

After graduation he was a student in Springfield in the law office of Hon. Augustus L. Soule (Harv. 1846), afterward Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, and practiced his profession there from 1875 to 1881, when, owing to the death of his youngest brother, he went to New York to protect the interests of the estate in the Spring-
field Paper Company, and was agent of the company until the business was closed up. In 1883 he became an inspector in the New York Custom House, and continued in that position to the close of his life.

Mr Rogers died in New York City, January 25, 1908, at the age of 65 years. He was not married. A sister is the only surviving member of his family.

1866

Charles Havens Royce, son of Origen and Frances Henrietta (Havens) Royce, was born in Harford, Cortland County, N. Y., July 16, 1845. He began his college course at Oberlin, but came to Yale during the second term of Junior year.

After graduation he was for about seven years in the hardware business in Albion, N. Y., in the grain commission business in Toledo, Ohio, from March, 1873 to January, 1880, and for two and a half years afterward a grain merchant in Chicago. In September, 1883, he was appointed Secretary and General Manager of the Harden Hand Grenade Fire Extinguisher Company, with which he continued over two years, meantime taking a six months' business trip to England in 1884. November 1, 1885, he became President and General Manager of the Buffalo Lithia Springs Company, of Virginia, with an office in New York City, but in October, 1886, severe illness forced him to give up his work for three years. He was then in street railroad and manufacturing enterprises until the summer of 1896, when he took a trip to Japan for his health and was seriously ill there. After a slow recovery he came back as far as California in December, 1898, and was under medical treatment in San Francisco for over a year. From July, 1900, to October, 1902, he was Cashier in the Bank of Winters, Cal, and then became Manager and in March, 1906, President of the Pacific Window Glass Company, at Stockton. Its busi-
ness house in San Francisco was destroyed by the earthquake and fire of April 18, 1906, but the demand for glass since that time necessitated largely increasing the capacity of the factory at Stockton.

Mr Royce died at San Francisco, February 6, 1908, at the age of 62 years.

He married, January 12, 1870, Miss Alice C. Carpenter of Toledo, Ohio, and had two children who died in infancy. His first wife died, and he subsequently married, February 1, 1905, Mrs Lelah Spaulding of San Francisco, who survives him.

1867

Frederick Isaac Small, son of Isaac and Susan Cady (Knapp) Small, was born at Herkimer, N. Y., October 17, 1847. His father was a member of the firm of Small, Williams & Co., of New York City, wholesale grocers and importers, but retired about 1848 and removed to Little Falls, a few miles from Herkimer.

After graduation he studied in the Columbia Law School, and after receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1869, had practiced his profession at Little Falls a few years, when illness forced him to retire, and he never resumed practice. He was an active Democrat but never sought office. For years he was a trustee of the First Presbyterian Church.

He died of Bright's disease at Little Falls, October 28, 1907, at the age of 60 years. He never married.

Ernst Gordon Stedman, son of Griffin Alexander and Mary App Owen (Shields) Stedman, was born at Hartford, Conn, October 30, 1845.

After two years of study at Columbia Law School he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1869, having throughout the course been also a student in the office of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, with whom he
continued for some time after. From November, 1877 to June 30, 1879, he was associated in the practice of law with William S. Hascall (West Point 1845) and Francis Lynde Stetson (Williams 1867), the latter a classmate at the Law School, under the firm name of Hascall, Stetson & Stedman, in New York City, and on the dissolution of the firm through the decease of Mr. Hascall he practiced by himself until November, 1885, when, with Charles Edward Souther (Harvard 1865), also a classmate at the Law School, the firm of Souther & Stedman was formed, which was dissolved by mutual consent in 1891. In 1893 he joined with John Larkin (Princeton 1882) in the firm of Stedman & Larkin, which continued until 1903. Since then he had practiced alone.

He acquired much real property and organized the J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Company, of which he was one of the officers and controlling stockholders. In the financial panic in October, 1907, the company fell temporarily into the hands of receivers, but its assets were soon found to be largely in excess of its liabilities.

While still weak from a severe attack of the grip it is supposed that he was overcome by vertigo, to which he had recently been subject, and falling from the platform of the subway station at Fourteenth street, New York City, he was instantly killed by a rapidly approaching train, December 26, 1907. He was 62 years of age.

He married, January 15, 1884, Nina M., daughter of Dr. Erastus E. Marcy, of New York City and Orange, N. J. Mrs. Stedman survives him without children.

1868

George Eastburn, son of Jacob and Elizabeth K. (Taylor) Eastburn, was born September 25, 1838, in Solebury Township, Bucks County, Pa., where the family had resided for over a century. Before entering college he served in the
Union army in the Eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was prepared for Yale by Dr. Joseph Thomas (M.D. and LL.D. Univ. Pa. M.A. Yale 1853), and was a member of the Class of 1867 until the end of his Sophomore year, when he obtained leave of absence to teach. Returning a year later he completed his course with the Class of 1868. He later received the degree of Master of Arts in course from Yale, and of Doctor of Philosophy in 1890, from Princeton.

In the October following his graduation he opened an English and Classical School in Philadelphia with seven pupils. To meet the needs of increasing numbers and better equipment, the school was several times moved to new quarters. In 1870, in company with Mr. John G. Moore, he purchased the school of Mr. Caleb S. Hallowell, which he continued as the Hallowell Select High School. Mr. Moore died in 1872 and the title of the school was afterward changed to North Broad Street Select School, and in 1893, upon request of the graduates, to Eastburn Academy. Many of his pupils have been fitted for Yale and Princeton and other universities, and his school had a most successful history. In 1905 he retired, and since then had been Professor of Science at the Northeast Manual Training School of Philadelphia. He died of uremia at Philadelphia, October 13, 1907, at the age of 69 years.

Dr. Eastburn was President of the Schoolmasters' Association of Philadelphia in 1890. In 1889 he presented a paper before the association on the Metric System which was later published by the American Metrological Society. He was chosen a member of the Council of this society in 1890.

He married at Philadelphia, September 8, 1870, Miss Mary Olden Davis, who died after a long illness in 1873, leaving a son. In 1876 he married Elizabeth Manly, daughter of Jacob and Caroline Beale, and had a son and daughter, who with their mother survive him.
Dr. Eastburn was an elder in the Central Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia.

Ira Cole Hall, son of John C. and Adelia (Cole) Hall, was born in Covert, Seneca County, N. Y., October 9, 1846. After graduation he returned to his native place and was engaged in farming and the selling of stock until 1870, when he entered the coal and grain business with his father at Interlaken, formerly called Farmer Village, three miles north of his birthplace in the town of Covert, and conducted it for nearly thirty years. He was elected to the Board of Supervisors in 1904, and served four years, being its President the last two years. For many years he was a trustee of the First Baptist Church.

Mr. Hall died at his home in Interlaken, April 27, 1908, from neuralgia of the heart. He was 61 years of age.

He married, October 6, 1869, at Covert, Caroline Frances, daughter of Milo V. and Druvilla (Hopkins) Cole. She survives him with a son and daughter, the latter being the wife of William D. Hopkins, Ph D. (B.A. Cornell 1893).

Thomas Fenner Wentworth, son of Captain John Hanson and Ann (Pottle) Wentworth, was born in South Berwick, Me., September 25, 1845. The following year his parents removed to Greenland, N. H. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Exeter) Academy, and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

The year after graduation he taught school in Yonkers, N. Y., the next year studied in Columbia Law School. He was admitted to the New York bar in 1871 and practiced his profession almost continuously till his decease. At one period he was Secretary and General Counsel for the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad, and counsel for the Merchants' Retail Dry Goods Association, and represented other important corporations during his legal career.
For many years he was prominent in Republican politics in New York City. In 1884 he was Vice-President and in 1885 and 1886 President of the City Republican Club, of which he was one of the original members. In 1894 he represented his district in the Constitutional Convention. July 1, 1895, he was appointed by Mayor Strong one of the City Magistrates for a term of four years, and was President of the Board of Magistrates a year. He was one of the founders of the New York Association of Alumni of Phillips Exeter Academy, and President of the association in 1889. He was a trustee of the House of Refuge, and of the New York Dental College.

Judge Wentworth died at his home in New York City, November 11, 1907, at the age of 62 years. His illness was the result of a fall while inspecting lumber on his farm at Greenland, N. H.

He married, July 7, 1886, Eleanor B., daughter of George W. and Tamison (Higgins) Parsons, who survives him. They had no children.

1869

Silliman Blagden, son of Thomas and Emily Greene (Silliman) Blagden, was born August 3, 1846, in Washington, D.C.

After graduation he took the law course at Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1871, and practiced five years in New York; then gave up his profession, and devoted himself to private interests in Washington. Several years later, after study in Boston, he became an evangelist, working in churches of different denominations and in many communities in New England and Canada. He wrote much for the press, also a number of pamphlets and tracts on theological subjects, and published "A Bouquet of Poems and Canticles to the Praise and Glory of God."
He had been in poor health for several years, and died November 20, 1907, at the Hotel Brunswick, Boston, where he had been living for some years past. He was 61 years of age, and was not married. He was a grandnephew of Professor Benjamin Silliman, the elder, and grandson of the latter's brother, Gold S. Silliman (Yale 1796).

Edward Sackett Hume, son of Rev. Robert Wilson and Hannah Derby (Sackett) Hume, was born in Bombay, India, June 4, 1848. His father, a graduate of Union College (1834) and of Princeton Theological Seminary (1837), was a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and connected with the Marathi Mission, Western India, from 1839 until his death, which occurred at sea in 1854. His mother then, after nine years spent in Springfield, Mass, settled in New Haven, where her home was a center of missionary influence until her death in 1903.

After graduation Mr. Hume was principal of the High School in Millbury, Mass., for two years, and then entered the Hartford Theological Seminary, graduating in 1875, and being ordained at the Center Church, New Haven, June 2, of that year. During the period of study in Hartford he also taught in Miss Catherine Beecher's school, in the High School, and as a private tutor. His success was such that he was offered two excellent positions, one in connection with the Hartford public schools, and the other a chair in the Theological Seminary, but he sailed August 11, 1875, for India with his wife, the sister of his classmate John Scudder Chandler. To the work in Bombay, in which his parents had been engaged before him, he devoted his life of fruitful service, having the satisfaction also of seeing his daughter and her husband take up the work in turn, when ill health compelled Mr. and Mrs. Hume to return to America.
Varied and arduous as were Mr. Hume's labors in the wide field in and about Bombay, his ruling purpose was the elevation of the Indian Christian community. "He was a maker and builder of Christian institutions in India." In 1877 he and his wife opened a school in order to give the children of the Indian Christians the best educational opportunities in their power. This developed into a large institution that has won the respect of all classes by the high quality of its work. This institution soon included two large boarding schools, one for boys and one for girls, into which they received over 600 children, victims of the great famines of 1897 and 1900. In these two schools various kinds of industrial work were carried on with most excellent results. The intellectual ability, business sagacity, and great faith which enabled Mr. Hume to conduct these educational enterprises, were also a great source of strength to the Bombay church, founded in 1825 by missionaries of the American Board. By his wise advice the church came to self-support in 1881, and the erection of its spacious and fine edifice, recently completed, is in large measure due to his devoted and resourceful efforts in India and in America. To its pastor he was a most intimate and helpful friend. He won to a remarkable degree the esteem and affection of the native people, Christian and non-Christian, and had an unusual hold also upon the European population of the city. The building he used for his orphanage for boys was loaned him rent free by a wealthy Parsi gentleman.

In 1892 he wrote "A Memorial of Ethan Chapin of Springfield, Mass."
Weakened many years ago by an attack of cholera, and
by his unceasing work, especially in connection with the
great famines, he was compelled to return to this country
for rest in 1903. In 1906 he acted as the assistant pastor of
Center Church in New Haven, and was appointed Instructor in Missions for the current academic year, taking the
courses of Professor Harlan P. Beach (Y. C. 1878) who
was abroad. He was also a lecturer in the Bible School
in New York City. He received the degree of Master of
Arts from Yale in 1892.

He died January 10, 1908, of anaemia, in the Presbyterian
Hospital in New York, after an illness of two months. He
was in his 60th year.

He married, July 21, 1875, Charlotte Elizabeth, daughter
of the Rev. John Eddy and Charlotte (Hopkins) Chandler,
missionaries of the American Board in Madura, India. Mrs.
Hume and six children survive him. Of these the eldest,
Edward Hicks, M.D. (Y. C. 1897) is one of the Faculty of
the Yale Mission College in Changsha, Province of Hunan,
China; the youngest is a member of the Class of 1908,
Vassar College. One daughter, Mrs. Hunsberger, is in his
old field in Bombay, and another, Mrs. Wannamaker, is the
wife of an instructor in the Canton Christian College, China.
His brother, Rev. Robert A. Hume, D.D. (Y. C. 1868)
has been for many years a missionary in Ahmednagar,
Western India. A sister is the wife of Alfred B. Miller
(Y. C. 1855) of New Haven.

Joseph Ferris Perry, son of Joseph Perry, M.D., and
Caroline (Wilson) Perry, was born in Fairfield, Conn.,
June 21, 1846.

After graduation he spent a winter teaching in Connecti-
cut and three years in the village schools in Illinois. He was
then Superintendent of Public Schools in East Joliet, Will
County, Ill., three years and a half, and for the next five
years Superintendent for the county, also trustee of the
township school funds for five or six years. He then engaged in business with the Joliet Manufacturing Company, makers of agricultural implements, and was for twenty-four years its efficient Secretary.

Mr. Perry died at his home in Joliet, October 25, 1907, after an illness of nearly two years from kidney disease. He was 61 years old.

He married, July 5, 1881, Elizabeth Iola, only daughter of Samuel Bond, a British soldier, and Margaret (Campbell) Bond. She survives him with three sons and a daughter, one son having died in early childhood.

Morris Franklin Tyler, son of Hon. Morris and Mary Frisbie (Butler) Tyler, was born in New Haven, Conn., August 12, 1848. He was prepared for college in the New Haven High School. His father, a wholesale boot and shoe merchant, was Mayor of the city and Lieutenant-Governor of the state.

After graduation from the Academical Department Mr. Tyler entered the Law School. He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1873, also the same year that of Master of Arts in course, but, meantime, gave much time to journalism, first in connection with the Hartford Evening Post and then as associate editor of the New Haven Palladium. He practiced his profession first as a member of the firm of Tyler & Hubbard and then as head of the firm of Tyler, Ingersoll & Moran. He served the city and state for several years, from 1875 to 1878 being a member of the New Haven Board of Education, from 1878 to 1880 councilman from his ward, and in 1881-82 Executive Secretary to Governor Hobart B. Bigelow.

In 1878 Mr. Tyler became interested in the telephone business and took an active part in the management of the New Haven Telephone Company, then of the Connecticut Telephone Company, in which were merged the local companies of the state. The name was afterward changed.
to the Southern New England Telephone Company, and of this Mr Tyler was elected President February 20, 1883. He devoted himself with great success to its development, and had nearly completed twenty-five years of service. He recognized the public obligations of such corporations, and was among the first to issue new stock to stockholders at a price above its par value.

In addition to his other duties he was officially connected with the University for over ten years. During the Academic year 1893-94 he was Instructor in Jurisprudence in the Yale Law School, and the next five years was Professor of General Jurisprudence, succeeding the late Professor Johnston T. Platt (Harv. 1865), but resigned the chair on his appointment as Treasurer of the University in 1899. Mr. Tyler administered this important office over five years, but in order to devote his attention entirely to the interests of the Southern New England Telephone Company he presented his resignation as Treasurer in June, 1904, continuing, however, to serve until the following December. During his term of service, covering as it did a period of University expansion which involved the erection of the Bicentennial buildings and many new and perplexing problems, his administrative and legal experience and his broad culture were of great value to the University.

Mr. Tyler was a student all his life, and took great pleasure in his large and choice library, which was especially strong in French and Italian literature. Besides other gifts to the University Library he presented many volumes of early French literature and rare bibliographies. He was a member of the Grolier Club of New York. He edited the "Memoirs of Mme Vigée Le Brun," and also prepared the Triennial Record of his College class.

He had not been in robust health for a long time, and during the last year had lost much in physical strength, but continued to direct the affairs of the telephone company, and was at his office the week before his death. He died December 4, 1907, at his home on College street. He was
59 years of age. He was a man of strong personality, independent in judgment, but catholic in his tastes.

He married in New York City, November 5, 1873, Delia Talman, daughter of Victor Gifford Audubon, the artist, and granddaughter of John James Audubon, the famous ornithologist. They had four sons and one daughter, of whom the sons are living, but the daughter died in 1902. The eldest son graduated from the Academical Department in 1898, and the third son in 1905.

For over forty years he was a member and strong supporter of the Church of the Redeemer and its predecessor, the Chapel Street Congregational Church, of which his father was a deacon and one of the original members.

1872

George Bliss Griggs, son of Joseph Maitland and Elizabeth (Blish) Griggs, was born in West Springfield, Mass., July 6, 1850.

After graduation he took a position in Springfield in the passenger department of the Boston & Albany Railroad, a few years later was transferred to the freight department in Boston, and for a year and a half was agent of the company’s grain elevator in East Boston. From 1885 to 1887 he was at Fort Meade, S. D., in partnership with the post trader, and then returned to the Boston & Albany Railroad in the ticket auditing department. His father had for many years held the office of General Ticket Agent, but retired in 1889, and the son was then appointed Ticket Auditor, continuing in this responsible position to the close of his life.

He died at his home in Newton, Mass., May 22, 1908, of apoplexy. He was in his 58th year.

He married, June 11, 1885, Nora H., daughter of Ransom Lawrence and Phebe (Mitchell) Ball, of Walpole, N. H., who survives him.

In his will he left a generous bequest which will ultimately come to the University.
WILLIAM EDWARD HART, son of Deacon Edward Lucas Hart (Y. C. 1836) and Nancy Champion (Hooker) Hart, was born June 24, 1851, in Farmington, Conn, where his father was for many years associate principal with his uncle, Simeon Hart (Y. C 1823), in a boarding school for boys.

After graduation he at once went abroad and spent nine months teaching and studying in Dresden, seven months in business in London, and then traveled till his return in February, 1874. For a few months he was engaged in business in Marquette, Mich., but the next year he went again to Europe and remained until the summer of 1876. He then taught six years in Westerly, R. I., after which he spent much time in Germany, France, and Italy. He prepared Conversation Guide Books in French, German, and Italian, and made a special study of French history and literature and of economics.

In 1893 he went to California, where he taught two years, and then returning East taught for six years in the Ingleside School, New Milford, Conn. Increasing deafness obliged him after that to devote himself to private tutoring. During the last year he had resided in Redding Ridge, Conn, where his teaching in the Sanford School was successful and appreciated.

Mr. Hart died from gas asphyxiation in his room at a hotel in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., September 17, 1907. He was 56 years of age, and was buried in Westerly, R. I.

He married, December 27, 1876, Phebe Elizabeth, adopted daughter of James M. Pendleton of Westerly. Mrs. Hart died February 4, 1891. They had one daughter and two sons, all of whom are deceased.

FREDERICK MORTON LITTLEFIELD, son of Josiah Mendlun and Caroline Elizabeth Littlefield, was born November 27, 1849, in Kennebunk, Me.
After graduation he took the law course in Columbia University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1874, was then admitted to the New York bar, and became managing clerk in the office of George VanNest Baldwin (Rutgers 1856) He afterward practiced his profession alone, making a specialty of real estate and corporation law and being largely interested in several corporations managing real estate His office was at first on Cedar street and later on Broadway.

He was one of the organizers of the Colonial Club, and served as trustee, Vice-President and counselor. He was also a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Museum of Natural History, the New York Geographical Society, and many other societies and clubs.

Mr Littlefield died of blood poisoning resulting from a malignant carbuncle and diabetes, February 18, 1906, at the age of 56 years, but his death was reported too late for earlier record. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, April 24, 1883, Agnes Henderson, daughter of James R Smith of New York City, who survives him with two sons and a daughter, one son having died in infancy.

George Willis Benedict, son of George and Amanda (Benedict) Benedict, was born in South Norwalk, Conn. September 25, 1852.

After graduation he spent two years in the Yale Medical School but finished his studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now included in Columbia University) and received his degree in 1878. He then established himself in practice in his native city, but in 1895 became postmaster there. Upon the expiration of his term in 1900 he resumed practice.

Dr. Benedict died August 23, 1907, at a sanitarium in Westport, Conn., where he was receiving treatment for
nervous trouble. He was in his 55th year and was unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational Church.

WILLIAM BURGER BININGER, son of Abraham Bininger, a wine importer of New York City, was born in that city June 11, 1852. His mother was Elizabeth S (Draper) Bininger. He was fitted for college by a private tutor and was a member of the Class of 1873 from the beginning of the course until the end of the Junior year, joining the Class of 1874 for the last half of the course.

From the time of graduation until September, 1885, he was engaged with his father in the wine business, and then became a member of the staff of the New York Star, for which he wrote on social matters. After the death of the owner of the paper, Lieutenant-Governor William Dorsheimer, Mr. Bininger took an editorial position on the New York Herald in May, 1889, and was well known among newspaper men for more than twenty years. Recently he had written for Ridgeway's Weekly and for the New York Times. He had not been in good health for some time. During the last year he had been living with a sister, Miss Elizabeth D. Bininger, at "Oakwood," New Hamburg, N. Y., where he died of apoplexy, May 15, 1908, in the 56th year of his age. He had never married. Besides Miss Bininger two other sisters, Mrs. Frederick Post and Mrs. Francis R Rives, are living, and reside in England.

GILBERT GATES MOSELEY, son of David Bingham and Mary (Webster) Moseley, was born November 28, 1853, in Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he made a journey abroad, and was for many years associated with his father and brother on The Religious Herald in Hartford.

He was for seventeen years an invalid, and died of Bright's disease in Middletown, Conn., February 14, 1908, at the age of 54 years. He was unmarried.
1875

Howard Parry Bell, son of Hon. James Augustus Bell, who was New York State Senator for twelve years and chairman of the Senate Finance Committee during the Civil War, and Rachel Parry (Smith) Bell, was born May 21, 1851, at Dexter, Jefferson County, N. Y.

After graduation from college he entered Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from there in 1878, but gave his attention chiefly to banking, and became a member of the banking firm of Nichol, Hatch & Co. He had many other business interests, being a director in the corporation of Lord & Taylor, dry goods merchants of New York City, a director of the First National Bank of St Cloud, Minn, also a director of the First National Bank of Arlington, N. J., where he resided for over thirty years, and a director and Secretary of the Arlington Improvement Company. He was President of the Board of Directors of the Montclair (N. J.) Military Academy.

Mr. Bell died of lymphangitis at the home of his friend, Mr. E. P. Hatch, in New York City, May 6, 1908, in the 57th year of his age.

He married, September 21, 1881, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of William W. and Elizabeth C. (Height) Pratt. She survives him without children, their only son having died at the age of three years.

Henry Downes Sellers, son of Francis and Priscilla Carmen (Benny) Sellers, was born December 14, 1851, in Pittsburg, Pa. He entered the Class of 1872 as a Freshman but remained only a year, and afterward joined the Class of 1875 in Junior year.

After graduation he studied law, was admitted to the bar in Jackson County, Mo., in December, 1880, and practiced in Kansas City, Mo., two or three years, but since about 1883 had been in the real estate business in his native city. He
was a charter member of the University Club of Pittsburg, and for five years its Secretary. In 1882 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Pennsylvania Military College.

Mr. Sellers died in Pittsburg, February 16, 1908, at the age of 56 years.

He married, June 4, 1883, Caroline, daughter of William and Martha (Smith) Robinson, of Detroit, Mich, and had one daughter and four sons, of whom one son is deceased.

He was a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church of Pittsburg.

EDWIN RUTHVEN DILLINGHAM, son of Edwin Ruthven and Susan Simonson (Dupuy) Dillingham, was born January 29, 1855, in Brooklyn, N. Y. His ability as a writer early showed itself, and he was elected one of the editors of the Yale Literary Magazine in his Junior year.

After graduation he studied law a year in the office of Martin & Smith in New York City. He did not practice, however, but devoted himself continuously to newspaper work for over twenty-five years, holding an important position in Chicago journalism. He was at first on the staff of the Daily News of that city. In 1884 he helped to found the Chicago Evening Mail, of which he was at different times city editor and commercial editor. Afterward he became commercial editor of the Chicago Times-Herald and of its successor, the Record-Herald. He attained a wide reputation as an authority on commercial matters related to his work and was a frequent contributor to trade journals. In the fall of 1904 he was obliged by ill health to resign his connection with the Record-Herald. After failing to regain his health by a trip abroad and several months of outdoor life on a farm which he purchased in Augusta, Mich., he spent the last two years of his life in a sanitarium in Flint.
Mich, where he died August 12, 1907, at the age of 52 years.


Henry Meyer Johnson, son of Bradish Johnson, a sugar refiner and an extensive owner of real estate, was born at his father's country home, Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y., May 6, 1856. His mother was Louisa A. (Lawrance) Johnson. Before entering college he was in Europe from 1864 to 1867, then two years in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General Russell (Y C 1833) in New Haven, and four years under the private instruction of Josiah Clark, LL D (Y C 1833).

After graduation from college he took the course in the Columbia Law School and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1879. Then after three years in the law office of Platt & Bowers in New York City he gave his attention to the management of his father's estate.

Mr. Johnson died at Bay Shore, of heart failure, September 19, 1907, at the age of 51 years.

He married, December 4, 1890, Mrs. Sarah B. Oliffe, who died April 2, 1902. She was a daughter of Hon. Harvey Baldwin, Judge and Mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., and Ann Sarah (Dodge) Baldwin. He afterward married her sister, Mrs. Grace R. Ruggles of New York City, who survives him with his only child, a daughter by his first wife.

Clarence Ledoux Reid, son of Rev. Lewis Hubbard Reid D D (Y C 1847), and Maria (Fuller) Reid, was born June 24, 1857, in Fayetteville, N. Y., where his father was pastor of the Presbyterian church. After he was four years old his home was in Syracuse, N. Y., and Chicago, Ill., until he entered college.

After graduation he taught three years in Stamford, Conn., first in the school of Mr. Hiram U. King (Dartm.
1873), at the same time reading law, and then as a private tutor while studying in the law office of Calvin G. Child (Y. C. 1855) and Hon. James H. Olmstead. In February, 1881, he was admitted to the bar, and since then had maintained an office in Stamford, and since 1885 also in New York City. The Stamford firm was Reid & Young, and the New York firm Reid, Esselstyn & Ketcham, his partners in the latter being graduates of Yale in 1883 and 1887 respectively. He was a thoroughly read, able lawyer, and was regarded as an authority on corporation law.

Mr Reid was Deputy Judge of the Borough Court of Stamford from 1883 to 1887, but declined other public office. He was esteemed for his high personal character and was always active in any movement for the benefit of the community. In connection with the Civic League he accomplished an important service a dozen years ago in securing the enforcement of law.

He was one of the most useful and earnest members of the First Presbyterian Church, where his associates relied upon his judgment and sound sense. For the last twenty years he had been an elder, and for many years Superintendent of the Sunday school. He was President for fifteen years of the Stamford Young Men’s Christian Association, and a member of the Executive Committee of the State Association. He was a trustee of the Ferguson Library, St John’s Hospital, Children’s Home, Boys’ Club, and other Stamford institutions, and a director in many business corporations. In his earlier vacations he visited nearly every state in the Union, but had spent his recent summers at his cottage at Randolph, in the White Mountains.

Mr. Reid died at his home in Stamford, August 7, 1907, after an illness of about a year. He was 50 years of age.

He married, April 20, 1886, Kate Sumner, daughter of Allen H and Susan (Collins) Willard of Evanston, Ill. She survives him with a son and a daughter. The son was a member of the Sophomore class in the Academical Department at the time of his father’s death, but then left college.
Three brothers graduated from the University, respectively in the classes of 1875 and 1886 in College and of 1885 in the Sheffield Scientific School.

1878

Frederick Jason Beckwith, son of Jason and Harriet F (Sisson) Beckwith, was born August 11, 1855, in New London, Conn.

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Medical School, received his degree in 1882, and since then had been in the active practice of his profession in his native city. He was also Health Officer.

Dr. Beckwith died suddenly of heart disease at the home of a patient whom he had just attended in the adjoining town of Waterford, September 2, 1907, the age of 52 years. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, October 8, 1885, at Pawtucket, R. I., Ellen H., daughter of William W. Blodgett, a lawyer, and Salome (Kinsley) Blodgett, who survives him with a daughter and a son.

Treat Campbell, son of Thomas Hayes Campbell, a lawyer, and Catherine Elizabeth (McDougall) Campbell, was born January 23, 1855, in Springfield, Ill.

After graduation he studied law in Chicago, and after his admission to the bar practiced his profession in that city until 1898, when he removed to Fairfield, Conn. He was also interested in the real estate business. In 1894 he traveled in Europe with his family.

Mr. Campbell died in New York City, February 12, 1908, and was buried in Chicago. He was 53 years of age.

He married, at Chicago, Ill., November 28, 1883, Ada Williams, daughter of Julian Sidney and Martha (Turner) Rumsey, who survives him with a son, Rumsey (Y. C. 1907).
LOUIS NORMAN BOOTH, son of Louis Wheeler and Frances Eunice (Beach) Booth, was born March 4, 1859, in Bridgeport, Conn.

After graduation he spent a year in travel and private study, entered the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown in September, 1880, graduated there in 1883, and in May of that year was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Williams. He soon afterward became the assistant minister of St. John's Church, in his native city, and about four years later, July, 1887, Rector of Trinity Church. He was an earnest churchman and devoted to the work of the parish which was his charge for twenty years. In July, 1898, he was appointed Archdeacon of Fairfield. From his college days he was known as a thorough student, and during later years he made a careful study of Dante, which resulted in a number of lectures.

Mr. Booth died of pneumonia at his home in Bridgeport, August 19, 1907, at the age of 48 years.

He married, January 6, 1886, Annie, daughter of Captain John and Anna (Scofield) McNeil, who survives him. They had no children.

EDWARD GAYLORD BOURNE, son of Rev. James Russell and Isabella Graham (Staples) Bourne, was born June 24, 1860, in Strykersville, Wyoming County, N Y, where his father was the Congregational pastor.

After graduation he remained as a student in the Graduate Department at Yale five years, holding a Foote Fellowship, being Instructor in Medieval History from 1885 to 1887, also Lecturer on Political Science from 1886 to 1888. He was then Instructor in History in Adelbert College two years and the following five years Professor of History there. In 1892 he received the degree of Doctor of Phi-
losophy at Yale, and in 1895 returned to New Haven as Professor of History.

During the first two years of his professorship here his courses were in European History and since then mainly in American History, but the breadth and accuracy of his knowledge outside of his special field were notable, and his mastery of the sources of information remarkable. He was searching in his criticism of evidence, most suggestive as a teacher, and almost prodigal in giving his time to earnest students. He was always approachable and especially companionable to younger men.

In his student days he showed ability as a writer and contributed many reviews and short articles to the *Nation*, *Yale Review*, and other periodicals. Of the *Yale Review* he was for the last fourteen years Associate Editor.

He was also editor of many important works, including Charles Wolley's "Two Years Journal in New York," Fournier's "Napoleon," Roscher's "Spanish Colonial System," *Original Narratives of the Voyages of Columbus* and "Original Narratives of the Voyages of John Cabot," the last two together composing a large part of the first volume of the series of "Original Narratives of Early American History", "The Voyages of Champlain," translated by Mrs. Bourne and forming two volumes of the "Trail Makers' Series", "The Narratives of De Soto"; and "Discovery, Conquest, and Early History of the Philippine Islands," 1907, being the introductory volume to the series of more than fifty volumes known as "Blair and Robertson's Philippine Islands."

Much of his best work was in the papers contributed to the societies with which he was connected. He was an early member of the American Historical Association and since 1901 Chairman of its Historical Manuscripts Commission, which in 1902-03 published the Diary and parts of the Correspondence of Chief Justice Chase. He was a member, and in 1901 President, of the New England History
Teachers' Association, and was one of its committee of five who prepared a book on Historical Sources for use in schools. He was a corresponding member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, a member of the American Antiquarian Society, the American Statistical Association, the New Haven Colony Historical Society, the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and in 1906 was elected an honorary member of the literary and scientific club of Havana known as the "Casino Español."

Prof Bourne's historical volumes of most permanent value are probably the three entitled "Surplus Revenue of 1837," 1885, "Essays in Historical Criticism," 1901, and "Spain in America," 1904. The second of these was his contribution to the Bicentennial publications of the University, and includes in expanded form his paper on Marcus Whitman, which aroused much discussion.

In recent years he had made a number of able addresses. At the World's Congress held at the St. Louis Exposition in 1904 his subject was "The Relation of American History to Other Fields," at the Historical Congress of the Lewis and Clark Exposition in 1905 he spoke on "Aspects of Oregon History before 1840," and before the State Historical Society of Missouri in 1906 on "The Romance of Western History."

He had been ill nearly two years from hip-joint disease, and during the last year had leave of absence from duty. He died at his home in New Haven, February 24, 1908, in the 48th year of his age. He was buried in the Grove Street Cemetery.

He married, July 17, 1895, Annie Thomson Nettleton (Vassar 1889), sister of his classmate, Walter E Nettleton, and daughter of William A and Eliza Lyman (Thomson) Nettleton of Stockbridge, Mass. Mrs Bourne survives him with four sons and one daughter. Professor Bourne's brother and classmate, Henry Eldridge Bourne, is Professor of History in the College for Women of Western Reserve University.
Wilfred Ernest Eaton, son of Edwin Wales and Frances Marion (Swift) Eaton, was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., November 26, 1863.

After graduation he spent the first year in the factory of the Nonotuck Silk Company, in Florence, Mass., and was then transferred to the New York office, where his advancement was steady and he became Assistant Treasurer and Manager as well as a director in the company. He was also a director of the Corticelli Silk Company of St. Louis, of the Brainerd & Armstrong Company of New London and manager of its New York office, and a governor of the Silk Association of America.

Mr. Eaton died of tuberculosis, at Liberty, N.Y., November 4, 1907, in the 44th year of his age. His home was in East Orange, N.J., where he was a trustee of Trinity Congregational Church.

He married, June 22, 1892, Flora Lee, daughter of William Edward and Caroline (Newton) Clarke. She survives him with three daughters and one son.

Charles Jared Griggs, eldest of the four sons of Hon. Henry Charles Griggs, a banker, manufacturer, state representative, and trusted official of many organizations, was born at Waterbury, Conn., November 28, 1864. His mother was Mary Bassett (Foote) Griggs, and his maternal great-grandfather was Dr. Joseph Foot (Y. C. 1787), a prominent physician.

Upon graduation from college he entered the Yale Law School and on completing the course received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1888. He was then admitted to the bar of New Haven County, but continued his studies in the office of Gillette & Webster (the latter, Dartmouth 1874).
until October, 1889, when he formed a partnership with William Reuben Mattison (Amherst 1886), which continued until July, 1891. Since then he had practiced alone, and from that year to 1896 he was also Tax Collector of Waterbury, making an excellent record in that capacity. For a number of years he was a member of the Republican town committee.

Mr. Griggs died of gastritis at his home in Waterbury, May 24, 1905, at the age of 40 years. His brothers, Wilfred E. and David C., graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1887 and 1892, respectively.

He married, June 25, 1895, Elizabeth B., daughter of Frederick and Bridget (Day) Bowers, who survives him.

1887

William Maitland Abell, son of Ira E. and Mary Ellen (Gurley) Abell, was born March 17, 1860, at North Pepin, Wisc. He entered college from Franklin, Conn.

After graduation he spent a year in the Yale Law School, then studied in the office of Theron A. Read, Esq., in Middletown, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar at Brooklyn, N. Y., in December, 1889. He conducted a general agency for a publishing house until the autumn of 1890, and then practiced law in Middletown, N. Y., until March, 1893, when he became Vice-President and counsel of "The Associated Physicians and Surgeons" in New York City. His home was for a time in Passaic, N. J., but in 1894 he moved to Mount Vernon, N. Y., where he remained two years. He gave up the practice of his profession in 1898, and then continued his studies in New York City, but from February, 1905, until his health failed entirely, was engaged in business in Chicago, Ill., where he died January 7, 1908, at St. Luke's Hospital, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 47 years of age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in Lebanon, Conn.
He married in 1888, Caroline A., daughter of Edwin A. Loomis, a farmer, and Mary (Saxton) Loomis of Lebanon, Conn. She survives him with two sons, the elder, Winthrop S., being the Class Boy.

Mr. Abell received the degree of Master of Laws from New York University in 1894, and of Master of Arts for graduate work in Philosophy at Yale in 1898.

John Minor Gillespie, son of James M. Gillespie, was born February 12, 1866, at Natchez, Miss.

After graduation from college he took the Medical course in Columbia University and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine there in 1891, but did not practice his profession. He returned to the family home, near Hard Times Landing, Tensas Parish, La., where he had since been a cotton planter.

Mr. Gillespie died at home February 20, 1908, at the age of 42 years.

1891

John Lee Bunce, son of Edward Merrill and Mariana (Brandt) Bunce, was born November 17, 1868, in Hartford, Conn. While in college he was Treasurer of the University Baseball Association, President of Bethany Mission, a member of the Senior Promenade Committee, and an officer of other student organizations.

After graduation he was at first with the Pope Manufacturing Company as assistant to the General Manager, and then Secretary and Treasurer of the Mather Electric Company until the outbreak of the Spanish-American War. From May to November, 1898, he served in the United States Navy as Assistant Paymaster, attached to the Yosemite.

At the close of the war he returned to Hartford and was appointed Assistant Superintendent of Agencies of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, of which his
father had been Secretary for many years preceding his decease in 1898. Later Mr. Bunce was appointed Superintendent of Agencies, and in 1906 added to his duties those of Assistant Secretary.

He died, after an illness of several weeks from leukemia, at his home in Hartford, October 1, 1907, in his 39th year. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, April 27, 1901, Mabel Alice Harcourt, daughter of H. Harcourt and Margaret (Davison) Horn of St. Paul, Minn. She survives him with a daughter and a son.

1892

FRED CLARKE GALLUP BRONSON, son of Rev. Asa Clark and Hannah Burrows (Gallup) Bronson, was born January 13, 1868, in Wallingford, Conn., where his father was a Baptist clergyman, and entered college from Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he studied theology at the University of Chicago two years and philosophy at Cornell University two years. In 1896 and later he taught in Norwich, Conn., and from 1900 to 1902 was a stenographer at the Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va. He was then clerk in connection with building operations at the University of Chicago and at Mr. John D. Rockefeller's country place near Tarrytown, N. Y., and was afterward for a short time secretary to Rev. Wallace Buttrick, D. D., of the General Education Board, until his health failed.


1893

ROBERT KERR DICKERMAN, son of Lemuel Dickerman, M.D., by his second wife, Maria (Knapp) Dickerman, was born June 29, 1870, in Foxboro, Norfolk County, Mass.
After graduation he studied two years in the Harvard Law School, was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in September, 1896, and since then had practiced his profession in Boston.

While at a sanitarium in Salem, Mass., he died September 4, 1907, at the age of 37 years.

He married, August 27, 1904, Lorita, daughter of Louis P. Hollander of Boston, Mass. She survives him.

Frederick Asbury Hill, only son of Hon. Ebenezer J. Hill (M.A. Hon. Yale 1892), Member of Congress since 1895, and Mary Ellen (Mossman) Hill, was born in Norwalk, Conn., July 4, 1869.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1895, was admitted to the Connecticut bar, and practiced his profession in his native city till the outbreak of the war with Spain. May 9, 1898, he was appointed Judge Advocate, with rank of Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers, and later went to Porto Rico as a member of the staff of General Wilson. He was appointed Collector of Customs at Ponce immediately on its capture. He was honorably discharged from service June 26, 1899, and since 1900 had been Secretary and Treasurer of the Norwalk Mills Company.

Mr. Hill died at Norwalk, August 31, 1907, from typhoid fever complicated with injuries received in a fall from his horse. He was 38 years of age and was not married. His three sisters graduated from Vassar College respectively in 1895, 1896, and 1906.

Nathaniel Niles Wilson, son of George O. and Mary A. (Sanderson) Wilson, was born in San Francisco, Cal., December 2, 1872.
On graduation he returned to his native city and engaged in the sash and door manufacturing business under the firm name of Wilson & Brother, later The California Door Company.

For some years he was a sufferer from consumption, but died suddenly of heart failure, November 14, 1907, at Los Gatos, Cal. He was in the 35th year of his age and was unmarried.

HENRY PECK DRIGGS, son of Theodore Ives Driggs (Trinity 1848), President of the American Pin Company, Waterbury, Conn., was born in that city December 23, 1873. His mother was Margaret Sophia, daughter of George Pritchard.

After graduation he took the course in the Harvard Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1898, and entered the office of Hornblower, Byrne, Taylor & Miller, attorneys at law, in New York City. He was then with Taylor & Seymour, and later a member of the law firm of Sawyer & Driggs.

Mr. Driggs died of heart trouble, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, July 10, 1907, in the 34th year of his age. He was unmarried. His father died in 1893 and his mother in 1906. A brother and two sisters survive him. He was a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, Waterbury.

ELWIN HAYES GLEASON, son of Joseph Hayes and Adelia (Taylor) Gleason, was born December 26, 1869, in Mexico, Oxford County, Me., but in his early years lived in Boston, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Colorado. He entered college as a resident of Colorado Springs.

After graduation he studied law with Judge Aretas Stearns, and practiced in Rumford Falls, in his native county. Since 1904 he had been in partnership with Lucian W Blanchard, in the firm of Gleason & Blanchard.
He was a member of the Maine Legislature in 1907, a member of the School Committee of his town, and helpful in other public services. He was especially interested in the study of history, economics, and politics.

Mr Gleason died of typhoid fever at his home in Mexico, Me, October 3, 1907, in the 38th year of his age.

He married, August 3, 1895, Mary Emma, daughter of Zenas and Hannah (Moody) Crowell. She survives him with three children—a son and two daughters.

Isaac Newton Swift, son of Ward W. and Helen Brown (Conklin) Swift, was born February 18, 1873, in Ypsilanti, Mich. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy, and while a student at Yale was prominent as an officer in the Athletic Association.

Soon after graduation he went into business, becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Ypsilanti Gas Company and senior partner in the hardware business of the Ypsilanti Manufacturing Company. Later he went into the lumber business in northern Michigan for the benefit of his health. He was also greatly interested in dairying and farming. Finally he determined to try the climate of New Mexico, but died there at Silver City, February 24, 1908, from tuberculosis. He was not married, and was 35 years of age. He was a member and for a time a trustee of the Presbyterian church in Ypsilanti.

Arthur Sitgreaves Mann, fifth of the nine children of Dr. Matthew Darbyshire Mann (Y C 1867) and Elizabeth (Pope) Mann, was born in New York City, August 18, 1878. From 1879 to 1880 his father was lecturer in the Yale Medical School, and since 1882 had been Professor in the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo.
In Senior year Mr Mann received the Albert Stan-burrough Cook Prize in Poetry, at graduation had a Philosophical Oration stand, and then entered the General Theological Seminary in New York, from which he graduated with honor, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in June, 1902. He was ordained Deacon in Buffalo, May 12, 1902, and Priest December 21, 1903, and after a year as assistant minister of St. Paul's Church, Rochester, N. Y., in January, 1904, sailed for China, where he had since been engaged in missionary work and teaching at Shanghai, in St. John's College, an institution under the care of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States. It was incorporated by act of Congress at Washington, D. C., in January, 1906, as St. John's University, with the privilege of granting the usual degrees of American colleges. Most of the graduates who have gone abroad for further study have come to Yale, where they have made an excellent record. He was Professor of Economics in the School of Arts and Sciences, also of New Testament Exegesis in the School of Theology in that university. It is said that St. John's was the first college in China to introduce regular athletic sports, and Mr. Mann took great interest in these activities, spending much of his spare time in training the track team. His ideal was to give to the Chinese the best that the new West had given him, and it seemed to those who knew him that he was destined to exert great influence in China both as a missionary and as an educational leader.

He lost his life July 29, 1907, after vainly repeated efforts to rescue his friend, Rev W B. Seabury (Y. C. 1900) of the Yale Mission, from a swollen mountain torrent near Kuling. A party of five, all Yale men engaged in educational work, were returning from a vacation day's walking trip to the ancient "White Deer College," ten miles distant, when Mr. Seabury slipped on a large rock wet from the heavy rains and was carried over a fall into a deep pool and drowned. The funeral service of both was held the next morning, Rev.
James Jackson, President of Boone College, a missionary institution at Wuchang, like St. John's under the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, taking part Mr. Mann was nearly 29 years of age and unmarried.

He was the American Vice-President and Corresponding Secretary of the Yale Alumni Association of China. Two brothers have graduated from Yale University, one from the Academical Department in 1903 and the other from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1906. Another brother is in the present Senior class in College, and a fourth in the Junior class in the Sheffield Scientific School.

While at St. John's Mr. Mann published "Prince Ivo of Bohemia," a dramatic tragedy in blank verse in five acts (Grafton Press, N. Y.) By his will he left his personal library of over a thousand carefully selected volumes to St. John's University. In the Alumni Hall there the students have erected a brass tablet in his memory.

Hugh Taylor Birch, son of Hugh Taylor Birch, a lawyer of Chicago, Ill., was born in that city September 16, 1878. His mother was Maria Root of Buffalo, N. Y. He was prepared for college at Phillips (Andover) Academy.

After graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School a year, and then entered business in Chicago, becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Haynes & Noyes Company. He was with the company for a year, then left it and traveled extensively through Mexico, where he remained the greater part of three years. It was his intention to buy a ranch and he was about to obtain the land he desired when death suddenly came to him.

While in the city of Colima he died of apoplexy, June 15, 1907, in the 29th year of his age. He was not married. His remains were brought to Chicago and buried in Graceland Cemetery. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church of Chicago.
Warren Bartlett Seabury, son of Rev. Joseph Bartlett Seabury (Amherst 1869) and Martha Daniels (Mason) Seabury, was born September 17, 1877, in Lowell, Mass. He was prepared for college at the High School in Dedham, Mass., and the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn. A brother is a member of the Junior class in College.

After graduation from college he entered Hartford Theological Seminary, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Divinity from the latter in 1903. He spent the following year in the study of comparative religion in the Yale Graduate School, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1904.

While a student in Hartford, November 3, 1902, he was formally called to join the Yale Mission in China, but wished further time for study before undertaking the work. He was ordained to the ministry in Hartford, June 9, 1904, and sailed for China, October 1. During the next two years he was mainly engaged in the study of the Chinese language—the first year at Hankow—and in the difficult task of negotiating for land in Changsha, in the Province of Hunan, upon which to establish the Mission College. The summer of 1906 he spent in actively superintending the repairs on the temporary quarters for the College, since named Ya-li, where simple opening exercises were conducted by Mr. Seabury, November 16, 1906. Since then he had given instruction in English branches in the College and continued the study of the native language.

Mr. Seabury lost his life by drowning July 29, 1907. A party of five, all of whom were engaged in educational work—Mann at St. John's College, Shanghai, Kemp at Boone College, Wuchang, Hume, Gage, and Seabury, at the Yale Mission—left Kuling that morning and visited "White Deer College," about ten miles distant by a mountain road through a beautiful country. On the return Mr. Seabury slipped on a large rock wet from the heavy rains which had fallen during the day, and being unable to recover his balance, slid into the stream which flowed over the lower side.
of the rock, and was carried over a fall into a deep pool. On rising to the surface he took two or three strokes and then disappeared. In attempting to rescue him one of his companions, Rev. Arthur S. Mann (Y. C. 1899), was also drowned. The funeral service of both was conducted the morning after their death by Rev. James Jackson, President of Boone College, and Mr. Seabury's classmate and room-mate, Rev. Gilbert Lovell, of the Presbyterian Mission at Siangtan, in the Province of Hunan.

A memorial service was held in the First Congregational Church, Wellesley Hills, Mass., September 21, 1907. Addresses regarding the character and important work of Mr. Seabury were delivered by Rev. D. Brewer Eddy, Assistant Treasurer of the Executive Committee of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society; Professor M. W. Jacobus, D.D., L.L.D., of Hartford Theological Seminary; Rev. Frank K. Sanders, Ph.D., D.D., formerly Dean of the Yale Divinity School; Bishop L. H. Roots of the American Episcopal Mission, Hankow, China; and Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., M.A., Secretary of Yale University. His membership was with the Congregational church in Dedham, Mass. He was in the 30th year of his age and unmarried. A biography is in course of preparation by the deceased's father, Rev. Mr. Seabury of Wellesley Hills, Mass.

William Biddle Williams, son of Charles and Hannah Nicholson (Biddle) Williams, was born at Philadelphia, Pa., October 7, 1878. He was prepared for college at DeLancey School, Philadelphia, and St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. During his college course he rowed three years on the University crew, and was an active worker in one of the Boys' Clubs conducted by undergraduates of the University. After graduation he spent two years in the employ of the Latrobe Steel Company in Chicago, and then entered the insurance business in Philadelphia, becoming a member of the firm of Charles Williams & Son.
Mr. Williams died of anaesthesia while undergoing an operation for inflammatory rheumatism at Haverford, Pa., February 8, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. He was buried in Bryn Mawr, Pa. He was unmarried and was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

1901

William Joseph Downs, son of James F. Downs, an insurance agent, and Bridget (McStay) Downs, was born February 24, 1881, in Danbury, Conn., and was prepared for college in the High School in that city.

Upon graduation he entered the Yale Law School, and, after receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903, was in the law office of Charles H. Sherrill (Y. C. 1889), and then in that of Sage, Kerr & Gray in New York City.

Mr. Downs died of heart disease at Liberty, N. Y., November 29, 1906, at the age of 25 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Colton Maynard, son of George Colton Maynard, Curator in the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, D. C., was born in that city January 25, 1880. His mother was Lucy Julia (Warner) Maynard. He was a student in the University of Michigan in 1896-97, but completed the college course in Columbian (now George Washington) University and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts therefrom in 1900. He then entered the Senior class at Yale and received the same degree a year later.

During the year 1901-02 he was instructor in Latin, Greek, and German in the Foster School, Cornwall, Conn., and then taught in Baltimore, Md., two years, at the same time studying English and history in absence under direction of the Graduate Department. In 1904 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale, and during the next two years
continued his studies in the Graduate School, and was also Master in the Cheshire (Conn.) Academy. At the Academy he organized among the boys a branch of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. In the fall of 1906 he went to Cleveland, Ohio, where he had since taught in the University School. He was a man of brilliant mind, an accurate scholar, and a superior teacher. The John Addison Porter Memorial Fellowship, entitling him to the income of a generous fund during three years of graduate study in English and cognate subjects at Yale, was offered him but was declined.

Mr. Maynard died at Cleveland, Ohio, May 6, 1908, after an operation for appendicitis. He was 28 years of age, and was not married. His father, mother, and two brothers survive him.

Samuel Mason Brereton, son of George Brereton and Maria (Smallman) Brereton, was born in Dundalk, Ireland, May 6, 1877. Although he had previously visited this country, he came here to remain in 1895, and soon entered the Mount Hermon (Mass.) School, where he prepared for college. Until about the time of his graduation from the school he had expected to enter the University of California, but the decision of his parents to stay in the East led him to come to Yale. His residence during his college course was East Northfield, Mass., but his family later removed to New Haven. To a large extent he earned his own way, maintaining, nevertheless, an Oration stand and winning a Berkeley Premium in Freshman year and a Robinson Latin Prize when a Senior.

In 1904 he received the degree of Master of Arts at Yale for work in the classics, and in the fall of that year went to Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa., to teach Latin, Greek, and history, proving himself an efficient instructor.
He was one of the four Faculty members of the Academy Senate, and a member of the Literary Magazine Board.

In the midst of his fourth year of teaching at Mercersburg, he was taken with pneumonia, and after an illness of three weeks seemed safely on the road to recovery, when he sank suddenly and died February 12, 1908. He was in his 31st year and unmarried. His parents and a sister survive him.

Mr. Brereton was manly, sincere, faithful in every duty, a devoted Christian, and won to an unusual degree the respect and affection of those with whom he worked by his quiet strength of character, his companionableness, and his deep interest in the welfare of his students within and without the class room.

George Barnett Everts, son of William Peter Everts, Secretary of the Salisbury Cutlery Handle Company and also Postmaster of Salisbury, Conn., was born in Michigan, Mich., November 5, 1880. His mother was Sarah Jennie (Knox) Everts. He was prepared for college at the Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Conn.

Since graduation he had been employed by the Bridgeport Land and Title Company as collector of rents.

Mr. Everts died of diabetes, at Southport, Conn., December 14, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was unmarried. Two brothers and four sisters survive him.

Edward Harold Fitzgerald, son of Rev. John Henry Fitzgerald (St. Stephen's Coll. 1870), Rector of St. Peter's Church, Hebron, Conn., was born August 29, 1881, in Milford, Conn. His mother was Helen Maria (Roberts) Fitzgerald, daughter of John Dewitt Roberts, architect, of New Haven, and Louisa (Coe) Roberts. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven.
At graduation he entered the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Mass., from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1906. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Brewster at Middletown, Conn., in June, 1906, and Priest at Waterbury in May, 1907. He had devoted his life to missionary work, but under medical advice deferred his departure from this country for a year, and was meanwhile in charge of Christ Church, Middle Haddam, Conn. In December, 1907, he went to China, under the auspices and as the special representative of the alumni and students of the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, to the missionary district of Hankow under Bishop Roots.

He was earnest and enthusiastic in his work, though unassuming, and gave promise of a most useful life. He died at Hankow, China, June 3, 1908, of Bright's disease. He was 26 years of age.

A brother is a member of the Class of 1908 in Yale College.

Alburt Hileman, son of Albert and Rachel M. (Harmsh) Hileman, was born in Frankstown, Blair County, Pa., January 18, 1879, and prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. After graduation he continued his studies in chemistry three years in the Graduate School, and received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1906. Since then he had been with Harrison Brothers & Company, manufacturing chemists in Philadelphia, until the first of the year, when his health failed. Tuberculosis was soon complicated with an acute attack of rheumatism, and he died in Gaysport, Blair County, Pa., May 6, 1908, at the age of 29 years.

He married in Pasadena, Cal., May 1, 1905, Edythe Ida, daughter of Amos Wells, formerly of Whitneyville, Conn. Mrs. Hileman died of tuberculosis a fortnight after her marriage. His mother and four brothers survive him.
ARTHUR WHITE HILDETH, son of James A and Elizabeth Fordham (White) Hildreth, was born January 23, 1882, at Southampton, Long Island, N. Y., and was prepared for college at the High School in his native town.

After graduation he studied two years in the Columbia Law School, was admitted to the bar in June, 1907, then entered the law office of Judge Timothy M. Griffing (Y. C. 1864) in Southampton, and in the fall of 1907 went into the office of Francis Griffin, Esq., in New York City. Overwork and too close confinement undermined his health and no means could be found to prevent his decline. He died at the sanitarium of his uncle in Savannah, Ga., April 27, 1908, from tubercular laryngitis. He was 26 years of age and unmarried. He was buried at Southampton.

ALLEN SCHUYLER MALCOLM, son of Richard Lawrence and Martha Anna (Crawford) Malcolm, was born June 11, 1881, in Melbourne, Australia. His father is a mining engineer, born in Oswego, N. Y., his mother a native of Melbourne. The son was prepared for college at the Worcester (Mass.) and New Haven High Schools and entered with the Class of 1905, but dropped out on account of ill health and joined the Class of 1906 at the beginning of Sophomore year. On his entrance to college he won the Hugh Chamberlain Greek Prize for the best examination in Greek, and in Freshman year he received a Berkeley Premium for excellence in Latin Composition. Throughout his course his scholarship was high, and he was an excellent private instructor both in preparatory and college studies.

On graduating he embarked on a freighter for a trip around the world. He spent four months in Australia at hard work in the open air, in the endeavor to recover from
the insomnia from which he had suffered continuously during his college course, and then continued his journey. He sailed from Valparaiso, Chili, in September, on the Italian sailing vessel Limena, for Marseilles, France, intending to reach America in June, but was killed November 3, 1907, by a fall from aloft to the deck of the vessel. He was 26 years old, and was not married. He had planned ultimately to take up railroad work. A brother, Herbert L., graduated from Yale College in 1907.

1907

Forrest Leonard Daniels, son of John William Daniels of the Archer-Daniels Linseed Company, of Minneapolis, Minn., and Amelia (Leonard) Daniels, was born October 19, 1884, in Piqua, Miami County, Ohio, but before taking his preparatory course at the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa., lived in Buffalo, N Y, and St Paul, Minn.

In college he won a Barge Mathematical Prize and a Berkeley Premium for Latin Composition, and had a high stand in general scholarship. He was also a member of the Apollo Glee Club, Secretary of the University Football Association in Junior year, and President of the University Dramatic Association in Senior year.

During Senior year ill health obliged him to go to the Adirondacks, where, after a struggle of over a year, he died of tuberculosis, at Saranac Village, N Y., January 25, 1908, in the 24th year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Waifer Waiers Husted, only child of John Hunting and Mary (Hall) Husted, was born December 18, 1884, in Georgetown, Col. His father was a native of Pine Plains, Dutchess County, N Y, and a member of the firm of George W Hall & Co, lumber dealers, and was also engaged in mining in Denver, Col., where he died in 1895.
The son's preparatory work was at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and while there he was confirmed in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Since graduating he had been in the service of the United States Express Company in New York City. While in Colorado on a personal business trip he was injured in an automobile accident in Denver, from the effects of which he died April 11, 1908. He was 23 years of age, and was not married.

Gilbert Little Stark, son of Gilbert Montague Stark (LL.B. Univ Mich 1875) and Helen Louise (Little) Stark, was born April 28, 1885, in Saginaw, Mich. He was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N H.

While a student at Yale he earned distinction in English and French literature and in dramatic work. He was President of the German Club, Vice-President of the French Club, and supervised the French play for two years. He also took leading parts in the plays of the University Dramatic Association. He was active in many other lines, and had a personality of unusual attractiveness.

After graduation, with five of his classmates, Mather, Stout, Perrin, Taft, and Dixon, he started on a tour around the world. Two of the party, Taft and Dixon, returned to America during the winter. Mr. Stark was taken ill about March 20, 1908, and died at Mangaloro, India, March 26. He was 22 years of age and unmarried. He expected ultimately to enter the law.
YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1850

CHARLES CLIFFORD HOLCOMBE, son of Vincent Holcombe, M.D., and Susannah (Mills) Holcombe, was born January 30, 1830, in West Granville, Mass.

After graduation he practiced a short time in his native town, but since 1854 had practiced in Lee, Mass., where he was esteemed as a most skillful and progressive physician. He was long the Medical Examiner of the district, served occasionally on the Board of Health, and was President of the Berkshire Medical Association. He was a leader in the financial, literary, and religious interests of the town. In 1881 he was elected a director of the Lee National Bank, and was its President for nearly ten years. He was also President of the Lee Savings Bank before its separation from the National Bank, and at the time of his death was a trustee and member of the investment committee of the savings bank. He was regarded as one of the best informed men in the community, and was Vice-President of the Lee Library Association from its organization in 1874 for thirty-four years.

Dr. Holcombe died of laryngitis resulting from the grip, at his home in Lee, February 1, 1908, at the age of 78 years.

He married, June, 1858, Agnes, daughter of Lorenzo and Agnes Whiton Brown of Lee. She died in 1871, and January 28, 1879, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel M. Freeman (M.D. Yale 1852) and Vestiana (Quackenbush) Freeman of New York City, who survives him.

1856

HENRY WHEELER PAINTER, son of Alexis Painter (Y. C 1815) and Maria (McMahon) Painter, was born April 30, 1831, in West Haven, Conn.
After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession for ten or fifteen years in his native place, and was then engaged in various business enterprises. He had been an invalid for several years, but died of heart failure January 17, 1908, at the age of 76 years.

Dr. Painter married in 1856, Abbie Maria Kitting of Southbridge, Mass., but they were divorced and he subsequently married Alice F., daughter of Austin Lord (M.D. Yale 1844) and Frances (Bigelow) Lord. By the first marriage he had one daughter and three sons. The daughter, who married Frank L. Nason (Amherst 1882), died in 1906, and the eldest son in 1903. Two sons (Y C. 1884 and Columbia Min E 1896) survive him.

Stephen Franklin Pomeroy, son of Stephen Barber and Sarah L. (Dimock) Pomeroy, was born May 17, 1827, in Norwich, Chenango County, N.Y., but when fifteen years of age went to Fulton County, Ill., with the family, where he taught later. His interesting journeys to and from New York State he afterward recalled with special pleasure. After subsequently teaching elsewhere, and studying in the State Normal School in Albany, N.Y., he took charge of a tannery for five years, and then began the study of medicine with his uncle, Timothy Dimock (M.D. Yale 1823), State Senator and ex-officio Fellow of Yale. After remaining with him for three years, he finished his medical studies in the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he established a large country practice in Staffordville, Tolland County, Conn., remaining there ten years. After a year of practice in Hebron, in the same county, he removed to Springfield, Mass., where during his first year he was in partnership with the late John Hooker, M.D. He came to be recognized as one of the leading physicians of the city, and besides having a large general practice for about thirty years, he was for twenty-five years...
on the surgical staff of the Springfield Hospital, and for many years surgeon at the Home of the Friendless.

He was accustomed to spend a part of each summer in a camp in Maine, and since his retirement from practice ten years ago had lived much out of doors. He died of Bright's disease at his home in Springfield, January 11, 1908, at the age of 80 years. He was one of the original members of the State Street Baptist Church. He was a most companionable man and took a deep interest in fraternal organizations.

He married, November 27, 1855, Joanna Latimer, daughter of Henry R and Mary (Chadwick) Watrous, of South Coventry, Conn. She died January 6, 1899. Their son (Brown 1882, M.D. Harv 1886) was for some years associated with his father, and succeeded to his practice.

1860

CHARLES HENRY HUBBARD, son of Denison Henry Hubbard (M.D. Yale 1829) and Pamela A. (Hubbard) Hubbard, was born in Bloomfield, Conn., July 31, 1836. His mother was the daughter of the Hon. David Hubbard, of Glastonbury, Conn. He was about eight years old when his father removed to Clinton, Conn., whence he entered the Medical School.

After graduation he settled in Essex, Conn., and practiced his profession there for nearly forty-eight years. He was chosen a Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1873, and held various offices of trust in the town. He was a trustee of the High School, also a trustee and clerk of the First Congregational Church, of which he was a member forty-two years.

Dr. Hubbard died of apoplexy at his home in Essex, April 10, 1908, in the 72d year of his age.

He married, September 2, 1862, Cherrilla G., daughter of George and Mary Conklin. She survives him with one son and three daughters.
Joel Wilbur Hyde, son of the Rev William Albert Hyde (Amherst 1829) and Martha White (Sackett) Hyde, was born March 20, 1839, in Westbrook, Conn, where his father was pastor of the Congregational church until 1854. The family home during the next ten years was in Greenwich, Conn, and from there he entered the Class of 1861 in the Academical Department, but left at the close of Freshman year on account of illness, and later took the course in the Medical Department. He was a brother of the Rev. John Hyde DeForest, D.D. (Y. C 1868).

After graduation he practiced his profession three years in North Greenwich, Conn, then entered the United States Army, being commissioned Second Lieutenant of the Twenty-ninth Connecticut Volunteers in January, 1864, and the following September, Assistant Surgeon, retaining the latter position until mustered out with his regiment, October 24, 1865. His service was chiefly in South Carolina and with the Army of the Potomac.

After the war he settled in Brooklyn, N. Y, where he attained high rank as a physician and surgeon. He was Attending Physician of the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum from 1867 to 1874, Consulting Obstetrician of the Long Island College Hospital from 1881, and for years Secretary of its Council, Obstetric Surgeon of St Mary's Hospital from 1882 to 1900; and Consulting Gynecologist of the Bushwick Hospital from 1900. He published several important papers relating to his specialty of Gynecology. He was a Fellow of the American Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and of the Brooklyn Gynecological Society, also President of the latter in 1899, and was Senior Censor for a number of years of the Kings County Medical Society. He was a member of numerous other medical associations and several patriotic and social organizations. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed Church on the Heights.
Dr. Hyde died of heart and kidney disease at his home in Brooklyn, September 22, 1907, in the 69th year of his age, and was buried in Evergreen Cemetery, New Haven, Conn.

He married, December 25, 1861, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John and Selina Richardson of New Haven, Conn., who survives him with two sons and two daughters, a son and a daughter having died. One son graduated from the Columbia School of Mines in 1893, and the other, a physician, from Amherst College in 1891.

John Pitkin, son of Osmyn and Emily (Norton) Pitkin of Hartford, Conn., was born November 22, 1826, and previous to coming to New Haven was a student two years in Buffalo (N.Y.) University. After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in Palmyra, N.Y., and later in Buffalo. In 1864 he was Assistant Surgeon in the Union Army, from 1881 to 1884 Coroner of Wayne County, and from the latter date to 1900 examiner for several life insurance companies. He was a member of the Presbyterian church in Palmyra, and Superintendent of its Sunday school.

Dr. Pitkin died of senility at his home in Buffalo, July 24, 1907, at the age of 80 years.

He married, November 29, 1855, Mary E., daughter of Jonathan Townsend of Palmyra, N.Y., who died in 1873. Of their three sons the eldest and youngest graduated from the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo respectively in 1884 and 1905. The second son died while a Senior in New York University.

Henry Stuart Turrill, son of Minor and Katherine (Stuart) Turrill, and descended from Roger Tyrrell, one of the founders of Milford, Conn., was born September 8, 1842 in New Milford, Conn. After teaching school for two

1864
years in his native town and studying medicine a year with Dr. Gamaliel H. St John (M.D hon Yale 1845) he entered the Yale Medical School.

On finishing his course in New Haven he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Seventeenth Connecticut Volunteers, and went at once to the seat of war at Fort Sumter and Charleston. He was in three battles in South Carolina and Florida, and, while caring for the sick and wounded in the latter state, was captured and held seven months in Confederate prisons in Macon, Savannah, and Charleston. On his exchange in October, 1864, he went back to his regiment in Florida and was in several skirmishes. He was Health Officer of Jacksonville and in command of the General Hospital there until July, 1865. A month later he returned with his regiment to Connecticut, and was mustered out of service August 3.

He entered the regular service in the United States Army in 1870, served on the frontier twenty-five years, and was engaged in eight hard battles with the Indians. He was commissioned Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in 1875, Captain five years later, and Major and Surgeon in 1893. From 1892 to 1896 he was in command of the School of Instruction for the Hospital Corps at Fort Riley, Kans., in October, 1898, was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers and placed in charge of the Fourth Corps, a command of over thirty-five thousand troops. In 1900 he was ordered to the Philippines as Chief Surgeon of the Department of Visayas, having charge of twenty thousand troops. He was made Lieutenant-Colonel and Deputy Surgeon-General, United States Army, June 28, 1902, and the following October was given charge of the purchases and disbursements of the Medical Department of the Army and the Sanitary Department of the Isthmian Canal Commission, and during the four years while he held the position his transactions amounted to many million dollars. He was promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General March 29, 1906, and placed on the retired list the following day.
General Turrill died of heart disease in New York City, May 24, 1907, at the age of 64 years, and was buried in the Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D.C. He was a member of the Congregational church in New Milford, Conn.

He married, October 17, 1877, at Brooklyn, N.Y., Marion Cornelia, daughter of Dr. Cornelius Hanford Schapps and Jane Stewart (Carpenter) Schapps, who survives him with their two daughters.

1898

Milton See Sherwood, son of Abraham Garrison Sherwood, a printer, and Elizabeth (See) Sherwood, was born March 4, 1876, in New York City, but from early life his home was in Pocantico Hills, Westchester County, N.Y.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he began the practice of his profession in New York City.

He died of appendicitis at Pocantico Hills, May 14, 1907, at the age of 31 years.

He married at Tarrytown, N.Y., February 22, 1900, Bessie, daughter of George Perkins of New York City and Tarrytown. She survives him with a son.

1905

Frank Thomas Gaffney, son of James Gaffney, an engraver, and Mary (Logan) Gaffney, was born May 25, 1881, at Wallingford, Conn., and took his preparatory studies in the High School there.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he became House Surgeon of the Long Island City (N.Y.) Hospital, and held that position at the time of his death, which occurred from heart trouble, August 23, 1907, at his home in Wallingford. He was 26 years of age, and was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.
YALE LAW SCHOOL

1846

Frederick William Geissenhainer was born March 20, 1825, at Vincent, Chester County, Pa., where his father, Rev. Frederick William Geissenhainer, was for ten years a Lutheran preacher, though later pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, in New York City for fourteen years, also organizing St. Paul's Lutheran Church. His mother was Mary (Moore) Geissenhainer. He finished his college course in New York University in 1841, and in 1844 entered the Yale Law School. He was at his decease the oldest living graduate of the Law School.

Graduating and being admitted to the bar in 1846, he practiced his profession in New York City in partnership with John Anthon, Esq. He won many notable cases, but retired from active practice in 1872, and since then had resided at Sea Cliff, Long Island.

He was Captain of the First Brigade, New York Artillery, seven years, and was active in other forms of public service, being Trustee of the New York Juvenile Asylum twelve years, Manager of the American Institute, and Actuary of the Lutheran Cemetery at Newtown, Long Island, which his father had been instrumental in establishing.

At the time President Garfield was shot, Vice-President Arthur was Mr. Geissenhainer's guest at Sea Cliff. The latter accompanied him to New York City, and was present when he took the oath of office as President of the United States.

Mr. Geissenhainer died March 3, 1906, at his home in Sea Cliff, from shock caused by burns received ten days previously. He was 81 years of age. In 1856 he received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale and from New York University.
He married, June 22, 1879, Lucretia, daughter of John Whitman. She is deceased and they had no children, but a brother and sister survive him.

1851

LaMan Ezra Munson, son of Gilbert Munson, a member of the Massachusetts Legislature in 1847, and Esther (Stanton) Munson, and a direct descendant of Thomas Munson, one of the original settlers of New Haven, was born January 27, 1822, in Great Barrington, Mass. Owing to ill health he gave up his intended college course after preparation in the academies at Great Barrington and Lenox, Mass., but later went into the Law School.

He was admitted to the bar of New Haven County in 1851, was for about five years a partner of Judge Henry Dutton (Y C 1818), and was then associated with Hon. Joseph Sheldon (Y C 1851) in the firm of Munson & Sheldon. In March, 1865, he was appointed by President Lincoln Judge of the Supreme Court for the Territory of Montana. His trip from St Louis to Fort Benton, at the head of steamboat navigation on the Missouri River, took fifty-three days, and it required several days more to reach his destination at Helena. While holding the office of judge he accomplished important service in organizing the judicial system of the Territory and making life secure. It is said that no one of his decisions as judge was overruled.

After three years he returned to New Haven and practiced his profession until 1886. For many years he lived in Springfield, Mass. He was an earnest advocate of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and his papers on the subject attracted much attention. He also published a number of articles in the Yale Review and Connecticut Magazine, and lectured before historical societies. He was a member of the United (Congregational) Church, New Haven, for over fifty years.
Judge Munson died of kidney trouble, February 13, 1908, in New Haven, at the home of his son-in-law, Professor Thomas H. Russell, M.D (Ph.B Yale 1872). He was 86 years of age.

He married, October 6, 1846, Lucy A Sanford, daughter of Pent and Sibyl D Sanford. She died March 17, 1907, but a son, Major Edward Lyman Munson (Y C. 1890), Surgeon in the United States Army, and two daughters survive him.

Francis Wayland Robert, one of nine brothers and son of James Jehu Robert, a planter, and Phoebe Miranda (McKenzie) Robert, was born June 30, 1830, near Robertville, S C, was a student at Brown University in 1847-48, and entered the Yale Law School with his brother Alexander.

After graduation he settled in Georgia in the practice of the law, married, in 1853, Miss Sarah Frances Temple Pierce of Boston, Mass., whose mother was the daughter of Hon. Jacob Wood, a wealthy rice planter of Georgia, and had three sons.

Mr Robert died in Monticello, Ga, June 6, 1905, in the 75th year of his age.

His brothers, Joseph T, Milton G, and Alexander J, received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1838, 1847 and 1849, respectively, and his brother James L, that of Doctor of Medicine from Georgia Medical College in 1853. His brother William H. was educated at South Carolina College and was President of Southwestern Female College of LaGrange, Ga.

1858

[Henry] Stuart Bidwell, son of Henry M and Julia (Maltby) Bidwell, was born in New Haven, Conn, July 31, 1837. His father was for many years Superintendent of the C Cowles Company in New Haven.
After graduation from the Yale Law School he took a medical course in New York University, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine, but did not practice that profession. He was for thirty years in the law office of Albert D. Penney, Esq. He contributed articles to the *Atlantic* and *Eclectic Monthly* and to scientific magazines.

Mr. Bidwell died after an illness of a month from a complication of diseases at his home in New Haven, October 19, 1907. He was 70 years of age.

He married, in 1870, Emily G., daughter of Charles Miles of New York City, who survives him without children.

1861

CHARLES HOLT FOWLER, son of David Sullivan and Charlotte Emily (Holt) Fowler, was born March 17, 1833, in East Haven, Conn. During his youth the family lived in Flemington, N. J., and he took his preparatory studies in the seminaries there and at Pennington, in the adjoining county.

After graduation from the Law School he was admitted to the bar, May 16, 1862, and since then had practiced his profession continuously in New Haven, being especially effective in jury cases. For six years he was in the office of Judge Henry Dutton (Y C 1818), who was the Senior Professor in the Law School. Mr. Fowler was Librarian of the Law School from 1862 to 1866, and during three years following Secretary of the Law Department. In his early practice he was much in Washington on cases of patent law, and was associated with Mr. Charles O’Connor in preparing a defense of Jefferson Davis, but the case never came up. He was for a time Assistant Counsel of the New York & New Haven Railroad. He was an able advocate, and was regarded as an orator of unusual eloquence. He was original in thought and a man of wide reading in French as well as English.
In public affairs and in educational matters he took a deep interest. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and was prominent in the local and state management of the Democratic party. For many years he was a vestryman of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Fowler died of a complication of heart disease and asthma at his home in New Haven, January 31, 1908, in the 75th year of his age. He married, October 31, 1867, Susie, daughter of Theodosius Fowler Secor of New York City, and after her decease married, in Keene, N H., May 10, 1882, Kate Carpenter, daughter of Hon. George Freeman Starkweather. By the first marriage he had a son and two daughters, who survive him. One of these daughters received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Eclectic Medical College in New York City in 1902. By the second marriage he had three daughters and a son. One of these daughters, Charlotte Starkweather, graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Michigan University in 1905, and the son, George Starkweather, graduated from the Academical Department of Yale University in 1906. Mrs. Fowler survived her husband only a few days.

1880

Charles Henry Northrop, son of William Nelson and Julia (Lamberton) Northrop, was born at Newtown, Conn, November 21, 1859. His father, grandfather, and great-grandfather were also natives of the town. He entered the Freshman class of the Academical Department in 1877, but on account of ill health received an honorable dismissal and returned home before the end of the year. The next year he entered the Law School.

A few months after graduation, December, 1880, he went to Lincoln, Nebr., and for a year was a member of the
law firm of Courtney, Caldwell & Northrop, after which he returned to Newtown, which had since been his home.

In addition to building up a large legal practice he held many local offices. From 1882 to 1888 he was Secretary of the Board of School Visitors, in 1887 was chosen Town Clerk, and about the same time Treasurer of the Newtown Savings Bank. In the fall of 1887 he resigned the office of Town Clerk, but in 1891 was elected Town Treasurer, and continued in that office sixteen years. The same year he was also made agent of the town deposit fund, and he was for eight terms Justice of the Peace.

On account of the report of an investigating committee, appointed at the town meeting last year to examine his accounts, he was arrested on a charge of embezzlement of town funds, and it is supposed that his mind became affected from worry over the pending trial and ejectment from the house he built, and in a moment of dementia he was led to take his life by hanging, May 26, 1908, at his home in Newtown. He was 48 years of age.

He married, December 28, 1887, Mary Grace, daughter of Daniel S. and Sophia (Blakeslee) Hammond, and had two daughters, of whom one is deceased, and a son.

1884

Alfred Michael Downes, son of Edward and Matilda Ann Downes, was born August 22, 1862, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Yale Law School and admission to the bar he practiced for a time in Buffalo, N. Y., and was also engaged in newspaper work. In 1888 he became political reporter on the New York Times, and continued in this connection until the beginning of 1898, when he took the position of private secretary to Mayor Robert Van Wyck of New York. After holding this position four years he was on the staff of the New York Daily News the next two years. In 1904 he was appointed Secretary of the
Fire Department of New York, and had remained in that office since then.

Mr. Downes died after a three days' illness from kidney trouble, December 10, 1907, at his home in New York City. He was 45 years of age.

He married, February 3, 1898, Anna Margaret, daughter of Thomas Dennis Dougherty, M.D., and Margaret (Neville) Dougherty, who survives him. Their only child, Edward, died July 20, 1903.

Mr. Downes was author of "Fire Fighters and Their Pets," 1907, and of a play entitled "The Courting Campaign."

WILLIAM HOLLIS POND, son of Joseph Emelus and Susan (Bemis) Pond, was born November 29, 1869, in Foxboro, Norfolk County, Mass., and, after preparation in the High School of that town and in the Massachusetts Agricultural College, entered the Yale Law School from the neighboring town of North Attleboro.

After graduation he at once began the practice of law in the office of his father in North Attleboro, soon afterward forming a partnership with him under the name of Joseph E. Pond & Son, and attained prominence in his profession. He was active in town affairs, being trustee of the North Attleboro Savings Bank and of the Public Library, and at the time of his death chairman of the Republican town committee. He was a vestryman of Grace Protestant Episcopal Church and secretary of the parish.

Mr. Pond, after a few days' illness, was expecting to return to his business, but was stricken with apoplexy and died at his home March 30, 1908, at the age of 38 years.

LINFORD FENN ROOT, son of Samuel Root, a real estate dealer, and Vienna (Fenn) Root, was born in Waterbury,
Conn., November 22, 1868. He entered Williams College, but left after two years and came to the Yale Law School.

Upon graduation from the latter he began practice with Judge Edward Francis Cole in his native city. The following year he was elected on the Democratic ticket a representative in the Connecticut Legislature, and soon afterward was appointed Clerk of the District Court. He held this position fifteen years and conducted its increasing business most efficiently.

He was for several years an officer of the Alumni Association of Williston Seminary, where he was prepared for college.

He was fond of outdoor life and was accustomed to spend two months each year hunting and fishing in the Canadian woods.

Mr. Root died after a week's illness from pneumonia, at Watertown, Conn, October 17, 1907, in his 39th year.

He married, November 20, 1893, Jeannie Rossiter, daughter of John and Henrietta (Rossiter) Chapman of New Haven. Mrs. Root survives him. They had no children.

1896

Paul Wolcott Harrison, son of Hon. H. Lynde Harrison (L.L.B. Yale 1860) and Sarah (Plant) Harrison, was born in Branford, Conn, April 4, 1871. His father, for many years a prominent lawyer and political leader in New Haven, died in 1906, and his mother in 1879. He was descended from John Hart Lynde (Y. C 1796) and Rev. John Hart (Y C 1703). He studied at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., and entered the Law School in 1893.

After his graduation and his admission to the bar, he entered the office of his father, who was in partnership with Judge Edmund Zacher (Y. C 1874) in the firm of Harrison & Zacher. He was also for a time in the office of Henry G. Newton, Esq. (B. A. Wesleyan 1870; LL. B. Yale 1872).
For several years he had not been in good health and had given up practice. June 18, 1907, while on an East River pier in New York, waiting to be taken out to the barkentine *Curacao*, upon which he had engaged passage for a trip to Cayenne, in French Guiana, he stumbled and fell into the water. He was quickly rescued, but lived only three hours. He was 36 years of age.

He married Miss Vera Scofield of New Haven, who survives him. His sister in the wife of Edmund Q. Trowbridge (Y. C. 1899).

1899

Otis Herman Burnett, son of John H. and Mary A. (Davis) Burnett, was born January 17, 1872, near Crab Orchard, Williamson County, in southern Illinois. He was graduated from the Northern Indiana Normal University at Valparaiso with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1891 and of Bachelor of Laws in 1898, and then entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School.

After graduation at New Haven he returned to his home in Marion, Ill., where he was a member of the firm of Burnett & Slater from August 1, 1899. In 1900 he was elected State Senator and reelected in 1904, still holding the office at the time of his death, August 10, 1906. He was 34 years of age.

He married, April 16, 1895, Lizzie, daughter of James Hargon of Canton, Miss. She survives him with a son. He was a member of the Missionary Baptist Church.

1901

Harry Donaldson Thompson, son of Hon. Clarence Elmore Thompson, former State Senator and Representative, and Helena Rich (Smith) Thompson, was born in West Haven, Conn., December 22, 1878.
For many years he had been with his father in the banking, brokerage, and insurance business in New Haven, and since 1900 with his father and brother (Y C 1899) in the firm of Clarence E Thompson & Sons, giving special attention to the legal aspects of the business.

Mr Thompson had not been in good health for over a year, and died from the results of streptococcus infection at his home in West Haven, June 6, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in West Haven.

He married, August 19, 1903, Helen, daughter of John J. and Ida (Wells) Merwin of Orange, Conn, who survives him with two young daughters.

1902

Harry Hubbard Johnson, son of Joseph M and Louisa (Hubbard) Johnson, was born September 26, 1878, in Carthage, Mo, but removed with his parents to Berkeley, Cal, where, after preparatory studies in the Berkeley High School, he took a partial course in the Hastings Law School of the University of California, and was admitted to the California bar as an attorney. He later entered the Senior class in the Yale Law School, and upon graduation returned to Berkeley, where he was Town Attorney two terms. He was also Attorney for Point Richmond, a few miles north of Berkeley.

While taking a trip from London, England, to Banbury by automobile, June 10, 1907, at a dangerous turn of the road he and his party were thrown out by the veering of the car, and Mr Johnson, who was pinned underneath, was instantly killed, the others in the party being somewhat injured. He was 29 years of age. His ashes were placed in the Mountain View Columbarium, Oakland, Cal. He was a member and Treasurer of the Friends’ Church in Berkeley.
He married, July 25, 1905, Hilma Hildegarde Jones (B.S Univ. Cal 1904), daughter of W W Jones of Berkeley, Cal, a wholesale fruit dealer. She survives him without children.

MASTERS OF LAWS

1878

George Gluynas Mercer, son of John Alexander and Anna (Van Arsdalen) Mercer, was born December 20, 1853, in Philadelphia, Pa., was a member of the Class of 1874 in the University of Pennsylvania in its Junior year, but graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Haverford College in 1877, and in the latter year also as a Bachelor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania.

After a year of study in the Graduate Department of the Yale Law School he received the degree of Master of Laws, and after a second year in the same the degree of Doctor of Civil Law. He was an able lawyer, a finished speaker, and an active worker for municipal reform. He was one of the founders of the Municipal Reform League of Philadelphia, a member of the American Social Science Association, a member of the Committee of One Hundred, of the Society for Political Education, the International Arbitration and Peace Association, the Medical Jurisprudence Society of Philadelphia, the Historical Society of Philadelphia, besides social and other organizations.

Dr. Mercer died at the age of 52 years, May 28, 1906, at St. Luke's Hospital, Baltimore, after a painful illness of nearly six months. He left no near relatives.

1893

Edwin Franklin Hall, son of Samuel M and Anna Ross Hall, was born July 14, 1859, in Portland, Me., but in his boyhood removed to Stratford, Conn. After a pre-
paratory education at the Stratford Academy, he studied law in the office of Israel M. Bullock and Hon. Robert E. DeForest (Y. C. 1867) in Bridgeport, Conn, and was admitted to the bar in 1881.

After practicing his profession eleven years he took a postgraduate course in the Yale Law School, winning the degree of Master of Laws in 1893, and receiving the honorary degree of Bachelor of Laws at the same time. Resuming practice in Bridgeport, since 1901 he had been in partnership with George E Hill (Y. C 1887) in the firm of Hall & Hill. At one period he was in partnership with John C. Chamberlain (Y C 1872). He represented Stratford in the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1889 and 1899, in the latter year being a member of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Hall died of myelitis at his home in Stratford, September 3, 1907, at the age of 48 years.

He married Jeannie P., daughter of Stephen D. and Mary C. Smith of Stratford, who survives him with a daughter and a son.
YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1897

BENJAMIN MEAD WRIGHT, son of Benjamin and Abigail (Mead) Wright, was born July 17, 1861, in Greenwich, Conn., was for a time engaged in the grocery business, and then took the course in the Bangor Theological Seminary, graduating in 1886. He was pastor at Bridgton, Me., a year, being ordained there March 4, 1887. The year 1887-88 was given to study in the Yale Graduate School, and the time from 1889 to 1896 to pastoral service in Kent, Conn.

He then entered the Senior class in the Yale Divinity School, and finished the course in the spring of 1897. From there he went to the Congregational church in Orange, Conn., where he remained eleven years, doing effective work. During the years 1901-02 and 1902-03 he was again a student in the Graduate School, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1903.

Mr. Wright died, November 17, 1907, at the Eye and Ear Hospital, New York City, after an operation for nasal trouble. He was 46 years of age.

He married, September 8, 1891, Emily Judson, daughter of Solomon and Mary Elizabeth Mead of Greenwich, Conn., who survives him with three sons.

1900

[PETER] OTTO ANDERSON, son of Martin and Otelia (Brekke) Anderson, was born August 29, 1867, at Boscobel, Wisc. He took part of his college course in Northwestern University, but completed it and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of Wisconsin in 1894.

From September of that year until the spring of 1897 he studied in the Garrett Biblical Institute, Evanston, Ill., in
the meantime was ordained as a Methodist minister, and had churches in Racine and Somers, Wisc, two years. In 1897 he was at Rialto and Bloomington, Cal, and was then at Sierra Madre, Cal, until he came to New Haven in 1899.

After graduation from the Yale Theological Seminary he preached at Jerome, Ariz, in 1901, Tombstone, Ariz, in 1902-03, was pastor at La Canada, Col, then assistant pastor at Pasadena, Cal, from February, 1905, until his death there from peritonitis, March 28, 1906, at the age of 38 years.

He married, June 19, 1895, Daisy, daughter of James P. and Margaret (Evans) Sawyer of Madison, Wisc. She survives him with one child.
Charles Stewart Kittredge, son of Josiah Kittredge, M.D., and Sarah Whiting (French) Kittredge, was born in Pembroke, N.H., adjoining Concord, January 6, 1833.

Before entering college he had been in business in Honolulu, and from 1852 to 1856 engaged in surveying for the chiefs on several of the islands of the Hawaiian group.

After graduation from the Sheffield Scientific School he continued at Yale as Assistant in Engineering in 1859-60, and received the degree of Civil Engineer here in 1860. He also took the degree of Doctor of Medicine at Columbia University in 1863.

Dr. Kittredge settled in practice in Oakland, Cal., where he was Secretary of the Board of Health from 1873 to 1876, and Secretary of the Alameda County Medical Society from 1872 to 1876. Later he removed to Santa Barbara, where he died of pneumonia, January 10, 1907, at the age of 74 years. He was a deacon of the Congregational church and for years clerk of the parish.

He married, October 20, 1864, Ann Maria, daughter of Samuel Chase of Haverhill, Mass., and had three sons and three daughters, among whom were two pairs of twins. Two sons are deceased. A brother graduated from the College in 1860.

Walter Scott Sheafer, son of John Henry and Mary (Wenrich) Sheafer, was born April 5, 1837, at Wiconisco, Dauphin County, Pa. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Pottsville, Pa., and took the Engineering Course.

On graduation he entered the office of his brother, Peter W. Sheafer, with whom he was associated in engineering.
work until the latter's death in 1891. Since 1883 he had been especially interested in the development of the Mahanoy and Shenandoah coal fields, but earlier had made professional examinations of coal properties in many sections of the United States and Mexico, as follows: in Washington (then Territory), for the Northern Pacific Railroad, in 1876, in Arkansas, for the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railway, in 1877, in Mexico, for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway, in 1880, also in Alabama the same year; in Wyoming, for the Uinta Coal Company, in 1882, and at Georges Creek, Md, in Virginia and Tennessee. In addition to his engineering work he was for many years a member of the insurance firm of Sheafer & Lowrey, and President of the Steam Heat Company in Pottsville. Since 1887 he had been a member of the Board of Trade, in connection with which he was of much service to the town.

Mr. Sheafer died at his home in Pottsville, April 20, 1908, after an illness of about fifteen months. He was 71 years of age.

He married, June 7, 1864, Jane Augusta, daughter of Gilbert Camp, a real estate dealer of New Haven. She survives him with a son (Ph.B. Yale 1889) and a daughter.

1871

EDWARD CLINTON TERRY, son of James Terry, who was a former member of the Connecticut Legislature and a lock manufacturer of Terryville, a village of Plymouth, Conn., was born in Terryville, December 10, 1850. His mother was Elizabeth (Hollister) Terry.

Graduating from the Civil Engineering Course he soon became Secretary of the Hartford (Conn.) Meter Company, a company formed to manufacture water meters of his invention. As the result of his studies carried on through many years he achieved a high reputation in hydraulic and mechanical engineering and originated several devices of great utility.
Having successfully applied his idea of transmitting electric power over long distances by means of wires, he founded the Farmington River Power Company for the transmission of electric power from the Farmington River to Hartford, a distance of twelve miles. This was the first long-distance power plant in the country, and of this he was Secretary and a director from its organization until his decease. He was also Construction Engineer and General Manager. About 1888 he began his studies in steam turbines, obtaining patents for those of high speed in 1893, 1899, and 1900, and in 1903, 1905, and 1908 for those of low speed. He perfected a low-speed steam turbine, organizing in 1906 for its manufacture the Terry Steam Turbine Company, of which he was President.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Hartford, April 6, 1908, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, February 28, 1872, Louisa E., daughter of Benjamin and Ellen (Osborne) Webster of Terryville, who survives him with a son, James Terry (Ph.B. Yale 1895), their other son having died.

1880

Daniel Sidney Appleton, son of Daniel Sidney Appleton (Y. C. 1843) and Malvina W. (Marshall) Appleton, was born April 6, 1860, in New York City, and was prepared for college at St. John's School, Sing Sing (now Ossining), N. Y.

After graduation he entered the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., founded by his grandfather, Daniel Appleton, in New York City, and succeeded his father in the partnership. In 1901, after the incorporation of the business, he went abroad and took charge of the London branch, also becoming a publisher in England under his own name. His death occurred from heart disease at his home in London, England, March 17, 1908, in the 48th year of his age.
He married, in Atlanta, Ga., Jessica Cuyler, daughter of Judge Joel and Georgia (Cuyler) Branham, who survives him.

1885

William Heath Lyon, son of William Heath Lyon, formerly a fancy goods merchant in New York City and United States Indian Commissioner, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 9, 1864. His mother was Ellen Maria Lyon.

He took the Select Course and after graduation entered the Columbia Law School. From there he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1886, and was admitted to the bar the following year. He did not practice long, however, but soon afterward started on a tour around the world, and was gone about two years. Upon his return he purchased a ranch near Peterson, Ia., and was Mayor of that town two years. He was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia in 1900.

It was his custom to spend much time at Virginia Beach, Va., and while there he died of apoplexy, May 1, 1908. He was 44 years of age and unmarried. His mother and two sisters survive him.

Edwin Alexander Meredith, son of Joseph Edmund Meredith, a dentist of Cincinnati, O., and Elizabeth (Reed) Meredith, was born in Xenia, O., May 5, 1862. He took the Civil Engineering Course.

After graduation he practiced his profession of civil engineer in the Western States, in 1903 becoming resident engineer of the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific Railway, with headquarters at Sulphur Springs, Col., and later at Denver.

Mr. Meredith died of pneumonia at Kremmling, Colo., May 5, 1907, at the age of 45 years. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church.
He married, at Xenia, O., July 19, 1905, Mary, daughter of Judge E. H. and Emily (Mather) Munger, who survives him.

1887

Arthur Peale Summers, son of George Summers, a mining engineer of Los Angeles, Cal., and Elizabeth (McArthur) Summers, was born November 22, 1867, in Philadelphia, Pa., but entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Colorado Springs, after studying in Colorado College.

After graduation at Yale he took the course in Bellevue Hospital and Medical College, now the Medical Department of New York University, received from it the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890, and for the last fourteen years had been a most faithful officer of the State Hospital for the Insane at Binghamton, N. Y., where he accomplished much in the study and care of the insane because of his unusual gentleness and kindliness. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

He died at Binghamton, December 10, 1907, after an illness of four days from cerebro-spinal meningitis. He was 40 years of age.

He married, November 14, 1899, Mary, daughter of Laurel Olmsted, a naval engineer. She survives him without children.

1893

Joseph Brooks Fair, son of Robert M. Fair, was born in Chicago, Ill., December 7, 1870. He took the course in Mechanical Engineering.

After graduation he occupied various positions with Marshall Field & Company in Chicago, from that of an assistant in the wholesale department to assistant manager of their retail department. He continued with them until July,
1902, after which he spent a long vacation in travel for his health. Since his recovery he had been for the last three years in charge of the retail department of Arnold, Constable & Company in New York City.

He died at the Manhattan Square Hotel, New York City, November 25, 1907, in the 37th year of his age.

1895

Whitman Gunther, son of Charles F. and Jennie (Burnell) Gunther, was born August 7, 1872, in Chicago, Ill., and, after preparation at the Harvard Grammar School and by private tutor, took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he returned to Chicago and became manager of his father's confectionery business. He traveled extensively in Mexico, Europe, and the Orient, and had recently returned from Arizona. His death, which was due to pneumonia, occurred at his home in Chicago, June 17, 1907. He was in the 35th year of his age, and unmarried.

1897

Winsor Pitcher French, son of General Winsor Brown French (Tufts 1859) and Emma Esther (Pitcher) French, was born August 23, 1875, at Saratoga Springs, N.Y. He took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, after preparation in the Hopkins Grammar School.

Upon the outbreak of the Spanish War he enlisted, May 1, 1898, as a private in Company L, Second Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and was sent with his regiment to Chickamauga, Ga., and thence to Tampa, Fla. June 29, 1898, he was commissioned Second Lieutenant and assigned to Company D, Two Hundred and First Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, and was
stationed with his regiment at Camp Black, Long Island, N. Y. On account of ill health, he was compelled to resign, September 14, 1898. Upon his recovery, he completed his course of study previously commenced in the Albany Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in June, 1899, and on July 6 was admitted to the New York State bar as an attorney and counselor at law. He entered into partnership with his father in the firm of Winsor B. French & Son, and became one of the best known of the younger attorneys of Saratoga Springs.

He married, August 29, 1899, Edith G., daughter of George P. Ide, a manufacturer, and Mary E. (Savage) Ide of Troy, N. Y., and had three daughters and a son. The youngest daughter died in infancy.

Mr. French died at his home in Saratoga Springs, suddenly, of meningitis, January 24, 1908, at the age of 32 years. He had been ill, and had lately returned from a trip to the South for his health. Mrs. French and three children survive him.

He was an active and prominent Republican, always taking much interest in politics, and a member of the Bethesda Episcopal Church of Saratoga Springs.

* Robert Jeffrey Grant, son of Alexander and Mary (Jeffrey) Grant, was born February 18, 1875, at Syracuse, N. Y., and after preparation at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he engaged in the hardware business, becoming Secretary of the firm of Alexander Grant's Sons. After an illness of only three days from pneumonia, Mr. Grant died at the Hospital of the Good Shepherd in Syracuse, June 22, 1907, at the age of 32 years. He was unmarried.
1899

Daniel Brewster Watson, son of Theodore Ferris and Josephine (Brewster) Watson, was born June 25, 1879, in Canaan, Conn. He was prepared for college at the Hopkins Grammar School, and took the Electrical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School. In Senior year he received Two-Year Honors for Excellence in All Studies.

After graduation he was engaged in the shop and testing department of the Eddy Electric Company, at Windsor, Conn., for three months, was draughtsman at Garwood, N. J., a year, and in a similar position with the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y.; returned after a year in that place to Garwood, N. J., as assistant electrical engineer of the C and C Electrical Works; and then went to St. Louis, Mo., where he rose to an important position as electrical engineer. Each change had been a promotion. He was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

During January, 1907, he was taken ill with pneumonia, and this was followed by nervous prostration. He died insane at the home of his parents in Falls Village, Conn., February 22, 1908. He was 29 years of age.

He married, July 7, 1906, Miss Elizabeth Grace Queen of New Jersey.

Samuel Ralph Wolf, son of William Wolf, was born in New York City, October 28, 1878, but took his preparatory studies in the New Haven High School and was a member of the Chemical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was chemist in the dyerooms of the Pemberton Mills in Lawrence, Mass., but for several years had been in business in Providence, R. I., where he died, January 2, 1908, in the 30th year of his age. His widow survives him.
GILMOR MEREDITH BARROLL, son of Benjamin C. and Emily (Lee) Barroll, was born September 2, 1880, in Baltimore, Md. He was prepared for college at St. Paul’s School, Concord, N. H., and took the course in Electrical Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he was in the service of W E. Baker & Co., engineers, in New York City, and in 1903 was in charge of the construction of a power house for the Sciota Valley Traction Company in Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Barroll died of typhoid fever, at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., December 3, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was not married. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal Church in Elizabeth.

CHARLES MASON DOW, son of Charles Mason Dow, a banker of Jamestown, N. Y., and Eleanor (Jones) Dow, was born September 25, 1878, in Randolph, Cattaraugus County, N. Y., the family removing to Jamestown about ten years later. He took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1903. He was for a short time with the firm of Strong & Cadwallader, lawyers in New York City. He did not practice his profession long, however, but went to Indian Territory and engaged actively and successfully in the development of the oil and gas in that region. He became interested in the Shawnee Oil & Gas Company of Tulsa, Okla., was President of the Old Trail, the Carbon, and the Midland Oil Companies, and Treasurer of the Hope Oil Company.

On one of his usual trips over the leases of the Shawnee Company, near Tulsa, Okla., December 27, 1907, he had taken his gun, as the hunting season was at its height. As he was climbing over a wire fence his gun was accidentally
discharged, killing him instantly. Besides his parents, a brother and sister survive him. He was unmarried and in his 30th year.

Robert Barry Sullivan, son of Dennis and Sarah Jane Sullivan, was born in Central City, Col., June 29, 1878, was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and took the Chemical Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, entering from Denver, Colo.

After graduation he engaged in an active business career, in 1903 becoming Secretary and Treasurer of the Denver Gas and Electric Company. He was also a director in the same company, and a director of the Capital Life Insurance Company, the Denver Stock Yards Bank, the Holly & Swink Railroad Company, and the Portland Cement Company. He was Secretary of the Holly Sugar Company, Treasurer of the Improved Equipment Company, and Vice-President of the Leadville Gas and Electric Company. He was a director of the University and Denver Clubs in Denver.

Mr. Sullivan died of appendicitis, at his home in Denver, October 10, 1907, in the 30th year of his age.

He married, February 18, 1903, Mary L., daughter of Chester Stephen Morey and sister of his classmate John William Morey. She survives him with two daughters and a son.

1901

William Albion Bindley, son of John and Emeline C. (Houston) Bindley, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., May 7, 1880, and, after being prepared at the Shady Side Academy, took the Select Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he engaged in business, being elected Secretary of the Bindley Hardware Company of Pittsburg. Later he became the first President of the Pittsburg Hardware and Home Supply Company, and a director of the Neely Nut and Bolt Company.
Mr. Bindley died of peritonitis, at the Columbia Hospital, Pittsburg, December 12, 1907, at the age of 27 years. He was not married. He was a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1900.

Ralph Ogden Warrin, son of Samuel Lord Warrin, was born in Williamsburg (now Brooklyn), N. Y., March 4, 1878. His mother was Sarah Helen (Hathaway) Warrin. After preparation in St. Mark's School, Southboro, Mass., he took the Engineering Course in the Sheffield Scientific School, entering as a resident of Cooperstown, N. Y.

After graduation he was a clerk for a few months with the Aetna Life Insurance Company, and was then in the Department of Maintenance of Ways of the New York Central Railroad until May, 1902. After that he was in the employ of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad four and a half years.

He was drowned in Francis Lake, Number 4, Lewis County, N. Y., August 7, 1907. He was in his 30th year, and was unmarried. He was buried in Lakewood Cemetery, Cooperstown, N. Y. A brother, Richard Halstead Warrin, graduated in the same class.

Harry Elmer Candee, son of Frederick Catlin and Julia Alison (Keeney) Candee, was born in Oxford, Conn., September 4, 1881, but came to New Haven in boyhood, and was prepared for college in the High School. He took the Biological Course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

In 1905 he entered the Yale Medical School, but was obliged to give up his studies in March, 1906, on account of the development of tuberculosis, of which he died, July 2, 1907, in the 26th year of his age. He was unmarried. His parents, a brother, and two sisters survive him.
Sidney Adler, son of Simon and Elizabeth (Myers) Adler, was born March 22, 1885, in Memphis, Tenn., but was prepared for college in the Central High School, Philadelphia, Pa. Having won the competitive scholarship offered by the Yale Alumni Association of that city, he entered the Sheffield Scientific School in 1902, and took the course in Electrical Engineering. He excelled in his work, receiving Honorable Mention for All Studies of Freshman year, General Honors for the Electrical Course in Junior year, and in Senior year Two-Year Honors for Excellence in All Studies.

After graduation he was in the service of the Bell Telephone Company of Philadelphia until the spring of 1906, when he was taken with pleurisy. From this he never fully recovered, but a sudden and unexpected attack of meningitis lasting a week caused his death at the German Hospital, Philadelphia, April 15, 1908. He was 23 years of age.

Abbott Lawson Lowe, son of Barton Lowe, a lawyer, and Rose (Abbott) Lowe, was born in Colorado Springs, Colo., December 24, 1884, and took the course in Electrical Engineering.

After graduation he at once entered the service of the Northern Colorado Power Company, where his energy and high attainments gained appreciation, and he was made Assistant Engineer of the company. While attempting the difficult task of repairing an imperfection in a transformer which he had just installed at Greeley, Colo., he was killed by the electric current, April 10, 1908. He was 23 years old and unmarried. His father and mother survive him, an only brother, who was a soldier in the United States Army, having died four months previously.
Wilbur Olin Atwater, son of William Warren and Eliza (Barnes) Atwater, was born May 3, 1844, in Johnsburg, Warren County, N Y. His father was at the time a Methodist preacher there, but after 1870 lived in Burlington, Vt., where he was an active temperance worker and established a paper to further that cause. The son graduated from Wesleyan University as a Bachelor of Arts in 1865, in the same class with Professor William North Rice (Ph.D. Yale 1867), who was for many years his colleague at Wesleyan. The next three years he was principal successively of Colchester (Vt.) Academy, Spencer (Mass.) High School, and Westport (N. Y.) High School.

In 1868-69 he was a graduate student in the Sheffield Scientific School, and, after receiving from Yale the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, spent two years in the study of chemistry and the allied branches in the Universities of Leipsic and Berlin and elsewhere in Germany. Upon his return from abroad he became Professor of General and Agricultural Chemistry in East Tennessee University (now University of Tennessee), at Knoxville, Tenn., and remained there two years, when he took a similar position in the Maine Agricultural and Mechanical College at Orono, Me. Later in the same year, 1873, he was called to Wesleyan University as Instructor, and the following year was appointed Professor. This position he held during the remainder of his life.

From 1875 to 1877 he was the first Director of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station, the work of which was then carried on in his laboratories at Wesleyan, and he remained a member of the Board of Control until 1905. He was also a director of the Storrs Agricultural Experiment Station from 1888 to 1902. When experiment stations
were established in all the states by act of Congress, and the Office of Experiment Stations was organized as a central bureau in connection with the United States Department of Agriculture in 1888, he was made its first Director, holding the position until 1891, being Special Agent from 1892 to 1894, and since the latter date in charge of the nutrition investigations authorized by Congress, becoming Chief in 1903.

In connection with Professor Edward B. Rosa, Ph. D., of the Bureau of Standards at Washington, D. C., he invented a calorimeter for experiments on the metabolic changes in the human body. Special grants were made by the Carnegie Institution to Professor Atwater to continue dietary investigations.

He published over one hundred and fifty papers on chemistry and allied subjects in journals, transactions of learned societies, and government publications in this country and abroad. A notable paper entitled "An Experimental Inquiry regarding the Nutritive Value of Alcohol," prepared in cooperation with Francis G. Benedict, Ph. D., appeared in Volume 8 of the Memoirs of the National Academy of Sciences. For his scientific achievements he received gold medals from the Franklin Institute, the Paris Exposition in 1900, and other sources. The University of Vermont conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws in 1904. He was a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and Secretary of its Chemical Section in 1895, member of the Swedish Royal Academy of Agriculture, and of many foreign and American scientific societies, corresponding member of the Russian Imperial Academy of Medicine, and of the Société Royale des Sciences Médicales et Naturelles, associate member of the Société d'Hygiène.

Professor Atwater died at his home in Middletown, September 22, 1907, from apoplexy, after an illness of two years. He was 63 years of age.
979

He married, August 26, 1874, Marcia, daughter of Abraham and Jane (Fuller) Woodward of Bangor, Me. She survives him with a daughter and a son, the latter a member of the Class of 1908 at Wesleyan University.

1871

Bernard James Harrington, son of William and Laura (Seymour) Harrington, was born August 5, 1848, at St. Andrews, Province of Quebec, Canada. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts at McGill University in 1869, and of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale in 1871, after two years of graduate work in the Sheffield Scientific School, principally in chemistry, mineralogy, and metallurgy.

Soon afterward he was selected as assistant by Sir William Dawson in investigating the economic resources of Prince Edward Island. In 1871 he was appointed Lecturer on Mining and Chemistry in McGill University, and the following year he spent several months in the principal mining and manufacturing centers abroad. On his return he was chosen Chemist and Mineralogist on the Geological Survey, as the successor of Professor T. Sterry Hunt, and held the position seven years, retiring then to give his entire attention to teaching. In 1883 he was appointed Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in McGill University, and also lectured on Mining and Metallurgy until 1891. He was most unselfish in his devotion to his students and successful in inspiring them to the best work. He planned the chemical and mining building erected for the University by Sir William McDonald, and was its director at the time of his death.

He was the author of "A Life of Sir William Logan," 1883, "Mineralogical Chemistry and the Composition of Certain Canadian Minerals," of important reports published by the Geological Survey, and of many papers in scientific periodicals. For many years he edited The Canadian Naturalist, later called The Canadian Record of Science.
He was President of the Natural History Society of Montreal for several years, Vice-President of the Chemical Section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in 1897, Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada and President of one of its sections several years, Fellow of the Geological Society of London and the Chemical Society of London, member of the Society of Chemical Industry, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and the American Chemical Society.

He was a Fellow of McGill University, and received from it the honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1895, also of Doctor of Laws in 1899. He was a member of Emmanuel (Congregational) Church, a director of the Congregational College of Montreal, and esteemed both for his attainments and his worth as a man. In 1881 he was chosen a member of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal.

He had been in poor health for a year and died of anaemia at his home in Montreal, November 29, 1907, at the age of 59 years. His summer home was at Little Metis, where his beautiful garden was the delight of many.

Professor Harrington married, June 7, 1876, Anna Lois, daughter of Sir William Dawson, Principal of McGill University from 1855 to 1893, and Margaret A. (Mercer) Dawson. She survives him with three sons and four daughters, a son and a daughter having died.
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Arthur S Mann, 28 near Kuling, China July 29, '07
Hugh T. Birch, 28 Colima, Mexico June 15, '07
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William B Williams, 29 Haverford, Pa. Feb 8, '08
William J Downs, 25 Liberty, N. Y. Nov 29, '06
Colton Maynard, 28 Cleveland, O May 6, '08
Samuel M Brereton, 30 Mercersburg, Pa Feb 12, '08
George B Everts, 27 Southport, Conn Dec 14, '07
Edward H Fitzgerald, 26 Hankow, China June 3, '08
Albert Hileman, 29 Gayport, Pa May 6, '08
Arthur W Hildreth, 26 Savannah, Ga April 27, '08
Allen S Malcolm, 26 At Sea Nov 3, '07
Forrest L Daniels, 23 Saranac, N Y. Jan 25, '08
Walter W Husted, 23 Denver, Colo. April 11, '08
Gilbert L Stark, 22 Mangaloro, India March 26, '08

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Charles C. Holcombe, 78 Lee, Mass Feb. 1, '08
Henry W. Painter, 76 North Haven, Conn. Jan 17, '08
Stephen F. Pomeroy, 80 Springfield, Mass Jan 11, '08
Charles H. Hubbard, 71 Essex, Conn April 10, '08
Joel W Hyde, 68 Brooklyn, N. Y Sept 22, '07
John Pitkin, 80 Buffalo, N. Y July 24, '07
Henry S. Turrill, 64 New York City May 24, '07
Milton S. Sherwood, 31 Pocantico Hills, N Y May 14, '07
Frank T. Gaffney, 26 Wallingford, Conn. Aug. 23, '07
## YALE LAW SCHOOL

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## MASTERS OF LAWS

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## YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

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## SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

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1901 Ralph O. Warnn, 29 Lake Francis, Lewis Co, N Y Aug 7, '07
1904 Harry E Candee, 25 New Haven, Conn. July 2, '07
1905 Sidney Adler, 23 Philadelphia, Pa April 15, '08
1906 Abbott L Lowe, 23 Greeley, Colo April 10, '08

GRADUATE SCHOOL
1869 Wilbur O. Atwater, 63 Middletown, Conn. Sept 22, '07
1871 Bernard J Harrington, 59 Montreal, Canada Nov 29, '07

The number of deaths recorded this year is 155 and the average age of the 106 graduates of the Academical Department is about 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is Class of 1838, Chester Dutton, of Concordia, Kans, born March 24, 1814.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department and of the University is Class of 1837, Gurdon W Russell, of Hartford, Conn, born April 10, 1815.
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Members of the Divinity, Law, Medical, Scientific, and Graduate Schools are indicated by the letters d, l or ml, m, s, and dp, respectively

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