OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1905,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 27th, 1905]

[No. 5 of the Fifth Printed Series, and No. 64 of the whole Record]
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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1836

NEWTON BARRETT, son of Simon and Lydia (Mascraft) Barrett was born at Washingtonville (then called Richland), Oswego County, N. Y., September 28, 1812, but during his early years his parents removed to Woodstock, Conn., and from there he entered college.

After graduation he visited his parents in their new home in Michigan (Territory), intending to return to New Haven and enter Yale Theological Seminary in the autumn; but financial necessity changed his plans, and he taught a select school at Middlebury (afterward East Akron), O., a year, spent the following year in theological study at Hudson, O., and while continuing his studies taught a year in Euclid Academy, eight miles south of Cleveland, and in the Preparatory Department of Western Reserve College, then at Hudson. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Portage in September, 1840, and began preaching at Brecksville, a few miles northwest of Hudson, and at Atwater in the adjoining county of Portage. From 1841 to 1848 he was settled in Brecksville, and then accepted a call to Milan, O., where he remained until the spring of 1852. He supplied the Congregational Church at Hudson from 1853 to 1856, and at Mendota,
Ill., the following year. In the latter place he organized a New School Presbyterian Church, to which he ministered till 1861, a part of the time also preaching at Paw Paw Grove. He then became pastor of the New School Presbyterian Church at Knoxville, Ill., and remained there two and a half years, going thence to Dunton (afterward Arlington Heights), Cook County, Ill., where he was pastor nine years. He continued to reside there until 1881, and then for two years was pastor of the Congregational Church at Elkhorn in the neighborhood, which during this time erected a new house of worship.

Mr Barrett died of acute gastritis at the home of his son in Chicago, Ill., August 9, 1904, in the 92d year of his age.

He married, September 14, 1840, Emily, daughter of Asa and Theodora (Curtiss) Bugbee, and had three sons and two daughters. One daughter died in infancy, and the eldest son (Knox Coll. 1866) and youngest son (Beloit 1871), both clergymen, are also deceased. Mrs Barrett died in Elkhorn, Wisc., November 5, 1889.

1837

James Cowles, one of the eleven children and youngest son of Deacon Samuel and Olive (Phelps) Cowles, was born in Colebrook, Conn., February 18, 1815.

After graduation he was a student in the Yale Theological Seminary in 1837-38 and 1841-42, in the interval holding the office of Tutor for two years in Oberlin college (where his brothers, Rev Henry Cowles, D.D., and Rev John Phelps Cowles, both Yale 1826, were professois for many years), and in 1840 teaching in Elyria, O. He did not complete his theological course, but in 1842 took a position in the Canton (O.) Boys' School, where he taught three years, and the same length of time in Painesville, O. From 1848 to 1857 he was occupied in teaching music in Akron. He then spent a year in Topeka, Kans., using his influence while there against slavery. The following two years he was Superintendent of Schools in Springfield, O., the next year in charge of a public school in Faimington, and four years Principal of the Academy in Farm Ridge, the two latter places in Illinois. He was in New Jersey, at Tuckahoe, from 1866 to 1868, and Cedarville, in 1868-69, at Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y., a year, and in Rye, N. Y., three years. In 1873 he returned to Connecticut and was Principal of Winchester Institute four years,
and then spent six years in his native town. After this he returned to Akron, O., and since then had been well known as a teacher of music.

He was a life-long Republican and suffered much for his abolition principles during the Civil War.

Mr. Cowles died from exhaustion at his home in Akron, July 20, 1904, at the age of 89 years. He was a member and deacon of the Congregational church.

He married, September 7, 1842, Rhoda, daughter of Eli S. and Mary (Root) Barnum, a farmer of Florence, Erie County, O. Mrs. Cowles survives him with two sons, one of them a graduate of the United States Naval Academy in 1875. Their only daughter died in 1895.

1841

Sherman Miller Booth, son of Selah and Otia (Fuller) Booth, was born September 25, 1812, in Davenport, Delaware County, N. Y., and worked on his father's farm till he was 21 years of age. Having determined to gain an education, he then studied in Jefferson Academy, Jefferson, Schoharie County, N. Y., afterward assisting in teaching there, and then teaching several winters elsewhere. In 1837 he lectured as an agent of the New York State Temperance Society in the Hudson River towns between Albany and New York, and for his services for four months received what was then the large sum of $400. He completed the Freshman studies by himself, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year, supporting himself by teaching and by managing two students' clubs. During the summer and fall of 1840 he helped organize the Liberty party in New Haven, and in February, 1841, called a State Convention at Hartford, at which a Liberty party State ticket was nominated. He was appointed chairman of the State Central Committee, and the following month attended an Anti-Slavery Convention for Eastern Connecticut, which held its exciting sessions at Willimantic. In Senior year he taught the Amistad African captives daily at Westville, and after they were declared free, at Farmington, where he continued with them until the following October. Soon after this they were sent home to Africa.

After graduation he devoted his time until 1848 to organizing the Liberty party and making a great number of speeches in its
behalf, and at the same time was associate editor of the Christian Freeman at Hartford, the title of which was soon changed to The Republican. In May, 1848, Mr. Booth removed to Milwaukee, Wis., to take charge of the American Freeman, an anti-slavery newspaper. Of this he soon became proprietor, and after the organization of the Free Soil party changed its name to Free Democrat. During the early years of the Civil War he established the Daily Life, which was subsequently merged in the Evening Wisconsin.

He was secretary of the Buffalo Convention which nominated Martin Van Buren and Charles Francis Adams for President and Vice-President, and secretary of the National Convention at Pittsburg which nominated John P. Hale for President. He was an able and convincing speaker, and fearlessly and ceaselessly advocated the abolition of slavery until the Emancipation Proclamation ended the call for his activity.

He disclaimed all part in the forcible rescue of Joshua Glover from prison in 1854, but his course in the case and his opposition to the Fugitive Slave Act attracted national attention, and involved him in nineteen trials extending through thirteen years, three imprisonments, and heavy financial loss.

In 1868 he went to Chicago to represent the Chicago Newspaper Union, which, with the Chicago Tribune, he also represented at the Centennial Exposition. He resided in Philadelphia from 1876 to August, 1879, and during the latter year worked successfully for the defeat of the Riot Bill, designed to levy the cost of property destroyed upon the State instead of the County in which the loss occurred. Several buildings which he owned in Chicago remained untouched during the great fire of 1871.

In 1879 he returned to Chicago, and lived there for the remainder of his life. He contributed to the Chicago Tribune, was Superintendent of House Removals for two years from May, 1887, and in April, 1890, was appointed United States Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue at Chicago for the First District of Illinois.

In 1887 he delivered the Memorial Day address in Milwaukee, and in 1903 spoke before the Wisconsin Editorial Association. For a number of years he was busy preparing a history of his life and times, but did not complete the work.

He died at his home August 10, 1904, in the 92d year of his age.
He married, May 10, 1842, Miss Margaret Tufts, of New Haven, who died in 1849. His second wife was Miss Mary Humphrey Corse, of Hartford, a writer of poems and translator. She died in 1865, and in November, 1867, he married Miss Augusta A. Smith, of Burnett, Wise., who survives him with a son and four daughters, also a daughter by the second marriage. Five children are deceased.

William Hinman Gilbert was born in that part of Weston, Conn., which is now Easton, February 12, 1817, and was the son of Ezra and Rebecca (Minor) Gilbert. He soon removed to Colebrook, Conn., and from there entered college.

He received his theological training at Andover and Yale Seminaries, and was ordained at Westminster, Vt., in 1846. Resigning this charge in 1851, pastorates of five years at Ashfield, Mass., and eight years at Granby, Conn., followed, after which he was for several months in the joint service of the American Bible Society and the Christian Commission, being Superintendent of Bible Distribution in the Army of the Potomac and having his headquarters successively at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., and Richmond, Va.

From the fall of 1865 to January, 1869, he was in charge of the work of the American Bible Society in Vermont. He was then Superintendent of the work of that Society in New England eight years, and Secretary of the Connecticut Bible Society over twenty years, taking up the latter office in April, 1878, and continuing to do faithful and effective work until his retirement, April 3, 1900, shortly before his removal to the Pacific coast. His home for nearly twenty years at different periods was in Hartford and New Haven, and for twelve years in South Norwalk, Conn.

In the fall of 1900 he settled in the fruit belt of Sacramento County, California, joining the colony at Fair Oaks, where he found pleasant surroundings and an agreeable climate, which lengthened his life. He died there after a fortnight of great suffering, April 28, 1905, at the age of 88 years.

Mr. Gilbert married, December 29, 1845, Elizabeth, daughter of James Moseley, of Westfield, Mass. She died the following year, leaving a son who died in 1899. In 1849, he married Mary, daughter of Joseph and Roxana (Edwards) Goodridge, of Westminster, Vt., who died in 1895. By his second marriage he
had twin sons (Yale 1878), one of whom died in 1879 and the other in 1881, and two daughters who survive him.

WILLIAM LAW LEARNED, son of Ebenezer Learned (Yale 1798) by his second wife Lydia (Coit) Learned, and grandson of Amasa Learned (Yale 1772), member of Congress from 1791 to 1795, was born in New London, Conn., July 24, 1821. During his college course he took special interest in classical literature, and at graduation was Salutatorian of his class.

He declined a nomination as Tutor, and the year after graduation studied law at New London with William F. Brainard, Esq. (Yale 1802), continuing his studies for two years following with George Gould, Esq. (Yale 1827), at Troy, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar at Rochester, N. Y., in the fall of 1844, and the following winter removed to Albany, where he formed a partnership with Gilbert L. Wilson, Esq (Union 1842). After the retirement of Mr. Wilson, Mr. James C. Cook (Union 1853) was a partner for a few years; but after the latter's withdrawal in 1867, Mr. Learned continued his practice alone until 1870, when he was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court. He was elected to the same office in the fall of that year for fourteen years, the first justice elected under the change of the Constitution which lengthened the term. He was appointed in 1875, by Governor Tilden, President of the Supreme Court; was reelected Justice of that court in the fall of 1884, and by Governor (afterwards President) Cleveland was reappointed President of the Supreme Court the same year. He was retired from office under the Constitutional restriction, by reason of age, December 31, 1891. After his retirement from the bench, he resumed the active practice of his profession.

Judge Learned was closely identified with the educational interests of the city. For many years he was Professor of Equity Jurisprudence, the Civil Law, and the Trial of Causes in the Albany Law School, and for ten years President of its Board of Trustees and of its Faculty. He was a Governor of the Albany Medical College, President of the Board of Trustees of the Albany Female Academy, President of the Board of Trustees of the Albany Academy, President of the Board of Public Instruction of Albany until the adoption of the new charter, and President of the "Albany Institute and Historical and Art Society." He was also a member of the Board of Governors of the Albany Hospital, and of the Albany Cemetery Association.
He presided at the annual meeting of the Alumni of Yale College in 1876, and received the degree of Doctor of Laws at the Yale Commencement of 1878. He was the first President of the Yale Alumni Association of Northeastern New York and served from the time of its organization in 1880 for about twenty years.

Judge Learned edited “Madam Knight’s Journal” and “Earle’s Microcosmography,” and compiled “The Learned Genealogy” (second edition 1898), in part from the manuscripts of Joseph G. E. Larned (Yale 1839). He also contributed to law and other periodicals.

Judge Learned died of heart failure at his law office in Albany, September 20, 1904, at the age of 83 years.

He married, May 29, 1855, Phebe Rowland, daughter of Alexander and Mary E. (Pepoon) Marvin, of Albany. She died in 1864, and he afterward married Katharine, daughter of Clinton DeWitt, a distinguished lawyer of New York City, and of Elsie (VanDyck) DeWitt, who survives him. Of the three daughters by the first marriage but one is now living, the wife of General John H. Patterson, of Albany, N. Y. One daughter was the wife of John DeWitt Peltz (Rutgers 1873), and mother of William Law Learned Peltz (Yale 1904), Judge Learned’s only surviving grandson.

1842

Samuel Witt Eaton, son of Eben Eaton, for over half a century deacon of the Congregational church in Framingham, Mass., was born on the ancestral farm in that town December 25, 1820. His mother was Sally Chadwick (Spofford) Eaton, who was educated at Bradford (Mass.) Academy.

After graduation he studied theology one year in Union Seminary, two years in Yale Seminary, and one year in Andover Seminary. He was licensed to preach in September, 1844, and while at Andover was stated supply in Montgomery, Mass. Having determined to devote his life to work in the new West then opening up in the Mississippi valley, he settled at Lancaster, the county seat of Grant County, Wis., a fertile region abounding in lead mines. He was ordained as an evangelist January 28, 1848. After several years of arduous pioneer work the failure of his health compelled him to return East for rest, and he spent most of the year 1857 in European travel. Returning to Lancaster, his work was again interrupted in the second year of the Civil War by his acceptance of the chaplaincy of the Seventh
Wisconsin Volunteers, one of the regiments of the "Iron Brigade." In this service he continued to the close of the war and gained the devoted friendship of soldiers and officers. He was on duty at the battles of South Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, before Petersburg, and at Appomattox Court House on the surrender of General Lee. After resuming his pastorate the church was enlarged, and then replaced by a new structure, but at the end of twenty years' further service, and forty from the beginning of his pastorate, the church yielded to his request for release, and in 1886 he accepted the call of the Congregational church at Roscoe, Ill. His service there was also notable in character and results and continued for sixteen years. In 1902 he resigned from the pastorate, but at the desire of his people continued in the parsonage several months. In the autumn of 1903 he removed to Beloit, Wis., the home of his son, President Eaton.

Since 1866 he had been a Trustee of Beloit College, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1883. From 1881 to 1899 he was a Corporate Member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was recognized as a wise leader in church councils. Two of his sermons—one at the ordination of his eldest son in 1873—were published.

Dr. Eaton died after six months of extreme weakness, at the residence of his son, Dr. Samuel L Eaton (Yale 1877), in Newton Highlands, Mass., February 9, 1905, at the age of 84 years.

He married, May 20, 1847, Catharine Elizabeth, daughter of Rev James and Mary (Schoonmaker) Demarest, of Napanoch, Ulster County, N Y. Their golden wedding was an occasion of unusual interest. They had four sons—all living—of whom the eldest, Rev. James D. Eaton, D.D. (Beloit 1869), has been for over twenty years a missionary in Mexico, the second, Rev. Edward D. Eaton, D.D., LL D. (Beloit 1872, B.D. Yale 1875), has been President of Beloit College since 1886, and the two younger are physicians. Mrs Eaton died in February, 1904.

William Ellis, son of William and Thankful (Dickinson) Ellis, was born February 4, 1821, at New Britain, Conn.

After graduation he studied medicine two years in New York City, receiving his degree in 1846. After teaching a short time in Jackson, Miss., he practiced his profession in Wisconsin, at Washington Harbor a few years, then at Green Bay until the autumn of 1868.
He then acquired a large tract of farming land in Kansas, and settled near Mound City, Linn County, but a succession of crop failures and other misfortunes decided him to remove to the Pacific country. After a journey of two weeks with his family he reached Astoria, Or., at the end of September, 1875, and spent six months at Westport, thirty miles above Astoria on the Columbia River, and a year at Oregon City. He then settled in the Willapa Valley, in the present State of Washington, making his home for the remainder of his life near Willapa, Pacific County, where he died January 23, 1905, in the 84th year of his age.

Mr. Ellis married February 29, 1852, Phebe Jane, daughter of Adam and Mary (Weaver) Boyce, of Canton, Onondaga County, N. Y., and had three sons and five daughters, all of whom except one daughter survive him. Mrs Ellis is also living.

Lewis Grout, eldest of the eight sons and nine children of Deacon John and Azubah (Dunklee) Grout, was born January 28, 1815, in Newfane, Vt., but in 1836 removed to West Brattleboro, and after studying and teaching three years entered college.

After graduation he taught two years in Professor Kinsley's Classical and Mathematical School at West Point, N. Y., then spent two years at Yale Seminary, and completed his theological course at Andover in 1846. October 8 of that year he was ordained as a missionary at Springfield, Vt., and at the same time married Miss Lydia Bates of that place. Two days later, under appointment from the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, Mr. and Mrs. Grout sailed from Boston to join the Zulu Mission. Reaching Natal in February, 1847, he opened a new station at Umsunduze, and for fifteen years devoted himself to pioneer work. He made an exhaustive study of the Zulu and other languages, and in 1859 issued "The Isizulu; a Grammar of the Zulu Language," for which the Natal Government furnished the publication funds, and of which a revised edition was issued in 1893. While in Natal he prepared "Zululand" (Philadelphia, 1864), also a "Sketch" of the history of the native tribes, and many papers for the Journal of the American Oriental Society. Of this Society he was elected a corresponding member in 1849.
On account of impaired health he returned to America in 1862, and after resting for a time served as pastor of the Congregational church at Saxton's River, Vt., a year and at Feeding Hills, Mass., two years. In 1865 he became Secretary and Agent for New Hampshire and Vermont of the American Missionary Association, continuing in this service until 1884 and residing in West Brattleboro. The following year he spent collecting funds for Atlanta University. For three years he was pastor at Sudbury, Vt., but retired on account of infirmities in 1888, and since then had continued his activity in the discussion of historical, philological, and ethnological questions.

He was a member of the advisory council of the Auxiliary on African Ethnology of the World's Congress of the Columbian Exposition, for which he wrote "An Essay on the Place and Power of each Family of African Languages as Factors in the Development of Africa." He contributed many articles to the "Encyclopædia of Missions," N Y., 1890, and besides able papers on the Christian ministry, and missionary and other addresses, in 1876 and 1894 prepared two valuable discourses on the History of the Congregational Church of West Brattleboro, covering its first fifty years, also a monograph on "The Olden Times of Brattleboro," 1899. His publications numbered in all over ninety.

Mr. Grout died of paralysis at his home in West Brattleboro, Vt., March 12, 1905, at the age of 90 years. Mrs. Grout died in 1897. Their only son died at an early age in Natal, and their only daughter, who was for many years a useful teacher at Atlanta University, Ga., and elsewhere, died in 1901. A brother survives him.

Nathaniel Shaw Perkins, son of Nathaniel Shaw Perkins (Yale 1812, hon M.D. 1829), a highly esteemed physician of New London, Conn., was born in that city April 19, 1822. His mother was Ellen (Richards) Perkins.

For about fifteen years after graduation he was engaged in the whaling business in New London, as a member of the firm of Perkins & Smith. In 1850 he spent several months in California, having at the time extensive whaling interests in the North Pacific Ocean. From 1856 to 1863 he was in the business of furnishing ship supplies in Chili, South America, and in the summer of 1877 he went again to South America, returning in 1881.
During the intervening years he was in business in his native place. He was greatly interested in the affairs of his city, and served at one time as alderman. At the time of his death he was President of the Board of Trustees of the Bulkeley School.

Mr. Perkins died at the Shaw mansion, which had been in possession of his family for a century and a half, in New London, February 8, 1905, in the 83d year of his age. He was the last but one of fourteen children, a sister alone surviving him. He was never married.

1843

David Judson Ely, son of David and Priscilla (Sturges) Ely, was born in Fairfield, Conn., May 29, 1820, but entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year from Rochester, N.Y.

Ever since graduation he had been an invalid, and never engaged in active business. He lived in Rochester until his death, which occurred at the home of his nephew, February 18, 1905. He was in the 85th year of his age, and had never married. A brother graduated in the same class, and an older brother, with whom he lived many years, graduated from the Medical Department in 1834.

1846

Rensselaer Russell Nelson, son of Hon. Samuel Nelson, LL.D. (Middlebury 1813), Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States from 1845 to 1872, and of Catherine Ann (Russell) Nelson, was born in Cooperstown, N.Y., May 12, 1826.

After graduation he studied law with James R. Whiting, sometime District Attorney of New York, and with Hon. George A. Starkweather in Cooperstown. He was admitted to practice in 1849, and the same year went to Buffalo, N.Y., intending to settle there, but the following year went to St. Paul, Minn., then a town of six hundred people. In 1854 he moved to Superior, Wis., and in 1854–55 was District Attorney of Douglas County, in that State. He then returned to St. Paul, and in April, 1857, was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Minnesota, and on the admission of Minnesota as a State in 1858 he was appointed by the President, Judge of the United States District Court, and held the office until his retirement from age limit in 1896.

For a year his health had been poor, but at length his illness assumed so serious a form that he was removed to St. Luke's
Hospital in St. Paul, where he died ten days later, October 15, 1904. He was 78 years of age. He was for eleven years President of the Church Club of Minnesota.

Judge Nelson married, November 3, 1858, Mrs. Emma F. Wright, daughter of Washington T. and Sarah A. (Fuller) Beebe, and had two daughters, of whom the younger is deceased. Mrs. Nelson died in 1886.

John Butler Talcott, brother of George Talcott (Yale 1855), and son of Seth and Charlotte Stout (Butler) Talcott, was born September 14, 1824, in Enfield, Conn, but at four years of age removed with his parents to West Hartford.

At graduation he was Salutatorian of the class. He then began the study of law in the office of Francis Fellows, Esq., defraying his expenses by teaching in the Hartford Female Seminary, and serving as clerk in the Probate Court. The following year he was Tutor in Middlebury College, and from 1848 to 1851 Tutor in Greek in Yale College. He was admitted to the Connecticut bar in the winter of 1848, after which he continued his studies with the expectation of practicing that profession, but circumstances induced him to enter active business.

In 1851 he went to New Britain and became an important factor in the development of that city. He engaged in the manufacture of knit goods with Mr. Seth J. North. The latter's interests were afterwards consolidated with the New Britain Knitting Company, of which Mr. Talcott was manager for fourteen years. In 1868 he organized the American Hosiery Company, of which he was Secretary and Treasurer and then President to the close of his life. He was actively interested in many other business corporations, being President of the Mechanics' National Bank of New Britain, and director of the New Britain Savings Bank, the Connecticut General Life Insurance Co., and the P. & F Corbin Hardware Co.

As a citizen he was honored with many offices. In 1876 he was a member of the Common Council, from 1877 to 1879 of the Board of Alderman, and for two terms was Mayor, his administration being considered one of the best in the history of the city. He was one of the original incorporators of the New Britain Institute, of which he was for many years President, and to which he also gave the "Talcott Art Fund." He was the first President of the New Britain Club. In many ways his
public spirit and high ideals were shown. He was for several years Vice-President of the Young Men's Christian Association, and from 1884 to the time of his death Deacon of the South Congregational Church. As a recreation from business he daily read Plato, Horace, or other favorite Greek or Latin author.

Mr. Talcott died after many months of illness at his home in New Britain, February 21, 1905, in the 81st year of his age.

He married, September 13, 1848, Miss Jane Croswell Goodwin, of West Hartford, who died in 1878. Of three sons and a daughter by this marriage, one son (Yale 1891) only is living. In 1880 Mr. Talcott married Miss Fannie Hall Hazen, who with two daughters survives him.

1847

JOHN CARPENTER ANGELL, son of Amasa and Mary (Ward) Angell, was born in Pleasant Valley, Dutchess County, N. Y., November 10, 1818, but entered college with his class from Clyde, Wayne County, N. Y.

After graduation he spent a year in traveling in the interests of the American Journal of Science for Professor Silliman, later prepared statistical and other matter for Hunt's Merchant's Magazine, and was for a time an assistant editor of the New York Whig Review.

In January, 1849, in company with Mark Hopkins, Dr. J. B. Stillman and others, he sailed by way of Cape Horn from New York to San Francisco, reaching there in August, after a voyage of one hundred and ninety-four days. He prospered as a merchant, but returned East after the fire of 1852. For the next twenty years he was in business in New York City. He was President of the Bell & Heath Coal Mining Co., and Trustee of the Clifton Iron Works and Clifton Steel Co., but met reverses and in 1876 returned to California. For a number of years he was General Manager for the Pacific Coast of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York. In 1885 and 1890 he was a Commissioner to the Presbyterian General Assembly. He was also influential in religious matters, being a Director of the Young Men's Christian Association of San Francisco, Trustee of the California Bible Society, and for nearly fifteen years conducting a large Bible class. He was a Ruling Elder in the Calvary Presbyterian Church, San Francisco, Cal.
Mr Angell died without disease or suffering at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., October 5, 1904, in the 86th year of his age. Several winters previous he had spent in Washington, D. C., and crossed the continent twelve times.

He married, October 19, 1854, Elizabeth Leonard, daughter of Stephen West Hyde, a merchant and farmer of Palmyra, N. Y., and granddaughter of Rev. Alvan Hyde, D.D. (Dartmouth 1788), of Lee, Mass., Vice-President of Williams College. She died in 1863 leaving two sons and a daughter, who survive. In December, 1868, he married Amelia, daughter of Lewis Ludington, of Carmel, Putnam County, N. Y., who died in 1870 leaving no issue.

SYLVANUS PRATT MARVIN, son of John and Lydia Hull (Pratt) Marvin, was born March 17, 1822, at Lyme, Conn., but at the age of 14 years moved with his father’s family to Deep River, in Saybrook, on the opposite bank of the Connecticut River, and from that place entered college.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Divinity School, at the same time teaching in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833). June 25, 1851, he was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church, Jamestown, N. Y., and remained there six years. Although declining settlement at Franklin, N. Y., he labored there three years, and at one time sixty persons united with the church. During his stay there he was instrumental in bringing the Congregational churches of the vicinity together into the Delaware Association. He was then at Torrington, Conn., for about four years, and February 22, 1865, was installed over the Congregational Church in Woodbridge, Conn., where he continued as pastor nearly forty years. In promoting the higher life of the community he was always an efficient helper, and he was especially loved as a pastor and friend.

His sermons on the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Woodbridge Congregational Church and on the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of his Pastorate there, also his Funeral Oration on Rev. James L. Willard of Westville, Conn., were printed.

Mr. Marvin died after a brief illness at the parsonage in Woodbridge, N. Y., November 24, 1904, at the age of 82 years.
He married May 27, 1851, Sylvina, daughter of Miles and Lucinda (Plumb) Buell, of Clinton, Conn. Mrs. Marvin died in Woodbridge January 20, 1902, but one of their two sons survives.

1848

George Langdon, son of Edward and Emeline (Gates) Langdon, was born August 4, 1826, at Plymouth, Conn. The year after graduation he went into business with Mr. L. P. Porter in Colchester, Conn., and in 1854 with four others started the Novelty Rubber Company, of which he was Secretary and a director, and which in 1855 located in New Brunswick, N. J. After residing in the latter place two years he returned to Plymouth. In 1869 he was one of the incorporators of the Plymouth Woolen Company, and Secretary, Treasurer, and a director. He was also a founder and director of the Thomaston Knife Company.

While living in Colchester he was elected one of the Board of School Visitors, and in 1853 a member of the Legislature, and after his return to Plymouth he was Acting School Visitor eight years, Selectman ten years, also Town Treasurer, and served the town in other offices. He was Deacon and Clerk of the Congregational Church, and Superintendent of the Sunday School.

For many years he was occupied with various forms of service to the State. During the Civil War he was appointed by Governor Buckingham a commissioner to secure the enlistment of colored men in Connecticut regiments. In 1872 and 1873 he was a trustee of the Reform School at Meriden. Having joined the Connecticut Sunday School Association upon its organization in 1859, for over forty years he was an efficient worker in the Association, assisting in starting many Sunday Schools and at numerous conventions. He was County Secretary, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and during his later years an honorary life member of the Executive Committee.

Mr. Langdon died of chronic gastritis at his home in Plymouth May 28, 1905, in the 79th year of his age.

He married, September 3, 1851, Elizabeth A., daughter of Russell and Anna (Stevens) Carrington, of Colchester, who survives him with two of their five sons and one daughter. The eldest son graduated from Yale University in 1877.
THOMAS RUGGLES GOLD PECK, son of John Peck, a merchant of New York City, and Mary S. Peck, residing in Brooklyn, N. Y., was born at the home of his grandfather, Hon Thomas Ruggles Gold (Yale 1786) in Whitesboro, N. Y., February 28, 1827.

After graduation he studied at Princeton Theological Seminary over a year and at Union Seminary two years, and then spent a year abroad. He was ordained by the Reformed (Dutch) Classis of New York on April 18, 1854, and for five years thereafter was pastor of the Reformed (Dutch) Church in Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., and then for about the same length of time of the Huguenot Church, Charleston, S. C. During the last year of the War he ran the blockade, and coming North, was for seventeen years pastor at Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Closing his work there in 1882, he was for ten years pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Waterville, Oneida County, N. Y. After this he supplied the pulpit of the Memorial Presbyterian Church in St. Augustine, Fla., for a time, and since 1894 had been pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Pott Jefferson, N. Y.

Mr. Peck had crossed the Atlantic Ocean about forty times, and lived for several months in Palestine, Egypt and Greece, and visited Iceland, Morocco, and the Sandwich Islands. He wrote descriptions of his journeys for newspapers, and in his earlier life contributed to Harper's Magazine, Frank Leslie's and The Independent, and was Associate Editor of the New York Observer for a time.

He died after an illness of five weeks at the Methodist Episcopal (Seney) Hospital in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 18, 1905, in the 78th year of his age.

He married September 8, 1859, Susan J., daughter of Barnet and Susan (Conklin) Egbert, of Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., and had three sons, who with Mrs. Peck survive him.

THOMAS CICERO PINCKARD, son of William and Sarah Spratlin (Calloway) Pinckard, was born in Forsyth, Ga., August 23, 1826, and entered the Junior class from Trinity College, Chapel Hill, N. C.

After graduation he resided in Tuskegee, Ala., until 1868, except for about two years from 1860 to 1862, when he was in Montgomery. In 1868 he removed to Greenville, Ala.
He studied law with Hon. William P. Chilton, was admitted to the bar in October, 1848, and practiced until the end of 1854. He then opened a private school for boys, which he conducted for twenty years. Since 1873 his home had been in Opelika, Ala., where he served for eight years as a member of the Board of Education, and four years as Mayor. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church about thirty years.

Mr Pinckard died at Opelika October 16, 1904, at the age of 78 years.

He married, June 22, 1852, Mary Ellen, daughter of Edward F. and Catherine (Irby) Comegys, of Montgomery, and had four sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and one daughter are living.

During the Civil War Mr. Pinckard served in the Fourteenth Alabama Regiment, and one son (Univ. Ala. 1886) was Major of the Second Regiment, United States Volunteer Engineers, in the Spanish-American War in 1898.

1849

Augustus Brandegee, son of John and Mary Ann (Deshon) Brandegee, and brother of Rev. John Jacob Brandegee, D.D. (Yale 1843), was born at New London, Conn., June 15, 1828.

After graduation he spent a year in the law office of Hon. Andrew C. Lippitt (Amherst 1837) in New London, studied in the Yale Law School for a year, and then practiced in partnership with Mr. Lippitt until 1854. In 1887, his son (Yale 1885) became his partner, and in 1892 he formed the law firm of Brandegee, Noyes & Brandegee.

Mr. Brandegee held many important political positions. In 1854 he was elected a Representative in the Connecticut Legislature, of which he continued a member until 1857. After two years of service as Judge of the City Court of New London, he was again a member of the House of Representatives till 1861, in the latter year being Speaker of that body.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was active in raising troops, and was an effective speaker at patriotic gatherings. From 1863 to 1867 he was a member of the National House of Representatives at Washington. In 1871 and 1872 he was Mayor of New London, and in 1886 was City Attorney. In 1860 he was a State Presidential Elector, in 1864, 1880, and 1884 a del-
egate to the Republican National Conventions, at the two latter being Chairman of the Connecticut Delegation.

Mr Brandegee died after an illness of several months, at his home in New London, November 10, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

He married, in September, 1854, Miss Nancie Christina Bosworth, of Lee, Mass., and had two sons and two daughters. Mrs Brandegee died March 27, 1881, and one son and one daughter are also deceased. The surviving son was formerly Speaker of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and has been elected Senator in the Congress of the United States.

1850

THOMAS DYER CONYNGHAM, son of Hon. John Nesbitt Conyngham, LL D (Univ. Pa 1817), President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Luzerne County, Pa., from 1850 to 1871, was born at Wilkes-Barré, the capital of that county, December 11, 1831.

For two years after graduation he was a civil engineer on the Pennsylvania (Central) Railroad, and for four years in the same capacity on the Northern Pennsylvania Railroad, residing successively at Coopersburg, Helentown and Easton. For many years from 1857 he was engaged in the coal business, and was a member of the firm of Broderick & Co., who were large operators in coal and iron in Pennsylvania, Virginia and New Jersey. During a portion of this time his home was at Wilkes-Barré. In later years he was in business in New York City, living at New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., where he died November 7, 1904, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, June 5, 1856, Harriet McKee, daughter of Peter S. Michler, of Easton, Pa., and had two sons and two daughters, of whom one son died in infancy. Mrs Conyngham died at New Brighton, S. I., November 11, 1899. A brother graduated from Yale College in the class of 1846.

1851

HENRY DYER WHITE, eldest of the seven sons of Henry White (Yale 1821) and Martha (Sherman) White, was born September 24, 1830, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his father, and of General Dennis Kimberly (Yale 1812) and John S. Beach
LL.D. (Yale 1839), and a year in the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the bar in 1854, and since then had practiced his profession in New Haven, for many years in partnership with three of his brothers, continuing the system of abstracts of land titles started by his father and regarded as authoritative upon the ownership of land in New Haven. He was the friend and trusted counselor of many, and was especially occupied with the settlement of estates and the care of trust funds. Mr. White was a trustee of the New Haven Savings Bank for fifty years and its attorney, also a director of the New Haven County National Bank. He was Class Secretary from graduation.

Although in ill health for three years past, he was able to attend to his business until a few days before his death, which occurred from heart disease at the home of his daughter, May 4, 1905, in the 75th year of his age.

Mr. White married, June 4, 1863, Julia Flewelling, daughter of John Parker and Eliza (Tallmadge) White, of Philadelphia, who died August 16, 1875. One of their two daughters, with whom he spent two years in Colorado, died there in 1891. The other daughter survives him. Five brothers, all graduates of Yale College, in 1854, 1859, 1860, 1864, and 1866, respectively, are also living.

1852

DAVID SKINNER BIGELOW, son of Jonathan Gates and Hope (Skinner) Bigelow, was a lifelong resident of Colchester, Conn., and was born in that part of the town called Westchester, April 3, 1829.

After graduation he returned to Colchester, where he had since carried on an extensive grazing farm. In 1863 he represented the town in the State Legislature. He served the town as Selectman, and as school visitor from the year after graduation for forty years, and was also chairman of the board of trustees of Bacon Academy. He was a trustee of the Colchester Savings Bank and a director of the National Bank of New England at East Haddam. In 1863 he united with the Westchester Congregational Church, was clerk of the society thirty years, and superintendent of the Sunday School nineteen years.

Mr. Bigelow died, May 8, 1905, at the age of 76 years, from the effects of an injury received about twenty-five years previously while riding.
He married, November 9, 1852, Abby Mandana, daughter of Revilo Cone and Mandana (Robbins) Usher, and had four sons, of whom three with Mrs Bigelow survive him. The eldest son is the Class Boy of 1852.

Cyrus Lyman Hall, son of Daniel and Philena (Lyman) Hall, was born in Perry, Wyoming County, N.Y., September 17, 1824. He prepared himself for college while teaching school, and entered at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught at Woodbury, Conn., and Fordham, N.Y., at the same time studying law, and was admitted to the bar at Brooklyn, N.Y., October 1, 1854. He began the practice of his profession in Batavia, N.Y., but in 1856 removed to Hudson, St Croix County, Wis. In 1858–59 he was District Attorney for that county, and from 1862 to 1870 County Judge. On his return to practice he gave special attention to real estate matters. In 1892 he entered the United States Bureau of Pensions at Washington, D.C., engaging in work for which his experience as judge and lawyer had especially fitted him. He continued his labors in the midst of congenial surroundings until August, 1904, when he left Washington for a visit to the home of his son in Owen, Clark County, Wis., where he died the following month, September 22, 1904, at the age of 80 years.

He married, May 1, 1854, Josephine Bacon, daughter of Theodore Walter Walker, of Woodbury, Conn., and had two sons, — of whom the elder died in infancy,— and one daughter. Mrs. Hall died December 4, 1897, after many years of invalidism.

Moses Smith was born in Hebron, Conn., August 16, 1830, the youngest of the five children of Deacon Nathan and Jerusha (Ashley) Smith.

After graduation he taught in Westfield (Mass.) Academy, where he had received part of his preparation for college, and in Chester, Conn., for three years, and then entered Andover Theological Seminary. He spent a year in the Yale Theological Seminary under Dr Nathaniel W. Taylor, after which he returned to Andover and graduated in 1859. He was licensed to preach in May, 1857, and during the revivals of that year and the following labored with much success at Ansonia and Farmington, Conn. At the latter he declined the associate pastorate with Rev. Dr Noah Porter (Yale 1803), and began the study of
medicine with a view to missionary work in Africa, but his health proved inadequate for that. On September 22, 1859, he was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational church in Plainville, Conn. Feeling it his duty to enter the army in defence of the Union, he was given leave of absence by the church, and in August, 1863, was enrolled in Company A, 8th Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. He declined the offer of a lieutenancy, and enlisted as a private, but in December was unanimously elected Chaplain. In this position he served two years, always accompanying his regiment on the march or in the field. He was in front of Richmond in 1864, and entered that city with the first troops in April, 1865, and he shared in the battles of Bermuda Hundred, Drury's Bluff, Cold Harbor, and Fort Harrison. In the summer of 1865 he was on detached service under the Freedman's Bureau, and then returned to Plainville, where he continued as pastor until March 31, 1869.

He was installed as the first pastor of the Leavitt Street Congregational Church, Chicago, Ill., on May 3 of that year, and remained until the close of 1873, the membership of the church greatly increasing during that time. During two years of this pastorate he was Secretary of the Western Education Society. In the "Great Fire" of October, 1871, all the members of the church except two were burned out. Mr. Smith took an active part in the relief work of the city.

He declined a unanimous call to the Tabernacle Church in Chicago, and on January 1, 1874, became pastor of the First Congregational Church, Jackson, Mich. After five years of service there, he was settled over the Woodward Avenue Church, in Detroit, where he remained nearly nine years, and for the years following was at Glencoe, a suburb of Chicago, leaving to the great regret of all only after he had entirely lost his sight. He subsequently served as pastor at Garden Prairie, Ill., about eighteen months. He was an active temperance worker, and in his churches and in the army organized temperance societies. He was a Trustee of Olivet College from 1876 to 1878, and of Chicago Theological Seminary from 1885 to 1891, and a corporate member of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions since 1876.

He was Moderator of the State Association of Michigan in 1882, three times a delegate to the National Council of Congregational Churches, and a delegate from the Chicago churches to
the unveiling of the memorial tablet to Rev. John Robinson, in Leyden, Holland.

He was the author of the volumes "A Voice in the Great Conflict," Hartford, 1863, and "Questions of the Ages," Chicago, 1888, but besides these only two or three sermons and addresses were printed.

Mr. Smith died at his home, which he had built in Chicago, November 30, 1904, at the age of 74 years.

He married, June 12, 1860, Emily Austin, daughter of Deacon Marcus White, a merchant of Marengo, McHenry County, Ill., who survives him. She is a trustee of Mount Holyoke College. Their only child, a son, died in infancy in 1875, but they brought up three orphan children.

1853

Charles Ferdinand Dowd, son of Wyllys Wedworth and Rebecca (Graves) Dowd, was born in Madison, Conn., April 25, 1825. His father's business failure in 1842 delayed his preparation for college, and with the exception of two winters of district school teaching he worked for his father at the trade of shoemaking until he became of age, after which he studied under Rev. William W. Woodworth, D.D. (Yale 1838), then pastor in Berlin, Conn. He entered the class of 1852, but at the close of the first term his resources failed, and he did not return to college until the following year, then joining the next class. His course was much interrupted by teaching during the winters, but he received the degree of Master of Arts and enrollment with his class in 1856.

In the fall of 1853 he became Principal of the Preparatory Department of Newton University, Baltimore, Md., and later Professor of Mathematics in his Collegiate Department. From 1855 to 1857 he was Superintendent of the city schools in Waterbury, Conn., and Principal of the High School. The next year he was Associate Principal of the State Normal School in New Britain, and then returned for another year as Superintendent in Waterbury. From 1860 to 1868 he was Principal of the North Granville (N. Y.) Ladies' Seminary, and since then President, and until his retirement also Principal, of Temple Grove Seminary, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

While engaged in teaching he pursued theological studies and in February, 1863, was licensed to preach by the Troy (N. Y.)
Presbytery, and just two years later was ordained by the same Presbytery as an evangelist; but with teaching he found no time for a pastorate. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from New York University in 1888, and the same year was made a Fellow of the Society of Science, Letters and Arts of London.

In the fall of 1869 he presented the subject of Standard Time to a convention of railway officials in New York City, and afterwards to other similar conventions in Boston, Atlanta and elsewhere, and by characteristic persistency succeeded in having the system as originated and worked out by him adopted by the railroads in 1883. He wrote several works on the subject.

Dr. Dowd was instantly killed by a railway train at a street crossing in Saratoga Springs, November 12, 1904. He was in the 80th year of his age. He united with the Congregational Church in Madison, Conn., at the age of 12 years.

He married, October 6, 1852, Harriet Miriam, daughter of Edmund and Maria (Wilcox) North of Berlin, Conn., and a graduate of Mount Holyoke Seminary in 1851. Their golden wedding was celebrated in 1902. Mrs. Dowd survives him, also four sons and two daughters.

One son graduated from Williams College in 1876, and another in 1885, and a grandson from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1900. A daughter is the widow of Lewis A. James (Williams 1885), the other daughter the wife of Colonel James W. Lester (Union 1899).

In his memory a bronze tablet has been placed on the interior wall of the Second Presbyterian Church of Saratoga Springs by the Temple Grove Association.

William Thacher Gilbert, son of Luther and Mary Ann (Thacher) Gilbert, was born May 16, 1829, in New Haven, Conn. After graduation he studied theology three years in the Yale Divinity School, and then entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1857 he was admitted to the New York East Conference, and the same year began his service at West Granby, Conn. After a year he was stationed at East Granby, and then successively at Wilton, South Britain, and Burlington, Conn. During 1864 and 1865 he was engaged in missionary and educational work at New Orleans, La. For the next twenty years he was pastor at Cheshire, Warren, Naugatuck, Southbury,
Nichols' Farm, Cornwall Bridge and New Milford, Conn., and Pound Ridge, N. Y. From 1886 to 1889 he was at Stepney, Conn., 1889 to 1891 at Pleasant Valley and Colebrook River, 1891 to 1893 at Stamford, and 1893 to 1895 at Newtown, Conn. In 1895 he retired from active work in the ministry, and had since resided with his daughter at New Milford. In 1902 he preached the semi-centennial sermon in the Methodist Church there. During his later years he was treasurer of the church, and occasionally rendered pastoral service. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives from Southbury in 1868, and in 1868-69 was Town Clerk of that town.

Mr. Gilbert died of apoplexy at his home in New Milford, October 1, 1904, at the age of 75 years.

He married, March 6, 1856, Harriet L., daughter of Elias and Lavinia (Newman) Gilbert, of Ridgefield, Conn., and had four daughters, all of whom survive him. Mrs. Gilbert died in 1894.

Joseph Olds, son of Hon. Edson Baldwin Olds, Speaker of the Ohio Senate in 1848, and Representative in Congress from 1849 to 1855, and of Anna Maria (Carolus) Olds, was born April 15, 1832, in Circleville, O. After graduation he studied law a year in Circleville, then entered the Harvard Law School, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1856. He began practice in Circleville, and resided there until May, 1873, during the last five years of that time being Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Fifth Judicial District. On retiring from office he removed to Columbus, O., and practiced there until his death, January 31, 1905, in the 73d year of his age.

He married, December 30, 1858, Miss Eliza P. Scott, of Portsmouth, O., who died the following summer, leaving no children. In 1866 he married Mary, daughter of William Marshall and Eliza (McAuthur) Anderson, of Chillicothe, who died in 1897. Then two sons and four daughters are all living.

Henry Putnam Stearns, son of Asa and Mary (Putnam) Stearns, was born April 18, 1828, in Sutton, Mass. After graduation he studied a year each in the Harvard and Yale Medical Schools, receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the latter in 1855. He spent a year in further study in Paris and Edinburgh, becoming House Surgeon at the Royal
Infirmary in the latter city. In the autumn of 1857 he began practice in Marlboro, Mass., and in 1860 removed to Hartford, Conn.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was appointed Surgeon of the First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was at the first battle of Bull Run. After the expiration of the three months' service he was appointed Brigade Surgeon of Volunteers in the Department of the West. He was Medical Director on the staff of General Grant during the winter of 1861–62, and the following spring became Medical Director of the right wing of the Army of the Tennessee. He was with General Grant at the battles of Belmont, Fort Henry, Fort Donelson and Shiloh. He was afterward on detached duty as Inspector of United States Hospitals at St. Louis, and then Medical Director at Paducah, Ky. He built and equipped a hospital at Jeffersonville, Ind., and was then made Medical Director of the north wing of the Army of the Tennessee at Nashville, where he had an average of 10,000 patients under his charge. At the end of the war he was mustered out of service with the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel. He declined a permanent position in the medical department of the United States Army, and in January, 1866, returned to Hartford and resumed a general practice, which constantly increased during the next eight years.

In January, 1874, he was appointed Physician and Superintendent of the Retreat for the Insane, and in the performance of his exacting duties showed conscientiousness, wisdom, energy, and a progressive spirit. After a service of over thirty-one years he retired on account of age, March 31, 1905, but continued as a director of the Retreat. He held a leading place among the specialists of the country on mental diseases, and appeared as an expert in many medico-legal cases. He was Lecturer on Insanity in the Yale Medical School from 1876 to 1897.

Dr. Stearns was the author of the two volumes, “Insanity; its Causes and Prevention” and “Mental Diseases,” a pamphlet entitled “Expert Testimony in the Case of the United States against Guiteau,” portions of the “Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion,” and monographs on a variety of topics. He compiled most of the records of the Increase Stearns family.

He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society, of the Hartford Medical Society, and of the American Medico-
Psychological Association, an honorary member of the British Medico-Psychological Association, and President of the Yale Medical Alumni Association. He was a Director of the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co, the Travellers Insurance Co., the Hartford Electric Light Co., and the Connecticut Humane Society, and Trustee of the Hartford Trust Co and the Connecticut Institute for the Blind. For thirty years past he had been a Deacon of the Center Church, and was also a member of the prudential committee.

Dr. Stearns died after several months of failing health at his home in Hartford, May 27, 1905, at the age of 77 years.

He married, September 29, 1857, Annie Elizabeth, daughter of Captain James and Elizabeth Storer, of Dumfries, Scotland, and had two sons and a daughter, of whom the latter died in childhood. The elder son was graduated from Williams College in 1881 and from the Yale Law School in 1884.

1854

Edward Payson Buffett, son of Judge William Platt Buffett (Yale 1812) and Nancy (Rogers) Buffett, was born at Smithtown, Long Island, N. Y., November 7, 1833.

After graduation from Yale he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and received therefrom the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1857. The following year he settled in Bergen, N. J., which later became a part of Jersey City, and had since continued in practice there. For over fifteen years he was visiting physician and surgeon of the Hudson County (now Christ) Hospital, and for nearly twenty years visiting surgeon of the City Hospital of Jersey City. He was a member of the Bergen and Jersey City Boards of Education for a number of years, and an Elder in the Reformed (Dutch) Church.

Dr. Buffett died of heart disease at his home in Jersey City, September 9, 1904, in the 71st year of his age.

He married, April 20, 1864, Catherine Lewis, daughter of Walter M. Smith, of New York City, but her death occurred less than six months later. In June, 1872, he married Alletta, daughter of Cornelius C. Van Reypen, of Jersey City Heights. She died in 1873, leaving a son, who graduated from Stevens Institute of Technology in 1894, and from the New York Law School in 1897.

Dr. Buffett was the author of one book, a work of fiction, and of occasional magazine articles on professional and other topics.
EDWARD CORNELIUS DUBois, son of Cornelius and Julia A. (Moore) DuBois, was born in Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County, N. Y., February 2, 1831.

After graduation he was a Civil Engineer on the Great Western Railroad of Canada for the first two years, and then on the Detroit & Milwaukee Railroad. In the fall of 1857 he went to Chili, where he was engaged in engineering work for eight years. After a short stay in the United States he was employed on public works in Mexico, but owing to disturbed conditions in that country he was obliged to spend the first year in the City of Mexico. In 1868 he again returned home, and after remaining two years went to Panama, where he was occupied in bridge estimates for the Panama Railroad, and was later Superintendent. After another visit to the United States he spent the remainder of his life in Peru, where he devoted himself most successfully to railroad building and management, and built a stately residence in Lima. He retired from active work as an engineer some ten years ago, but continued to reside in Lima until his death, May 25, 1903, at the age of 72 years. He was buried in Lima. He was a Roman Catholic for many years.

Mr. DuBois married, August 2, 1873, Manuela Emilia Gonzales y Orbegoso, daughter of Vincente Gonzales Pinellos, and had five daughters and a son, who with their mother survive him. The four elder daughters and son received their education in the United States.

EDWARD WILBERFORCE LAMBERT, son of William Gage and Sarah (Perley) Lambert, was born in Boston, Mass., February 15, 1831. When fifteen years of age he entered a store in Boston, but after three years of experience in business went to Northampton, Mass., where he was prepared for college in the classical school of Lewis J. Dudley (Yale 1838), and joined the class at the beginning of Sophomore year. During Senior year his father removed to New York City.

After graduation he at once began the study of medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now a department of Columbia University). In 1856 he spent six months in European travel, and received his medical diploma in the spring of 1857. During the succeeding fifteen months he served as assistant and House Physician in Bellevue Hospital. On September 1, 1858, he began the general practice of medicine in New York City, and acquired
a high reputation as a physician. For some years he was an attending physician at St Luke’s Hospital and the Nursery and Child’s Hospital, and was President of the Medical Board and one of the governors of the Society of the Lying-in Hospital of New York City. His home for over thirty years was at 2 East 37th street, but in 1902 he removed to 126 East 39th street. During most of this time he had also a summer residence at New Canaan, Conn.

Upon the organization of the Equitable Life Assurance Society in 1859, he was appointed Medical Examiner, and had since continued at the head of that department of the company. For a time he was also examining physician for other insurance companies, but later he was made Medical Director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, with supervision of all examiners at home and abroad, and gave his entire time to the work.

Dr Lambert died after a week’s illness from heart disease, at his home in New York City, July 17, 1904, at the age of 73 years. He was a member of the Broadway Tabernacle.

He married, at Dorchester, Mass., September 9, 1858, Martha Melcher, daughter of Samuel W. Waldion, and had four sons and six daughters, of whom the sons and four of the daughters are living. The sons graduated from Yale College, respectively, in 1880, 1884, 1886 and 1893, and three of them are practicing physicians in New York City. One daughter married Dickinson W. Richards (Yale 1880). Another married William Ransom Barbour (Yale 1880), and a third married Knight Dexter Cheney (Yale 1892).

Adrian Van Sinderen, son of William Henry and Lydia Matilda (Howard) Van Sinderen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 13, 1833.

After graduation he studied law in New York City, was admitted to the bar in February, 1857, and for nearly thirty-five years practiced his profession in that city, and was for many years an honored citizen of Brooklyn. He was for twenty-five years Director of the Brooklyn Library and for eight years President of the Board, also for three years a member of the Board of Education of that city. Since 1891 he had lived abroad. He died of pneumonia in Berlin, Germany, February 7, 1905, in the 72d year of his age.
He married, January 22, 1856, Laura Boorman, daughter of George Leslie and Martha J. (Watson) Sampson of Brooklyn. She died in February, 1872, after a long period of failing health, during which Mr. Van Sinderen spent nearly three years in Europe with her without permanent benefit to her condition. Two sons survive, the younger being a graduate of the Columbia School of Mines in 1881 and of the Columbia Law School in 1883.

1855

John Anketell, son of John Anketell and Augusta Abigail (Mills) Anketell, was born on the present site of the Yale Law School in New Haven, Conn., March 8, 1835.

After graduation he studied over a year in Yale Theological Seminary and was licensed to preach March 4, 1857, and then spent a year in Germany at the University of Halle. After a year at Andover Theological Seminary and further research he entered Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., and was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Williams December 29, 1859, and Priest December 22, 1860. From that time until 1868 he was rector of St. Luke's, Darien, Conn., St. Paul's, Windham, Conn., St. James's, Winsted, Conn., and St. Paul's, Havana, New York. While rector at Havana he was also Professor of Languages in the Masonic College in that place.

In 1868 he revisited Germany, and was the founder and first rector of St. John's (American) Church, at Dresden, Saxony.

On his return to the United States he was for some time in charge of the Church of the Advent in Boston, was rector of St. Peter's Church, Oxford, Conn., and for two years assistant rector of St. Thomas's Church, New York City, resigning the latter charge to become Professor of Hebrew and Greek Exegesis in Seabury Divinity School, Faribault, Minn. From 1878 to 1880 he was rector of Christ Church, Austin, Minn., from 1880 to 1882 of St. Mark's Church, Newcastle, Mt. Kisco, New York, from 1884 to 1886 Chaplain at St. Barnabas' Church, New York City, and in 1886-87 at Bellevue Hospital. He continued to reside in New York City until 1891, when he became rector of St. Luke's Church, Fair Haven, Vt., resigning to accept a call to St. Andrew's Church, Walden, New York. In 1903 he was appointed rector of Christ Church, West Burlington, New York.
Mr Anketelli was known as a hymnologist, linguist and poet. His hymns and translations were first published largely in the Church Standard of Philadelphia, The Living Church, Milwaukee, and the Church Eclectic of New York, and his translations into English of the hymns for the Moravian Church in The Moravian of Bethlehem, Pa. He published “Gospel and Epistle Hymns for the Christian Year” in 1890 and “Student Life in Germany” in 1894. His prize essay on “Marriage and its Impediments” was published in the Church Eclectic in 1886. He was the author of the Centennial Poem for the celebration of the capture of Major André at Tarrytown, N. Y., in 1880, of the “Inauguration Hymn” of President Cleveland in 1885, and of many articles and poems in magazines and papers.

For the last fifteen years of his life he was associate editor of the Christian Year Calendar, and his translations from the Greek for the Calendar of the Liturgy of St John Chrysostom and the Liturgy of St. James were highly commended by able scholars. He was regarded as an authority on the subject of liturgies. Mr Anketelli died of pneumonia at West Burlington, Otsego County, N. Y., March 9, 1905, the day after his birthday anniversary, at the age of 70 years.

He married at St. Thomas’s Church, New Haven, Conn., April 24, 1860, Marie Louise, daughter of Joseph D. and Susan M. (Sutton) Butterfield, of Montrose, Pa. Mrs. Anketelli died one week after the death of her husband. They had two sons (of whom the elder died in infancy), and one daughter. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1864.

Henry Anderson Dickinson, son of Henry Anderson and Julia (Ferry) Dickinson, was born at Granby, Mass., June 27, 1833.

After graduation he taught a year each in West Hartford, Conn., New York City, and Binghamton, N. Y., and then entered Andover Theological Seminary. Graduating thence in 1861, he was for over a year acting pastor at Wellesley, Mass., and from the spring of 1863 to 1865 at Vermilionville, Ill. He was ordained at Tonica, Ill., October 16, 1863. In 1867 he was installed pastor of the Congregational Church at Chester Center, Mass., where he continued for ten years, and during the five years following was acting pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Huntington. Ill health then forced him to give up
preaching for two or three years, but he continued to reside in Huntington, and was afterward able to preach, temporarily supplying the pulpits of several different churches in neighboring towns. He was always active in all the higher interests of the community.

Mr. Dickinson died of heart disease at his home in Huntington July 14, 1904, at the age of 71 years.

He married, December 12, 1865, at Vermilionville, Ill., Sarah A., daughter of James S. Bullock, M.D., and Nancy (Barrows) Bullock, and had four sons, all of whom survive him. Mrs. Dickinson died June 1, 1902.

Jarvis King Mason, son of John and Achsah (Terry) Mason, was born at Enfield, Conn., November 8, 1831.

After graduation he taught a year and a half in Buffalo, N. Y., Bucyrus, O., and Richmond, Tex., during the vacations traveling extensively in the West and Southwest, and then spent two years in charge of the Male Academy in Carthage, Miss., and also began the study of medicine.

On returning North he continued his medical studies with Dr. Clarke, of Whitinsville, Mass., and Dr. William Warren Greene (M.D. Univ. Mich. 1855) of Portland, Me., and meanwhile also attended two courses of lectures in the Medical Department of Harvard University, from which he received his medical degree in March, 1861. Two months later he began the practice of medicine and surgery in Suffield, Conn., which he continued there for forty-three years.

He was appointed Medical Examiner of the town under the statute of 1883 and so remained to the close of his life, was health officer for ten years from 1893 and town physician for several years from 1895. He was also Medical Examiner for a number of leading insurance companies. He was President of the Hartford County Health Officers' Association in 1897 and 1898, and President of the Hartford County Medical Association in 1897, Fellow of the Connecticut Medical Association, and a delegate from Hartford County to the American Medical Association. He was a frequent contributor to medical journals.

He was active in forwarding public improvements, and had been a director of the Kent Library Association from its foundation in 1884. He was a member of the First Congregational Church.
Dr. Mason married, at Monson, Mass., June 23, 1863, Mrs. Mrya R. Reynolds, widow of James L. Reynolds, Jr., and daughter of Jonathan and Caroline (King) Homer, who died the following spring. In September, 1873, he married Clara K., daughter of Edward and Clarissa (Kendall) Halliday, of Suffield, Conn. She died in 1876, and in October, 1877, he married Mary L., daughter of Rev. Lucius R. Eastman (Amherst 1833) and Sarah (Belden) Eastman, of Amherst, Mass., who survives him. By the second marriage he had two daughters, one of whom is living, and by his last marriage two daughters and a son, all living, the son having graduated from Trinity College in 1901.

Dr. Mason died of paralysis at his home in Suffield, April 8, 1905, at the age of 73 years.

1856

David Plunket Richardson, son of William Plunket Richardson, M.D. (Union 1811) and Mary (Porter) Richardson, was born in Macedon, Wayne County, N.Y., May 28, 1833, and entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught in Angelica, Allegany County, N.Y., till April, 1859, and then entered the law office of Rawson & Stebbins, in Rochester, N.Y., where he was admitted to the bar in December of the same year and practiced for nearly two years. He then enlisted in the Union Army, was made First Lieutenant of the Sixth New York Cavalry, and during the last two years of the Civil War was a member of the staff of the Corps Commander. In this position he took part in most of the battles of the Army of the Potomac under Generals Stoneman, Pleasanton, and Gregg, and received the thanks of each for his skill, energy and bravery.

After the war he practiced law in Cincinnati, O., as a member of the firm of Richardson & Lloyd, but in 1866 removed to Angelica, Allegany County, N.Y., and was for many years the acknowledged leader of the bar of that county. He was a member of the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh National Congresses, in the former serving on the Civil Service Reform Committee, and in the latter on the Committees on Indian Affairs and on Rivers and Harbors.

Mr. Richardson was an attractive and forcible speaker, with a rich, melodious voice, and delivered many able addresses on Memorial days and other occasions.
He died of heart disease in Angelica, June 21, 1904, at the age of 71 years.

He married, September 30, 1863, at Angelica, Julia Starr, daughter of Honorable Ransom Lloyd, for many years Presiding Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and Julia (Starr) Lloyd, and had three sons, who with Mrs. Richardson survive him. The sons are Law School graduates, respectively of Cornell, Columbian (now George Washington), and Buffalo Universities.

1857

William Edward Hulbert, elder son of William Edward Hulbert (Yale 1824) and Mary Gray (Huntington) Hulbert, was born in Middletown, Conn., May 19, 1834. He entered college with the class of 1856, but was obliged to leave at the close of the second term of Sophomore year. He reentered college in May of the next year, and completed his course with the class of 1857.

After graduation he taught in the Collegiate and Commercial Institute of General William H. Russell (Yale 1833) in New Haven four years, and then in a private school in Middletown till the spring of 1869. For ten years following he was Secretary and Treasurer of the J. & E. Stevens Manufacturing Company of Cromwell, Conn., and then was for five years engaged in manufacturing in Middletown. From 1884 to 1887 he was Superintendent of Public Schools in Middletown, and afterwards Secretary of the Silver-Plated Ware Association, with office at Cromwell.

Mr. Hulbert died of paralysis at his home in Cromwell, November 12, 1904, at the age of 70 years.

He married, June 3, 1869, Jessie, daughter of Dr. Robert Mathison (Wesleyan 1841) and Rebecca (Disbrow) Mathison, who survives him without children. Two nephews graduated from the University in 1898, one from the Sheffield Scientific School and the other from the Medical Department.

1858

Leavitt Howe, son of Fisher and Elizabeth (Leavitt) Howe, was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., November 24, 1836.

After graduation he spent several months studying agriculture in West Cornwall, Conn., and April 1, 1859, began farming on a tract of one hundred and forty acres near Princeton, N.J., which he improved with rare skill and taste. This continued to be his home. In January, 1885, he was chosen Vice-President of the
Princeton Bank He was a trustee of the First Presbyterian Church

Mr. Howe died of heart failure, July 19, 1904, at the age of 67 years.

He married, April 11, 1866, Rosalie, daughter of Colonel Alexander McWhorter and Emily (Hornblower) Cumming, and granddaughter of Chief Justice Joseph C. Hornblower of New Jersey, who survives him. Of their two sons and two daughters, one son and one daughter are deceased.

1860

William Edward Bradley, son of Edson and Sarah Frances (Scribner) Bradley, was born at New Canaan, Conn., May 27, 1840

During the year after graduation he taught school in Southport, but in the fall of 1861, upon his enlistment in the United States army, he was appointed First Lieutenant of Company B of the Thirteenth Connecticut Volunteers, in October, 1863, was promoted to the rank of Captain, and after four years of service was honorably discharged, August 24, 1865. He was on duty at Ship Island, New Orleans and Port Hudson, accompanied Banks's ill-fated expedition up the Red River, was transferred to the Shenandoah Valley, then in turn to Savannah, Newburn and Augusta, Ga., where he resigned.

During the winter after the war he made a business trip to Louisiana and Texas for his father, with whom he was engaged for several years afterward in the sale of foreign and domestic woolens in New York City. Soon after 1870 he removed to Frankfort, Ky., and became General Manager of the W. A. Gaines Co. Corporation, doing a wholesale whiskey business, and continued with the company and its successors till the close of his life. He was also Assistant Treasurer of the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company from the time of its formation in 1899. He devised improvements in distilling which have been generally adopted in the business.

Mr. Bradley died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Frankfort, February 16, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.

He married, in 1872, Miss Tedesco Hall, of Perth Amboy, N. J., who died in 1889, leaving no children. He afterward married Mary L., daughter of Thomas Theodore and Mary (Weir) Hawkins of Frankfort, who survives him with two sons.
JOHN HOWARD, son of Davis Howard, of West Bridgewater, Mass., and Martha (Southworth) Howard, was born in Boston, Mass., February 22, 1838. He was the seventh of nine children, five of whom died in childhood. His father died when he was eight years of age.

After graduation he taught music in Bath, Me., and Woodstock, Vt., and then served for about six months in the Union army, as a private in the Twelfth Massachusetts Regiment. He spent part of the years 1867 and 1868 in Germany, studying music in Leipsic, and on his return was organist of the First Presbyterian Church, Utica, N. Y., and then resided for a number of years in the West, part of the time in Kansas City, Mo., and about 1870 in Fort Wayne, Ind., and then for a number of years in Boston, where he taught in a conservatory. After a tour through the southern states he settled in New York City, teaching music and also using a system of correspondence lessons. Under the guidance of his classmate, Dr. Francis Delafield, he made a thorough study of anatomy as bearing on voice production, and as a result of his investigations read before the Music Teachers' National Association in 1879 and 1882 papers on "The Vocal Process" and "Respiratory Control." He published in 1886 his "Physiology of Artistic Singing," and just before his death had corrected the last chapters of a new volume, "Expression in Singing." He also wrote a few songs, and for a number of years was a critic for the Musical Courier.

While crossing 60th street, near Broadway, New York City, Mr. Howard was knocked down by a truck, receiving a compound fracture of the skull from which he died at Roosevelt Hospital, October 3, 1904, at the age of 66 years.

He married, April 23, 1867, in Leipsic, Germany, Anna Bonora, daughter of John and Jane (Bonom) Hawood, of London, Eng. She died in Joppa Village, Elmwood, Mass., in February, 1868, and their infant daughter a few months later. In 1880 he married Miss Cicily C. Carboniss, of Williamson County, Tex., who died in 1889, leaving three daughters and a son, who survive him.

A brother graduated from the Harvard Medical School in 1873 and died in 1878, and a sister was the wife of his classmate, Dr. Richard Baxter Brown.

WILLIAM HENRY HURLBUT, son of Henry Augustus Hurlbut, founder of the Hurlbut Scholarship in Yale College, and Susan
Rebecca (Kennedy) Hurlbut, was born June 17, 1840, in New York City. He joined the class in the second term of Freshman year. After graduation he was at first a broker in the firm of Brown & Hurlbut, but in 1863 entered the firm of Dickinson & Hurlbut, manufacturers and wholesale dealers in hats, and continued in that business until 1892. He was afterward engaged in looking after important private interests. From 1895 to 1897 he was a member of the New York City Board of Education, and active in measures for the maintenance and improvement of the schools. During the Civil War, as a member of the Seventh Regiment of New York, he went twice to the defense of Washington. For several years past he had been in ill health and lived a retired life, but died quite suddenly of pneumonia at St. Augustine, Fla., February 18, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.

He married, December 2, 1863, Margaret H., daughter of Theodore and Margaret Crane, who survives him with two daughters. In his memory Mrs. Hurlbut has made a generous gift to the University to be used as a fund for the Infirmary. A room in this building is to be named in memory of Mr. Hurlbut.

George Rice, son of Martin and Betsey (Gibbs) Rice, was born September 28, 1837, at Natick, Mass., and entered the class during the second term of Junior year, after about two years of study in the Medical Department. At the same time he continued his medical studies and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Yale Medical School in 1861.

He then began practice as a physician at Framingham, Mass., but in October, 1864, he enlisted in the United States Army and was appointed Hospital Steward and assigned to duty in the Surgeon General's office, Bureau of Surgical Records, at Washington, where he was engaged on the Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion. He was later appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, and received an honorable discharge in July, 1869.

In 1872 he opened a pharmacy in South Framingham, which he conducted till his retirement in August, 1900. He was an earnest worker, a frequent contributor to the local press, and for some time past had been writing the history of the Framingham volunteers, in the Civil War, but this he had to give up on account of ill health. He was a member of Grace Congregational Church,
and active in the Sunday School, of which he was Superintendent for some time.

Mr. Rice died of apoplexy at South Framingham, April 18, 1905, in the 68th year of his age.

He married June 14, 1871, Almira Emily, daughter of William M. and Ann (Belfield) Appleton, of Bentonsport, Iowa, who survives him with one son.

1861

Ebenezer Buckingham Convers, son of Charles Cleveland Buckingham, Justice of the Supreme Court of Ohio, and Catherine (Buckingham) Convers, was born in Zanesville, O., September 14, 1840. His mother was a descendant of Rev. Thomas Buckingham, one of the founders of Yale College.

For three or four years after graduation he was in business in New York City, but then studied law, was admitted to the bar in May, 1865, and a year later received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from Columbia University, delivering the Valedictory address. Soon after his return from a visit to Europe he formed a law partnership with his classmate Samuel Hinckley Lyman, under the name of Convers & Lyman, which continued until 1878, when Mr. Lyman was appointed Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Mr. Convers then made a specialty of admiralty cases, practicing alone, until 1889, when he formed a partnership with Mr. J. Parker Kirlin, under the name of Convers & Kirlin, which continued until the death of Mr. Convers.

Since 1872 he had resided at Englewood, N. J., where he was one of the incorporators of the Citizens’ National Bank and a director since its organization, a member of the Englewood Hospital Association and a generous contributor from its beginning in 1888, also a member of its Board of Governors since 1893. His public spirit and constant devotion to the welfare of others were felt by all, and he held the confidence and esteem of the whole community. For about thirty years he was a vestryman of St. Paul’s Church in Englewood. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the New York Law Institute, and of the American Seaman’s Friend Society.

He died of cerebro-spinal meningitis, March 10, 1905, in the 65th year of his age.
He married at Columbus, O., October 8, 1868, Jane Gwynne, daughter of Honorable John Whiting Andrews (Yale 1830) and Lavinia (Gwynne) Andrews, who survives him without children.

JOHN DRESSER TUCKER, son of Erastus Tucker, by his second wife, Emma Augusta (Dresser) Tucker, was born in Scotland, Windham County, Conn., December 19, 1838. He was prepared for college at the Hartford High School, and entered the class the second term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught school for a short time in his native town and about a year in Ellington, Conn., and in 1863 began the study of law in the office of Welch & Shipman in Hartford. He was admitted to the bar in 1865, and practiced his profession for four years, but since then had been in the wholesale paper and twine business, at first with a brother and since the latter's death, in 1879, continuing with the old firm name E. Tucker's Sons. For a number of years he was clerk of the school district in which he resided, and for two years a councilman.

Mr. Tucker died of apoplexy at his home in Hartford, December 3, 1904, in the 66th year of his age. He was a vestryman of Christ Church for sixteen years.

He married, in Hartford, June 3, 1869, Sarah Louise, daughter of James and Sarah (Bancroft) Ingraham, of Vergennes, Vt. She died March 8, 1872, leaving an infant daughter who died in September, 1874. October 8, 1879, Mr. Tucker married Miss Katharine Abbott Fox, of Brooklyn, N. Y., daughter of Nathaniel Breed and Arathusa (Ingalls) Fox. She survives him without children.

JOSEPH FITCH GAYLORD, son of Anson and Almeda (Fitch) Gaylord, was born at Norwich, Conn., November 4, 1836.

After graduation he entered Union Theological Seminary, finishing his course in May, 1866. He was ordained as a minister of the Gospel November 7, 1867, and preached for two years in the Congregational Church at Torringford, Conn. He was then for three years pastor at Worthington, Mass., and five years pastor of the First Congregational Church in Manistee, Mich.; resigning from the latter in 1878. The following year he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Barre, Mass., where he
served the church with acceptance for twenty-one years, and enjoyed the high esteem of the whole community.

In August, 1900, he retired from active pastoral work and removed to Worcester, Mass., where he died after an illness of several months, April 10, 1905, in the 69th year of his age.

He married, January 7, 1873, Lorea Standish, daughter of John and Mary Ann (Bryant) Adams, of Worthington, Mass., who died in 1885. He afterward married Helen Irene, eldest daughter of Harding Woods, of Barre, who survives him with a son and a daughter, also two sons by the first marriage, one of whom graduated from Amherst College in 1896 and from Hartford Theological Seminary in 1899.

GEORGE EDWARD LOUNSBURY, son of Nathan and Delia (Scofield) Lounsbury, was born in Poundridge, Westchester County, N. Y., May 7, 1838, but during the first year of his life his parents removed to the neighboring town of Ridgefield, Conn. He entered college with the class of 1862, but after finishing the first half of the course was out of college two years. He then reentered as a Senior in the class of 1863, and graduated with a Philosophical Oration.

After graduation he was an instructor in New Brighton (Pa.) Episcopal Academy for a year, began theological study by himself, and then entered the Senior class in Berkeley Divinity School, at Middletown, Conn. On completing his studies in 1866 he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams, and for several months officiated in the Protestant Episcopal Church, Thompsonville, Conn., but on account of protracted throat trouble declined ordination as Priest. In 1886 he was transferred from the Diocese of Connecticut to Nebraska, where he continuously provided for the salary of a clergyman as his substitute.

In 1867, with his brother Honorable Phineas C. Lounsbury (Governor of Connecticut in 1887-88), he established a manufactory of shoes in New Haven, Conn., removing it to South Norwalk, Conn., in 1869, the firm from 1884 being Lounsbury, Mathewson & Co. He was also President of the First National Bank of Ridgefield from its organization to his death.

In 1894 he was elected State Senator and reelected two years later by unprecedented majorities, serving as Chairman of the Committee on Finance in 1895, and of that on Humane Institutions in 1897. In 1898 he was elected Governor of Connecticut,
filling the office during the years 1900 and 1901. Wesleyan University conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws in 1900.

Since his retirement from the Governorship he had devoted himself to his varied business interests, including the management of his large farm at Farmingville, in Ridgefield, where he died August 16, 1904, at age of 66 years.

He married, November 29, 1894, Mrs. Frances Josephine Whedon, daughter of Joseph J. Potwin, of Amherst, Mass., who survives him.

George Wilson Osborn, son of Walter and Mary Jane (Remer) Osborn, was born June 17, 1839, at Guilford, Conn.

After graduation he spent two years in the study of law, part of this time in the Yale Law School, was admitted to the State bar, and for a few years devoted himself entirely to the practice of his profession in New Haven. In October, 1868, he formed a partnership under the firm name of Barnum & Osborn, for the transaction of a real estate business, which he continued until January, 1884, when he made a voyage to California by way of Cape Horn for the benefit of his health. He resided in San Francisco in improved health for over eight years, principally engaged in the real estate business, after which he returned to New Haven and continued the same business.

Mr. Osborn died of sarcoma at his home in New Haven, July 31, 1904, at the age of 65 years.

He married, June 8, 1870, his cousin, Kate Gilbert, daughter of Minott Augur and Catharine Sophia (Gilbert) Osborn, and had one son, Lt. Allan M. Osborn, who died in 1898 of typhoid fever contracted in camp service during the Spanish war. His widow survives him.

1864

Charles Dennis Ingersoll, son of Hon. Charles Anthony Ingersoll (M.A. Yale 1827), Judge of the United States District Court of Connecticut, and Henrietta (Sidell) Ingersoll, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 15, 1843. He was grandson of Hon. Jonathan Ingersoll, LL.D. (Yale 1766), Judge of the Supreme Court and Lieutenant-Governor of Connecticut, also ex officio Fellow of Yale College, and great-grandson of Rev. Jonathan Ingersoll (Yale 1736), of Ridgefield, Conn. Two
brothers graduated from Yale College, respectively in 1865 and 1868.

He entered college with the class of 1868 but left at the end of the second term of Sophomore year, returning the following fall and completing his course with the class of 1864.

In the autumn after graduation he spent two months in the Yale Law School, and then became a member of the Albany Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. from there in November, 1866. The same month he was admitted to the New York bar, and entered the office of Owen, Gray & Owen. Since then he had continued the practice of law in the firm of Owen & Ingersoll, later with his brother (Yale 1865) as C. D. & T. C. Ingersoll, and then alone. In 1875, 1883 and 1894 he was appointed United States Loan Commissioner for the City and County of New York, his term in the last case continuing until 1904. In 1879 he was appointed Civil Justice of the Seventh District Court of New York City, for an unexpired term.

He was one of the early members of the University Club of New York City, and one of the founders of the Bar Association of the City of New York in 1869. He was for several years Vice-President of the Young Men's Democratic Club.

Mr. Ingersoll died at his home in New York City, January 8, 1905, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, June 2, 1885, Katharine Corse, daughter of Edward Angell and Eliza L. Saunders, and had one son and two daughters, who with Mrs. Ingersoll survive him.

LEWIS FREDERICK WHITIN, son of Charles Pinckney and Sarah Jane (Halliday) Whitin, was born at Whitinsville, Mass., January 20, 1844.

On his twenty-first birthday he was appointed Acting Assistant Paymaster of the United States Navy, being stationed at Hampton roads, and served from January to November. In January, 1866, he began his life work as a dry-goods commission merchant, at first as a member of the firm of Collins, Atwater & Whitin, which was succeeded by Collins, Whitin & Co., and later Whitin & Collins, first in Franklin street and then at 112 Worth street. In June, 1902, he was suddenly attacked by a severe illness, which necessitated complete rest from business. For over twenty years his home was at West New Brighton, on Staten Island, but more recently within a few doors of his classmates Borden and Owen
of New York City. He was at one time President of the Merchants Club of New York, and for several years he was Class Agent of the Yale Alumni Fund Association.

Mr Whitin died of Bright's disease in New York City, September 29, 1904, at the age of 60 years. He united with the Congregational Church in Whitinsville in 1859, and in 1867 transferred his relationship to the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, New York City.

He married, in New York City, April 16, 1872, Lucy A., daughter of Isaiah Morgan of Selma, Ala., and had two daughters who with their mother survive, and two sons, both deceased, the younger, a member of the Academic class of 1897, dying in September, 1894, just before the beginning of his Sophomore year.

1865

Thomas Jefferson Brown, the son of English parents, Thomas Burgess and Hannah (Bains) Brown, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., July 23, 1840.

After graduation he took the course in Union Theological Seminary, and on its completion became pastor of the Logan Square Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, where he was ordained June 9, 1868, and ministered three years. He then succeeded Samuel Ware Fisher, D.D., LL.D. (Yale 1835), as pastor of the Westminster Church in Utica, N.Y., and continued there during the remainder of his life, his service extending through thirty-three years. During this pastorate fifteen hundred members were added to the church, and two branches grew to be strong churches. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hamilton College in 1880.

Dr Brown died of quinsy at his home in Utica, July 31, 1904, at the age of 64 years.

He married, in Philadelphia, June 1, 1870, Dora Isabella, daughter of Rev. John M and Isabella (McClelland) Davis. She survives him with his elder son and a daughter. The younger son died after a long illness in 1895.

James Charnley, son of William Slater Charnley, a broker and manufacturer, and Elizabeth Badger (Atwater) Charnley, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., April 15, 1844.

The year after graduation he spent in the iron business in Derby, Conn., and then engaged in the lumber business in
Chicago, Ill., the firm being successively Bradner, Charnley & Co., Charnley Brothers, and James Charnley & Co. He also owned valuable property in the Messaba iron district, and from about 1895 until his retirement from active business devoted his entire time to his steel wire interests.

Mr. Charnley had suffered for some years from Bright's disease. He died at Camden, S. C., February 11, 1905, in his 61st year.

He married, at Chicago, October 24, 1872, Miss Helen Douglass, and had one son (Yale 1896). One brother was a classmate and another was a graduate of the class of 1871.

Willis Long Reeves, son of Willis Long Reeves, a farmer and for a number of years Clerk of the Circuit and County Court of Todd County, Ky., was born at Elkton in that county, September 6, 1841. His mother's name was Caroline (Wilson) Reeves. He was prepared for college at Green River Academy, Elkton, but did not join the class until the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he returned to his native place, and since then had lived on a six hundred acre farm near there. He was also part proprietor of the flouring mill of Reeves & Bradshaw. He was a democratic member of the State Legislature for two terms (1871 to 1873), Attorney of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for many years following, Master Commissioner of Todd County Circuit Court from 1880 to 1886, Circuit Judge of the Fifth Judicial District of Kentucky from September of the latter year to January, 1893, and held the same office in the Seventh Judicial District for five years thereafter. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, and Treasurer of the General Assembly of this church for a number of years.

Judge Reeves died at Dawson Springs, Hopkins County, Ky., May 25, 1904, in the 63d year of his age.

He married, March 1, 1877, Elizabeth Christine, daughter of Thornton Weathers, a farmer residing near Cox's Creek, Nelson County, Ky., and had two daughters, the younger of whom graduated at Oxford College, O., in 1903. Mrs. Reeves died in August, 1903.

Corydon Giles Stowell, son of Rev. Noah Stowell, a Methodist minister, and Eliza (Potter) Stowell, was born at Tully,
Onondaga County, N. Y., July 27, 1839, but entered his class from Utica, N. Y. He volunteered for service in the Union Army in 1861, but was rejected on account of poor health.

After graduation he taught mathematics and natural science three years in General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, and in 1869 removed to Chicago, where for two years he was Agent and Assistant Actuary of the Northwestern Department of the Asbury Life Insurance Company of New York, and thereafter Principal of public schools in that city, having been since 1871 Principal of the Newberry School. At the time of the great fire he had charge of housing two hundred families in the school building. He was the editor of Bryant & Stratton's Business Arithmetic, N Y. 1872, and subsequently revised and assisted in editing other school text books. He read many essays and papers at educational institutes in Chicago and elsewhere.

Mr. Stowell died after a brief illness at his home in Chicago, March 1, 1905, in the 66th year of his age. In his earlier life he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but sometime after removing to Chicago he joined the (Presbyterian) Church of the Covenant, of which he had been an elder since 1892.

He married at Chicago, July 24, 1872, Bertha Julia, daughter of Louis and Sophia (Fiedler) Coss, and had three sons and three daughters, who with Mrs. Stowell survive him. The eldest son graduated as a Bachelor of Science from the University of Chicago in 1898, and the youngest daughter is a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts at Lake Forest University in 1905.

Henry Ellsworth Taintor, son of Henry G Taintor, at one time State Treasurer of Connecticut, and Delia Williams (Ellsworth) Taintor, and great-grandson of Chief Justice Oliver Ellsworth (LLD Yale 1790), was born in Hampton, Conn., August 29, 1844. He left college in January, 1864, during Junior year to enlist in the Union army, on the 14th of that month joined the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery and served with that regiment till his discharge, September 25, 1865, having risen during that time to the rank of Second Lieutenant. He aided in the defence of Washington and was afterward in the sieges of Richmond and Petersburg.

The winter and spring after his discharge he spent in the dry goods house of Harding, Converse, Gray & Co., in Boston, and
in 1866, without further examination was enrolled with his class. In July of that year he began to read law in the office of Chamberlin & Hall in Hartford. He was Clerk in the office of the State Treasurer for a year, after which, in 1868, he was admitted to the Hartford County bar. He was appointed Assistant Judge of the Hartford City Court, April 1, 1872, and in 1878 was Clerk of that court. From 1889 to 1893 he was Assistant Judge of the Hartford City Police Court. In 1891 he was also Coroner of Hartford County. In 1871, 1872 and from 1877 to 1880 he was a member of the Common Council, and President of that body in 1879 and 1880, and in 1881 and 1882 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen.

At the time of his death he was Vice-President of the Security Co., trustee and attorney of the State Savings Bank, attorney for the Society for Savings, and director of the Connecticut General Life Insurance Co. For thirty-five years he was a member of the First Congregational Church, at different times a deacon, and at his decease treasurer of the society.

Judge Taintor died of heart disease at his home in Hartford, August 31, 1904, at the age of 60 years.

He married, May 13, 1869, Jane G., daughter of Lyman and Almena (Greene) Bennett, of Amsterdam, N. Y. Mrs. Taintor survives him, their only son (Yale 1892) having died in 1893.

1866

John Manning Hall, son of Horace Hall, owner of a large thread manufactory and principal trial justice in criminal cases in Willimantic, Conn., also State Representative, was born in that city October 16, 1841. His mother was Elizabeth Jane (Manning) Hall.

After graduation he studied law in Columbia Law School and in an office in New York City, was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in 1868, and of Connecticut in 1869, and at once began the practice of law in Willimantic, continuing it for twenty years, until appointed Judge of the Superior Court in 1889. During this time he was school visitor many years, was chairman of the committee which inaugurated the sewer system, a member of the committee which drafted the city charter, and helped effectively in securing to Willimantic the county seat and normal school. He was elected to the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1870, 1871, 1872, 1881 and 1882, in the last
year being Speaker of the House. During his service he was at different times chairman of the judiciary, railroad and election committees. In 1889 he was elected to the State Senate, and was President pro tempore.

In October, 1893, he resigned his commission on the bench to accept the office of Vice-President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and in 1899 became President of the same. His was the great task of uniting harmoniously the railroads of southern New England then being acquired. During his administration freight traffic was especially developed, and the equipment of the road was largely augmented. His devotion and constant endeavor to promote the interests of the company were appreciated by all who came in touch with him. He was naturally reserved and conservative, but in his relations to his subordinates sought to be just. The strain of his duties during these years impaired his health, and in September, 1903, he resigned the Presidency, but for a time held the office of General Counsel. He continued as Director of the railroad and its subsidiary companies to the close of his life, and was also Director of the Second National Bank of New Haven, the Equitable Trust Co., and Windsor Trust Co., of New York City.

Judge Hall died of oedema of the lungs at his home in New Haven, January 28, 1905, in the 64th year of his age.

He married, September 17, 1870, Julia White, daughter of Silas F. Loomer, President of the Willimantic Savings Institute. She survives him with a son (Yale 1894) and two daughters.

1868

Edwin Lee Allen, son of Edwin Lee and Lydia W. (Smith) Allen, was born in Providence, R.I., February 29, 1848. In 1857 his parents removed to New York and he entered college as a resident of Brooklyn.

The year after graduation he taught in the Columbia Grammar School in New York City and then went into business, becoming a member of the firm of William L. Allen & Co., produce merchants in New York City, and with his brothers, also graduates of the Academical Department in 1880, 1882 and 1886, respectively, continued the business with success.

He died at his home in Brooklyn after a short illness from intestinal trouble, December 19, 1904, at the age of 56 years. He was a member of the Central Congregational Church.
He married, February 9, 1876, Mary Tudor, daughter of John M. and Mary (Tudor) Pratt, of Brooklyn, who survives him with three sons and a daughter.

Frederic Wesson, son of David Wesson, formerly a merchant of New York City, and Alice Goddard (Howland) Wesson, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., August 27, 1845. He was a member of the class of 1867 for one term, and remained with the class of 1868 only through Sophomore year, but received the degree of Master of Arts with enrollment in his class in 1888.

After leaving college he studied in the Columbia Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1870, but after the death of his brother (Yale 1863) in 1873 he withdrew from law practice and, in 1875, entered the firm of Hoadley & Co., bankers and commission merchants, who were largely interested in South American trade. About 1889 he purchased for a company of which he was President a government railway in Jamaica, which he extended the length of the island. He retired from the firm in 1893, and from 1890 to 1898 spent about six months of each year in Jamaica and the remainder of the time in London and France. During these years he acquired a thorough knowledge of Spanish and French and a familiarity with the literature of both languages. He wrote a few articles on free trade and other topics of commercial interest.

Mr. Wesson died in his sleep of heart failure at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 30, 1904, at the age of 59 years.


1869

David Manning, son of David and Lucy B. (Grosvenor) Manning, was born August 29, 1846, in Paxton, Worcester County, Mass., and was prepared for college in the High School in the neighboring city of Worcester.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his brother-in-law, Joseph A. Titus, Esq., in Worcester a year, and then entered the Harvard Law School. The next year he resumed his law studies in Worcester in the office of Mr. Titus, was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1872, and about July, 1873, entered the
office of Rice & Blackmer, with whom he remained about six years. After an extended tour in Europe he returned with health restored, and for a year practiced his profession in partnership with Burton W. Potter, Esq., but during the rest of his life practiced alone. He was an able advocate and formidable opponent.

He was frequently a speaker on the political platform, and was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1888 and 1900, and of the State Senate in 1901. In 1902 he was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congressman from his district, but was defeated by his classmate John R. Thayer.

Mr. Manning died at his home in Worcester January 5, 1905, at the age of 58 years. He was a leading member of the Church of the Unity.

He married, July 16, 1878, Lizzie E., daughter of Alexander and Adeline (Stockwell) Bigelow, of Worcester. Mrs. Manning and one son survive.

1871

Warner Bradley Riggs, son of Miles Bradley and Martha (Warner) Riggs, was born at Macedon, Wayne County, N. Y., November 26, 1849, but entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year from the neighboring town of Palmyra. He united with the Western Presbyterian Church in the latter place in June, 1864.

After graduation he taught in the Canandaigua (N. Y.) Academy, and in 1873 entered Auburn Theological Seminary, where he completed his course in 1876. With three classmates he went to Texas, and organized the First Presbyterian Church in Brenham. In October, 1876, he was ordained by the Presbytery of Austin, and went at once as a commissioner to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Pittsburg, Pa. In November of the same year he was installed at Brenham, and remained there until 1888. He then became pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church at Dallas, where he continued till the close of his life. As Moderator and Clerk of the Presbytery he rendered valuable service to the denomination.

Mr. Riggs died after an illness of about three months at Austin, Tex., March 2, 1905, at the age of 55 years. He was Vice-President of the Texas Yale Association.
He married, May 14, 1878, Miss Lilla Graham, of Austin, Tex., who died in 1879, followed soon afterward by her infant child. In 1884 Mr. Riggs married Miss Carrie J. Winne, of Houston, who survives him with two daughters.

George Potter Wilshire, son of George and Clara (Clemons) Wilshire, was born at Covington, Ky., May 17, 1850, and was a member of the class of 1870 till the close of Sophomore year.

After graduation he went at once into the commission business with Wilshire, Dubois & Co., of Cincinnati, and later was at the head of the firm of G. P. Wilshire & Co. in the same business. From 1879 to 1885 he was Secretary and Treasurer of the Cincinnati and Newport Iron & Pipe Co., and from 1885 to 1889 Vice-President of the Addyston Pipe and Steel Co., when he resigned to act as executor of his father's estate. In January, 1897, he was appointed receiver of the First National Bank of Kentucky and continued in that position until November, 1899. Since then he had made his home mostly in New Haven, and kept in close touch with college interests.

Mr. Wilshire died at Greenwich, Conn., where he was living for the winter, January 24, 1905, in the 55th year of his age.

He married at Newport, Ky., June 15, 1881, Anna M. Marshall, daughter of John J. and Lucie (Barry) Marshall, and had two daughters and a son, who with their mother survive him. The son is an undergraduate in the Academical Department.

1872

William Holt Averell, son of William J. and Mary L. (Williamson) Averell, was born August 1, 1849, in Morristown, N. J., but during his college course his home was in Ogdensburg, N. Y.

The year following graduation he spent in Europe, and then became Secretary of the Ontario Iron Co. in Rochester, N. Y. In June, 1878, he went to Ogdensburg, N. Y., as Cashier of the Ogdensburg Bank, but in January, 1880, returned to Rochester and took the office of Secretary and Treasurer of the Furnaceville Iron Co., and also became a partner in the wholesale grocery business of George C. Buell & Co.

Mr. Averell died of apoplexy at Rochester, October 13, 1904, at the age of 55 years. He was for years a vestryman of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.
He married, June 13, 1878, Mary Blossom, daughter of George C and Elizabeth (Bloss) Buell, of Rochester, and had a son (Yale 1900) and two daughters, who with their mother survive him.

1873

Charles Henry Thomas, son of Dr Charles Frederick Thomas, a prominent surgeon of Covington, Ky., and of Hannah (Train) Thomas, was born in Pomeroy, Meigs County, O., January 6, 1851, but the family removed to Covington before he entered college.

After graduation he studied medicine a year at the Miami Medical College in Cincinnati, and a year at Bellevue Hospital Medical College (now a department of New York University), where he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875. After serving a year and a half on the house staff of Bellevue Hospital he returned to Covington, where he began practice with his father, but after the latter's death succeeded to his position at the head of his profession in that city. He gave himself unrestrainedly to the service of his patients, but after fifteen years of uninterrupted work his health failed. He then gave up practice, and went to New Orleans.

He married, September 28, 1893, at St. Thomas's Church, New York City, Georgine, daughter of D. H. and Eliza Maria (Kerrison) Holmes.

Upon the death of his father-in-law in 1898 he took the entire management of a large mercantile house in New Orleans, residing there for six years, and conducting the business with great energy and success.

Dr. Thomas never recovered his health, and died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore, October 29, 1904, at the age of 53 years. He was thought to be recovering from an operation for the removal of gall stones three weeks before, when an obstruction in the heart suddenly ended his life.

1874

Thomas Grier Evans, son of James Sidney and Mary (DeWitt) Evans, was born in Kingston, N. Y., October 22, 1852. In Freshman year he was president of his class baseball club, and later in his course received many social honors.

After graduation he entered the Columbia Law School, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in May, 1876, and then
studied in the office of Hon. Clarence A. Seward. In September of that year, he began the practice of his profession and steadily continued the same until the year of his death, making a specialty of real estate law.

Mr. Evans was an extensive collector of valuable books and manuscripts, principally on historical and literary subjects, and was Secretary of the Grolier Club. He became greatly interested in genealogical matters, and since 1884 had been a member of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, of which he was President for the last five years of his life. He was editor of the *Record* of the Society for many years, and subsequently on the publication committee. He wrote a history of the DeWitt Family of Ulster County, which was printed in the *Record*. Since 1899 he had resided in New Brighton, Staten Island, N.Y., where he was a trustee and Treasurer of the Staten Island Academy and Latin School, and trustee of the Staten Island Club.

Mr. Evans died of *endocarditis* at his home, March 28, 1905, in the 53rd year of his age. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, June 6, 1899, Mrs. Elida Woodhull Van Hoevenberg, widow of James Dumond Van Hoevenberg, and daughter of Joseph Miller and Adeline Anna (Hallock) Woodhull, who survives him.

1875

**William Wotkyns Seymour,** son of William Pierce Seymour (Williams 1845) and Helen Hughes (Wotkyns) Seymour, was born in Troy, N.Y., July 29, 1853.

On completing his academic course he entered the Harvard Medical School, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1878. He served six months as Medical Externe and a year as House Surgeon of the Boston City Hospital, and spent the following year in study in Gottingen, Vienna and London. On his return he began practice in his native city, where his abilities and unusual acquirements were soon recognized. From 1891 to 1897 he was Professor of the Surgical Diseases of Women in the University of Vermont. He was a trustee of the Samaritan Hospital in Troy from its establishment in 1896, and one of the attending surgeons.

He translated from the German Kehr's "Diagnosis of Gallstone Disease," 1901, and contributed several articles to the *American*
Obstetrical Journal, and the Transactions of the New York State Medical Association, and other medical publications.

His death occurred quite suddenly from heart failure following several weeks of illness at his home, October 18, 1904, at the age of 51 years.

Dr. Seymour married, January 23, 1883, Frances, daughter of Lloyd Minturn, of Shoreham, Vt., who with their two daughters survives him.

1876

Joseph Charless LeBourgeois, son of Louis S. and Elizabeth (Charless) LeBourgeois, was born in St. Louis, Mo., October 27, 1855, and reared on his father's sugar plantation at Belmont, St. James Parish, La. He was for a year a student in Washington University, St. Louis, a year under a private tutor, and a year in the University of Virginia, and then entered Yale College at the beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduation he took the course in the St. Louis Law School, at its close standing second in his class and delivering the Salutatory address. He practiced his profession two or three years at St. Louis, but from 1880 until his retirement from business in 1904 resided in Louisiana, engaged in agricultural pursuits. Until 1892 he was at Belmont Plantation, then in New Orleans until 1899, and for the next five years at Louisa Plantation. During the last year of his life his home was in New Orleans, where he died May 14, 1905, in the 50th year of his age.

Mr. LeBourgeois married, October 1, 1878, Lucretia S., daughter of Honorable Henry T. Blow of St. Louis. She died in 1885 leaving two sons and two daughters, of whom the younger son is a student in the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, and the elder daughter is deceased. In 1899 he married Alys Duer, daughter of Stephen Zochorie Relf of New Orleans, who survives him.

George William Rollins, second of the seven children of Richard Taylor and Elizabeth Jane (Boswell) Rollins, was born at Geneva, N. Y., February 19, 1854, but during his boyhood lived successively at Adrian, Mich., Hampton, N. H., and Hyde Park, Mass., where he was fitted for college in the High School. In Junior year he won the Scott Prize in German.
Ever since graduation he had devoted himself to the profession of teaching, for the first year and a half in a private school in Rhinebeck, N. Y., going thence in February, 1878, to the High School in Syracuse, N. Y., where he remained as instructor until September, 1881, and then began his eminent service of nearly twenty-four years in the Boston Latin School. During later years his teaching had been mainly in the modern languages.

He edited for the use of schools an annotated edition of Erckmann-Chatrian’s “Madame Thérèse” in 1891, published a “Preparatory French Reader,” in 1894, and with Professor Thomas B. Lindsay, Ph. D. (Wesl Univ. 1874) of Boston University, published “Easy Latin Lessons.”

As a citizen his ideal was high, and his growing power of dealing helpfully with public problems was shown in much good work accomplished. His home was in West Roxbury, Mass., where he was a vestryman of Emmanuel Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Rollins died after an illness of less than a week from angina pectoris, at West Roxbury, March 13, 1905, at the age of 51 years.

He married on August 17, 1878, Belinda Adella, daughter of Albert Frederick and Catherine Caroline Traver, of Rhinebeck, N. Y. She survives him with a son.

CHARLES MILLER STABLER, son of Francis and Cornelia (Miller) Stabler, was born June 16, 1853, in Alexandria, Va. He entered Yale from Haverford College, and was with the class of 1875 till the close of Freshman year, but completed his course with the class of 1876.

After graduation he spent three busy years teaching in the Friends’ Elementary and High School of Baltimore, and in 1879 went to New York City, where, after teaching a few months in the Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City, and tutoring, he entered the law department of New York University. He graduated from there in May, 1880, and was at once admitted to the bar. Before finishing his law study he began teaching in the preparatory department of Stevens Institute of Technology, at Hoboken, N. J., and continued there until the summer of 1882. A short engagement as instructor in Charlier Institute, New York City, followed, and in the fall of 1882 he began law practice by himself. In the spring of 1886 he formed a partnership with Frank E. Hipple under the firm name of Stabler & Hipple. With the
exception of the winter of 1884–85, spent in teaching in the family of a planter in South Carolina in hope of benefit to his health, he continued practice in New York until 1891.

His residence during these twelve years was in Brooklyn and New York City, and while living in the former city he was for two years Secretary of the Young Men’s Democratic Club. In September, 1891 he returned to educational work and became Principal of the Sherwood Friends’ School at Sandy Spring, Montgomery County, Md., about eighteen miles north of Washington, D.C. Two years later he went to the George School, Newtown, Bucks County, Pa., where he continued teaching until June, 1902.

Mr. Stabler died March 30, 1903, at Aiken, S. C., where he had gone in a vain search for health. He was in the 50th year of his age. He was a member of the Hicksite branch of the Society of Friends, and a lay preacher.

He married, August 7, 1895, Ida, daughter of Dr. Edward L. and Ella P. Palmer, of West Chester, Pa., who survives him with one son and three daughters.

1877

Charles Clark Camp, son of Alfred Erastus and Adeline (Johnson) Camp, was born in Meriden, Conn., December 4, 1855. He was a member of the University Football Eleven which defeated Harvard in 1876, and also excelled in scholarship, graduating as Valedictorian of the class.

After graduation he taught a year in a private family in St. James’s Parish, La., and two years in the Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn. In 1880 he returned to Yale as Tutor in Greek, and remained two years, at the same time also taking special studies in the Yale Divinity School. He then entered the Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown, Conn., and graduated thence in 1884. He was ordained Deacon on June 4, of that year, at Middletown, by Bishop Williams. From 1884 to 1887 he was assistant minister at St. Paul’s Church, New Haven, associated with Rev. Edwin S. Lines, D.D. (Yale 1872, now Bishop of Newark, N.J.), and was there ordained to the priesthood by Bishop Niles on June 2, 1885. In May, 1886, he also took charge of St. James’s Church, Westville, and in May, 1887, added to the latter the care of All Saints’ Mission, New Haven. In 1889 he became Rector of Christ Church, Joliet, Ill., but on January 1, 1893, accepted the Professorship of New Testament Exegesis.
and Literature at Seabury Divinity School, Faribault, Minn., later becoming Acting Warden of the School. His knowledge was wide and accurate and his teaching an inspiration, while his sincerity, modesty, friendliness and capacity for drawing out the best that was in his students and all with whom he associated gave to his work a far-reaching and abiding influence. In addition to his School work he frequently preached in neighboring churches, and since 1900 also served as Rector of St. James's Church, St. Paul. He was an intelligent worker for missions, and aroused the enthusiasm of others in the cause.

During his European visits in 1894 and 1897 he attended lectures at Cambridge University, England, and in 1895 at Chicago University. His last trip abroad, in 1903, was in company with Bishop Lines.

Mr. Camp died after a brief illness from diabetes, at Faribault, December 30, 1904, at the age of 49 years. He was never married.

Joshua Montgomery Sears, son of Joshua Sears, a successful East India merchant, ship owner and capitalist, and Phoebe (Snow) Sears, was born December 25, 1854, at Yarmouth Port, Cape Cod, Mass. His mother died soon after his birth, and his father in 1857.

After graduation he studied in Berlin and Stuttgart, and then devoted himself to the management of the estate inherited from his father, which had largely increased under the able management of trustees during his minority. Mr. Sears was a hard worker, and possessed his father's shrewdness and business ability. His office was in the Seais Building, and he owned much valuable real estate in Boston.

His winter residence was in Boston, but he took special pleasure in his farm of about fifteen hundred acres at Southboro, Mass., a considerable part of which is maintained in a high state of cultivation, but includes extensive wood lands and a valuable stock farm. He had passed the summers recently abroad, but had a cottage at Bar Harbor, Me., where he spent much time yachting, in which he was greatly interested.

He established and endowed the West End Workingmen's Club of Boston, and with the late Phillips Brooks was instrumental in starting the Poplar Street Club, a temperance organization. He erected the church for Holy Trinity Parish, in
Marlboro, in 1887, and the music of this church and of the Church of the Advent in Boston owed much to his deep interest. His benefactions, however, were largely private and personal. He paid the expenses through college of a number of promising young men, and assisted many men and women of talent in obtaining an education in art and music.

Upon the death of Ernst Curtius, of Berlin, Germany, in 1896, Mr. Sears purchased for the Yale University Library his valuable historical and archaeological library, numbering about 3500 volumes and an equal number of pamphlets.

Mr. Sears had a taste for the best in art and literature, and was on terms of intimate friendship with many famous artists and authors. His own library included the whole of the private library of the German poet Ferdinand Freiligrath. He owned a rare collection of violins, and many masterpieces of painting.

He was a director of the Old Colony Railroad, and of the Second National Bank of Boston, Treasurer of the Children's Hospital of Boston, and a member of the Royal Agricultural Society of London.

Mr. Sears died at Southboro, Mass., June 2, 1905, at the age of 50 years.

He married, at Cambridge, Mass., September 18, 1877, Sarah Carlile, daughter of Charles Francis Choate (Harv. 1849), for years President of the Old Colony Railroad, and Elizabeth (Carlile) Choate, and niece of Honorable Joseph H. Choate (LL D Yale 1901). She survives him with a son (Harv. 1900) and a daughter.

1878

Henry Bruce McCarroll, son of Thomas McCarroll, a retired manufacturer, and Laura P. (James) McCarroll, was born in Morristown, N. J., October 7, 1856.

After graduation he took the medical course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (now included in Columbia University), and after receiving the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1881 was for two years on the House Staff of the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City, and then four years Instructor at the New York Post Graduate Medical School. In 1897 he removed to Morristown, his native place, where he had since practiced his profession, and had performed some notable cures. He was Attending Physician at All Souls' Hospital and the Morristown
Memorial Hospital for about seven years, and at the time of his death was Police Surgeon.

Dr. McCarroll died of pneumonia, brought on by overwork, August 17, 1904, in the 48th year of his age.

He married, April 25, 1900, Edwina S., daughter of the late Rear Admiral J. Blakeley Creighton of the United States Navy. She survives him with no children.

WALTER LEE MERWIN, son of Miles Talcott and Ellen Agnes (Foote) Merwin, was born at Durham, Conn., March 23, 1854. He was a direct descendant in the seventh generation of Rev. Samuel Russell, of Branford, Conn., in whose house the ten ministers met and donated the books "for the founding of a Collegiate School," afterward called Yale College.

After graduation he was Professor of Mathematics and Greek in New Windsor (Md.) College for three years, and then removed to Lock Haven, Pa., where he read law with Hon. Charles S. McCormick, was admitted to the bar in 1883, and for six years practiced his profession in that place. In the summer of 1889 he removed to Pittsburg, Pa., where he continued his practice. He was closely connected with several railway companies, being President of the Meadow Lands & Zediker Railroad Co., also President of the Chartiers Valley Railway Co., and Director of the Washington & Cannonsburg Street Railway Co.

Mr. Merwin died at Pittsburg, February 7, 1905, in the 51st year of his age.

He married, December 24, 1885, Maria Louise, daughter of Colonel William Henderson and Margaret Stuart (Walters) Moore, of Lock Haven, and had two sons and a daughter, who with Mrs. Merwin survive him.

PHILIP WASHBURN MOEN, son of Philip Louis and Maria Sloan (Grant) Moen, was born at Worcester, Mass., April 28, 1857.

Soon after graduation he went to Sweden to study the working of iron-ore mines, spending a year working in iron mills, and about ten months studying metallurgy and chemistry at the Royal School of Mines in Stockholm. He then traveled for nearly a year in Norway, Germany, France, and Italy, returning home in May, 1881, and then entered the works of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Co., in Worcester. He was made
a director of the corporation in 1887, Assistant Treasurer the following year, and then Treasurer and General Manager. The company became a part of the American Steel and Wire Co., and of the latter he was Fourth Vice-President until the spring of 1902, and then Second Vice-President until his resignation in December, 1904. He was highly esteemed by the army of men in the employ of the company, most of whom he could call by name.

He was influential in many other financial corporations, being a director of the Worcester Trust Co. and Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Co., trustee of the People's Savings Bank of Worcester, the Worcester Electric Light Co., the Boston and Worcester Electric Companies, and the Massachusetts Lighting Companies.

In 1899 he bought a farm in Shrewsbury, Mass., a few miles from Worcester, and built a home, where he spent eight months of the year. He was greatly interested in his fine large herd of Jersey cattle. In May, 1900, he went to Scotland, and took a house on Loch Long, which he occupied for four months.

Mr. Moen died of apoplexy at his home in Shrewsbury, September 12, 1904, at the age of 47 years. He was a member of the Union Congregational Church in Worcester, and chairman of the Board of Trustees of that society. He was also helpful in organizing churches among the Swedes and Armenians who were largely employed in the mills. He was a generous supporter of many charitable organizations, a charter member and for four years President of the City Missionary Society.

He married, in Edinburgh, Scotland, June 5, 1890, Margaret Brown, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Leishman) Struthers, and had three daughters, who with Mrs. Moen survive him.

Warren Aaron Ransom, son of Aaron Price Ransom, a merchant of New York City, was born there October 22, 1855. His mother was Mary Marguerite (Mumford) Ransom. While in college he was especially interested in rowing, in each of the first three years rowing single scull races, and in Senior year joining one of his class crews.

For three years after graduation he was in various kinds of business in New York City and Las Vegas, N. M., and was then with the New York exporting firm of Dutton & Townsend. In September, 1889, he engaged in business in Knoxville, Tenn., but
two years later returned to New York City and went into manufacturing as a member of the firm of Blondel & Ransom, and was at the same time in the note brokerage business of McNulty & Ransom. In June, 1897, he transferred the latter line of business to Knoxville. Returning again to New York, he was Vice-President of the St. Lawrence Power Co., and Treasurer of the By-Products Paper Co.

Mr. Ransom died at Englewood, N. J., which had been his home for two years previous, May 19, 1903, in the 48th year of his age. He was a member of the Reformed (Dutch) Church.

He married, April 22, 1889, Harriott W., daughter of Frank and Harriott D. McNulty, of New York City. She survives him with two sons and a daughter, a son and daughter having died.

WILLIAM HOWARD TAYLOR, son of William Hart and Lucy Antoinette (Duncan) Taylor, was born October 12, 1848, in Chicago, Ill., where his father was a retail shoe dealer. Before entering college he was engaged in the shoe business for himself.

After graduation he studied theology two years in Union Theological Seminary and taught in New York City. He then took a ranch near Fort Collins, Col. In June, 1889, he removed to Denver, and for a little over a year was engaged in the manufacture and sale of tents and awnings, then for about three years and a half was bookkeeper in the People's National Bank in that city, and for a year and a half in the office of the Auditor of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Railway Co. July 1, 1895, he was appointed Clerk of the Denver Board of Public Works, and November 15, 1896, Secretary of the Board, continuing in the latter office about three years. From October, 1900, to April, 1902, he was bookkeeper for the Denver Republican.

Owing to impaired health he removed to Los Angeles, Cal., in September, 1902, and died there of heart disease, October 25, 1904, at the age of 56 years.

He married, at Denver, Col., February 22, 1887, Nellie Stickney, daughter of Charles Henry and Elizabeth (Dodge) Capen, who survives him with a daughter and son.

THOMAS COOKE WORDIN, son of Nathaniel Sherwood and Fanny Augusta (Leavenworth) Wordin, and brother of Dr. Nathaniel Eugene Wordin (Yale 1870), was born in Bridgeport, Conn., October 15, 1853. He was descended in the fifth generation from
Rev Samuel Cooke (Yale 1705), Rector of Hopkins Grammar School from 1707 to 1715, and a member of the Yale Corporation from 1732 to 1746.

After graduation he read law with Daniel Davenport (Yale 1873), Corporation Counsel of his native city, but never practiced. On completing his studies he resided two years at St. Joseph, Mo, and about the same length of time at Indianapolis, Ind. Returning East in 1884, for the following seven years he was Secretary of the Fairfield Rubber Co. From 1892 to 1897 he was in the banking and brokerage business in New York City and Bridgeport, and since July 30 of the latter year had been Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise for the District of New York.

Mr Wordin died of intussusception of the bowels at his home in Bridgeport, April 6, 1905, in the 52d year of his age. He became a member of the First Congregational Church in 1876, and had been Clerk since 1895.

He married at Indianapolis, Ind., October 28, 1884, Mrs. Francis E Johnston, daughter of Rev. Frederick Patterson Cummings, pastor of St. John's Presbyterian Church, Crawfordsville, Ind. She survives him without children.

With the cooperation of his wife Mr Wordin founded in 1894 the Contemporary Club of Bridgeport, a literary and social club which attained a membership of one hundred and twenty-five and exerted an unusually beneficent influence in the community. He was President of the club for three years, and secured for it addresses from many men of eminence.

1879

Hugh Copeland McCord, son of John and Jane (Copeland) McCord, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., February 21, 1856, and was prepared for college at home and under the tuition of Rev. James K. Lombard, then Rector of St. Paul's Church in the adjoining town of Fairfield.

After graduation he took the course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, receiving his degree in 1882, and for about four years practiced his profession in Tacoma, Wash., then in New York City. After a long illness he took up practice in Connecticut, at first in Bridgeport, then in Seymour, and during the past few years in New Haven.

During his college course he was organist of the South Congregational Church in Bridgeport, and later of St. John's and
Christ Protestant Episcopal Churches in the same city. While in Tacoma he played in St. Luke's Church, and afterward in Grace (M. E.) Church and the Church of the Ascension in New Haven, withdrawing from the last after a service of fifteen months on account of difficulty with his eyes.

Dr. McCord died from cerebral hemorrhage at the New Haven Hospital, August 27, 1904, at the age of 48 years.

He married, in 1888, Miss Jane Lydia McKee, of Washington, D. C., who died in New York City. In 1894 he married Rose, daughter of George W. Dayton, of New Haven, who survives him without children.

James Duncan Torreyson, son of William D. and Statira C. Torreyson, was born February 14, 1854, at Wellsburg (then in Brooke County, Va.), in the valley of the Ohio River, about sixteen miles above Wheeling, W. Va., but at the age of nine years went with his parents to Nevada, where the family settled in Carson City.

After graduation he returned to Nevada, studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1882, and the following autumn was elected District Attorney of Ormsby County, being also ex officio City Attorney. After holding these offices four terms to the satisfaction of all, he was chosen Attorney-General of the State in 1890, and during a term of four years won general esteem for the ability and judicial temper shown in a difficult and often arduous position. He then retired to private practice, and, although he had been several times mentioned for a Congressional nomination, and in the fall of 1904 was strongly urged to become the candidate of the Republican party for the Supreme Court, he declined further public office, but continued to exert a wholesome and widespread influence.

Mr. Torreyson died of heart failure following rheumatism at his home in Carson City, October 27, 1904, at the age of 50 years.

He married, August 12, 1891, Miss Vallie E. French, who survives him with a daughter and son.

1880

Remsen Varick Messler, son of Thomas Doremus Messler, a Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Maria Remsen (Varick) Messler, was born March 8, 1858, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., but in 1859 removed with his parents to Pittsburg, Pa.
The year after graduation he read law in the office of Hon. George Shiras, LL D (Yale 1853), in Pittsburg, then spent a year in the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the bar in Pittsburg in October, 1882, to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania three years later, also to the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the western districts of Pennsylvania in December, 1885.

Mr. Messier died of typhoid pneumonia at Pittsburg, February 2, 1905, in the 47th year of his age.

He married, December 12, 1883, Agnes, daughter of James and Mary (Hanna) Caldwell, of Pittsburg, who survives him with no children.

1882

George Parker Richardson, third of the four children of George Leland Richardson (Bowdoin 1849) and Anna McLellan Richardson, was born in Boston, Mass., July 14, 1859.

Since graduation he had lived in Boston, where he was for eight years Chief Clerk of Passenger Accounts of the Boston and Maine Railroad, and subsequently was connected with the Atlas National Bank, in which he rose to the position of Paying Teller.

He was one of the leaders of all meetings of Yale men in his city, and a member of the executive committee of the Yale Club of Boston since 1902, and for several years previous on the same committee of the Alumni Association.

Mr. Richardson died suddenly, it is supposed from heart disease, early in the morning of December 9, 1904, at the age of 45 years.

He married at Boston, September 16, 1896, Mrs. Elizabeth (Whittaker) Decker. She died June 29, 1899, leaving one child by her former marriage.

Frank Hiram Snell, son of Dr. Hiram Mortimer Snell, a surgeon in the Civil War, and Amanda (Sibley) Snell, was born at Armada, about thirty-five miles northeast of Detroit, Mich., March 4, 1861. His father died in 1863, and his mother afterward married Edward Clark Dean. He spent his youth in Washington, D.C., and entered college from the Emerson Institute of that city.

After graduation he was in the employ and afterward partner in the firm of Albright & Co., Western sales agents of the
Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., in Buffalo, N. Y. In 1891 he retired from the firm and resided for a time in Washington, where he completed his law studies, begun in the office of Hon. William S. Bissell (Yale 1869) in Buffalo, in Columbian (now George Washington) University, graduating in 1900. He was admitted to the bar, but did not practice. In 1892 he removed to New Haven, Conn., where he was General Manager and since 1901 President of the Hygienic Ice Co.

Mr Snell died of heart disease at the home of his mother in Washington, D. C., November 8, 1904, at the age of 43 years.

He married in New Haven, October 16, 1900, Isabelle, daughter of Samuel Cromwell, a Maine farmer and soldier in the Civil War, and Hannah (Colby) Cromwell. She survives him without children.

1883

Thomas D. Husted, son of General James William Husted (Yale 1854), who was for twenty-three years a member of the New York State Assembly and six times its Speaker, was born September 18, 1860, at Peekskill, N. Y. His mother was Helen M., daughter of Thomas C. Southard, of Peekskill.

After graduation he studied law a year at the Albany Law School, continued his study at Port Henry, N. Y., till January, 1885, and then in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar on May 15. After a period of general practice he gave his attention chiefly to corporation law and to real estate enterprises. He was a fluent speaker and a natural leader, with a marked talent for organization.

Just before the reunion of his class in 1903 he received an injury while on shipboard, resulting in blood poisoning and a long illness from which he never fully recovered. He died of pneumonia at his home in New York City January 11, 1905, at the age of 44 years.

He married, June 3, 1886, Carrie Louise, daughter of Morris E. Clinton, of Peekskill, who is also deceased. A daughter survives them. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1892.

Austin Roe Preston, son of George H. and Rebecca (Roe) Preston, was born September 25, 1860, at Red Creek, Wolcott township, Wayne County, N. Y. At the age of six years he moved to Buffalo, N. Y., where he was prepared for college at the State Normal School.
After graduation he spent two years at Columbia Law School, received the degree of Bachelor of Laws and was admitted to the bar in 1885, and then practiced his profession in his native city, where his clear insight and wise judgment gave to his counsel high worth in important litigations. For two years he was with the firm of Lewis & Moot. During recent years his business had taken him to New York with increasing frequency, and early in 1905 he accepted a congenial position in the legal department of the Transit Finance Co. In this he was associated with his classmate, Dudley Phelps, chief counsel of the company.

Mr. Preston died suddenly of heart disease in New York City, May 27, 1905, in the 45th year of his age. He was for many years a member and trustee of the Delaware Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church in Buffalo.

He married, June 1, 1886, Elizabeth, daughter of Honorable Loran L. Lewis, at one time Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, and had three daughters and a son, who with Mrs. Preston survive him.

1885

Carrington Riverius Stiles was born in East Bloomfield, Ontario County, N. Y., November 10, 1850, and was the son of Riverius Carrington and Persis (Graves) Stiles, both of whom died before he entered college. He graduated from the Albany Normal School and Claverack College before coming to Yale.

The first two years after graduation he was Principal of the Bantford (Conn.) High School, the next two years taught in the Germantown (Pa.) Academy, and the two years following was Principal of Bivant Hall School in Elmira, N. Y. He spent two summers in study at Clark University, and the summer of 1889 in Germany. From Elmira he went to Painted Post, N. Y., where he had charge of the Union School for two years, and in 1893 became Principal of the Union School at Greenport, L. I. During three years of excellent service at Goshen, N. Y., he developed the union graded school into a high school, and was then called to do the same work at North Tarrytown, N. Y.

Since the fall of 1902 he had been Principal of the Susquehanna Collegiate Institute at Towanda, Pa.

Mr. Stiles died after a week's illness from the nervous exhaustion following a stroke of apoplexy at Towanda, May 18, 1905,
at the age of 54 years. Quiet and retiring, he never sought office. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church.

He married, August 20, 1889, Harriet Burchard, daughter of Richard and Clarissa (Lyon) Clarke, of Norwalk, Conn. She survives him with one son.

1887

ALBERT GAY HUNT, son of Alexander Everett and Frances Elizabeth Hunt, was born in Scranton, Pa., September 7, 1863.

After graduation he entered the house of Hunt & Connell, wholesale dealers in hardware and mine supplies, of which he became Secretary and purchasing agent. In 1890 he was appointed manager of the Technical Supply Co, a corporation closely connected with the International Textbook Co, and in this position he had continued with marked success He was singularly unselfish in character and was a recognized leader in social life. He was Vice-President of the Scranton Yale Alumni Association

Mr. Hunt died at his home in Scranton of kidney disease, May 21, 1905, in the 42d year of his age. He was not married. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1896.

1891

GEORGE PICKARD HAWKES, son of Charles Morrill and Susan Annette (Whitney) Hawkes, was born in Portland, Me., November 1, 1868, but in 1875 removed to New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Academical Department he entered the Law School but was out a year during the course and in the meantime was admitted to the bar He received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894 and then practiced successively in Buffalo, N. Y., New York City, and Denver, Col., but since 1898 had courageously struggled against disease, visiting nearly every state in the search for favoring climatic conditions. He died at West Nutley, N. J., February 14, 1905, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried His mother, one sister, a graduate of Wellesley College in 1889, and three brothers, graduates of the Academical Department in 1879, 1882 and 1883 respectively, survive him. He was a member of Center Church, New Haven

1892

JAMES ALBERT MOORE, son of David Moore, a farmer, and Mary Moore, was born at Oxford, Chenango County, N. Y.,
July 9, 1866, but entered college from the neighboring town of Norwich.

After graduation he took the course in the Yale Medical School, receiving therefrom the Degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1894. From 1895 to 1897 he was Assistant in Clinical Medicine in the Medical School, and since February, 1898, had been Police Surgeon of the city.

Dr. Moore died after an illness of three days from cerebrospinal meningitis, March 9, 1905, at the age of 38 years. He was a member of St. Francis Roman Catholic Church.

He married, December 30, 1902, Julia I., daughter of Edward Dillon, Superintendent of the New Haven Water Company. She survives him with a son.

1893

FREDERICK MERWIN LLOYD, only son of Samuel Lloyd, for many years Cashier of the City Bank, New Haven, Conn., and Josephine (Merwin) Lloyd, was born in that city March 23, 1871. After finishing his course in the Hillhouse High School he was for a year with Stoddard, Kimberly & Co., before entering college.

A few months after graduation, in January, 1894, he entered the office of the Security Insurance Co. of New Haven as clerk, later was made special agent for New England, and since January, 1904, had been Assistant Secretary of the Company. He was regarded as one of the most promising of the younger business men, and his high sense of honor and justice was felt by all with whom he came into business relations. With an uncommonly attractive personality and a thoughtful interest in others, he drew about him a large company of warm personal friends.

Mr. Lloyd died after a long and painful illness at his home in New Haven, May 13, 1905, at the age of 34 years. In November, 1885, he united with the College Street (now Plymouth) Congregational Church. He was Superintendent of its Sunday School in 1895 and 1896, and a member of the Society's Committee in 1904.

He married, June 6, 1901, Bertha Frances Herrick (Smith 1896), daughter of Dwight S and Frances S. Herrick, of Peekskill, N.Y., who survives him without children. His sister is the wife of Dr. Charles A. Tuttle, of New Haven, who graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1888.
1894

Louis Packard Gillespie, son of Louis C. and Josephine L. (Packard) Gillespie, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., January 2, 1872.

After graduation he studied economics a year at Harvard University, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1895. He then turned his attention to a business life, and in July of that year entered the employ of his father, an importer of varnish gums, shellacs, etc. January 1, 1901, he was admitted to partnership in the business.

In October, 1897, he enlisted as a member of Squadron A, National Guard of New York, the following May went with Troop A, United States Volunteer Cavalry, to Camp Black, Camp Alger, and Porto Rico, and was mustered out of service with the troop in September, 1898.

While traveling abroad he was taken with pneumonia, and died in Rome, Italy, March 31, 1905, at the age of 33 years. He was unmarried and resided with his father at Morristown, N. J., where he was a member of the Methodist Church. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1894.

1895

Thomas Carlisle Moore, son of Robert C. Moore (Western Univ. Pa. 1867), a banker, and Ellen (Carlisle) Moore, was born in Pittsburg, Pa., March 2, 1873, and took part of his college course in Washington and Jefferson college and the Western University of Pennsylvania, entering Yale from the latter in Junior year.

After graduation he studied law in Pittsburg and was admitted to the Allegheny County bar in 1897. He was a partner in the firm of Langfitt & McIntosh, later became attorney in Allegheny County for the Pure Food Co. and also Borough Solicitor for Edgewood, Pa.

Mr. Moore died at his home in Edgewood, a suburb of Pittsburg, November 13, 1904, at the age of 31 years.

He married, October 7, 1903, Arianna, daughter of George D. and Elizabeth D. Riddle, of Allegheny, Pa., who survives him.

1896

Samuel Edward Damon, son of Samuel Mills Damon, a banker of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, was born in that city
June 1, 1873. His mother was Harriet Melinda (Baldwin) Damon. His grandfather, Rev. Dwight Baldwin, M.D. (Yale 1821), was for thirty-four years a missionary of the American Board at Lahaina, on the island of Maui, in the Hawaiian Islands.

After graduation he spent two years in an accountant's office in Glasgow, Scotland, then returned to Honolulu by way of Asia, and engaged in the banking business, in which he met unusual success. He was a member of the firm of Bishop & Co. He was Treasurer of Oahu County, and his public and private services in the community had won high esteem from all.

While driving in the evening from his boathouse to his home at Moanalua he was fatally stabbed by a Porto Rican, and died before reaching the hospital at Honolulu, September 27, 1904. He was 31 years of age.

Mr Damon married, in Glasgow, Scotland, January 17, 1899, Gertrude, daughter of Charles MacKinnon, who survives him with two daughters and two sons. A brother is an undergraduate in the Academical Department.

Emory Hawes, son of Hon. Granville Parker Hawes (Bowdoin 1860), Lieutenant of the 128th New York Volunteers in the Civil War, and afterward Judge of the City Court of New York, was born in that city January 31, 1875. His mother was Euphemia Anderson (Vose) Hawes.

During his college course he was offered positions on the editorial boards of the *Yale Courant* and *Yale Literary Magazine*, and was one of the Junior Exhibition speakers.

After graduation he studied in the New York Law School for a time. He was admitted to the bar in 1898, and then entered the office of Butler, Notman, Joline & Mynnderse, and afterwards of Curtis, Mallet-Prévost & Colt. He was associated with Hon. Theon G. Strong for a year when a severe illness which left him with a weakened heart necessitated his abandoning law practice. He spent his time thereafter chiefly in travel, but did some literary work. During the Spanish-American War he served in Squadron A of New York. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Hawes died of heart trouble in New York City, November 14, 1904, in the 30th year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from the Academical Department in 1894.
1897

James Cogswell Converse, son of James Blanchard Converse (Amherst 1867) and Louise K (Dunshee) Converse, was born September 6, 1875, in McKeesport, Pa.

The summer after graduation he spent traveling in Europe with several classmates, in the fall entered the New York Law School, and received his degree from there in 1899. In June of that year he was admitted to the bar of New York State, and the following autumn entered the law office of Sullivan & Cromwell in New York City. After practicing law a short time, he became a broker and purchased a seat in the New York Stock Exchange.

Mr. Converse died of pneumonia at his home in New York City, December 15, 1904, at the age of 29 years.

He married, November 12, 1902, Lita Isabel, daughter of Jacob and Isabelle D Berry, of New York City. Mrs. Converse survives him with no children.

William Thorne Cowdrey, son of Francis Hull Cowdrey (LL.B. Columbia 1867) and Josephine (Thorne) Cowdrey, was born March 28, 1875, in New York City, and was prepared for college at the Moigan School, Clinton, Conn.

Since graduation he had been with Barber & Co., steamship agents, with office in the Produce Exchange, New York City. During most of his life his home was in New Rochelle, N. Y., where he died September 5, 1904, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried.

1899

Arthur Wendell Davis, only son of Gustavus Pierrepont Davis, M.D. (Yale 1866), and Elise L (Mitchell) Davis, was born in Hartford, Conn, May 8, 1874.

After graduation he studied medicine a year in the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, and then entered the Johns Hopkins Medical School, where he had finished his third year.

Mr. Davis died after a few days' illness of acute cerebral congestion at his father's cottage at Watch Hill, R. L, July 21, 1904. He was 30 years of age and unmarried. Three sisters survive him. He was a member of Trinity (P. E.) Church in Hartford.
JOHN CROUSE ENTREKIN, son of General John Clay Entrekin (Ohio Wesl Univ 1867), attorney-at-law, and Mary Frances (Bethauser) Entrekin, was born at Chillicothe, O, January 27, 1878, and took his preparatory course at the Lawrenceville (N. J.) School.

After graduation he became Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for the Eleventh District of Ohio under his father, at Chillicothe, and continued in that position until his death from the accidental discharge of a revolver, December 27, 1904. He was 26 years of age and unmarried.

1900

ALLAN MACLEAN, son of Rev. Allen McLean (Yale 1865) and Fanny M (Coit) McLean, and great-grandson of Rev. Allen McLean (Yale 1805), was born July 14, 1879, in Litchfield, Conn., where his father was at the time pastor of the Congregational Church, and was prepared for college at the Hotchkiss School in Lakeville, Conn.

After graduation he went into business in New York City, and afterward in Philadelphia, Pa. He had been in ill health for several months and went abroad in March, 1905. He died of blood poisoning, in Florence, Italy, June 15, in the 26th year of his age. The burial was in Florence.

1901

LUTHER LAFLIN KELLOGG, son of Luther Laflin Kellogg (Rutgers 1870) and Bessie Stout (McIntosh) Kellogg, was born October 6, 1878, in New Brunswick, N. J., but moved in early life to New York City, and from there entered college.

After graduation he studied law nearly two years in the New York Law School, and then with Professor Charles F. Bostwick. He was admitted to the bar of New York State February 16, 1904, and at once became associated with his father’s firm of Kellogg & Rose in the practice of municipal law.

He died at home after an illness of eight months from cerebrospinal meningitis, February 15, 1905, in the 27th year of his age. He was unmarried. A brother graduated from Yale College in 1899.

During his law course in the endeavor to find relief from nervous troubles, he devoted himself assiduously to the game of golf in which he became very skillful, winning more than thirty valuable cups besides medals and other prizes in various tournaments throughout the country.
YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1844

Austin Lord, son of Gardner and Eunice Amelia (Everett) Lord, was born in Marlborough, Hartford County, Conn., January 28, 1821.

After graduation from the Medical School he practiced his profession five years in his native place, and then for nearly fifty-five years in North Haven, where he died, October 11, 1904, in the 84th year of his age. He joined the Congregational Church there by letter in 1853, but later in life became a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

He married, August 22, 1850, Frances, daughter of Russel Bigelow, and had a son who died in 1899, and a daughter who survives him and is the wife of Henry W. Painter (M.D. Yale 1856). Mrs. Lord died February 28, 1868.

1845

Edward McEwen Beardsley, son of Samuel Birdseye Beardsley (Yale 1815), who was for many years a teacher of a select school in Monroe, Conn., was born in Danbury, Conn., March 5, 1823. His mother was Abigail (McEwen) Beardsley. His early education was obtained from his father, whom he assisted in teaching before entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he was in the drug business in New Haven about two years, and then combined teaching in his father's school and the practice of medicine until 1861, after which he devoted himself entirely to his profession until he suffered a paralytic shock, in May, 1903. His services were frequently sought from distant towns. In 1879 and 1880 he was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives, in which he served on the committee on foreign relations.

Dr. Beardsley died of paralysis at his home in Monroe, March 11, 1905, at the age of 82 years.

He married, April 22, 1855, Elizabeth A., daughter of David O. and Lucinda (Adams) Gray, of Monroe. She survives him with four sons and three daughters.

1851

Orlando Brown, son of Benjamin and Mary (Middleton) Brown, was born at Groton, Conn., April 13, 1827. He studied
with physicians in his native place and at New York University before entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he began practice in Warren, Conn., but in 1855 settled in Wrentham, Mass.

In July, 1861, he enlisted in the U. S. Army and was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the 18th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, being stationed in and around Washington. In December following he was appointed Surgeon of the 29th Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, and was in service at Newport News, the capture of Norfolk and Suffolk, and in the seven days' battle at Richmond. Owing to chronic illness brought on in this campaign, he was honorably discharged July 22, 1862, but soon afterward became Acting Assistant Surgeon, and aided in establishing the General Hospital at Newport News, of which he was appointed Superintendent. As the place was soon needed for other military uses he removed the hospital and the large contraband camp which he had collected around it to Craney Island. October 20, 1863, he was made Assistant Quartermaster of Volunteers, and placed in charge of the land and water hospital transportation of the Army of the James. In June, 1865, he was appointed Colonel of the 24th Regiment, U. S. Colored Infantry, and January 6, 1866, was brevetted Brigadier-General for meritorious services, was ordered to Washington to aid Generals Howard, Thomas, and Fisk in organizing the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, and was subsequently made Assistant Commissioner of this Bureau in Virginia, holding the position until his discharge, August 28, 1868. After this he was appointed Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, on the staff of General John M Schofield, and continued in service with him until the special work in the Freedmen's Bureau of which he had charge was completed.

After resigning his commission in 1869 he returned to Connecticut and to the practice of his profession in Washington and the surrounding district. He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1889, and for years a member of the United States Pension Board.

Dr. Brown married, July 1, 1852, Fanny, daughter of George P Tallmadge, a farmer of Warren, Conn. She lived but a short time, and in 1855 he married Martha Pomeroy, daughter of David Chester and Mary (Cogswell) Whittlesey, of New Preston, Conn. By the first marriage he had one son, a physician, who died in
1903, and by the second marriage two daughters and a son, the latter a graduate of the Yale Medical School in 1884.

Dr. Brown died at his home in Washington, August 3, 1904, at the age of 77 years. His widow and three children survive.

1852

Samuel Allen Wilson, son of Samuel and Julia (Chapman) Wilson, was born September 9, 1828, in Windsor, Conn., and was a resident of that town during his whole life.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School he practiced his profession in his native town until his retirement in 1884 on account of ill health. He united with the church in 1852, and was for many years church clerk, chorister and treasurer.

Dr. Wilson died of apoplexy at his home in Windsor, October 9, 1904, at the age of 76 years.

He married, May 25, 1856, Frances Benton, by whom he had two daughters. She died in 1873, and in 1875 he married Mrs. Louise (Lovell) Morgan, by whom he had one daughter (Wellesley 1903). One of the daughters by the first marriage, with her husband, went to China as a missionary, but died in 1891.

1867

Theodore Richards Noyes, son of John Humphrey Noyes (Dartmouth 1830), founder and for over thirty years manager of the Oneida Community, and Harriet Ann (Holton) Noyes, was born July 26, 1841, in Putney, Vt., but entered the Medical School from Wallingford, Conn., where his father was then conducting a branch Community.

After graduation Dr. Noyes practiced his profession at Kenwood, N. Y., but from 1895 to 1903 was President of the Oneida Community, Limited, residing in New York City and at Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y.

He died at Kenwood, June 1, 1903, in the 62d year of his age.

He married, in 1879, Miss Marion A. Burnham, by whom he had a son. In 1902 he married Miss Margaret A Haynes. An uncle graduated from Yale in 1835.

1868

John Henry Granniss, younger son of William and Sally (Gray) Granniss, was born at Ridgefield, Conn., April 16, 1844. At the age of seventeen years he entered the United States
Army, enlisting with Company C, Seventeenth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. After several months in the ranks he was detailed to hospital service, and was in the army two years and in the navy one year. While serving in the ranks he was present at the battle of Gettysburg, and was the first Union soldier to enter that town.

He was a student in Madison University, Hamilton, N. Y., but the war broke upon his studies so that at its close he began the study of medicine. He entered the office of Dr. Robert Hubbard of Bridgeport, Conn., with whom he had been associated in the hospital corps, and then the Yale Medical School.

After his graduation he settled in 1868 in Old Saybrook, Conn., where he practiced nearly thirty-seven years and gained the highest respect and affection of his townsmen, and where he died of the grip February 17, 1905, in the 61st year of his age. He was President of the Connecticut Medical Society in 1901 and Commissioner of Pharmacy for six years from 1889. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

Dr. Graniss married, October 17, 1871, Mary Witter, daughter of Rufus C and Mary A. (Bushnell) Shepard, of Old Saybrook, and had two daughters, who with Mrs. Graniss survive him.

1875

Charles Dearborn Wiggins, son of John Mead Wiggins, a carpenter, and Polly Fox (Wadleigh) Wiggins, was born December 7, 1840, at Meredith, N. H., received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1868, and then engaged in farming in Nebraska for five years, after which he returned East and studied medicine with his brother, Oliver C. Wiggins (M.D. Harv 1866), and completed his course in the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he practiced his profession in Providence, R I, twelve years, and then went with his brother Oliver to Nebraska, where he engaged in dairy farming for three years. In 1890 he resumed his medical practice and settled in Mystic, Conn. He was an able physician, and in every way was active in promoting the welfare of the community. He was a member of the Union Baptist Church, and was deeply interested in missionary work.

Dr. Wiggins died of pneumonia at his home in Mystic, May 21, 1904, in the 64th year of his age.
He married, in 1870, Adelaide A., daughter of John Buckley, of Providence, R.I., who died in 1884. In 1886 he married Lucy D., daughter of Samuel S. Bucklin, of Providence. She survives him with two daughters by his first marriage. One daughter is the wife of Rev. E. B. Dolan (Brown 1893).

1880

Loren True Day, son of John Lynes and Jane Ann (Lewis) Day, was born August 11, 1860, in Bridgeport, Conn. His father, who was a dry goods merchant in that city, died when the son was but four years old. For ten years he was in Waterbury, Conn., and after attending the Military Academy in Bridgeport, in 1876 began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Robert Lauder (M.D. Yale 1871) in that city, and remained with him a year and a half, then entering the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he took post-graduate studies in the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University), and in the winter of 1881 was Assistant to Professor Marsh in the Peabody Museum. In 1882-83 he was House Physician and Surgeon in the New Haven Hospital, and in 1883 settled in Westport, Conn., where he came to be esteemed as a physician of unusual ability and skill.

He was Secretary of the town School Committee from 1885 to 1903, and Health Officer from the establishment of that office. In 1900 he was President of the Fairfield County Medical Association. He was also Vice-President of the Saugatuck Historical Society. He was at one time vestryman in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr Day died of tuberculosis at his home in Westport, April 1, 1905, in the 45th year of his age.

He married, May 31, 1883, Frances D., daughter of Robert and Adelia A. (Young) Stevens, of New Haven, Conn. Mrs. Day survives him with one daughter.

1898

Charles Lancelot Proctor Smith, son of George W and Mary E. (Porter) Smith, was born at Morris Cove, New Haven, Conn., January 22, 1876, and took his preparatory studies under a private tutor.
After graduation from the Medical School he practiced at first in New Haven, but early in 1904 settled at Cornwall Bridge, Litchfield County, Conn. While driving across the railroad track on his return from visiting patients his carriage was struck by an express train, and he was so severely injured that he died three days after the accident, on August 18, 1904. He was 28 years of age and unmarried. He was a member of the Methodist Church, and had already won the high esteem of many friends.
YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1854

Benezet Hough Bill, son of Josiah Bissell and Harriet Tracey (Hough) Bill, was born in New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pa., February 26, 1829, but at the age of six years removed with his parents to Vernon, Conn.

The year of his graduation he was admitted to the bar of Tolland County, and the following year formed a partnership with the late Honorable Dwight Loomis (LL.D. Yale 1896), under the name of Loomis & Bill, in Rockville, now a city in the town of Vernon. This continued three years. In 1869 he was appointed State's Attorney for Tolland County and held the office twenty-four years. He was Corporation Counsel of Rockville for twelve years, and Judge of the Rockville City Court for four years, but retired in 1899 owing to age limit, and was afterward Prosecuting Attorney in the same court. He was also President of the Savings Bank of Rockville at the time of his death.

Judge Bill died of paralysis at his home in Rockville, August 21, 1904, at the age of 75 years.

He married, November 2, 1859, Kate, daughter of Rev. Leverett Griggs, D.D. (Yale 1829), and Catharine (Stearns) Griggs. She died April 13, 1877, but one of their two daughters is living. In 1890 Judge Bill married Lucinda, daughter of Charles R. and Falla (Roberts) Bronson of Waterbury, Conn., who survives him. A sister of his was the first wife of Honorable Dwight Loomis.

1855

Henry Mills Miller, son of Ebenezer Miller, a clock maker and later a manufacturer of cloth, was born in Litchfield, Conn., January 23, 1826. His mother was Pamela (Hopkins) Miller, and his paternal grandfather Rev. Jonathan Miller (Yale 1781), for fifty years Congregational pastor in Burlington, Conn. About 1840 he went with his parents to Illinois, where they settled at Waverly, in Morgan County.

After graduation he opened a law office in New Haven, but after seven years removed to Springfield, Ill. The Civil War soon disturbed his plans there, and he returned to Waverly, and upon the death of his father in 1865 gradually gave up his law
practice for farming and fruit growing. He was the first Mayor of Waverly. He was an early Abolitionist, for twenty years a Republican, twice a candidate for office of the National Greenback party, and later a Democrat.

Mr. Miller died of apoplexy at his home in Waverly, July 26, 1903, at the age of 77 years. In the fall of 1842 he united with the Congregational Church in Waverly, was clerk for a time and afterward deacon of the church.

He married, in 1857, Anna M., daughter of Stephen and Charlotte (Tuttle) Rowe, of Fair Haven, Conn. He afterwards married Miss Cynthia L. Hopkins, of Northfield, a village in Litchfield, Conn., and in 1884 Miss Lizzie M. Waller, of Litchfield, Me., who survives him.

A son by the first marriage and a son by the second marriage are living, but a son and a daughter by the second marriage are deceased.

1867

EDWIN PURRINGTON, son of Isaac Purrington, a farmer of Colerain, Franklin County, Mass., was born about 1839. His mother was Louisa (Shepardson) Purrington.

For many years after graduation he lived in the South, for a time in Rochelle, Ga., and during the last ten years in Atlanta, Ga., where he was run over and killed by a train backing through the station, August 19, 1904. He was about 65 years of age, and unmarried.

1871

JOHN ADAMS ROBINSON, son of John Adams Robinson, a Norwich, Conn., steamboat captain, and Mary Elizabeth (Callyhan) Robinson, was born in Norwich, October 18, 1837. He received the degree of Bachelor of Science from Dartmouth College in 1855, and of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City (Columbia University) in 1858. He practiced medicine in Pittston, Pa., served as Assistant Surgeon in the 11th Indiana Cavalry, and then entered the Yale Law School in 1868.

Upon graduation from the last he practiced law in New Haven, and in 1875 succeeded his brother (LLB, Yale 1872) as Librarian of the Yale Law School. He remained in that position until 1894, when he resigned to become Assistant Professor of Law in the Catholic University at Washington, D.C., of which
his brother, Professor William C. Robinson, LL.D. (hon. M.A. Yale 1881), was Dean of the Department of Law, and continued in that office to the close of his life.

While spending the summer in New Haven he died from a complication of diseases, September 1, 1904, at the age of 67 years.

He married, February 14, 1861, Mrs. Emma Dimock, daughter of John Gray, and had two sons and three daughters, who survive him. Mrs. Robinson outlived her husband only a short time, dying December 13, 1904.

1874

James Bishop, son of William and Charlotte (Love) Bishop, was born January 5, 1851, in Westville, Conn. After preliminary study in the Franklin school there and a course in the Stevens Business Institution in New Haven, he at first became clerk in Whittelsey’s crockery store, formerly on Chapel street, but in 1872 entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation he was in partnership with Judge Hobart L. Hotchkiss (LL.B. Yale 1873) about a year, and then with Honorable Rufus S. Pickett (LL.B. Yale 1873) for over twenty-three years. In 1881 he was appointed Assistant Clerk of the City Court, and two years later succeeded Judge Julius C. Cable, also a classmate, as Clerk of the City Court, holding the latter office ten years. In 1895 he was chosen Judge of the City Court, and upon the death of Judge Cable in June, 1903, succeeded him as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He continued in that office until his death, which occurred after a brief illness from appendicitis, May 13, 1905. He was 54 years of age. His sunny disposition and genial manner attracted to him friends in all walks of life, who valued his high character and faithful service. He was a member of Trinity M. E. Church.

He married, November 20, 1879, Carrie C., daughter of Orrin C. and Fanny (Barnes) Andrews of Wallingford, who, with their three daughters, survives him.

1877

Albert Marion Tallmadge was born in Fairfield, Conn., February 22, 1854, and was the son of Albert G. Tallmadge, a prominent architect, and Mary (Cable) Tallmadge. He received
the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Wesleyan University in 1874, spent two years in European travel and study in the University of Leipsic, and a year in the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the latter and admission to the bar in June, 1877, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Bridgeport, Conn., in association with the late Curtis Thompson (M A Yale 1871). From 1879 to 1881 he was Deputy Judge of the City Court, in 1884 was Democratic Representative in the State Legislature, in 1888 Town Attorney, and from 1893 to 1899 Judge of Probate of the District of Bridgeport. He was most companionable, and held the confidence of all in his high character as a judge and a man.

He died after an illness of about two years, February 13, 1905, in the 51st year of his age. He was unmarried.

1878

Haydn Clark Kelly, son of Elijah and Jennette M. (Smith) Kelly, was born July 25, 1855, in New Brunswick, N. J., and graduated from Rutgers College in 1876.

During his course in the Law School he won the prize in Civil Law, and upon receiving his degree practiced his profession, being located at different times in New York City, Jersey City, and New Brunswick, N. J.

He died in New York City, February 16, 1904, at the age of 48 years. He was not married.

John Carlos Talcott was born March 8, 1857, in Jefferson, Ashtabula County, O., the eldest of the five sons of Henry Talcott, a pioneer settler of that place, hardware dealer and stock farmer. His mother was Cordelia Jane (Pritchard) Talcott. He graduated from Mount Union College in 1876, two years later with honor from the Yale Law School, and in 1881 received from Yale the degree of Master of Laws.

He practiced his profession in Jefferson until 1891, but since then had an extensive practice in Cleveland, O., where he was senior partner in the firm of Talcott Brothers.

Mr. Talcott died of apoplexy at Cleveland, December 17, 1904, at the age of 47 years. He had been in poor health for two years previous. His mother and four brothers survive him. Two brothers are graduates of the Yale Law School, respectively in 1880 and 1884.
H ENRY MAURICE DANNEEL, son of Hermann and Marie Louise (Grace) Danneel, was born January 18, 1869, in New Orleans, La. After graduation he returned to his native city, where he continuously practiced his profession until his death, May 26, 1905, at the age of 36 years. He was unmarried.

WILFRED ADAMS CLARK was born August 20, 1869, and was the son of Honorable Thomas Clark, a woolen manufacturer of North Stonington, Conn., President of the Norwich & New York Transportation Co., and State Comptroller from 1887 to 1889. His mother was Sarah E. (Wheeler) Clark. His preparatory course was taken at the Westerly (R. I.) High School.

After graduating from the Law School Mr. Clark was in the brokerage business in New York City, where he died June 11, 1904, in the 35th year of his age. He was a member of the First Congregational Church in North Stonington.

He married at North Adams, Mass., April 17, 1895, Minna Minton, daughter of Elijah A. Dyke, a merchant of that city. She survives him without children.

REDFORD BRIAN TUNSTALL SHARPE, son of William Redford Longstreet Sharpe, Surgeon of the 15th New Jersey Infantry Volunteers from 1862 to 1865, and afterward Contract Surgeon till his death in 1873, was born in San Antonio, Texas, September 23, 1872. His mother was Florida Hall (Tunstall) Sharpe. He entered the Yale Law School from the San Antonio Academy.

After graduation he began the practice of his profession in his native city, but was soon chosen by Justice Brewer (Yale 1856) his Secretary for the Venezuelan Boundary Commission Tribunal. In this service Mr. Sharpe spent several months in Washington and in Paris, and was then appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the Western District of Texas. Upon the division of that district he was appointed to the same position in the Southern District, and continued in that office until his death, which was due to pneumonia and occurred at Laredo, one hundred and sixty miles from San Antonio, November 27, 1904. He was 32 years of age, and was unmarried.

He was a leader among the younger lawyers, and was a delegate to several Republican State conventions.
JOHN JOSEPH FEELY, son of John B. Feely, a farmer and stockman of Wilmington, Will County, Ill., was born in that place August 1, 1875. His mother was Winifred (Lennon) Feely. He received the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Niagara University in 1895, and the following autumn entered the Yale Law School.

After graduation from the latter he was admitted to the Connecticut bar, practiced a year in New Haven, and then went to Chicago to reside. He was admitted to the Illinois bar in 1898, and two years later was elected a member of the National House of Representatives. Upon the completion of his term of office he resumed practice in Chicago as a member of the firm of Blake & Feely.

Mr. Feely died of gastritis at his home in Chicago, February 15, 1905, in the 30th year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

WALTER LEGRAND BEVINS, son of LeGrand and Jane Lois (Stiles) Bevins, was born August 4, 1879, at Meriden, Conn. After graduation from the High School in that city he was for more than a year Editor of the Winsted (Conn.) Citizen.

During his course in the Yale Law School the Spanish War broke out, and July 9, 1898, he enlisted in Company L, First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. His company went as far south as Camp Alger, at Falls Church, Va., and desired to continue in service, but returned to Niantic, Conn., where, after an illness from typhoid malaria, he was mustered out of service October 21. He then resumed his studies and received his degree with the class. In Senior year he was editor of the Class Book known as "The Yale Shingle."

In October following graduation he opened a law office in Meriden, and had become closely identified with the best interests of the city. He was President of the Young Men's Christian Association, and had just been chosen Deacon of the Center Congregational Church. He was Councilman and Alderman, and at the last election had been Democratic candidate for State Representative.

Mr. Bevins died of pneumonia,—a week after the death of his father from the same cause,—January 18, 1905, in the 29th year of his age. He was unmarried.
AETHUR HENDERSON, son of John Henderson, a manufacturer of Waterbury, Conn., was born in Waterbury, Conn., June 24, 1877. His mother was Margaret, daughter of Gilbert Murray, a farmer of Salem, Conn., and Representative in the State Legislature from 1871 to 1873. After taking a course in the Waterbury High School he spent some time in mechanical work, and then prepared himself for entrance to the Yale Law School.

After graduation he gave promise of success in his profession, but in a short time severe physical suffering caused him to give up the law and he employed himself in the office of his father.

He died at home after two years of illness from diabetes, November 27, 1904, at the age of 27 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Third Congregational Church. A brother graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1899.
Sedgwick Porter Wilder, son of John and Sarah (Kidder) Wilder, was born at Newfane, Vt., May 28, 1847, spent his boyhood at Gill, Mass., and at the age of seventeen years moved with his parents to Eau Claire, Wisc. In the spring of 1865 he enlisted in the Fifty-first Wisconsin Regiment and served his country until mustered out of service the following August. The next year he finished his college preparation, in 1871 graduated from Beloit College, and the following year was engaged in teaching at Black River Falls, Wisc.

On completing his course in the Yale Divinity School he was ordained as an evangelist May 28, 1875, at Springfield, Mass., where for a year he was acting pastor of Faith Chapel, a mission of the South Congregational Church. In October, 1876, he was called to Brandon, Vt., and after a pastorate of three and a half years there to North Brookfield, Mass., where he remained seven years. From June, 1887, to March, 1896, he was pastor at Janesville, Wisc., for two years following of the First Presbyterian Church of Pueblo, Col., and since March, 1898, of the Congregational Church of Delavan, Wisc.

Although never of robust health, during the thirty years of his ministry, with one brief exception preceding his final illness, he filled his own or some other pulpit continuously. He was twice a delegate to the National Congregational Council. He was the inspiring counselor of churches and colleges, and was held in affectionate regard throughout the state. His varied powers were wholly consecrated to the work of uplifting mankind. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Beloit College in 1899.

Dr. Wilder died after an illness of about three months at Delavan, April 4, 1905, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, October 13, 1875, Jennie A., daughter of Aaron and Esther (Munger) Watson, of Beloit, Wisc. She survives him with a son and daughter, both members of the graduating class of Beloit College.

Henry Levi Slack, son of John Spafford and Elvira (Lake) Slack, was born in Plymouth, Vt., August 30, 1847. Before pre-
paring for college he was for a time in business with his father. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1873, was for two years Principal of the High School in Springfield, Vt., spent a year in Harvard Divinity School, and then entered the Middle class in the Yale Divinity School.

The autumn after graduation from the latter he was ordained and installed at Chester, Vt., and remained there as pastor until the spring of 1883, with an absence of six months abroad. During the remainder of his life—for twenty-two years—he was pastor of the First Congregational Church at Bethel, Conn. From 1884 to 1889 he was Registrar of the Fairfield East Consociation of Congregational Churches, in 1893, and again in 1902, delegate to the National Congregational Council, in 1896 Chairman of the Ministers' Association of Fairfield County. Since 1884 he had been Chairman of the town School Board, and in all the higher life of the community exerted a helpful influence. Several of his addresses were published, and he contributed many articles to the religious press.

Mr. Slack died of enlargement of the heart at Bethel, March 25, 1905, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, May 21, 1879, Fannie, daughter of William Underhill and Lophelia Cady (Leach) Phelps, who survives him with one son and three daughters. The son is a student in Dartmouth College, the eldest daughter in Wellesley College, and the second daughter is soon to enter Wellesley.

1882

EDWARD HAUGHTON ASHMUN, son of William and Sarah (Fenn) Ashmun, was born at Tallmadge, O., March 12, 1853, but about 1870 moved with his parents to Weeping Water, Nebr. He graduated from Tabor College in 1878, and spent the next year in teaching.

After finishing his course in Yale Divinity School he was ordained October 5, 1882, at Syracuse, Nebr., and remained there as pastor four years, being then stationed at Beatrice in the same State two years and at Denver, Col., five years. From 1893 to 1899 he was Superintendent of the Congregational Home Missionary Society for New Mexico and Arizona, and for Arizona alone until 1901. He then took the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Weiser, Ida., for two years, resigning in 1903 to gain
rest and health in the open air. He was a close student of nature, and made a special study of conchology, and gathered a very large collection of land shells, including specimens which the Smithsonian Institution has named for him. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Tabor College.

Mr Ashmun died after a long illness from nervous exhaustion, ending in paralysis, at Burke, Cal, December 21, 1904, at the age of 51 years. His life was filled with service for others.

He married, June 4, 1890, Anna Louise Lyman, daughter of Rev Addison Lyman and Catherine Ann (Porter) Lyman, who survives him with a son

1892

Kevork Harootune Kazanjian, son of Harootune Kazanjian, a coppersmith, and Helen (Doghlian) Kazanjian, was born in Aintab, Turkey, March 15, 1850

Previous to entering Yale Seminary he graduated from the Central Turkey College at Aintab, and from the Theological Seminary of Marash, Turkey, and after ordination as a Congregational minister preached in the Turkish cities of Marash, Aleppo, Antioch and Adana

After finishing his course of study in New Haven he went back to Turkey, where for over two years he was acting pastor of the First Congregational Church in Aintab. He was also the local Representative of the Protestant community in the Turkish government in his city

He then returned to New Haven, and in January, 1897, took charge of the Armenian church work of the city, which he continued for several years. He was a member of the Dwight Place Congregational Church,

Mr Kazanjian died in New Haven, August 27, 1904, at the age of 54 years

He married, July 4, 1872, Mary, daughter of Mardiros Chilinguian, a locksmith of Marash, Turkey. She survives him with four daughters and two sons.
SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1854

George Bowen Pierson, son of Henry Louis and Helen Maria Pierson, was born in New York City, November 26, 1832. His father was an iron merchant and partner in the house of Josiah G. Pierson & Brothers, founded in New York City in 1790, which established, in 1795, on the Ramapo River, N Y., the "Ramapo Works," afterwards distinguished among pioneer industries for inventions and manufactures.

After graduation Mr. Pierson spent several years in the real estate business in Chicago and on "Castle Farm," a tract of eight hundred acres of land in Broome County, N. Y., and then returned to the "Homestead" at Ramapo, Rockland County, N. Y., where he lived quietly, after the death of his father in 1893 being much occupied with the care of the latter's estate and devoting his leisure to the study of German. He died, December 7, 1904, at the age of 72 years. He was never married.

1856

George Franklin Fuller was born in Brighton, Mass. (now within the limits of Boston), February 15, 1834, the son of Granville Fuller, a builder and lumber merchant, and Rebecca B. Fuller.

After graduation he engaged in engineering in Illinois for about two years and then became an architect. He began his work in this line in Iowa, but in 1859 returned to Massachusetts, and at first was successively associated with Mr. C. K. Kirby and Mr. N. J. Bradlee, architects in Boston, but afterward carried on a successful business by himself. He was obliged to give up his work about ten years ago owing to ill health, but continued to have the care of much real estate. Since 1861 his home had been in West Newton, Mass., where he died, July 14, 1904, at the age of 70 years.

He married, September 20, 1859, Annie E., daughter of Ashley Moore, of Worcester, Mass. She survives him without children.

1864

Beverly Scott Burton, son of Selden M. Burton (B.A. Wash. and Lee Univ. 1833, M.D. Univ. Pa '1836) and Phebe (Stillé) Burton, was born at Norristown, Pa., June 5, 1846.
For four years after graduation he was Assistant in Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School, and from 1873 to 1877 Professor of General Agricultural Chemistry in the University of Tennessee. After this his residence was in Munich, Germany. He received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the University of Würzburg in 1881, and was a member of the Royal Academies of Berlin and Paris.

He married in Philadelphia, December 10, 1901, Miss Pollock of Cincinnati, O, and died in Munich, January 6, 1904, in the 58th year of his age. He had no children.

1870

Edward VanBuren Hoes, son of John VanAlen Hoes, a lawyer, formerly of Kinderhook, N. Y., and Fannie (Reynolds) Hoes, was born in Ottawa, LaSalle County, Ill., February 16, 1849.

After graduation he was a banker in Lake City, Col., until about 1870, then in Chicago, Ill., and afterwards in Kingston, N. Mex., for some years in Hermosilla, Mex., and for the last three years of his life engaged as General Manager of the Pacific Coal Co of Sonora, Mex., with general offices in Philadelphia, Pa., and in New York City. He died at Asbury Park, N. J., August 4, 1904, at the age of 54 years.

Mr. Hoes married, February 16, 1885, Harriette, daughter of John and Mary (Morgan) Haynes, who survives him with no children.

1871

James Clark Bush, only son and eldest child of William Henry and Eliza Ann (Clark) Bush of New Haven, Conn., was born in Waterbury, Conn., October 31, 1850. His father was for many years deacon in the First Congregational Church in Waterbury. His mother was a daughter of John Clark (Yale 1806) of that city. He had five ancestors who served in the Revolutionary War, one great-grandfather having gone through the entire war and received a pension.

His boyhood days were spent in Waterbury and New London, Conn., in Scranton, Penn., and in New Haven, Conn. In the last city he received most of his early education, at Mt. Fabrique's school and at General Russell's Commercial and Collegiate Institute. Owing to the financial reverses of his father, he left the Sheffield Scientific School during Junior year,
but subsequently received the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, and was enrolled with his class in 1890. For a time he was assistant to the City Surveyor, and later for about a year served on the engineer staff of the Air Line Railroad then in process of construction. Upon competitive examination he was then appointed from Connecticut to the United States Military Academy at West Point, entering as a cadet July 1, 1871; and was graduated June 16, 1875, when he was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Regiment of Artillery. He was also graduated from the United States School of Application for Artillery Officers at Fort Monroe, Va., in 1880, and from the United States School of Application for Torpedo Training at Willet's Point, N. Y., in 1882. His appointment as First Lieutenant in the Fifth Artillery bears the date November 1, 1882, and he received his commission as Captain in the Seventh Regiment of Artillery March 8, 1898.

During his connection with the United States Army he was at West Point until 1875; at Fort Trumbull, New London, Conn., in 1875; Key West Barracks and Fort Brooke, Tampa, Fla., until 1877; Fort Monroe, Va., in 1880; Fort Brooke again, 1880-81; Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., 1881, and Willet's Point, N. Y., 1882. He was stationed at Fort Schuyler, N. Y., in 1882-83; was professor of military science at General Russell's school, New Haven, Conn., 1883-84; was at Fort Omaha, Nebr., in 1884; Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah, from 1884-87; at Fort Columbus, Governor's Island, New York Harbor, from 1887-98. During the Spanish War he was in service at Tampa, Fla., and in the autumn of 1898 was stationed at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., where he remained until ordered to the Philippines in 1901. He reached Manila in the spring of 1902, and was first stationed at Fort Santiago, but later was transferred to a post about four miles away. He was commissioned Major in the Artillery Corps, U. S. A., February 21, 1903; and early in 1904 he was placed in command of the Cuartel de España and of the Artillery, District of Manila. His health becoming somewhat impaired, he was granted leave of absence for several months, which he spent in travel in Japan. Shortly after his return to Manila he suffered an attack of fever from which he never fully recovered. He was ordered home in June, 1904, and reached this country in July, proceeding at once to Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, Mass., where he was in command until his last illness.
While at Governor's Island, he was Post Commissary. In 1888, he was elected Assistant Secretary and Treasurer of the Military Service Institution; also Assistant Editor of the Journal of the Institution, having charge of the reprints and foreign reviews, a department which he inaugurated. It was likewise through his efforts that a change from a quarterly to a bi-monthly issue was effected. The magazine thus became better known and so valuable to officers as to increase the membership in the Institution and largely augment its funds, which he wisely invested. In 1894 he became sole Editor of the Journal, his services for it ending when he took command of his company during the Spanish-American War, in June, 1898. He wrote various articles for this Journal, besides numerous translations from the French.


By his kindness and consideration Major Bush won the affectionate esteem of the men in the ranks as well as the regard of the officers under him. Each soldier felt that he was his friend, and their confidence in him was especially shown when he left Fort Adams for the Philippines.

His health was seriously undermined during his Philippine tour, and after his return to this country he suffered much from illness. Although urged to seek needed rest, he kept bravely on at his command at Fort Warren, where he was stricken with apoplexy May 17, 1905, a second attack proving fatal on June 11. He was 54 years of age. He was buried with military honors at West Point. He was a member of the Church of the Ascension, Boston.

Major Bush married, January 8, 1880, Eleanor Adams, elder daughter of Hon Edwin M Stanton (LL D. Yale 1867), Attorney-General in the Cabinet of President Buchanan, Secretary of War in the Cabinets of Presidents Lincoln and Johnson, and Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. He made his only European trip shortly after his marriage. Mrs Bush and one daughter survive him. He also leaves three sisters residing in New Haven, Conn., one of whom received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Yale University in 1901.
1872

George Noyes Miller, son of John Ransom and Charlotte Augusta (Noyes) Miller, was born in Putney, Vt., September 13, 1845. In Freshman and Senior years his residence was Wallingford, Conn., and in Junior year Lenox, Madison County, N.Y. He was a nephew of John Humphrey Noyes (Dartmouth 1830), founder of the Oneida and Wallingford Communities, and was actively connected with their work during a large part of his life, residing since 1880 at Niagara Falls, N. Y., New York City, and Short Beach, Conn.

He married, at Oneida, N. Y., August 14, 1870, Annie Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel M. and Lavinia E. (Chapman) Kelly, and had a son and daughter.

Mr. Miller died at Short Beach, Conn., July 11, 1904, at the age of 58 years.

1874

Lorenzo Medici Johnson, fourth of the six sons of Rev. Alonzo Dow and Mary (Burges) Johnson, was born January 22, 1843, in New York City, but worked on the farm of his father at Rochester Center, Plymouth County, Mass., until 1860, when he was appointed an assistant in the United States Coast Survey. He was engaged in the surveys of Mobile harbor and the projected canal across the base of Cape Cod, but in September, 1861, was assigned to duty in the Pay Department of the United States Army, and was with the Army of the Potomac at the capture of Yorktown, during the Seven Days' Battles in the Peninsular campaign, and at the capture of Vicksburg. At the close of 1863 he was ordered to the Pacific Coast by way of the Isthmus of Panama, and traveled over Oregon, Washington, and Idaho. After an examination at the State Department, under a law intended to create a permanent consular and diplomatic service, on September 12, 1867, he was appointed one of the thirteen Consular Pupils, and assigned to duty in Syria, where his elder brother, Jeremiah Augustus Johnson, was then Consul General, and where he served as Vice-Consul at Beirut, Jaffa, Jerusalem and Damascus. In July, 1870, he was made Consul-General at Beirut, but the following year he resigned, and, returning to America, entered the Sheffield Scientific School.

In Junior year he was one of the editors of the Yale Record and a member of the executive committee of the Sheffield
Debating Club, and in Junior and Senior years President of his class. He received the degree of Civil Engineer from Yale University in 1875.

In September following graduation he entered the service of the Keokuk & Des Moines Railway Co., rising from the position of Engineer to that of Assistant General Superintendent, and in December, 1877, became General Manager of the Cairo & St. Louis Railroad, continuing in the latter capacity until January, 1881, when he was elected Vice-President. At the same time he was appointed Assistant to the President of the Pullman Palace Car Co., and had especial charge of the construction of the town of Pullman. Both of these offices he held until December 1, 1883, when he accepted the appointment of General Manager of the Mexican International Railroad Co., and established his headquarters at what is now called Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, on the Rio Grande, opposite Eagle Pass, Tex. During the period of over nineteen years while he was in charge he directed the construction of over eight hundred and fifty miles of railway track, and at the same time managed large coal-mining and cattle-raising interests of the company in Mexico. On January 1, 1903, after the purchase of the Mexican International by the Mexican National interests his connection with the road ceased, and he became Manager of the railroad and fuel department of the American Smelting & Refining Co., with headquarters in the City of Mexico. In August, 1904, he accepted the Presidency of the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad, a line extending through Western New York State and Northern Pennsylvania, with general offices in New York and St. Mary's, Pa., between which his time was divided.

While residing in Mexico and since he also maintained a home at Winnetka, on the shore of Lake Michigan, near Chicago. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of the Western Society of Civil Engineers, and of several social clubs. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church of Chicago from about 1880 until his death. His good influence over the large bodies of men under him was marked in many ways. In 1898, at the time of the Spanish war, he offered to raise a regiment from among the Americans in Northern Mexico whose specialty should be rapid railroad construction or destruction.

Mr. Johnson died after a brief illness at St. Mary's, Pa., of Bright's disease, November 28, 1904, at the age of 61 years.
He married, April 22, 1878, Helen Wolcott, daughter of the late General Hart L. and Hannah Blair (McKibbin) Stewart, of Chicago, and had one son and three daughters, who with their mother survive him. The son graduated from Yale College in 1902.

1876

William Arthur Pratt, son of Dennis C. and Louise M. (Conkling) Pratt, was born in Greenport, Suffolk County, N. Y., August 23, 1854, but came to New Haven when eight years of age.

After graduation he was Deputy United States Mineral Surveyor in Colorado until February 1877, and the following summer became a special aid in the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey upon a resurvey of the water front of Philadelphia. On January 1, 1880, he entered the office of the Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, serving as Draughtsman and Assistant Engineer until 1885, when he was promoted to the position of Engineer of Bridges. He continued in that office until appointed Assistant to the Chief Engineer, March 1, 1902.

Mr. Pratt died from rheumatism at his home in Philadelphia, September 19, 1904, at the age of 50 years.

In early life he joined the Howe Street Congregational Church in New Haven, and was afterward a member of its successor, the Dwight Place Church, from its organization in 1872 till his death.

He married, April 25, 1882, Jennie G., daughter of John and Mary J. Thompson, who survives him.

Thomas Alfred Vernon, son of Thomas Vernon, a native of Devonshire, England, but afterward engaged in the manufacture and sale of paper in New York City, was born February 28, 1856, in Brooklyn, N. Y., and before coming to the Sheffield Scientific School was a student in the Adelphi Academy in that city. His mother was Ianthe (Steele) Vernon.

After graduation he entered his father's firm, which afterward became Vernon Brothers & Co. In 1897 he was a delegate to the New York Republican State Convention. He was a trustee of Adelphi College, also of the Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital.

Mr. Vernon died at his home on Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, June 23, 1904, at the age of 48 years. Two brothers graduated from the Academical Department, respectively in 1883 and 1889.
He married, May 1, 1894, Orrill Cushman, daughter of George C Howard, M.D., and Harriet (Brigham) Howard, of Rochester, N. Y., who survives him.

Alonzo Earl Wemple, son of Jay Cady and Rachel Jane (Nevins) Wemple, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., December 5, 1854. He took the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School. After graduation he became associated with his father in the Jay C Wemple Window Shade Co., of New York City, and continued in the business during his life.

Mr. Wemple died in New York City, May 27, 1904, in the 50th year of his age. He was a member of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

He married, December 18, 1878, Frances, daughter of Jacob Burge Morris, of Watkins, N. Y., and had four daughters, of whom two with their mother survive him.

1878

Lucien Lowber Burrows, son of Lowber and Mary Lavinia (Bering) Burrows, was born March 10, 1857, at Decatur, Ill., and previous to entering the Sheffield Scientific School was a student in Racine College.

After graduation he was in manufacturing for a year, and then entered the banking house of L. Burrows & Co., in Decatur, of which he became Cashier.

Mr. Burrows died at Decatur, May 8, 1905, at the age of 48 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

1879

Alfred Dennis Lewis, son of Edward A. Lewis, a retired bookseller, and Malvina (Dennis) Lewis, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., on March 12, 1856. In the Sheffield Scientific School he took the Select course.

Since graduation he had lived in his native city and had been one of the office force of the Spring Perch Company. He died at his home, October 5, 1904, at the age of 48 years.

Mr. Lewis married, June 2, 1886, May Runette, daughter of William Welch, a Bridgeport inventor, who survives him. They had no children.
Charles Manville Downs, son of Elijah and Sara (Manville) Downs, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 23, 1860, and took the biological course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he entered the Yale Medical School, received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883, and then continued his studies in Berlin and Vienna. On his return from Europe he practiced in New Haven for a year, and then removed to Chicago, where he had attained success in his profession. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of New Haven, and afterward a member and officer of the Belden Avenue Church in Chicago.

Dr. Downs died suddenly of appendicitis, at Chicago, November 24, 1904, at the age of 44 years.

He married, June 22, 1887, Caroline, daughter of Dr. John and Harriet Greives, of Paterson, N. J., who survives him with a daughter and son.

Frederic Robinson Bartlett, son of Frederic Bartlett, a merchant of Freeport, Ill., was born in that place May 22, 1861. He entered the Sheffield Scientific School from Ripon College, and took the Chemical course.

After graduation he was engaged in the hardware and insurance business until his death, which occurred in Chicago, Ill., August 12, 1904, at the age of 43 years. He was Junior Warden of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Freeport.

He married, January 17, 1900, Frances, daughter of Rev. Francis A Read, a Methodist clergyman, who survives him without children.

John Bell Hatcher, son of John and Margaret Columbia (Laining) Hatcher, was born October 11, 1861, in Cooperstown, Brown County, Ill., but in his boyhood removed with his parents to a farm near Cooper, Greene County, Ia. From there he entered Iowa College in September, 1881, but a year later joined the Junior class in the Sheffield Scientific School.

During his course his fondness for scientific pursuits attracted the attention of Professor Marsh, who commissioned him immediately on graduation to undertake a paleontological expedition in southwestern Nebraska. From the summer of 1884 until 1893 he was continuously in the service of Professor Marsh, and
during these years, sometimes alone and sometimes with others, from early spring until late in the fall or early winter he explored a wide area in Nebraska, the Dakotas, Montana, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado. During the winter months and early spring he collected in Maryland and North Carolina. The scientific treasures which he unearthed greatly enriched the collections of the United States Geological Survey and of the Peabody Museum. For the year 1891-92 his name appears in the Yale catalogues as Assistant in Geology.

In 1893 he became Curator of Vertebrate Paleontology and the following year also Assistant in Geology in Princeton University. While at Princeton he continued his Western explorations with success, but in 1896, 1897 and 1898 he made three important expeditions to Patagonia, in which he secured a very large collection of vertebrate fossils, besides extensive collections in recent zoology and botany. The scientific results of these expeditions have been published in the first volume of the "Reports of the Princeton University Expeditions to Patagonia," issued upon the J. Pierpont Morgan Publication Fund of that university. Geographical discoveries of great importance were also made in the interior of Patagonia, and one of the mountains near the boundary between Chili and Argentina bears his name.

On February 1, 1900, Mr. Hatcher became Curator of Paleontology and Osteology in the Museum of the Carnegie Institute in Pittsburgh, Pa. During his summer field work in 1903 he was able to prove the correctness of his observations and conclusions of many years earlier regarding the relative position and geological age of the Judith River beds of Montana.

In addition to his volume in the Reports of the Princeton University Expeditions, Mr. Hatcher contributed a number of papers to the *Annals* and *Memoirs of the Carnegie Museum*, and numerous articles to the *American Journal of Science* and *American Naturalist*. In 1902 he undertook for the United States Geological Survey the completion of the Monograph of the *Ceratopsidae* begun by Professor Marsh, and left the manuscript nearly finished. The bibliography of his works numbers nearly fifty publications.

During the last year and a half he occupied much of his time in reproducing the skeleton of a *Diplodocus* for the British Museum of Natural History, and just completed the restoration before his death. He never fully recovered from the illness and
exposure which he had undergone in Patagonia, and during the last year of his life there was hardly any time when he was free from pain, often most intense. He died at his home in Pittsburg July 3, 1904, at the age of 42 years.

He married, October 10, 1887, Anna Matilda, daughter of Peter Isaacson and Christine Brita (Christopherson) Isaacson, and sister of Olof August Peterson, of the Carnegie Museum at Pittsburg, Pa., who was his assistant in two of his expeditions to Patagonia. Mrs. Hatcher survives him with four of their seven children.

1885

Frank Jerome Stevens, son of Edward and Celestia (Jerome) Stevens, was born in Liverpool, England, May 13, 1863, but when about two years of age came with his parents to New Haven, where his father had accepted the office of Secretary of the New Haven Clock Company. He was a grandson of Chauncey Jerome, who came from Bristol, Conn., to New Haven in 1842 and was engaged in the making of clocks for many years. In the Sheffield Scientific School Mr Stevens took the course in dynamic engineering.

After graduation he was connected with the New Haven Clock Co., at first at the manufactory in New Haven, and a few years later in the New York office. From January, 1892, to October, 1893, he was Secretary of the Company and in 1895 went to England, where he took charge of the London office of Jerome & Co. of Liverpool, who had long been the selling agents of the New Haven Clock Co., and continued there ten years.

In February, 1903, he again became Secretary of the New Haven Clock Co. He had just settled up the business of Jerome & Co., following its absorption by the New Haven Clock Co., and was enjoying a short vacation before returning to New Haven to reside. While making the trip by automobile from Cannes to Monte Carlo he was so severely injured by a collision that after two days of unconsciousness he died at Eze, France, April 4, 1905. He was in the 42d year of his age, and unmarried.

Although successful in business, he was also widely interested in other things, and in the life and welfare of those with whom he came in contact, among whom were many devoted friends. He was a member of the Davenport Congregational Church in New Haven. A brother and sister survive him.
1887

WILLIAM THOMAS RAINEY, son of William James Rainey, a coal and coke dealer, and Eleanor B (Mitchell) Rainey, was born October 16, 1864, at Cleveland, O, and after graduation resided in that city about ten years, carrying on the business interests of his father, then in Philadelphia, Pa, until his removal to New York City about three years before his death. He was President of the Century Bank and a director of the Astor National Bank of New York, also a director of the Mercantile National Bank of Cleveland.

Mr. Rainey died, after an illness of several weeks, August 13, 1904, in New York City, in the 40th year of his age. He was unmarried.

NATHANIEL P. WASHBURN, son of Hosea and Elizabeth Rhoda (Locke) Washburn, was born March 14, 1867, at Bridgewater, Mass. In 1883-84 he studied at Storrs Agricultural School (now Connecticut Agricultural College), at Storrs, Conn., then took the course in biology in the Sheffield Scientific School, and after graduation returned to Storrs and taught for a year.

The following year he entered Bellevue Hospital and Medical School (New York University), from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1891, ranking third in his class. After a term of service as Interne in Bellevue Hospital, he established a successful practice in Stamford, Conn., but owing to the failure of his health went to Saranac, N. Y., in 1896 or 1897, and in 1898 to New Mexico. There he so far recovered his strength that in 1900 he went to Colorado and opened an office in Boulder, and was meeting with success, when he overtaxed himself, and in 1903 journeyed to Mexico in search of health. On his way home he died of tuberculosis at San Antonio, Tex., June 19, 1903. He was 36 years of age and unmarried.

1888

FREDERICK RUPERT HAMLIN, son of John Austin Hamlin, proprietor of the Grand Opera House in Chicago, Ill., was born in Oberlin, O, December 4, 1863. His mother was Mary Eleanor (Hart) Hamlin. He took his preparatory studies in Phillips (Exeter) Academy and Williston Seminary, and also spent some time in business before entering the Sheffield Scientific School. He was in the Select course.
After graduating he was for a year in the wholesale drug business with his father, and since then was associated with his elder brother in the business management of the Grand Opera House in Chicago, until a short time before his death, when his own business interests required his removal to New York City. Among several successful dramatic productions under his auspices "The Wizard of Oz" and "Babes in Toyland" were especially notable, and have delighted great numbers of children.

He died from an unusual form of cancer in New York City November 27, 1904, in the 41st year of his age. He married, the preceding April, Mrs. Mary Cozzens Cadow, who survives him. Three of his brothers graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School, respectively in 1887, 1892, and 1895. The last mentioned died in 1901.

1889

John Kenneth Mackenzie, son of Colonel John Mackenzie of the English Army and a native of England, was born on the Island of Jersey, one of the Channel Islands of England, June 21, 1862. His mother was Harriet Louise (Littan) Mackenzie.

At the age of seventeen he went to the Sandwich Islands and was successful in contract raising of sugar for the Spreckels Brothers. He returned to England for a time, and then with one of his brothers came to the United States, and took a ranch near Garden City, Kans.

In 1887 he entered the Sheffield Scientific School as a special student in chemistry, leaving in 1889, but in 1899 he received his degree with enrollment in his class.

After leaving Yale he was in the employ of the Illinois Steel Co. of Chicago, now one of the constituent companies of the United States Steel Co., until April, 1893, when he formed a partnership with Mr. R. N. Dickman. Later Mr. W. C. Potter entered the firm, which then became Dickman, Mackenzie & Potter, and was engaged in mining, metallurgy, and mining engineering.

While on his way to examine some silver mines in the remote mountainous district of Sonora, in northwestern Mexico, he was killed by Yaqui Indians, near Torres, January 19, 1905. He was in the 43d year of his age.

He married, October 1, 1891, Fanny Locke, daughter of Rev. Clinton and Adele G. D. Locke, who survives him with two sons. Two brothers and five sisters are living in London, England.
ERNEST KEMPTON ADAMS, son of Edward Dean Adams (M.S. Norwich Univ., Vt, 1864), banker of New York City, and Frances Amelia (Guttenson) Adams, was born in Boston, Mass., December 17, 1873, and took his preparatory studies in the Lawrence-ville (N. J.) School. Early in life he showed a deep interest in mechanics and electricity, and while in the Sheffield Scientific School was in the course in electrical engineering. He was an editor of the Yale Scientific Monthly and Marshal of his class at graduation.

After graduation he continued his studies at Columbia University, receiving thence the degree of Electrical Engineer in 1897, and of Master of Arts in 1898. He was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, a life member of the American Museum of Natural History, and a fellow of the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York City. He was a member of St Thomas’s Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr Adams died of nephritis at Watkins, N. Y., July 21, 1904, in the 31st year of his age.

He married Miss Margarethe Seefeld, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Friedrich Seefeld, Commander of the military district of the Grand Duchy of Baden. She survives him with two sons

* He was an occasional contributor to scientific publications; the most important articles being those in the Electrical World and Engineer entitled “Station Indicators for Railway Systems,” July 11, 1903, and “Foucault Pendulum Systems,” January 30, 1904, and June 25, 1904.

Since the death of Mr Adams two large quarto volumes bearing the title “Mechanical and Electrical Inventions” have been issued for private distribution. These volumes, the first of more than five hundred, and the second of more that eight hundred pages, constitute a rare monument to his extraordinary intellectual activity and fertility. He had the satisfaction of seeing this work, with its wealth of exquisite drawings, practically completed before his death.

SAMUEL LEES QUINBY, son of Joseph Ridge and Mary (Lees) Quinby, was born November 17, 1875, at Elizabeth, N. J., and took his preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Exeter, N. H. In Senior year he was Captain of the University Baseball Nine. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War he was mustered into the United States service with Troop A, New York Volun-
teer Cavalry, at Camp Black, Hempstead, L. I., and served on the body guard of General Miles in Porto Rico. He was mustered out of service November 28, 1898.

After the war he was with Hartley & Graham, agents of the Remington Arms Co and Union Metallic Cartridge Co. until 1901, and then in the firm of Slidell, Montalvo & Quinby, operating a sugar plantation in Cuba, at Colonia La Fé, near Cienfuegos, where he died suddenly June 12, 1905, in the 30th year of his age. He was managing partner of the plantation at the time of his death. He was not married. He was a member of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York City.

1897

John Walter Best, son of John Best (N. Y. Coll of Pharm. 1865) and Margaret (King) Best, was born in Central City, Col., April 13, 1875. In 1887 the family removed to Denver, and he took his preparatory course in the East Denver High School, and then spent a year in the Colorado State School of Mines at Golden. Entering the Sheffield Scientific School, in Freshman year he won a prize in chemistry and received Honorable Mention for excellence in all studies. In Junior year he was chosen Chairman of the Editorial Board of the Scientific Monthly, and in Senior year was elected President of the Class, and Vice-President of the Berkeley Association.

For about two years after graduation he was associated with his father in the management of the Saratoga Mine at Central City, and then in ore examination at Cripple Creek and Telluride. Early in 1900 he became connected with the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., for which he made several geological trips into New Mexico and Arizona. The hardships endured brought on a severe attack of typhoid fever that autumn, but he completely recovered and the following summer was able to take up the duties of Assistant Geologist of the company, examining various mining properties in British Columbia. In 1902 he was made Treasurer of the Northern Coal & Coke Co. of Denver, later adding the office of General Manager.

In October, 1903, he was again stricken with typhoid fever, and although he recovered sufficiently to visit Florida in February, the climate did not restore him. He returned in May to Denver, where he died, August 20, 1904, at the age of 29 years.

His ready sympathy and tact brought him closely in touch with all sorts of men, and his high aims and strength of purpose made his life a real power for good.
Mr Best married, April 16, 1902, Florence M., youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs. Charles B. Kountze of Denver. She survives him without children.

1901

Edward Randall Saxton, son of William Henry and Emily (Sherwood) Saxton, was born September 13, 1879, at Saugatuck, in the town of Westport, Conn., and after preparation at "The Gunnery," Washington, Conn., took the course in sanitary engineering.

After graduation he was with the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co., with the city sewerage department of New Britain, Conn., and with the United States Engineering Corps, River and Harbor Improvement section at New Haven, Conn.

He died of pneumonia at Saugatuck, November 18, 1904, at the age of 25 years. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Saugatuck Congregational Church.

1903

Cyrus Hamilton Kendall, son of John Calvin Kendall, M. D. (Yale 1870), and Marie (Hartig) Kendall, was born December 22, 1882, in Norwalk, Conn., but came to New Haven as a resident of Norfolk, Conn., from the Robbins School. He took the course in electrical engineering, and received General Honors for excellence in the studies of Junior and Senior years.

After graduation he was employed in the testing department of the General Electric Company in Schenectady, N. Y. He was on night duty in charge of a test on a synchronous motor generator, and while readjusting some wires, in a way not exactly known he received the voltage of 2300 from a current. He died soon after the accident, in the early morning of November 26, 1904, in the 22d year of his age. He was unmarried. He was a member of the Congregational Church of Norfolk.

1904

Albert Cooper Ward, son of George Gray Ward, Vice-President of the Commercial Cable Co., and Mary Ann (Smith) Ward, was born December 18, 1881, at Brooklyn, N. Y., and took his preparatory studies in the Cutler School, New York City, and the Select course in the Sheffield Scientific School.

After graduation he became a member of the firm of Keen & Ward, stock brokers in New York City, and so continued until his sudden death from pneumonia, December 9, 1904. He was in the 23d year of his age and unmarried.
GEORGE STEPHEN GOODSPRED, son of Rev. Edgar Johnson Goodspeed, D.D. (Univ. Roch 1853) and Caroline (Raymond) Goodspeed, was born January 14, 1860, at Janesville, Wisc., where his father was at the time pastor. He graduated as Bachelor of Arts from Brown University in 1880, and as Bachelor of Divinity in 1883 from the Baptist Union Theological Seminary at Morgan Park, Ill., (now known as the Divinity School of the University of Chicago). At Morgan Park he became the pupil of President (then Professor) William R. Harper (Ph.D. Yale 1875) and after finishing his course continued for another year the companionship in Bible studies which had been formed. He was ordained at Morgan Park in July, 1884, and for two years was pastor in Sonora, Cal., and then became the first pastor of the Highland Baptist Church in Springfield, Mass., resigning two years later to enter the Graduate Department of Yale University. From 1889 to 1891 he was also Assistant to Professor Harper in Semitic Languages, and was intimately connected with him as a teacher of New Testament Greek in the correspondence course of the American Institute of Sacred Literature.

After receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy he spent the year 1891–92 in study in the University of Freiburg in Baden, and then in 1892 became a member of the first corps of instructors of the University of Chicago, as Associate Professor of Comparative Religion and Ancient History, in 1898 receiving the appointment as Professor of the same. From 1895 to 1901 he was also University Recorder. During 1897–98 he pursued further studies abroad, mostly at Geneva and Lausanne.

His work in ancient and Biblical history is regarded as of permanent value. He was one of the editors of *The Biblical World* and the *American Journal of Theology*, and a frequent contributor to them. Besides writing with President Harper one of the earliest volumes of the “Inductive Series,” entitled “The Gospel of John,” 1888–89, he also published individually “Israel’s Messianic Hope” in 1900, “A History of the Babylonians and Assyrians” in 1902, and “A History of the Ancient World” in 1904. In his later years he made a special study of comparative religions.
Professor Goodspeed died of pneumonia at his home in Chicago, February 17, 1905, at the age of 45 years.

He married, August 7, 1884, Florence Duffy, daughter of James Duffy and Sarah Elizabeth (Ten Broeke) Mills, who survives him with a son.

1896

Daniel Floyd Culler, son of Rev. Martin Luther Culler (Pa. Coll. 1862), a Lutheran clergyman of Bedford, Pa., was born at Martinsburg, W. Va., July 21, 1869. He was a student at Mercersburg College and then graduated as a Bachelor of Arts from Pennsylvania College in 1893.

After a course of graduate study at Yale he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1896. He made a special study of modern languages, and taught them at Flushing Institute, Long Island, N. Y., at Elizabeth College, Charlotte, N. C., and St. John's Military Academy, Syracuse, N. Y. He had entered upon his third year as instructor in Spanish in the Saint Louis (Mo.) Normal and High School, when he was taken with appendicitis, and died at the Evangelical Deaconess Hospital, October 29, 1903. He was 34 years of age.

He married, August 20, 1902, Julia Louise, daughter of William Abbott of Strasburg, Va. She survives him without children.

1898

Alice Hopkins Albro (Mrs. Charles Albert Barker), daughter of Samuel H. and Rhoda Hopkins (Place) Albro, was born in Southington, Conn., October 27, 1868, and graduated from Bryn Mawr College with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1890. She taught in Dunkirk, N. Y., and Brooklyn, N. Y., and in 1895 entered the Graduate Department from Mansfield, Pa., making a special study of physiological chemistry.

After receiving the Doctorate of Philosophy she was married, at Fredonia, N. Y., April 17, 1901, to Charles Albert Barker, and resided in Washington, D. C., where she died, October 25, 1904, in the 36th year of her age. She left a son.
# SUMMARY

## ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

**Yale College**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name and Age</th>
<th>Place and</th>
<th>Time of Death</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1836</td>
<td>Newton Barrett, 91</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill</td>
<td>Aug. 9, '04</td>
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<td>1837</td>
<td>James Cowles, 89</td>
<td>Akron, O.</td>
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<td>Sherman M. Booth, 91</td>
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<td>William H Gilbert, 88</td>
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<td>William L Learned, 88</td>
<td>Albany, N Y</td>
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<td>Samuel W Eaton, 84</td>
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<td>1843</td>
<td>William Ellis, 83</td>
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<td>Oct. 3, '04</td>
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<td>Charles D Ingersoll, 61</td>
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<td>Thomas J Brown, 64</td>
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<td>George W Rollins, 51</td>
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<td>Frank H Snell, 43</td>
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<td>Nov 8, '04</td>
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<td>1883</td>
<td>Austin R Preston, 44</td>
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<td>1885</td>
<td>Carrington R Stiles, 54</td>
<td>Towanda, Pa</td>
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<td>Scranton, Pa</td>
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<td>George P Hawkes, 36</td>
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<td>Frederick M Lloyd, 34</td>
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<td>Class</td>
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<td>1894</td>
<td>Louis P. Gillespie, 33</td>
<td>Rome, Italy</td>
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<td>Thomas C. Moore, 31</td>
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<td>Samuel E. Damon, 31</td>
<td>Honolulu, H. I.</td>
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<td>1896</td>
<td>Emory Hawes, 29</td>
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<td>1897</td>
<td>James C. Converse, 29</td>
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<td>Dec 15, '04</td>
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<td>William T. Cowdrey, 29</td>
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<td>1899</td>
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<td>John C. Entrekin, 26</td>
<td>Chillicothe, O.</td>
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<td>1900</td>
<td>Allan MacLean, 25</td>
<td>Florence, Italy</td>
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<td>1901</td>
<td>Luther L. Kellogg, 26</td>
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<td>Feb 15, '05</td>
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**YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL**

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<td>1844</td>
<td>Austin Lord, 83</td>
<td>North Haven, Conn</td>
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<td>1845</td>
<td>Edward M. Beardsley, 82</td>
<td>Monroe, Conn.</td>
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<td>1851</td>
<td>Orlando Brown, 77</td>
<td>Washington, Conn.</td>
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<td>1852</td>
<td>Samuel A. Wilson, 76</td>
<td>Windsor, Conn.</td>
<td>Oct. 9, '04</td>
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<td>1867</td>
<td>Theodore R. Noyes, 61</td>
<td>Kenwood, N. Y</td>
<td>June 1, '03</td>
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<td>1868</td>
<td>John H. Granniss, 60</td>
<td>Old Saybrook, Conn</td>
<td>Feb 17, '05</td>
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<td>1875</td>
<td>Charles D. Wiggan, 63</td>
<td>Mystic, Conn.</td>
<td>May 21, '04</td>
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<td>1880</td>
<td>Loren T. Day, 44</td>
<td>Westport, Conn.</td>
<td>April 1, '05</td>
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<td>1898</td>
<td>Charles L. P. Smith, 28</td>
<td>Cornwall Bridge, Conn</td>
<td>Aug 18, '04</td>
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**YALE LAW SCHOOL**

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<td>Henry M. Miller, 77</td>
<td>Waverly, Ill</td>
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<td>1867</td>
<td>Edwin Purrington, 65</td>
<td>Atlanta, Ga</td>
<td>Aug 19, '04</td>
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<td>1871</td>
<td>John A. Robinson, 66</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn.</td>
<td>Sept 1, '04</td>
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<td>1874</td>
<td>James Bishop, 54</td>
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<td>Feb 13, '05</td>
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<td>Haydn C. Kelly, 48</td>
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<td>Feb. 16, '04</td>
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<td>John C. Talcott, 47</td>
<td>Cleveland, O.</td>
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<td>1889</td>
<td>Henry M. Danneel, 36</td>
<td>New Orleans, La.</td>
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<td>1890</td>
<td>Wilfred A. Clark, 34</td>
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<td>Redford B. T. Sharpe, 32</td>
<td>Laredo, Tex.</td>
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<td>1897</td>
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<td>1900</td>
<td>Walter L. Bevins, 28</td>
<td>Meriden, Conn</td>
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<td>1902</td>
<td>Arthur Henderson, 27</td>
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**YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL**

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<td>Henry L. Slack, 57</td>
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<td>March 25, '05</td>
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<td>1882</td>
<td>Edward H. Ashmun, 51</td>
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<td>Kevork H. Kazanjian, 54</td>
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### SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

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<td>George B Pierson, 72</td>
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<td>1856</td>
<td>George F Fuller, 70</td>
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<td>1864</td>
<td>Beverly S Burton, 57</td>
<td>Munich, Germany</td>
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<td>1870</td>
<td>Edward V Hoes, 54</td>
<td>Asbury Park, N J</td>
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<td>1871</td>
<td>James C Bush, 54</td>
<td>Fort Warren, Mass</td>
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<td>1872</td>
<td>George N Miller, 58</td>
<td>Short Beach, Conn</td>
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<td>1874</td>
<td>Lorenzo M Johnson, 61</td>
<td>St Mary's, Pa</td>
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<td>1875</td>
<td>William A Pratt, 50</td>
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<td>Thomas A Vernon, 48</td>
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<td>Alonzo E Wemple, 49</td>
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<td>Lucien L Burrows, 48</td>
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<td>Alfred D Lewis, 48</td>
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<td>1881</td>
<td>Charles M Downs, 44</td>
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<td>1883</td>
<td>Frederic R Bartlett, 43</td>
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<td>John B Hatcher, 42</td>
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<td>Frank J Stevens, 41</td>
<td>Eze, France</td>
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<td>William T Rainey, 39</td>
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<td>Nathaniel P Washburn, 36</td>
<td>San Antonio, Texas</td>
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<td>Frederick R Hamlin, 40</td>
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<td>near Torres, Mex</td>
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<td>John W Best, 29</td>
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<td>Cyrus H Kendall, 21</td>
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<td>Albert C Ward, 22</td>
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### GRADUATE SCHOOL

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<tr>
<td>1891</td>
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<td>Daniel F Culler, 34</td>
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<td>1898</td>
<td>Alice H Albro, 35</td>
<td>Washington, D C.</td>
<td>Oct. 25, '04</td>
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</table>

(Mrs Charles A. Barker)

The number of deaths recorded this year is 152, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is:
Class of 1831, Rev Joseph S Lord, of Laingsburg, Mich, born April 26, 1808.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is:
Class of 1837, Gurdon W Russell, born April 10, 1815.
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Members of the *Dwight, Law, Medical, Scientific* and *Graduate Schools* are indicated by the letters *d, l, m, s, and dp* or *a*, respectively.

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<th>Page</th>
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<td>Adams, Ernest K.</td>
<td>510</td>
<td>1897 l</td>
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<td>Albro, Alice H</td>
<td>514</td>
<td>1856 s</td>
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<td>1868</td>
<td>Allen, Edwin L.</td>
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<td>1863</td>
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<td>Angell, John C</td>
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<td>Anketell, John</td>
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<td>1894</td>
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<td>1852</td>
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<td>Beardsley, Edward M.</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>1866</td>
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