OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1891.

[PRESERVED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 23d, 1891.]

[No. 1 of the Fourth Printed Series, and No. 50 of the whole Record]
JOSEPH DRESSER WICKHAM, who had been for five years the last survivor of his class, and for three years the oldest graduate of the College, and the last surviving graduate under the elder President Dwight, died of old age in Manchester, Vt., on May 12, 1891, in his 95th year.

He was born in Thompson, Conn., on April 4, 1797, the eldest son of Daniel H. and Mary (Dresser) Wickham, who in 1799 removed to New York City. For the first year after leaving College he served as amanuensis to President Dwight, and during the following year was Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. From 1818 to 1820 he held a tutorship in Yale College, at the same time pursuing theological studies under Professors Fitch and Goodrich. He began his ministerial labors in 1821 as a missionary on Long Island, and then spent some time in central New York in the service of the Presbyterian Education Society. Having been invited to the charge of a Congregational Church in Oxford, Chenango County, he began his labors there in January, 1823, and on July 31, at the dedication of a new house of worship, he was ordained to the ministry.
He removed in the spring of 1825 to Westchester County, New York, where he remained for a somewhat longer period in charge of the united Presbyterian churches of New Rochelle and West Farms. In 1828 he became one of the proprietors of the Washington Institute, a prominent boarding-school for boys in New York City, where he remained (ultimately in sole charge) until 1834, in November of which year he was installed pastor of the recently organized Presbyterian Church at Matteawan in the town of Fishkill, N. Y. At the end of two years, being solicited to renew his service in connection with the Education Society, he spent a laborious year among the churches of Northern and Western New York. He removed in December, 1837, to Manchester, Vt, to take charge of the Burr Seminary, with which he remained connected for twenty-five years, except for three years (1853–56), in the first of which he was Treasurer of Middlebury College and Acting Professor of Latin and Greek, while for the two following years he was connected with the Collegiate Institute in Poughkeepsie, N. Y In 1856 he returned after great urgency to the charge of Burr Seminary, but resigned his position in 1862, though continuing to serve the institution most valuably as President of its Board of Trustees. He lived in retirement in Manchester until his death, retaining remarkable physical and mental vigor to the last.

He was chosen a member of the Board of Trustees of Middlebury College in 1840, and continued in that position throughout his life. That corporation conferred upon him the degree of D.D. in 1861, in honor of his valuable services as an educator in the communities in which he had lived, and in testimony of the high honor and respect in which he was held.

Dr. Wickham was married, on May 26, 1823, to Julia A., only daughter of Jonathan E Porter (Harvard 1786), of New Haven, and a niece of President Dwight. She died on December 23, 1830. He was again married, on December 28, 1831, to Amy, daughter of Col. Moses Porter, of Hadley, Mass., and a cousin of his first wife, who died October 29, 1832. He was married for the third time, on October 12, 1834, to Elizabeth C., eldest daughter of the Rev. Samuel Merwin (Yale Coll. 1802), who survives him. Of his two children, a daughter by his first wife died in infancy, and a daughter by his second wife is still living.
Charles Johnson McCurdy, second son of Richard McCurdy (Yale College 1787) and Ursula (Griswold) McCurdy, was born in Lyme, Connecticut, on December 7, 1797, and spent his life in his native village, dying there on June 8, 1891, in his 94th year.

He studied law in the office of Chief-Justice Zephanah Swift, of Windham, Conn., and was admitted to the New London County bar in 1819. In 1827, 1828, 1829, 1833, 1834, 1838, 1840, 1841 and 1844, he was a member of the House of Representatives of the State, and in 1832 was a member of the Senate. While in the legislature he effected the change in the common law by which persons are allowed to be witnesses in cases in which they are interested parties, a change subsequently adopted throughout this country and in England. In 1847 and 1848, he was lieutenant-governor. From 1850 to 1852, he was the representative of the United States at the Court of Austria. In 1856 he was elected a judge of the Superior Court of Connecticut. In 1863 he was raised to the Supreme Court bench, retiring in December, 1887, on reaching the age of seventy. He was a member of the Peace Convention at Washington, in February, 1861. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by this College in 1868.

After his retirement from the bench, Judge McCurdy led a life of dignified ease at his home in Lyme, the house in which he lived having been in the occupation of his family for nearly a century and a half. He retained until some two years before his death his remarkable mental and physical powers, and was actively interested in all matters of current interest. He had been for five years the last survivor of his class, and was at the time of his death the oldest living graduate of the College.

He married, on May 22, 1822, his second cousin, Sarah Ann Lord, daughter of Richard Lord, Esq., of Lyme, who died on July 22, 1835, leaving an only child, who is now the wife of Professor Edward E. Salisbury (Yale College 1832).

Increase Sumner Lincoln, the youngest child of Seth and Jemima (Miller) Lincoln, was born in Western, now Warren, Mass., on June 20, 1799.
He studied theology in New Haven, and on June 16, 1824, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Gardner, Mass., where he remained for eighteen years, or until February 23, 1842. He then supplied the Congregational Church in Whately, Mass., for about a year, and was next for nearly four years pastor of the Congregational Church in Jamaica, Vt. His resignation of the latter pastorate was due to the conviction that his views were no longer in harmony with the Orthodox beliefs; and in the same spring (1847) he accepted a call to the pastorate of two Unitarian parishes,—in Kensington and Hampton Falls, N. H. Here he remained for three years, and in 1851 he accepted a call to become the pastor of the Unitarian Church in Rowe, Mass., where he continued for eight years. In 1860 he was settled in Warwick, Mass., where he enjoyed a successful pastorate of eight years; during this time he was twice (1863 and 1866) a member of the State Legislature. He next went as a supply to Winchester, N. H., where, after about a year, he was attacked with paralysis in the face, and was obliged to give up preaching temporarily.

His health improving, he was installed in 1870 over the First Congregational (Unitarian) Church in Wilton, N. H., which he served as pastor until his retirement in 1879 on the completion of his 80th year. His mind was still as vigorous as ever, and so continued until the end. He died in Wilton, universally honored and loved, after a painful illness, of peritonitis, on August 2, 1890, in his 92d year, being (it is believed) the oldest minister of his denomination in the country.

He married, on December 30, 1822, Gratia Eliza, daughter of Dr. Nathan Smith, professor in the Medical Institution of Yale College, who died about twenty-four years later, leaving ten children. He next married, in 1847, Mrs. Abbie Harwood, daughter of James Comee, of Gardner, Mass., who survives him, with one of her two children, and six by the former marriage. The eldest son was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1850, and is an eminent physician in Washington, D. C.

1824.

Alvan Talcott was born in North Bolton, near Vernon, Connecticut, on August 17, 1804, the only son of Alvan and Philomela (Root) Talcott.
After leaving College he was engaged for five years in teaching (in East Windsor and Guilford, Conn., and Wilkes-Barre, Pa.), pursuing also at intervals the study of botany and other branches of medicine. In 1829 he entered the office of Dr. Samuel B. Woodward, of Wethersfield, Conn., and after attending two courses of lectures in the Yale Medical School, he received the degree of M.D. in 1831.

He began his professional life in Vernon, but in 1841 removed to Guilford, Conn., where he continued in active practice for about forty years. He died in Guilford, of old age, on January 17, 1891, in his 87th year.

Dr. Talcott was a man of scholarly attainments, and kept up through life to an unusual degree his early familiarity with the classics. In December, 1888, he took great pleasure in giving to the funds of the College the sum of $25,000 for the endowment of a Professorship of Greek to be called by his name. By his last will he also gave to the Medical School his collection of medical and surgical books and instruments.

He married, on March 7, 1831, Olive N., eldest daughter of Abel Chittenden, of Guilford, and sister of the Hon Simeon B. Chittenden, of New York. She died on December 8, 1882. Their only son entered the class of 1852 in Yale College, but left on account of the failure of his health in the Sophomore year, he was lost at sea in 1856. One daughter died in infancy; and the only remaining daughter in early womanhood.

Dr. Talcott was much interested in genealogical researches, and printed in 1882 a volume on the Chittenden family.

1825.

Ebenezer Boyden, son of Daniel and Tabitha (Goodenough) Boyden, was born in Guilford, Vermont, on May 25, 1803.

After graduation he pursued a course in divinity in the Virginia Theological Seminary, and on May 18, 1828, he was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop R. C. Moore, at Petersburg, Va. He then returned to the Seminary, and for about eighteen months was the editor of The Theological Repertory, a monthly magazine previously edited by the professors. Late in 1829 he took charge of Trinity Church in Staunton, Va., and in January, 1832, he was married to Mary, eldest daughter of Daniel Sheffey, of Staunton. Near the close
of 1832 he accepted a call to St. Paul's Church, Norfolk, Va., where he remained for about two and a half years. Owing to failing health in the low country, he then left Norfolk, and took charge of Trinity Church, Cleveland, Ohio. He found the work here, however, too severe for a delicate constitution, and in November, 1838, he was forced to resign, and returned to Virginia. On June 1, 1839, he became rector of Walker's Church, Albemarle County, Va., in connection with St. Anne's parish, also in Albemarle, but the latter parish he resigned in 1849, accepting in its stead the rectorship of St. John's Church, in Louisa County. These two churches he served until 1879, when he resigned both charges, owing to increasing age and infirmities, and retired—not to a life of dependence and inactivity, but to continued usefulness, as far as strength permitted.

Early in February, 1890, he was attacked by the prevalent influenza, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. After October he was confined to his room, and on January 15, 1891, he entered into rest, in his 88th year, at the home which he had made for himself at Hopedale, near Cobham, Albemarle County, Va.

He lost his wife in October, 1880. His two sons both entered the ministry; the elder died in 1871, and the younger survives him, as do four of his five daughters.

Abijah Catlin, elder son of Abijah Cathn, Jr., and Orinda (Williams) Catlm, was born in Harwinton, Conn., on April 1, 1805.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the Litchfield County bar, but soon removed to Greensboro, Ga., where he practiced for about five years. He then returned to Harwinton, and followed his profession there with conscientious fidelity. In 1837 he was elected by the Whig party to the Connecticut House of Representatives, and was re-elected for the next two years. In 1844 he was a member of the State Senate, and was one of the ex-officio Fellows of Yale College. From 1847 to 1850 he held the office of State Comptroller. In 1850 and 1851 he was again in the House, and in 1857 was Commissioner of the School Fund. At the outbreak of the war, in 1861, he was again sent to the Legislature, and served for two years, as well as in 1865, 1874, and 1879. He was judge of probate for
some fourteen years between 1838 and his retirement on account of age in 1875; he was also judge of the County Court in 1844 and 1845.

He was twice married: first to Mary Simonton of Georgia; and secondly to Mary, daughter of Dr. Andrew Abernethy, of Harwinton.

He died in Harwinton, on April 14, 1891, at the age of 86.

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1826.

**Ebenezer Huggins Bishop**, son of Timothy Bishop (Y. C. 1796) and Esther (Huggins) Bishop, was born in New Haven, February 11, 1807.

After graduating he began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Eli Ives, in New Haven, and in the spring of 1829 he received the degree of M.D. from the Yale Medical School. He practiced for one year in Geneseo, N. Y., and then in Pittsburgh, Pa., whence he returned in the autumn of 1832 to New Haven, where he was successfully engaged in the duties of his profession until his retirement on account of increasing age about ten years before his death. Besides his professional engagements, he was for many years deeply interested in the affairs of the New Haven Hospital, and was the president of the institution from 1872 to 1880. After several years of failing health, he died at his home in New Haven, on October 2, 1890, in his 84th year.

In October, 1832, he married Hannah Maria, youngest daughter of Seth Lewis (Y. C. 1783), of Southington, Conn., who died in August, 1872. The younger of their two sons (Yale Med. School, 1860) survives him.

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**Reuben Holmes Close** was born in Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., on January 25, 1801, and entered the Sophomore class in January, 1824.

He taught in the Academy in Sharon, Conn., during the year 1826-7, and spent the next two years in the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary. He then went back to the Academy in Sharon, and continued there until May, 1834. A year was then spent in Philadelphia, in preaching and teaching. In 1836 he was in Buffalo, N. Y., engaged in home missionary work, and while thus employed was invited to the pastorate of a Presbyterian Church in St. Catherine’s, Canada, where his ordination and installation...
took place on January 3, 1837. Later in that year the Canadian Rebellion broke up his church, and the next few years were spent, so far as his health allowed, in teaching and in temporary preaching in various localities in New York State and Canada. In 1839-40 and again in 1848 he was preaching in Middleport, Niagara County, N. Y., and a later engagement was in Groton, Tompkins County.

In 1853 he settled in Elmira, N. Y., his home for the rest of his life. His active labor ceased in 1866, but he continued, in feeble health, and very straitened circumstances, until May 2, 1891, when he died there, after five weeks' illness, from the grippe, in the 91st year of his age.

On September 12, 1842, he married Lydia M., daughter of the Rev. D. W. Eastman, of Smithville, Canada. She died within a year, and he next married, on January 26, 1847, Amy J. Fitch, of Chippewa, Canada, who survives him, without children.

1827.

Albert Hale was born in Glastonbury, Conn., on the 29th of November, 1799, and was a son of Matthew and Ruth (Stevens) Hale, and a grandson of Dr. Elizur Hale (Y. C. 1742). After employment for seven years as a clerk in a store in Wethersfield, he entered College.

In the fall of 1827 he entered the Yale Divinity School, where he remained for two years. After an extended missionary tour in the South, as agent of the American Tract Society, he returned to Connecticut, and was ordained at Guilford, as an evangelist, on March 22, 1831. In November of the same year he went to Illinois, and was most usefully employed in pioneer Christian work in that State for many years. He was stationed in Bond County until 1839, at first in charge of the church in Bethel, but also much engaged in missionary work in that and adjoining States. On November 15, 1839, he entered on the pastorate of the 2d Presbyterian Church in Springfield, Illinois, where he labored unremittingly until his retirement on January 1, 1867, on account of the infirmities of age. During this period, which embraced the Mexican war, the anti-slavery agitation, and the civil war, he was prominent and fearless in the advocacy of human rights and of Christian patriotism. For several years longer, until his physical and intellectual powers failed, he con-
continued to be very useful in general ministerial labor in that city and the vicinity.

He died in Springfield on January 30, 1891, in his 92d year.

On March 27, 1839, he married Abiah, youngest daughter of the Hon. Phineas Chapin, of Newport, N. H., who was at that time a teacher in the Monticello Female Seminary, in Madison County, Illinois. She died on January 10, 1865. Their children were two daughters and one son (Yale Coll. 1866), who are all living.

1828

Flavel Bascom was born in Exeter Parish, in Lebanon, Conn., on June 8, 1804. His parents were Abiel and Sibyl (Roberts) Bascom. He was the youngest of ten children, all of whom lived to adult years. At the age of 17 he left his father's farm, and for three years spent the winters in teaching country schools, and the summers in preparing himself for College, partly under the supervision of the Rev. Hubbel Loomis, of Willington.

After graduation he was principal of New Canaan (Conn.) Academy for one year. Returning to Yale he spent two years in the study of theology, and the next two as Tutor in the College. In the meantime he had joined the "Yale Band," of twelve theological students who had agreed on a plan of cooperation in the work of Home Missions and Christian Education in the frontier State of Illinois. He proceeded to Illinois in the summer of 1833, and was first located at Pleasant Grove, Tazewell County, in which county he spent six years in pioneer mission work, organizing four new churches,—one of them the 1st Congregational Church in Peoria. He spent the summer of 1839 as State Agent for the American Home Missionary Society. In November, 1840, he was invited to the pastorate of the 1st Presbyterian Church of Chicago, for which he hesitatingly relinquished his care of all the feeble churches of the State. His Chicago pastorate covered ten years of a very interesting period in that city's history. Late in 1849 he accepted a call to the First Church in Galesburg, then the only church in that place, and the largest in the State. He was dismissed thence on May 1, 1856, after which he spent some months in an agency for the American Missionary Association in Illinois. On April 1, 1857, he became pastor of the Congregational Church in Dover, Ill., where he continued seven years. He then, in April, 1864, accepted a call to Prince-
ton, Ill., and for more than five years was pastor of the Congrega-
tional Church in that place, the oldest Congregational Church in
the State. In October, 1869, he took charge of an infant
church in Hinsdale, a suburb of Chicago. Having served that
church for three years and a half, he resigned his charge, but con-
tinued a helpful resident member, devoting his Sabbaths to pas-
torless churches.

On May 1, 1887, he returned to Princeton, to be with his for-
mer congregation and his eldest son; and there he died of
bronchitis and heart-failure, on August 8, 1890, in his 87th year.

During his ministry he had taken a deep interest in the
cause of education. He was one of the founders of Beloit Col-
lege, and one of its first Board of Trustees. For 37 years he
served as a Trustee of Knox College. He was one of the foun-
ders of the Chicago Theological Seminary, and one of its
Directors for over 30 years. Beloit College gave him the degree
of Doctor of Divinity in 1869.

Dr. Bascom was married three times. His first wife was Ellen
P., daughter of Judge William P. Cleaveland (Y. C., 1793), of
New London, Conn. They were married on April 30, 1833, and she
died suddenly in Pekin, Ill., on December 10, 1837. He married
Elizabeth B., daughter of Dr. Jonathan Sparhawk, of East
Windsor, Conn., on August 19, 1841. She died in Galesburg, on
March 27, 1851. On June 21, 1852, he married Ruth, daughter
of Samuel Pomeroy, of Southampton, Mass., who survives him.
Of five children by the second marriage, two sons are still living;
also, one son by the third marriage.

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1829.

PHILIP PLATT KISSAM died in Jamaica, L. I., N. Y., where he
had spent his life, on June 12, 1891, aged about 83 years.
He was graduated at the Yale Medical School in 1832.

JULIUS ALEXANDER REED, the youngest son of Elijah F.
Reed, M. D. (honorary Yale, 1822), and Hannah (McLean) Reed
was born in East Windsor, now South Windsor, Conn., January
16, 1809, and had been two years a member of Washington, now
Trinity College, before joining Yale in 1827.

The year after graduation he spent as tutor in the family of
the Hon. William Jay, in Bedford, N. Y., and the next year in
Mr. Hall's school in Ellington, Conn. After two more years of private teaching, in Natchez, Miss., he took up the study of theology in the Yale Divinity School, where he spent another two years. He then went to the West, as a member of the "Illinois Band," and was ordained as an evangelist at Quincy, on June 8, 1836, having as his first parish the towns of Montebello, Nauvoo, and Warsaw. On December 4, 1835, he was married, in Jacksonville, Ill., to Caroline, daughter of Reuben F. Blood, of Concord, Mass.

In 1839 they returned to the East, owing to Mrs. Reed's ill-health, and for a year Mr. Reed served as chaplain to the Hospital for the Insane in Worcester, Mass. In 1840 he settled in Iowa, in the infancy of Congregationalism in that State, and for fourteen years he had the pastoral charge of the church in Fairfield. In October, 1854, he removed to Davenport, in consequence of his appointment by the American Home Missionary Society as Superintendent of its work for the State. In this position until 1857, and again from 1862 to 1869, he performed most faithful and acceptable labor. He was one of the founders of Iowa College, and a Trustee from 1847 to 1868; in 1889 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by that institution.

Family circumstances required his withdrawal from active missionary service in 1870, and for the next ten years he resided in Columbus, Nebraska, engaged in business. His later years were spent in the family of his youngest daughter in Davenport, where he died on August 27, 1890, in his 82d year.

His wife, who had been an invalid for several years, died on the 1st of October following. Two of his three daughters survive him.

1830.

William Whiting Newell, son of Ebenezer and Anna (Whiting) Newell, was born in South Natick, Mass., on September 17, 1807. The family residence during his College course was in Dedham and Boston, Mass.

After graduation he studied theology at Andover Seminary (for two years) and in New York City, and on July 15, 1833, he was ordained as an evangelist, in Providence, R. I. His first pastoral charge was in Brighton, Mass., where he was settled over the Evangelical (Congregational) Church on August
14, 1834 He was dismissed from Brighton to become the first pastor of the Maverick (Congregational) Church, East Boston, Mass., where he was installed on July 19, 1837. The serious failure of his health obliged him to take a dismission from this charge on May 11, 1841, and after a year spent in travel he became pastor of a Presbyterian Church in Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y. In 1847 he removed to Syracuse, N. Y., where he was settled over the First Ward Presbyterian Church until 1860, when he accepted an urgent call to the Allen Street Presbyterian Church in New York City. After a pastorate of unusual power and success, he was dismissed in February, 1874, and was immediately settled over the West 84th Street Presbyterian Church in the same city. Ill-health obliged him to retire from the active ministry in January, 1877; but he was still able, before the complete failure of his powers, to prepare a volume on Revivals (N. Y., 1882, 12°), which described much of the best work of his life.

His later years were spent in great feebleness in the family of his eldest daughter, at whose house, in Andover, Mass, he died on May 11, 1891, in his 84th year. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Hamilton College in 1859.

He was married in May, 1836, to Hannah E., daughter of John Parkman, Esq., of Boston, who died on April 10, 1837, leaving a daughter who is still living. He was next married, in October, 1838, to Ednah C., second daughter of Oliver Shaw, Esq., of Providence, R. I., who died on August 6, 1867. Of their seven children, two sons and a daughter survive their parents; the elder son was graduated at the University of the City of New York in 1861, and is a clergyman. Dr. Newell was again married, on December 14, 1869, to Mrs. Emma J., widow of J. J. Bingham, Esq., of New York City, who died on October 2, 1875.

1831.

JANSEN HASBROUCK was the second son and fifth child of Abraham Hasbrouck, and was born in that portion of Kingston City now known as Rondout, N. Y., on January 27, 1810.

Upon graduation he engaged in mercantile pursuits, succeeding his father in 1834 in the forwarding and freighting business, then carried on by sloops; he soon disposed of this interest and engaged extensively in general trade at Rondout, in connection
with a steamboat freight line to New York. He was one of the incorporators of the Kingston Bank in 1836, and one of its Directors until 1848, when he engaged in the organization of the Bank of Rondout, of which he was chosen the first president. Soon after this date he gave up his mercantile business, and devoted himself wholly to the bank and the care of his private estate. He held his position as president of the bank until compelled to relinquish it by advancing age and ill-health. After years of suffering, from a chronic inflammation of the bladder, he died at his home in Rondout on February 7, 1891, at the age of 81. He married in 1849, Charlotte, daughter of Jonathan D. Ostrander, of Kingston, who survives him with their six children, one daughter and five sons, one son was graduated at this College in 1881.

GEORGE PAYNE HOLEMAN died at the house of his son in Bremo Bluff, Fluvanna County, Va., on January 27, 1891, after four days' illness from pneumonia, in his 82d year.

The first two years of his College course were spent in Hampden-Sidney College, Virginia, his residence being in Fluvanna County. He was graduated M.D. at the University of Pennsylvania in 1835, and practiced his profession in Virginia and (latterly) in Texas.

1832.

EDWARD CARRINGTON, son of General Edward and Lorania (Hoppin) Carrington, was born in Providence, R. I., on May 10, 1813. He was an only son, and after the death of a twin sister at an early age the only child of his parents. In 1830 he left Yale, and after a year's study with a tutor in Middletown, Conn (where he had been fitted for College), he went to Middlebury College, Vermont, where he was graduated in 1832. He was admitted to a degree at Yale in 1879.

After a year at the Harvard Law School he traveled in Europe, and then entered the counting-house of his father, one of the leading East-India merchants of that day. On February 22, 1841, he married Miss Candace Crawford Dorr, daughter of Sullivan Dorr, of Providence, who died in 1886.

Mr. Carrington was a man of culture and of literary ability, and having retired from business with an ample fortune at an
early age, he found his chief pleasure among his books and in keeping abreast with the intellectual activities of the time.

He passed away at his home in Providence, after a lingering illness borne with Christian fortitude, on the 2d of May, 1891, at the age of 78. His two children, a daughter and a son, survive him

ROBERT JAMES LIVINGSTON, son of Maturin Livingston, formerly Recorder of New York City, was born in Duchess County, N Y, on December 11, 1811. His mother was Margaret, only daughter of Governor Morgan Lewis. He was removed from College in 1830, but was enrolled with his Class in 1879.

On leaving Yale he studied civil engineering, and was for a short time employed in the early operations of the U. S. Coast Survey. In October, 1833, he married Louisa M., daughter of Garrt Storm, a retired merchant of New York City. He then became a member of the banking firm of Christmas, Prime, Livingston & Costa, in Wall street; and on their failure in business some ten years later he retired to a country-place near New Brunswick, N. J. He then resumed his residence in New York about 1860, and died there from an attack of pneumonia, on February 22, 1891, in his 80th year.

After his retirement from business much of his time was given to the interests of several charitable institutions with which he was connected, such as the Children's Aid Society and the Home for Incurables (of each of which he was one of the founders), the Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insane, and the New York Hospital. He was the President of the Board of Governors of the last-named institution at the time of his death.

His wife died seven years before him. Their only son died in 1857, and their only daughter, the wife of Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, survives them.

JOHN ANGUS MANNING, son of Jeremiah and Margaretta C. (Angus) Manning, was born in New York City on December 16, 1814, His father was a great-nephew of Rev. Dr. James Manning, the first President of Brown University. His College course was interrupted in 1830, and he then entered Rutgers College, where he was graduated in 1832. He was admitted to a degree here in 1879.
From 1832 to 1834 he was a member of the Yale Law School, but having inherited an estate sufficient for his wants he was never admitted to practice. He spent his life in New York City, where he died, unmarried, on June 9, 1891, in the 77th year of his age.

William Craig Wharton was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on May 7, 1811, and died on May 22, 1891, in his 81st year.

Heman Mead, the son of Calvin and Deborah (Mead) Mead, was born in Greenwich, Conn., on January 22, 1806. He left the class in the summer of Junior year, in consequence of hemorrhage of the lungs, but was admitted to a degree in 1870.

In the autumn of 1832 he went to Georgia, and engaged in teaching, in which he was employed for more than twenty years, mostly in the city of Macon. Foreseeing the approach of troublous times, he returned in 1854 to the North, and settled on a farm near Morristown, N. J., where he resided until his death, on Nov. 14, 1890, in his 85th year. He was totally blind for the last eleven years of his life.

He married, on Sept. 15, 1840, Margaret Ann West, of New York City. Their children were three sons and three daughters.

Joseph Pettte, son of Joseph and Joanna (Everett) Pettie, was born in Salisbury, Conn., on March 14, 1809.

After spending a year in the Yale Divinity School he became interested in the doctrines of Swedenborg, and devoted himself to teaching for two years, while prosecuting his study of these doctrines. He then decided to prepare for the ministry of the New Church, and in January, 1838, began to preach for the "Society of the New Jerusalem," in Abington, Mass., of which he was ordained pastor on July 25, 1838. He retained this connection until July, 1875, when he resigned in order to devote himself to the duties of presiding minister and general pastor of the Massachusetts Association of the New Church. His residence continued in Abington, with the respect and honor of all classes in the community.
In November, 1890, he went to the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital, in Boston, for treatment, and he died there on February 15, 1891, in his 82d year.

On February 24, 1835, he was married to Mary, daughter of James Pierce, of Salisbury, Conn, who survives him with their six children, all sons

Alphonso Taft was born in Townshend, Vt, on November 5, 1810, being the only child of Peter R and Sylvia (Howard) Taft, both natives of Worcester County, Massachusetts.

After graduation he taught for two years in the Ellington (Conn.) High School, and was then for an equal period a tutor in this College. While a tutor and for a succeeding year he gave his leisure time to the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in New Haven in August, 1838. In January, 1840, he settled in Cincinnati, Ohio, where he gained eventually an extensive practice. In 1856 he stood as Republican candidate for Congress against the Hon. George H. Pendleton, by whom he was defeated. Previous to this he had been a member of the Common Council of the City for three years (1847–49), and had been appointed a member of the Board of Education, which office he held for twenty-five years. In 1865 he was appointed a Judge of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, to fill a vacancy, and after that he was twice elected to the same office by popular vote,—having the last time the high compliment of a unanimous vote from both political parties. In 1871 he resigned his position, to engage again in practice in partnership with two of his sons. He became a member of the Yale Corporation in 1872, when members of that body were for the first time elected by the Alumni, and he held the office until his declinature to stand again as a candidate in 1882. Yale had given him the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1867. In 1875 he was a candidate for the Republican nomination to the Governorship of Ohio, but failed of success on account of an opinion which he had delivered while on the bench on the question of the Bible in the schools.

In March, 1876, he entered President Grant's Cabinet as Secretary of War, and two months later was transferred to the Attorney-Generalship, which office he held with credit until the close of the administration in March, 1877. He then resumed the practice of his profession in Cincinnati, but in April, 1882, he was appointed Minister to Austria by President Arthur, and in
1884 was transferred to Russia, where he remained until August, 1885. The integrity and purity of his character were universally acknowledged in all his connection with the public service, while at the bar and on the bench his reputation as a sound, learned, and upright lawyer was exceedingly high.

The last months of his life were spent in San Diego, California, where he died on May 21, 1891, in his 81st year.

He was married on August 29, 1841, to Fanny, daughter of Charles Phelps, of his native town, who died on June 2, 1852. He was again married, on December 26, 1853, to Louisa M, daughter of Samuel D Torrey, of Millbury, Mass, who survives him. By his first marriage he had one son who is still living (Yale College, 1864), besides a deceased son (Yale College, 1867), and three children who died in infancy. Three sons (Yale College, 1878, 1880, and 1883) and one daughter by his second marriage are also living.

1834.

Welles Hawes was born in Glastonbury, Conn, on December 19, 1814, the son of the Rev Prince Hawes (Williams College 1805) and Hannah (Hale) Hawes. His childhood was spent in Glastonbury, in South Boston, Mass., and in Woodbridge, Conn., his father being settled in the latter town from 1828 to 1834.

After graduation he studied law, partly at the Yale Law School, and partly in Zanesville, Ohio, in the office of the Hon. Charles B Goddard. He settled in the practice of the law in Zanesville, but later removed to Michigan, where in 1847 he was elected Judge of the Northern District, embracing the four counties lying on Lake Superior. This office he held for about two years, having his residence at Copper Harbor. He next removed to New York City, and was engaged in the warehouse and commission business for about three years. He then established a large flouring mill in Bridgeport, Conn., and resided in that city until 1858, when he removed to Hartford, Conn., where he was engaged in the flour and grain business until 1869. The rest of his life was mainly spent in New York City and Brooklyn, but without any regular occupation. He died in the latter city on June 11, 1891, in his 77th year.

He married on August 29, 1839, Miss Angelica H. Hale, of Glastonbury. They had no children.
THEODORE STANLEY, the youngest of four children of Martin and Catharine (Van Gaasback) Stanley, and a brother of Professor Anthony D. Stanley (Yale Coll. 1830), was born in East Hartford, Conn., on March 1, 1815.

After graduating he spent nearly seven years as a civil engineer on the Georgia Central Railroad, and then emigrated to Missouri. There, on January 25, 1845, he was married to Martha M., daughter of Thomas Goode, an extensive tobacco planter, who had recently removed from Amelia County, Va. Having become by his marriage the owner of a large number of slaves, he was obliged to undertake farming, and settled on the Missouri River, near Jefferson City, where he was engaged for many years in the successful cultivation of tobacco and hemp. He was also elected a Justice of the County Court, which had Probate jurisdiction as well, and held the office until near the close of the civil war. In that contest he was a strong Union man, and as a consequence of the changes wrought by the war he disposed of his large estate and again emigrated, this time to Pleasant Hill, on the western border of the State, where he remained until his death. He organized there a National Bank, of which he was President and principal stockholder, but this went into voluntary liquidation after the panic of 1873. Later, he was President and Treasurer of a prosperous woolen manufacturing company. He died in Pleasant Hill, on May 24, 1891, in his 77th year.

His family consisted of eleven children, of whom five died in infancy, and one in early manhood.

JAMES CLARK WALKLEY, son of Deacon James and Lydia (Spencer) Walkley, was born in Haddam, Conn., on March 3, 1817.

After graduating he taught in an academy on Long Island for two years, and then studied law, for one year in Hartford with Governor Ellsworth, and for one year in the Harvard Law School. He settled in Hartford, and for four years was clerk of the County Court, and of the Superior Court; also for six years clerk of the Recorder’s Court. He was City Attorney for two years, and City Auditor for ten years. In March, 1852, he became President of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, and held that office until 1876. His residence was in part in
Hartford, and in part in his native town, which he represented in the Legislature in 1869. He was prominent in the organization of the Connecticut Valley Railroad, in 1869, and was President of the Board of Directors until his resignation in 1877.

His last years were spent on his paternal homestead in Hadham, where he died, after a three weeks' illness, from congestion of the brain, on October 4, 1890, in his 74th year.

He married Martha Ann, daughter of Captain Jonathan Smith, of Agawam, Mass., and had one son, who died in infancy, and four daughters, who survive him.

ORLO DANIEL HINE, was born in New Milford, Conn., on October 28, 1815, the elder son of Daniel and Lucy (Chamberlain, Buckingham) Hine.

After graduation he studied for three years in the Yale Divinity School, and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Clinton, Conn., on April 14, 1841. From this charge he was dismissed on October 25, 1842. For two years from September, 1843, he was acting pastor of the church in Fair Haven, Vt.; and from March, 1846, to October, 1851, he held a similar relation to the Congregational Church in Pontiac, Mich. On January 6, 1852, he was installed over the church in North Woodstock, Conn., and was dismissed on November 5, 1855, to begin a ministry of more than thirty years' continuance in Lebanon, Conn., where he was installed in the following May. His long and useful career there included also the almost uninterrupted chairmanship of the Board of School Visitors and one year's service as Representative in the Legislature (in 1866). He published in 1876 an historical volume, entitled *Early Lebanon*.

On January 24, 1886, he was dismissed from this pastorate, and for the remainder of his life he was in charge of the Congregational Church in Williamsville, in the town of Killingly, Conn.

He died while on a visit in Mamaroneck, N. Y., on August 9, 1890, aged nearly 75 years.

Mr. Hine married, on October 18, 1843, Ellen Caroline, daughter of Friend Whittelsey, of Clinton, by whom he had three sons and four daughters; the surviving sons are graduates of this College (1871 and 1884), and two daughters are also living.
John Perkins Cushing Mather, the only child of Captain Andrew and Mary (Wetmore) Mather, was born in New London, Conn., on September 23, 1816.

He studied law in New London, and there entered on the practice of his profession. He was mayor of the city from 1845 to 1850, and after having been a member of the Lower House of the State Legislature held the office of Secretary of State in 1850-54. From 1858 to 1861 he was Collector of the Port of New London, and in 1878 and 1879 he represented his district in the State Senate. After service as Judge of the City Court, and as Judge of Probate, he was for twelve years Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for New London County, until disqualified by age in 1886. He held also many other positions of a private and trustworthy character.

He died in New London on February 12, 1891, in his 75th year. He was never married.

Ambrose Pratt, the only child of Ambrose and Dolly (Southworth) Pratt, was born in Saybrook, Conn., on July 11, 1814. His father died before his birth, and he spent his childhood in the family of a step-father, in the village of Deep River, in Saybrook.

After teaching school for a year he began the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School, and finally was graduated at the Columbian Medical College, in Washington, D.C., in 1843. He was engaged in the practice of medicine in Chester, a part of his native town, from the spring of 1843 until the fall of 1848, when he removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin. While there he introduced into his practice the principles of hydropathy; and when in 1853 he was persuaded by friends to return to Chester, he combined with his general practice the management of an Infirmary for the treatment of diseases hydropathically. In October, 1862, he was commissioned as Surgeon of the 22d Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was on duty in the field until July, 1863, when their term of service expired. For the rest of his life he was in practice in Chester, where he died on June 11, 1891, at the age of 77, after a few days' illness, from pneumonia.

He married on November 17, 1844, Julia M., daughter of Deacon George Spencer, of Deep River, and sister of his classmate, George T. Spencer. Their children were five daughters.
JOHN WHITMAN SEYMOUR, fourth son of Charles and Catharine Seymour, was born in Hartford, Conn., on March 24, 1816; his mother was a daughter of the Rev Dr Nathan Perkins (Coll. of N. J., 1770), of West Hartford.

After graduation he studied law in Hartford, and practiced his profession there from 1840 until 1850. He was then for a few years engaged in banking in Hartford. The later portion of his life was mainly spent in Mexico, where he died, unmarried, at Villa de Santiago, in December, 1889, in his 74th year.

CHARLES BILLINGS SMITH, was born in Paris, Oneida County, N. Y., on October 29, 1844, and entered college from Cassville in the same county. His course was interrupted in the last term of Junior year, but in 1847 he was admitted to a degree with his class.

Having studied Theology for about a year in New Haven, under Dr. Taylor's direction, he began to preach to a Baptist Church in Monroe County, N. Y., in 1840, and after two years of evangelistic work in the western part of that state he organized the Tabernacle Baptist Church in Chicago, and became its pastor. In 1846 he took the pastoral care of the Second Baptist Church in New Haven, whence he went early in 1848 to a church in Malden, Mass. From January, 1851, to September, 1852, he was the pastor of the Central Baptist Church in Chicopee, Mass. Thence he went to the Sixth street Church in New York City. In 1856 he again went west, and was settled over a church in Iowa City, Iowa, until 1860. He then preached in Dubuque, Iowa, for three years, after which his home was in Grand Rapids, Mich. For nearly six years he was pastor of the Baptist Church in Grand Rapids, and for the next seven years was political editor of the Daily Democrat. He died in Grand Rapids, September 17, 1890, in his 76th year.

He was the author of several volumes of wide circulation, and in 1859 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Wabash College.

He married on October 2, 1837, Jennette M Kirkland, who died on June 10, 1842. He next married, November 5, 1843, Abbie Woodbury, who died on March 1, 1856. He was married in Auburn, N. Y., November 25, 1859, to Mrs. Delia Bolt, who died on October 24, 1860. His fourth wife, Mrs L M. Ellicott,
whom he married on September 30, 1866, survives him. His five children all died before him.

1838.

John Knowlton Bartlett was born in Portsmouth, N. H., on February 28, 1816, the eldest child of James and Lucy (Knowlton) Bartlett.

After graduation he studied medicine here, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1841. He settled at once in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and continued in practice until the autumn of 1887, when he removed for the health of his family to Berkeley, California.

In 1876 he was President of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin. He died in Los Angeles, Cal., on November 26, 1889, aged nearly 74 years.

He married, on July 18, 1838, Mary E., daughter of William H. Elliot, Esq., of New Haven, who died on December 20, 1874, leaving an only daughter. He next married, on January 20, 1877, Mrs. Harriet N. Keeler.

Edward Strong Dwight, the youngest son of Timothy and Clarissa Dwight, was born in New Haven, on April 30, 1820; his father being the eldest son of President Dwight, and his mother the eldest daughter of Governor Caleb Strong, of Massachusetts. He spent his Freshman year in Hamilton College, then under the presidency of his uncle, Rev. Sereno E. Dwight.

The two years following graduation were spent in teaching (at first in Maryland and afterwards in Farmington, Conn.), and the next three years in the Yale Divinity School. He was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church in Saco, Me., on December 25, 1844, and continued in that office until the summer of 1852, when the health of his wife made it necessary to remove to a milder climate. On August 21, 1853, he took charge of the First Congregational Church in Amherst, Mass.; but in August, 1860, the failing health of Mrs. Dwight constrained him again to break up his home. The next two or three years were spent in less regular labor with various churches, and in June, 1864, he took charge of the Russell (Congregational) Church in Hadley, Mass., in which relation, beloved and honored, he continued until his death, in Hadley, after three months' illness, on November 12, 1890, in his 71st year.
In 1855 he was elected a member of the Board of Trustees of Amherst College, and he held that position for the rest of his life, being also since 1864 the Secretary of the Board. In 1874 Yale College conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He married, on November 13, 1849, Lucy E., only daughter of John Waterman, M.D., of Gorham, Me., who died on September 11, 1861; her children, a daughter and a son, are still living. He next married, on July 27, 1864, Elizabeth McG., only daughter of the Rev. Dr. John R. Adams (Y. C. 1821), of Gorham, who died on July 4, 1879; her two daughters survive their parents.

Charles Bingley Hosmer, son of Stephen and Charlotte (Downer) Hosmer, was born in Columbia, Conn., on September 26, 1812, and died in Chicago, Ill., on February 14, 1891, in the 79th year of his age. His residence while in College was in Windham, Conn.

He pursued the study of law in Syracuse, N. Y., until the fall of 1839, when he removed to Illinois, where he was admitted to the bar and began practice. He resided in Naperville until the fall of 1848, and after that date in Chicago. He married on February 14, 1843, Lucretia, daughter of Elijah D. Harmon, of Chicago, and had four sons and one daughter.

Edwin Dickinson Seward, eldest son of Martin and Lefanny (Hill) Seward, was born in Guilford, Conn., on October 8, 1815.

After graduation he taught an academy in Murfreesboro', N. C., for two years, and then completed a three years' course in the Yale Divinity School. He went immediately after this to Wisconsin, in the employ of the American Home Missionary Society, and was stationed for eighteen months at Southport, now Kenosha. Meantime he was ordained as an evangelist at Salem, on October 25, 1843. In the spring of 1845 he removed to South Prairieville, now Waukesha, and in 1846 to Lake Mills, where he organized a Free Congregational Church in August, 1847, of which he was pastor for most of the time until 1862. He was then pastor for three years of the Congregational Church in Baraboo, Wisconsin, but in 1865 in response to an earnest call from Northern Missouri for ministers and teachers, he went thither, settling at Laclede, Linn County, where he organized a church of which he retained the pastorate for upwards of three
years. A difficulty of the throat prevented further regular preaching. He died in Laclede, after a life of great usefulness, on February 25, 1891, in his 76th year.

He married, in New Haven, on September 12, 1843, Sarah Ann Lewis, who survives him. Their children were five daughters and one son.

1839.

Samuel [Wordsworth] Bailey was born in Little Compton, R. I., on July 28, 1810, and entered college at the beginning of the Sophomore year. His middle name was assumed a few years after graduation.

On leaving New Haven his health compelled him to seek a milder climate, and for four years he conducted a classical school in Norfolk, Va. He then took a partial course in Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and was ordained to the Congregational ministry in May, 1849. He preached for about a year (1848–9) in Pittsburgh, Pa.; then for about two years in West Springfield, Mass.; and next in Cold Spring, N. Y., for over a year. Early in 1853 he settled in New York City, but the state of his health forbade continuous labor in his profession; he was employed, however, in occasional volunteer service, and as a city missionary for some years. He died in the New York Hospital on April 17, 1891, in his 81st year. He was never married.

Henry Newton Bissell, the son of Anson and Joanna (Dart) Bissell, was born in East Windsor, Conn., on June 2, 1816. By his own efforts in teaching he acquired the means to undertake a College course, entering the Sophomore Class in 1836, from Milan, Ohio, to which place his family had removed.

On graduation he returned to Ohio, and taught (in Elyria for one year, and in Milan for two years) to gain funds for further study. In 1842 he entered the Theological Department of Western Reserve College, at Hudson, Ohio; and during his three years' course there he taught in the preparatory department, of which in the last year he had entire control. In 1846 he was ordained pastor of the (New School) Presbyterian Church in Lyme, Huron County, Ohio, where he had been preaching for about a year previously. He remained there until the spring of 1854, when he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Mt.
Clemens, Macomb County, Michigan, twenty miles from Detroit. In November, 1860, he organized a Presbyterian Church in Erin, six miles from Mt. Clemens, where he preached on Sabbath afternoons for over twenty years. During the civil war he visited the Army of the Potomac, as agent of the State Soldiers' Relief Association, and both there and at Nashville in the service of the Christian Commission he was able to do much for the sick and wounded. He continued his faithful, self-sacrificing work at Mt. Clemens and Erin until the spring of 1881, when he removed to Armada, sixteen miles north, in the same county, to take charge of a Congregational Church. After nine years' labor there he returned in May, 1890, to the church which he had organized in Erin, and just a year from his resumption of this quiet rural charge he was stricken down in the pulpit, while preaching. After a ten days' illness from pneumonia and gradual heart-failure, he died peacefully on May 14, 1891, at the age of 75.

He was married on May 5, 1846, to Miss Elizabeth Hale Hubbard, of Manchester, Conn., who survives him. He had no children, but educated for the ministry his younger brother, the Rev. Lemuel Bissell, D.D. (missionary to India), and also three of his sons.

John Thomas Councilman was born in Pikesville, Baltimore County, Md., on September 7, 1816.

For three years after graduating he was principal of an Academy in Prince Fredericktown, Calvert County, Maryland, at the same time pursuing medical studies. He was graduated in medicine in March, 1844, at the Medical School of the University of Maryland, where he had completed his course of study; and he immediately began practice in Friendship, Anne Arundel County, Md., where he continued for nearly seven years. In December, 1850, he returned to his native place, where he resided ever after, and for most of the time in the successful practice of his profession. He died on August 9, 1890, at the age of 74.

He married, on May 18, 1843, the youngest daughter of Thomas Mitchell, of Calvert County, Md., by whom he had seven children.

Henry Child Morse was born in Exeter, Otsego County, N. Y., on May 22, 1811, being the sixth in a family of sixteen
children of David and Hannah (Child) Morse. When he was eleven years old his parents removed to Barrington, Yates County, N. Y.; he entered college from Penn Yan in the same county.

For two or three years after graduating he was principal of the Nichols Academy, in Dudley, Mass., at the same time pursuing a course of theological study, which he supplemented by a few months at Andover Seminary. His first charge was in Lima, Indiana, and while there he was ordained (on February 12, 1846). In consequence of the unfavorable effect of the climate on his wife's health, he resigned his position, and returning eastwards preached for some time in Tyrone, N. Y. In November, 1848, he took up his residence in Union City, Mich., where he remained eight years, during most of the time supplying the pulpit of the Congregational Church. From October, 1856, to January, 1858, he resided in Ontario, Ind., in charge of the Lagrange Institute, and as stated supply of the Congregational Church. Under this double duty his health, which had for a number of years been precarious, gave way; and he was obliged to retire in 1859 to a farm in Union City, where the rest of his life was spent. He died there after a painful illness of several months, from disease of the heart, on November 9, 1890, in his 80th year.

He married, on November 17, 1842, Sarah M., daughter of Deacon Luther Child, of Woodstock, Conn., who died on January 10, 1849. On August 29, 1852, he married Mrs. Caroline L., widow of Samuel J. Mills Hammond, of Union City, and daughter of Caleb Lincoln, who survives him with their only son.

John D. Sherwood, son of Thomas and Ruth (DuBois) Sherwood, was born in Fishkill, N. Y., on November 24, 1818.

Immediately after graduating he began the study of law in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in the office of Judge Ruggles. He also studied for a short time in the Harvard Law School before going abroad in August, 1841, for upwards of two years of foreign travel. In 1844 he completed his legal studies in New York City, in the office of the Hon. Samuel Sherwood, and in 1845 he was admitted to the bar. For six years he was in partnership with George Y. Gilbert (Y. C. 1837), in New York City; and in 1851 he associated with himself his brother, of the Class of 1846, and continued in that relation with abundant success until 1865,
when serious and long-continued ill-health obliged him to retire.
In December, 1861, he received a Colonel's commission as aide
on the staff of Gen. James S. Wadsworth, and in that capacity
served in the Army of the Potomac. His later years were spent
in Englewood, N. J., and were principally devoted to literary
pursuits. His best known production is a Comic History of the
United States, published in 1870. (12°, pp. 549.)
He died in Englewood, from pneumonia, on April 30, 1891, in
his 73d year. He had suffered from paralysis for many years
before his death.
He married, on October 29, 1863, Mrs. Emmelme Zimmerman,
of Toronto, who survives him with four children. A son was
graduated at this College in 1890.

Levi Dibble Wilcoxson was born in Norwalk, Conn., on
September 20, 1820.
After graduation he studied in the Yale Medical School, where
he received a degree in 1842. He began practice in New Haven,
but on becoming interested in a carriage-making firm, he withdrew
from his profession, and from 1846 to 1860 resided principally in Macon, Georgia, where he conducted the southern branch
of the business. He had been highly successful, and had accumulated a large estate, when the approach of the Rebellion
obliged him to choose between loyalty to his country, with the certain loss of property, and the Confederate service. The choice
was made without hesitation, and with no subsequent regrets. He returned to New Haven, and betook himself to the practice
of his profession as his only means of support. In 1862 he entered the United States service as Assistant Surgeon in the
Knight General Hospital in New Haven. In 1885 he removed
to Newtown, Connecticut, where he continued the practice of
medicine until his death, which occurred on November 20, 1890,
in his 71st year.
In 1849 he married Elizabeth W., daughter of John Fitch, of
New Haven. She died in 1851. In 1854 he married Sarah L.
Fitch, a sister of his first wife, who died on September 27, 1885.

1840.

William Augustus Bronson was born on June 4, 1817, in
Waterbury, Conn. His widowed mother, Mrs. Mary Bronson,
removed to New Haven before he entered College.
He studied for three years in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1843. After a short experience in medical practice in Connecticut and in Poundridge, N. Y., he went to Newburgh, N. Y., where he studied dentistry. In 1845 he removed to New York City, where he soon built up a good dental practice. He became prominent in his profession, and retained to the last the confidence and esteem of his fellow-practitioners and of his patients. After a year of failing health, he died in New York, from uræmia, on August 20, 1890, in his 74th year.

He married, in 1844, Sarah D., daughter of John Raymond, of New Haven, who died on July 12, 1871. Their two children died in early childhood.

Henry Martyn Dexter was born in Plympton, Mass., on August 13, 1821, the son of the Rev. Elijah Dexter (Brown Univ 1806) and of Mary (Morton) Dexter, the sister of Gov. Marcus Morton. The first two years of his College course were spent in Brown University.

After teaching for one year in Rochester, Mass., he entered the Theological Seminary at Andover, completing the course there in 1844. On November 6, 1844, he was settled as the first pastor of the Second, now Franklin Street, Congregational Church, Manchester, N. H. There he remained until the spring of 1849, when he accepted a call to what was then known as the Pine Street Church, Boston, and of that church he was pastor for eighteen years of continued prosperity. During this period the present church building—the Berkeley Temple—having at the time of its completion the largest seating capacity of any similar edifice in Boston, was planned by him with a view to furnish a church home for the common people. He had developed early in his ministry an aptitude for editorial work, and in 1851 he became one of the editors of the Congregationalist, then two years old. In 1856 he undertook the general editorship of the paper, and continued in that position until January 1, 1866, when he withdrew on account of the pressure of parish labors. He also edited the Congregational Quarterly, of which he was one of the founders, from 1859 to 1866. In June, 1867, he resigned his pastorate, to become a proprietor and editor-in-chief of the Congregationalist, and in this relation he remained until his death.
While still a pastor he had begun to be widely known as an authority on the history and the polity of his denomination; and long before his death he was recognized both in England and America as more fully equipped than any other living scholar in these subjects of research. His "Congregationalism: What it is, Whence it is, and How it works," first published in 1865, has been a standard authority for the usages of the denomination; and his "Congregationalism of the last 300 years, as seen in its Literature" (1880, pp. 716+326), is one of the most complete and satisfactory works of its kind ever issued in America. It is hoped that an unfinished work on which he was engaged, on the "English and Dutch Life of the Plymouth Pilgrims," may yet be published. The portion of his library relating to these favorite subjects of research—a collection of the highest value—was bequeathed to Yale. In recognition of his eminent scholarship this College gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1880, and also the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1890,—this being the only instance in which the Corporation have conferred both these degrees on the same person.

Dr. Dexter removed his residence in 1873 to New Bedford, Mass., where he died, without previous illness, of heart failure, in his sleep, in the early morning of November 13, 1890, at the age of 69 years.

He married, Nov. 19, 1844, Emeline, second daughter of Simeon Palmer, of Boston, who survived him in feeble health, and died in Boston of pneumonia on February 24, 1891. Of their four children the eldest (Yale Coll 1867) is still living, the other three (daughters) died in infancy or early childhood.

WILLIAM ADDISON HOUGHTON, son of Caleb and Susannah (Sawyer) Houghton, was born in Berlin, Mass., June 2, 1812.

After graduating at the Yale Divinity School in 1843, he was settled, on July 5 in the same year, over the Congregational Church of Northboro', Mass. Resigning this pastorate in June, 1851, he was called in 1853 to the church of his native town. Here he remained as pastor and pastor emeritus until his death, serving his townspeople in nearly every public capacity. His ability, broad sympathy, and public spirit gained him respect and esteem throughout a wide district.
At the time of his death he had nearly ready for the press a copious and valuable history of Berlin, and it is expected that this will soon be published.

He never fully recovered from an attack of pneumonia in the spring of 1890, and, after a month's illness, he died March 22, 1891, in his 79th year.

He married, May 26, 1844, Mary Grace, daughter of Soloman Howe, of Berlin. She died Oct. 16, 1882, leaving no children.

1841.

James Wadsworth, son of Wedworth and Content (Scranton) Wadsworth, was born in Durham, Conn., on August 25, 1819.

He remained in New Haven for most of the two years after graduation, at first engaged in literary studies, and later as a member of the Law school. He completed his legal studies in the office of the Hon. Benjamin D. Silliman, in New York City, and established himself in his profession in Buffalo, N. Y., in the latter part of 1845. He was City Attorney of Buffalo in 1850, and Mayor of the city in 1851. From 1856 to 1859 he was a member of the State Senate, but at the close of the latter year he removed to New York City, where he continued in legal and other business until the failure of his health. He was removed, in great feebleness both of body and mind, to Yonkers, N. Y., in April, 1891, and he died there on May 18, in his 72d year.

He was married, on September 8, 1845, to Miss Rosetta F., daughter of Richard Robinson, of Durham, Conn., who died on September 17, 1866. Their children were three sons and two daughters, of whom the eldest son was a member of the Sheffield Scientific School in the class of 1867.

1843.

Daniel Sidney Appleton, the fourth son of Daniel Appleton, was born in Boston, Mass, on April 9, 1824. In 1825 his father removed to New York, and there established the well-known house of D. Appleton & Co.

After graduation he remained in New Haven for a year, studying in the Yale Law School. He then relinquished the idea of a professional life, and entered his father's publishing-house. In 1846 he went to Europe, and for nearly two years had the management of the London office of the firm. After his return
he became in 1849 one of the partners, and from that time had
charge for many years of the manufacturing interests of the
house. He was stricken with apoplexy on November 9, 1890,
and died at his home in New York four days later, in the 67th
year of his age.

He was married, on March 25, 1858, to Malvina W., daughter
of Charles H. Marshall, of New York City, the founder and
owner of the Blackball line of packets. She died on November
30, 1873. Mr. Appleton was again married to Sophia W., daugh-
ter of the Rev. Oliver Lincoln, of Providence, who died on
September 15, 1889. One son (Sheffield Scientific School 1880)
and one daughter by his first marriage survive him.

Philip Titcomb, son of John Berry Titcomb and Katy (Noyes)
Titcomb, was born in Newburyport, Mass., February 29, 1812.
Early in life he learned the trade of a working jeweller, but being
thrown out of business in the financial crisis of 1837, his thoughts
were turned to the ministry and he began preparation for College
at the age of twenty-five. After graduation he took the first
year of his theological course at Andover, and the two last at
Bangor, graduating in 1846.

In the fall of that year he began his work in Hillsdale, Mich.,
where he was ordained over a Presbyterian Church on April 7,
1847. Returning to Maine in the spring of 1848, he preached at
Cherryfield for three years, at Dexter from March, 1852, to
December, 1854; at Kennebunkport from the last date till
December, 1864, and at Limerick from May, 1865, to July, 1868.
He then removed to Plympton, Mass., where he labored from
November, 1878, to December, 1879, and went thence to Kens-
ington, N. H., in October, 1880, continuing his work until his death
there on January 24, 1891, of heart failure, at the age of 78
years, 11 months. He had two pastorates of ten years each and
one of eleven—an unusual experience.

He was a man of a fine, winning presence, strong character,
and lived a quiet but singularly blameless and lovely life. October
1, 1846, he married Miss Eliza W., daughter of Erastus
Briggs, of Bangor, Maine, who died at Plympton, Mass., June 9,
1870.

Two daughters and a son, died in childhood, and four daughters
are still living.
HENRY ASTOR WEEKS, the only son of Nathaniel T. and Mary (Flynn) Weeks, was born in New York City on May 12, 1822, and entered the class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He was graduated in medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York, in 1848, and established himself in practice in that city, but a visit to the California gold fields in 1849, from which he returned in 1852, led to his abandonment of his profession. He was engaged in the coal business in New York until the outbreak of the civil war, when he went to the field as Colonel of the 12th New York Volunteers; at the battle of Groveton, Va., in August, 1862, he was severely wounded. He retired from business soon after the close of the war, and lived a life of leisure in New York, where he died, from pneumonia, on April 20, 1891, in his 69th year.

He was married, in Greenwich, Conn., on April 26, 1848, to Alethea H., daughter of Dr. B. F. White, who survives him with their two children, a daughter and a son.

1845.

LEMUEL PARKER CONNER, son of William C. and Jane E. B (Gustine) Conner, was born in Adams County, Mississippi, on September 30, 1825, and entered College with his elder brother at the beginning of the Sophomore year. He remained with the class until graduation, but was at the last refused a diploma on account of a personal difficulty in which he had become involved. He was admitted to a degree in 1876.

He spent the greater part of his life in his native county, and was actively engaged in cotton planting up to the time of the civil war. At that period he had large planting interests in Concordia Parish, Louisiana, and he was a member of the Convention of that State which passed the Ordinance of Secession. He served in the Confederate army, attaining the rank of Major, and afterwards devoted himself with energy to the reparation of his ruined fortunes. He practiced law for a time in Louisiana, and was also employed in the management of several large estates. He died, of pneumonia, at Woodland, near Natchez, in his native county, on March 24, 1891, in his 64th year.

He married, January 6, 1848, Miss Elizabeth F. Turner, daughter of the Hon. Edward Turner, of Natchez, late Chancellor of the State. Of their ten children four died in early life.
GTJT BIGELOW DAY, the youngest of twelve children of Charles and Anna (Worthington) Day, was born in Colchester, Conn., on July 21, 1818.

After graduation he studied theology in the Yale Divinity School. He had already been preaching for nearly a year, in Higganum and Westville, Conn., when he was ordained as an evangelist on September 25, 1849, at North Haven, Conn. He was married five days later to Mary Ann, daughter of Capt. Edward Lewis, of Chatham, now Portland, Conn., and started immediately for Apalachicola, Florida, where he spent two years in conducting a school and in organizing a Congregational Church. His wife’s death, on September 11, 1851, was followed by the destruction of his church and school by a hurricane, and he returned to Connecticut, where he spent the rest of his life. For three years he had charge of the Lewis Academy in Southington, where he married, on August 11, 1853, Mary, second daughter of Dr. Julius S. Barnes (Yale Coll. 1815). In December, 1855, he removed to Bridgeport, and for many years maintained a classical school there. He died in Bridgeport on June 8, 1891, at the age of 73.

By his first marriage he had one daughter; by his second marriage four sons and two daughters. The youngest daughter and youngest son survive him, with his widow.

1846.

CHARLES LORING BRACE was born in Litchfield, Conn., on June 19, 1826, the son of John P. and Lucy (Porter) Brace.

He studied in the Yale Divinity School in 1847–8, and in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, in 1848–9. In 1850 he went to Europe on a pedestrian tour, and studied especially reformatory and philanthropic institutions and the condition of the common people. On his return in 1852 he resumed clerical and journalistic work in New York City, and also labored at the Five Points and in the City Prison. Early in 1853 he began with others the organization of the Children’s Aid Society, to the conduct of which he thenceforth gave himself up. The success of this work was such that in his lifetime by its agency upwards of 70,000 children were transplanted from the city streets to good homes; while perhaps three times that number had been cared for in the Society’s lodging-houses and trained for better lives. He was also efficiently interested in
other public reforms in New York, and was a prolific writer for the periodical press. Of his numerous published volumes the most notable are: *Gesta Christi*, or a History of Humane Progress under Christianity (1883); and, *The Unknown God, or Inspiration among Pre-Christian Races* (1890).

The rapid failure of his health obliged him in May, 1890, to sail for Europe. On the 1st of August he reached Campfer, in the Tyrol, Upper Switzerland, in a very feeble state, and died there on August 11, in his 65th year.

He married, on August 21, 1854, Letitia, daughter of Robert Neill, of Belfast, Ireland, who survives him with their two sons and two daughters. The elder son is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School (1876), and has succeeded to his father’s position as Secretary of the Children’s Aid Society.

**George McCaill**, son of John and Elizabeth McCaill, was born in the city of New York on September 29, 1826. His mother died in his early childhood, and much of his time was spent in Ithaca, N. Y., which was his father’s native place.

At the time of graduation he intended to study for the ministry, but after teaching for six months in Blountsville, East Tennessee, he decided on account of an hereditary disposition to consumption to give up a professional for a business life. He settled in Ithaca, and soon became a member of a firm doing a large and profitable business in the manufacture of paper and the publishing and sale of books. He sought in private life to accomplish the ends which he had aimed at in choosing the ministry as his profession; and was active and incessant in all charitable and church work. He was for many years an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and for quarter of a century superintendent of its Sunday School. He was twice offered a nomination for the office of State Senator, but declined. Financial loss and illness cast a shadow over his last years, but through the aid of friends he was enabled to continue one portion of his business until his death. He died at the residence of his son-in-law in Ithaca, on December 1, 1889, in his 64th year.

He married on September 21, 1852, Mary L., a daughter of Judge Platt Pelton, of Monticello, N. Y., who is still living. Their children were two daughters, of whom the younger married Professor W. T. Hewett of Cornell University, and is now deceased.
HENRY THORNTON STEELE, second son of the Rev. Julius Steele (Y. C. 1811) and Harriet (Belden) Steele, was born on July 8, 1821, in East Bloomfield, N.Y., where his father was then pastor. About 1838 his father retired from pastoral work, and settled in Michigan.

After graduation he taught in Colchester, Conn., for two years; and having studied law was admitted to the bar in Michigan on July 4, 1849. He opened an office in Constantine, but in December, 1856, he removed to Chicago, where he devoted himself mainly to chancery practice. In January, 1873, he was made a Master in Chancery of the Superior Court, and he served in that responsible capacity with distinguished ability up to 1888. He died after a painful illness, from cancer of the stomach, in Chicago, on November 10, 1890, in his 70th year.

He married, on November 5, 1851, Rebecca, daughter of Joseph Knox, of Carlisle, Pa., by whom he had four sons and one daughter. She survives him with three of their children.

1847.

ANDREW CLARK DENISON, son of Daniel and Susan (Cunningham) Denison, was born in Hampton, Conn., on June 27, 1822.

He studied theology for two years in the Theological Institute at East Windsor (now Hartford), Conn., and for a third year at Union Seminary, New York City; part of a fourth year was spent at the Yale Divinity School as a resident licentiate. On March 4, 1851, he was ordained at Leicester, Mass., as colleague pastor with the Rev. Dr. Nelson of the Congregational Church, and was dismissed early in 1856. He was then for two years associated in the management of Comer's Commercial College in Boston, but in 1858 returned to the ministry. For three years he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in the village of Westchester, in Colchester, Conn. On April 17, 1861, he was installed over the First Congregational Church in Portland, Conn., from which position he was dismissed on January 20, 1868. He then went to Biddle Institute, in Charlotte, N.C., as teacher of theology, but in October, 1868, returned to Connecticut, where he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Middlefield until his death. Injuries received in being thrown from a carriage about a year before, caused his death, in Middlefield, on October 11, 1890, in his 69th year.

He married, on May 25, 1853, Catharine M., daughter of Linus Coe, of Middletown, Conn., who died on the last day of 1862.
He was again married, on May 20, 1867, to Laura A., daughter of the Rev. Charles Nichols, of New Britain, Conn., who died on August 8, 1868. On September 22, 1869, he married Harriet S., sixth daughter of Col. William Hart, of Guilford, Conn., who survives him with her only son, and one son by his second marriage.

Wallace Cornwell Willcox, the youngest son in a family of nine children of Alvin and Patience (Cornwell) Willcox, was born in New Haven, Conn., on March 29, 1827.

In the fall of 1847 he began his career as an instructor, in the High School in Milford, Conn., and two years later he accepted an offer to take charge of a Presbyterian Parochial School in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he continued for three years. In the mean time he was married, on May 14, 1851, to Sarah J., daughter of Dennis Beach, of Milford. He next became principal of the Juniata Academy, a boarding-school in Academia, Pa., but the duties devolving upon his wife proved to be too severe, and he remained there but a short time. In the fall of 1854, he removed to St. Louis, Mo., where he was in charge of either public or private schools for a period of ten years. The troubles incident to the Civil War made it desirable for him to return to New England to assist his parents, and in 1864 he became the proprietor of the Stamford Institute, a long-established boys' boarding-school in Stamford, Conn., where he conducted a successful school for more than ten years.

During this time, however, he met with serious financial losses, which long embarrassed him, although his trials were endured with remarkable cheerfulness and submission. In 1874 he removed his school to North Granville, Washington County, N. Y.; but although it was prosperous, the distance from New York City seemed a disadvantage, and in 1880 he again removed to Mohegan Lake, near Peekskill, where he had a successful school until the time of his death. During this long experience as a teacher, his devotion to the interests of his pupils—more than two thousand of whom were prepared for colleges and other institutions—was the characteristic of his life.

He was just on the point of relinquishing his life-work, and settling in a quiet home, when his death occurred, while on a visit to his sons, in Spokane Falls, Washington, on July 27, 1890, after twelve days' illness of dysentery.
His first wife died on December 21, 1871, and he next married Gertrude, daughter of Charles William Knapp, of Stamford, Conn., who survives him with one of her two daughters. Of eight children by his first marriage, three sons are still living.

1848.

John Nelson Borland, son of John and Rebecca Nelson (Woolsey) Borland, was born in Boston, Mass., January 14, 1828, and entered Yale at the beginning of Junior year. He began the study of medicine in the Medical School of Harvard University in 1848, and took the degree of M.D. in July, 1851, having already served for nearly a year as house-physician in the Massachusetts General Hospital. After a period of foreign travel he settled in Boston, and both there and during the summer months in Nahant he proved himself a remarkably skillful and conscientious practitioner during a long series of years. He was largely interested in the establishment of the Boston City Hospital, and was visiting physician there for the first ten years. From 1869 to 1873 he was Instructor in Clinical Medicine in the Harvard Medical School. He retired from practice in 1878, and afterwards made his home in New London, Conn. He died, after a long illness, at the residence of his sister in Boston, on August 10, 1890, in his 63d year.

He married, on March 5, 1853, Madeline, daughter of Isaac Gibson, Esq., of New York City, and had by her two daughters and two sons.

1850.

Edward Miles Jerome, son of the Hon. Chauncey and Salome (Smith) Jerome, was born in Bristol, Conn., on June 15, 1826. His father removed to New Haven in 1844. He studied law for two years, until May, 1852, in the Yale Law School, and after further study was admitted to the bar in Baltimore, Md. He soon returned to New Haven, where he opened a law office in January, 1853; but the death of a brother caused him, in August following, to remove to New York, in order to superintend the branch of his father's clock business in that city. In December, 1855, he left New York, and began the study of theology, which he prosecuted in New Haven, and in Hartford, Conn. (with the Rev. Dr. Robert Turnbull.) In May, 1860, he was ordained pastor of the Baptist Church in Northamp-
ton, Mass. From 1862 to 1866 he was pastor in Meriden, Conn. Then intervened a period of poor health, which was spent in St Paul, Minn., and in New Haven. In October, 1869, he was again settled as pastor, in Westfield, Mass. He removed in 1871 to Ansonia, Conn., but was soon obliged, owing to a serious bronchial difficulty, to give up regular preaching. He established there *The Naugatuck Valley Sentinel,* which he edited for several years. In 1880 he returned to New Haven, and became the editor and proprietor of *The Shore Line Times,* to which his remaining years were given. After several years of poor health, he died suddenly in New Haven, on June 8, 1891, from the effects of a surgical operation for disease of the bladder.

He married, on December 14, 1852, Kate H., daughter of John Braddock, of Hartford. She died in New Haven, on July 26, 1856, leaving one son who died in childhood. He next married, on October 5, 1858, Miss Emma, daughter of Hobart R. Hotchkiss, of Fair Haven, who survives him with two daughters.

**Cordial Storrs,** third son of Cordial and Mary (Ives) Storrs, was born in Martinsburg, Lewis County, N. Y., on September 1, 1823, and entered College from Lowville, in the same county, during the second term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught for a short time in Flushing, N. Y., and spent the year 1851-2 in the Yale Divinity School. Then turning his attention to political affairs he gave himself until 1860 mainly to political writing and speaking in Kansas and Illinois. He then removed to Washington, D. C., and was for some time chief clerk in the Fourth Auditor's Office, Treasury Department. In 1865 he entered on the practice of law in Washington, and was occupied in this business, especially as solicitor of patents, and in real estate business, until his death. During all these years he was an active member of the First Presbyterian Church, and labored zealously in connection with its work.

He died in Washington, from meningitis, superinduced by an attack of the "gruppe," on April 9, 1891, in his 68th year.

He married, in December, 1855, Cornelia P., daughter of the Hon. J. W. Bagg, of Detroit, Mich. She died in July, 1856.

**1851.**

**John Milton Slade,** son of John and Lucy (Lord) Slade, was born in Boston, Mass., in July, 1831, but during his boyhood his
parents removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., his father being in the dry-
goods commission business in New York City.

On graduation he became a clerk in the house of which his
father was the head. He was soon admitted to partnership, and
continued in the business until the failure of the firm in 1887.
His residence was in Brooklyn, but his death occurred at White
Lake, in Sullivan County, N. Y., on August 13, 1890, at the age
of 59.

1852.

Frederick Booth Swift, son of Augustus Swift, was born
in Cornwall, Conn, on August 81, 1831.
He studied law with Judge Munson, in Delaware County,
N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in May, 1854. He began prac-
tice in Newtown, Conn., but about three years later removed to
New York City. He served in the civil war with the Seventh
Regiment, in the summer of 1862. His habits were dissipated
in later years, and he died in New York in poverty on September
20, 1890, at the age of 59. He was unmarried.

1853.

Hudson Burr, second son of Rufus and Ann S (Hudson)
Burr, was born in the village of Torrington, in Torrington,
Conn., on January 23, 1830, and entered the class at the opening
of Sophomore year.
In the year after graduation he taught in a Military Academy
in Oxford, Maryland, and then began the study of law in his
native town. After a few months he removed to Bloomington,
Illinois, where he was admitted to the bar and practiced his pro-
fession until August, 1862, when he enlisted in the 94th Illinois
Volunteers, and was commissioned as Adjutant of the Regiment.
He subsequently held a commission as Captain and Assistant
Adjutant General, and distinguished himself for bravery.

After the war he returned to Bloomington, and formed a law
partnership with Robert E. Williams which continued for nearly
twenty years, during which time the firm was one of the ablest
and best known in Central Illinois. He retired from active busi-
ness in 1885, on account of impaired health, and for the rest
of his life was afflicted with paralysis which finally extended to
the brain. He died in Bloomington, on February 17, 1891, in
his 63d year.

He married, December 11, 1854, Lucy W. Pelton, of Wolcott-
ville, in his native town, who survives him. Of their children,
the elder son and elder daughter died in infancy; a daughter and a son survive,—the son having been for a time a member of the class of 1883 in this College.

Joseph Shelton French, son of Joseph B. and Polly (Shelton) French, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., on February 9, 1833.

For three years after graduation he studied medicine in the Yale Medical School, and after receiving the degree of M.D. he practiced his profession for two years in his native place. Later he went into the drug business in Bridgeport in the firm of Ward & French; and on the dissolution of this firm in 1861 he engaged in farming, and some years later in the nursery business.

Failing in health he removed to Idaho in 1881, where he established himself as a druggist, and resided until his death, which occurred at Salmon City, from a complication of lung troubles, on June 17, 1890, in his 58th year. Under successive trials and reverses his earnest, sincere Christian life and example won the respect of all.

He married, on December 3, 1862, Harriet, daughter of Captain George La Field, of Bridgeport, who died on October 31, 1863, leaving a son who is still living. He next married, on April 7, 1869, Catherine, daughter of Dr. James D. Brown, of Bridgeport, who survives him with three sons and two daughters.

George Palfrey, son of Henry W. and Mary B. (Inskeep) Palfrey, was born on December 20, 1829, in New Orleans, La.

After his graduation he engaged in business as a broker in New Orleans, where his residence continued through his life. In April, 1882, he had a slight attack of apoplexy, the result of which was the almost entire loss, after a year or two, of his eyesight. His remaining years were years of great infirmity, both mental and physical. His death occurred in New Orleans, on June 11, 1891, in the 62d year of his age.

He was married, on October 6, 1857, to Gertrude E. Wendell, of Brooklyn, N.Y., who died on May 7th, 1868. He was again married, on September 28, 1870, to Augusta M. Wendell, of Brooklyn, who survives him. His children by the first marriage were three sons and two daughters, of whom two sons are still living. The only child of his second marriage died in infancy.
Abner Leavenworth Train, son of the Rev. Asa M. Train (Amherst College, 1825) and Lucia (Leavenworth) Train, was born on September 16, 1830, in Milford, Conn., where his father was from 1828 to 1850 the pastor of the Second Congregational Church.

He read law in Hartford, Conn., for the year after graduation, in the office of the Hon. John Hooker, and after an interval of a year (spent in the Andover Theological Seminary), he resumed his law studies in 1855. In March, 1857, he was admitted to the bar, and for a short time practiced law in Hartford. In 1858 he served as Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1861-2 he represented the town of Milford in the Legislature. In 1862-3 he was private secretary for the Hon. Gideon Welles, then Secretary of the Navy, and during the early part of 1864 was Deputy Collector of Customs of the port of New Haven. For a year from July 1, 1864, he was connected editorially with the New Haven Journal and Courier, and for eight years from July, 1865, he was one of the proprietors and the editor-in-chief of the New Haven Daily Palladium. He was then for some years engaged in no active business.

The year 1883-4 he spent in Europe, and after his return he became Secretary of the Forestry Commission of the State of New York, a position for which his knowledge of botany and entomology and his study and observation in Europe particularly fitted him. After suffering for some years from rheumatic gout, he died from heart-failure, due to the effects of this disease, at his residence in Albany, on February 10, 1891, in his 61st year.

He was married, on March 17, 1863, to Miss Susan A. Bull, of Milford, who died on July 22, 1870, leaving an only daughter who is still living.

Lester Morse Dorman, son of Rufus and Bede (Goodyear) Dorman, was born in Hamden, New Haven County, Conn., on November 5, 1830.

After graduation he was employed for a year in the office of the American Agriculturist in New York City. He then entered the Union Theological Seminary, and completed the regular three years' course. After brief engagements in Winsted, and elsewhere in Connecticut, he was ordained pastor of the First (Congregational) Church in Manchester, Conn., on June 6, 1860.
a difference of opinion having arisen in the parish with respect to the location of the church, he was led to resign his charge, and was dismissed by a council on May 10. After ministering for about nine months to a portion of his old congregation worshiping in a private hall, he entered the communion of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was admitted to deacon’s orders by Bishop Williams, at Middletown, Conn, on February 10, 1872, and soon after took charge of St Peter’s Church, Plymouth, Conn. He was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Williams, at Middletown, on December 19, 1873, and in 1874 resigned his charge and removed to New York City, having become half-owner and assistant editor of the *Church and State*. Later, he was connected editorially and as correspondent with several other denominational papers.

He died of heart disease while attending divine service at the Church of the Holy Trinity, in Brooklyn (his residence), on December 7, 1890, in his 61st year.

He was married, on June 26, 1860, to Susan A. Rapalje, who survives him with three children.

John Proctor, son of the Rev. David C. Proctor (Dartmouth College 1818) and Frances W. (Nantz) Proctor, was born on February 22, 1832, in Prince Edward County, Va., where his father was then preaching.

After graduation he went to Kentucky and settled as a planter near Frankfort, which was then his father’s home. At the close of the civil war he removed to Texas, and he died there, at Victoria, on February 3, 1891, aged 59 years.

Henry Richmond Slack, fourth son of Eliphalet and Abigail (Cutter) Slack, was born in Plaquemine, La., on October 20, 1835.

After graduation he pursued a course of private study at home, and then entered the Medical College of New Orleans, which is now a Department of Tulane University. His health gave way under study, and he was engaged for a time in the hardware business in New Orleans. In July, 1861, he entered the Confederate army as a private, but was at once raised to the rank of Lieutenant, and served through the war, acting latterly as Adjutant-General on the staff of General Braxton Bragg. He
returned to Plaquemine in 1865, and was a merchant there until 1867, when he engaged in farming, which occupation he followed until his death. In 1880 he removed his family to Georgia, in search of health and educational advantages. Afterwards they were sent to Sewanee, Tenn., the seat of the University of the South, where his second son is now a Senior; and while visiting them there he was attacked with typhoid fever, and died after two weeks' illness, of heart-failure, on October 1, 1890, at the age of 55. He was a devoted Christian, a lay reader in the Episcopal Church, and for many years senior warden of the Church of the Nativity in Plaquemine, where he was also a leader in all public and philanthropic movements.

He married, on July 9, 1860, Louisiana T., daughter of Austin Woolfolk, of Rosedale, La., who survives him with their children, three sons and one daughter

WILLIAM THOMAS WILSON, son of James L and Jane M. Wilson, was born in New York City on December 15, 1834, and resided in Brooklyn, N Y, at the time of his admission to College.

After graduation he spent a year in the study of general literature, and was then for three years a member of the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was ordained deacon by Bishop Horatio Potter, on July 3, 1859, in New York City, and after a period of occupation there accepted a call to the rectorship of St. Peter's Church, Albany, N. Y., in 1861. He was advanced to priest's orders by Bishop H. Potter, at Cold Spring, N. Y, on October 18, 1861. In the latter part of 1866 ill health made it necessary for him to take a smaller parish, and he then removed from Albany to the Church of the Mediator, Kingsbridge, New York City, where he spent the rest of his life, with the exception of one year (1877-78), when he was rector of St. John's Church, York, Pa. About five years before his death his eyesight began to fail, and later he became nearly blind; but he worked faithfully to the very end of his days. He died suddenly, of heart-failure, on the morning of June 19, 1890, in his 56th year.

On December 14, 1865, he married Caroline, daughter of William E Bleecker, of Brooklyn, N Y, who survives him with their five children, one son and four daughters.
1856.

George Wolf Buehler, son of Henry Buehler, was born in Harrisburg, Pa., on November 26, 1834.

For some time after graduation he was employed in engineering and in editorial work in Harrisburg, and in September, 1858, he began to edit the Farmers' and Miners' Journal at Lykens, Pa., though continuing his residence in Harrisburg. In August, 1862, he was appointed to a clerkship in the U. S. Mustering and Disbursing Office in Harrisburg, and he remained in similar employment, there or in Philadelphia, for two years. He was then for several years not engaged in business, and devoted to the cultivation of his literary tastes. He was for twenty years secretary of the County Historical Society, and greatly interested in its progress. He was also a trustee of the Pine Street Presbyterian Church, and active in its councils.

He died at his home in Harrisburg on April 11, 1891, in his 57th year.

He married, on May 27, 1862, Mary Pollock, of Harrisburg, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1858

Thomas Gilbert Valpey, son of Samuel S. and Elizabeth M (Abbott) Valpey, was born in Andover, Mass., on July 16, 1832.

After serving for a year as principal of the Cleveland (Ohio) Academy, he entered the Berkeley Divinity School in Middle-town, Conn., whence he went in May, 1860, to St. Paul's School, Concord, N H, as Greek Master. On May 30, 1861, he was ordained deacon in the School Chapel by Bishop Chase of New Hampshire, and in connection with his teaching he had charge at different times of various parishes in the vicinity. In July, 1868, he resigned his mastership and went to Brooklyn, N. Y., as Head Master of Holy Trinity School and Assistant Minister of the Church of the Holy Trinity, where he continued until 1873. After brief engagements as teacher in Mâlnis, N. Y., and Lawrence, Mass., he returned within two or three years to his old place at St. Paul's, which he did not leave again. His long identification with this School proves sufficiently his capacity as a teacher and his qualities as a man.

After two years of serious trouble from heart-disease, he died at the house of a nephew in Lawrence, Mass., on November 15, 1890, in his 59th year. He was unmarried, and left a large portion of his property for a fund for prizes at St. Paul's School.
EUGENE SCHUYLER was born in Ithaca, N. Y., on February 26, 1840, being the eldest son of the Hon. George W. and Matilda (Scribner) Schuyler.

After graduation he resided for two years in New Haven, engaged in graduate study—especially in languages and philosophy—and in July, 1861, he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, that being the first time when this degree was conferred here. He then spent an additional year in the study of law in the Yale Law School, and completed his preparation for the bar in New York City, where he began practice in December, 1862. Though nominally in practice for four years, he was chiefly occupied in linguistic and literary studies, and in writing for the press, chiefly for *The Nation* and *The Round Table*, and as editor of *The New Path*. Shortly after his publication of a translation of Turgenef's *Fathers and Sons*, he was appointed (July, 1867) United States Consul at Moscow, where he remained until October, 1869, when he was sent as Consul to Revel, on the Baltic. In March, 1870, he was commissioned as Secretary of Legation to St. Petersburg. In 1873, during a leave of absence, he made a long journey in Central Asia, the results of which were published in 1876 in his volume on Turkestan, which is still the most considerable work in our language on that country. In July, 1876, he became Secretary of Legation and Consul-General at Constantinople, and just after his arrival there he investigated and reported on the Turkish atrocities in Bulgaria, and by this means promoted distinctly Bulgarian independence. He took part subsequently in preparing the constitution and plan of government for Bulgaria. In October, 1878, he was sent to Birmingham, England, as Consul, and just at this time he published a translation of Tolstoi's *Cossacks*. The next year he was Consul-General at Rome, and from there was transferred in June, 1880, to Bucharest as Chargé d'affaires. In 1881 he negotiated treaties with Serbia and Roumania, and in July, 1882, his rank was raised to that of Minister-Resident and Consul-General to Greece, Roumania, and Serbia. In July, 1884, this position was abolished by Congress, and about the same time Mr Schuyler published an exhaustive life of *Peter the Great*. After an extended visit to the United States he settled in Italy in 1885, and devoted his time almost entirely to literary studies. In 1886 he...
published a useful volume on *American Diplomacy*. In March, 1889, he was nominated for Assistant Secretary of State, but declined the nomination. Later in the year he was sent to Cairo as Consul-General, but the climate proved unfavorable to his health, and he was on his way to Marienbad when an intermittent fever detained him at Venice, and caused his sudden death on July 16, 1890, in his 51st year.

He was endowed with unusual intellectual activity and versatility, and his attainments were freely recognized at home and abroad. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Williams College in 1882 and by Yale College in 1885.

He married in Paris, on July 13, 1877, Miss Gertrude W. King, daughter of the late President Charles King, of Columbia College, who survives him without children.

1861.

CLARENCE EDDY, the eldest child of George W. and Delia E. (Ferris) Eddy, was born in Waterford, N. Y., on November 17, 1839.

After graduation he spent one year in the Yale Divinity School, and the two succeeding years in Princeton Theological Seminary. In August, 1864, he began to supply the pulpit of the 1st Presbyterian Church in Cornwall, N. Y., where he was ordained and installed on April 5, 1865. He remained there until February, 1869, when he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Woodside, a suburb of Newark, N. J. In July, 1875, he removed to Troy, N. Y., as pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, then a young mission church, with which he continued for five years. On June 1, 1881, he assumed the pastorate of the 1st Congregational Church in St. Clair, Mich., which he resigned on January 1, 1886. In the fall of 1886 he went to the Congregational Church in North Middleboro', Mass., whence he went in October, 1890, to Denver, Colorado, where his only son was established in business. He at once set about organizing a Presbyterian Church in South Denver, a rapidly growing suburb of the city, and was looking forward to an early installation as pastor, when he died, after ten days' illness, from pneumonia, on April 3, 1891, in his 52d year.

He was married, on May 4, 1864, to Miss Jennie Scott, of Waterford, N. Y., who survives him with their two children.
JOHN CODDINGTON KINNEY, son of the Rev. Ezra D. Kinney (Middlebury College, 1825) was born on February 21, 1839, in Nassau, N. Y., where his father had been supplying the pulpit. About that time his father became pastor of the Congregational Church in Darien, Conn., where he remained until 1859.

On graduation he began a course of study in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, but in December, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the 13th Regiment Connecticut Volunteers. By successive promotions for gallant service he attained the rank of 1st Lieutenant in January, 1864, and in May, 1864, he was detailed as signal-officer with Admiral Farragut's fleet. During the entrance of that fleet into Mobile Bay, on August 5, 1864, and through the fight which ensued, he was stationed on the flagship Hartford, and sat on the cross-trees of the foretopmast above the Admiral.

After the close of the war he remained at the South until 1868, when he became assistant editor of the Waterbury (Conn.) American. In January, 1870, he became managing editor of that paper, but resigned his position in November, 1871, and was next for six months on the editorial staff of the New York Tribune. He then became an associate editor of the Hartford (Conn.) Daily Courant, with which paper he remained until his appointment in January, 1890, as postmaster of Hartford. He was also United States Marshal for the District of Connecticut, for four years from August, 1882. From January, 1882, he was Major of the First Company Governor's Foot Guard of Hartford.

He died in Hartford, after a short illness, from pneumonia, on April 22, 1891, in his 53d year, and was buried on the 27th with conspicuous demonstrations of respect and honor.

He was married, on March 7, 1867, to Sara E., daughter of Charles S. Thomson, M.D. (Yale, 1822), whose death is noticed on a later page of this pamphlet. She survives him without children.

1863.

JAMES SLADE MILLARD, son of Samuel S. and Mary Millard, was born in New York State, on March 1, 1837. His parents dying in his infancy, his youth was spent with relatives near Muscatine, Iowa.

After graduation he became a student in the Columbia College Law School, and received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1865.
He settled at once in Tarrytown, N. Y., and made his way by his unaided efforts to a large and increasing practice. He was not only successful in the line of his profession, but proved himself a most useful citizen, prominent in all public enterprises and interested in the educational, social, and religious progress of the village.

He died in Tarrytown, after a brief illness, on October 8, 1890, in his 54th year.

He was married, on August 17, 1865, to Elizabeth A., daughter of Gabriel Purdy, who survives him with two sons and one daughter,—another son having died in boyhood. The eldest son was graduated at Yale College in 1888.

1864.

Edward Royall Tyler, son of the Rev. Edward R. Tyler (Y. C. 1825) and Sarah Ann (Boardman) Tyler, was born in Hartford, Conn., on May 14, 1842. In his infancy his parents removed to New Haven, where his father was occupied as the editor of the New Englander until his death in 1848. He entered College in 1859, but withdrew from the class early in Sophomore year, and a year later joined the next class.

From November, 1864, to May, 1869, he was a clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington,—in the meantime pursuing a course of study in the Law School of the Columbian College, where he gained the degree of LL.B. in 1866. He practiced his profession in Washington for the most of the time until December 31, 1880, when he entered the examining corps of the Patent Office. He was employed in that office until his death, having been appointed to the rank of principal examiner in July, 1888.

He died in Washington, from acute pneumonia, after an illness of twenty-four hours, on March 30, 1891, in his 49th year. He was not married. His aged mother, who made her home with him, died of grief at his loss four days later.

1865.

George Edwards Treadwell, younger son of Oliver W. and Anna Helena (Kramer) Treadwell, and great-grandson of Governor John Treadwell (Y. C. 1767), was born in Baltimore, Md., March 9, 1843. He entered College in 1860, but in October, 1862, he enlisted in the 27th Regiment Conn. Volunteers, and
participated in the actions of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. After a year's absence he entered the next Class.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School; was admitted to the bar in March, 1867, and received his degree of LLB in the following July. He began practice in New Haven, but early in 1869, at the solicitation of an old army comrade, he removed to New Castle, Pa., where he remained until his death. Besides his legal practice he was prominently connected with many business enterprises in New Castle, and in addition to his earlier editorial experience was for many years before his death the proprietor of the New Castle City News, a daily and weekly newspaper. In all the public and private relations of life he bore an unsullied reputation. He died in New Castle, of heart-disease, on August 31, 1890, in his 48th year.

He married, April 4, 1867, Caroline T., only daughter of Samuel B. Wetmore, of Middletown, Conn, who died on June 24, 1870, leaving one son, who is now a member of the Senior Class in Yale College. He next married Sarah A. Greer, on March 1, 1876, who survives him with an only daughter.

1866.

Levi Clifford Wade, son of Levi and Abbie A (Rogers) Wade, was born in Allegheny City, Pa., on January 16, 1843, and had been for three years a student in the University at Lewisburg, Pa, before beginning the course here.

For two years after graduation he studied in the (Baptist) Theological Institution in Newton, Mass. At the end of that time he abandoned the idea of preaching, and during the next four years taught school in Newton, studying law in the meantime. He was admitted to practice in Boston in 1873, and so continued with increasing success until 1880. From the latter date until his death he confined himself exclusively to railway law and management. Besides acting as counsel for several other roads, he was one of the original projectors and owners of the Mexican Central Railway Company, of which he was the president and general counsel for six years before his death.

His residence continued in Newton, which he represented in the Legislature for four years from 1876, being in the last year Speaker of the House.
He died in Newton, on March 21, 1891, in his 49th year.

He was married, in Bath, Me., November 16, 1869, to Margaret, daughter of the Hon. William Rogers, who survives him with their four sons, two daughters having died in infancy.

1868.

Algernon Sydney Biddle, the second son of George W. Biddle, an eminent lawyer of Philadelphia, and Maria (McMurtrie) Biddle, was born in Philadelphia on October 11, 1847, and entered Yale in the third term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he spent nearly two years in Europe, being for two semesters a student in the University of Berlin. On his return he studied law in Philadelphia, where he was admitted to the bar in 1872. He continued in the active pursuit of his profession, with increasing reputation, until his death. In 1887, on a re-organization of the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, he was chosen to the important professorship of Torts, Evidence, and Practice at Law, and was made Secretary of the Faculty. In this position he proved himself a learned and capable teacher. He died of typhoid pneumonia, after an illness of two weeks, in Philadelphia, on April 8, 1891, in his 44th year.

He was married in 1879 to Frances, daughter of Moncure Robinson, of Philadelphia, who survives him with four sons.

Charles Clark Marsh, son of Augustus and Rebecca (Clark) Marsh, was born in Jersey City, N. J., on September 11, 1847.

After leaving College he spent about six months in European travel, and on his return went into business in New York City. In 1871 he became a member of the prominent wholesale grocery firm of which his father was the head, with which he remained until 1883, when he withdrew for the purpose of engaging in the banking and stock-brokerage business, as a member of the firm of Durant, Marsh & Co., afterwards C. C. Marsh & Co. This firm continued until 1889. He died in New York, after a very brief illness, of Bright's disease, on November 27, 1890, in his 44th year.

He married, on April 12, 1877, Emma M. Rees, of New York City, who survives him with two sons.
James Kingsley Thacher, the eldest child of Professor Thomas A. Thacher (Y. C. 1835), was born in New Haven, Conn., on October 19, 1847. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of President Jeremiah Day.

He spent the first two years after graduation in California, and then returned to New Haven for study. From 1871 to 1879 he held a tutorship in the College, instructing primarily in Physics, and subsequently in Zoology, in which latter subject indeed he continued to provide instruction for College students down to 1888. In 1879 he was appointed Professor of Physiology in the Yale Medical School (where he had already taken the degree of M.D.), and in 1880 he entered on the general practice of medicine in New Haven. The subject of Clinical Medicine was added to his professorship in 1887.

He was also an independent scientific investigator of distinguished merit. His best known piece of work was published in 1877, and involved a criticism of Huxley and Gegenbaur on vertebrate evolution, which attracted attention both in England and Germany. He also published other researches of value, but the demands of his practice and of the Medical School interfered seriously with the time at command for original work.

He died in New Haven, after two days' illness, of pneumonia, on April 20, 1891, in his 44th year. His death is a severe loss to the Medical Department of the University, as well as to the profession in the city.

He was married, in Boston, September 10, 1878, to Miss Emily Baldwin Foster, eldest daughter of the Hon. Dwight Foster (Y. C. 1848), who survives him with their three children,—one daughter and two sons.

1869.

Alexander Hamilton Ewing was born in Cincinnati on October 6, 1846.

His residence was in Chicago for most of his life, and he died there, of pneumonia, on May 3, 1890, in his 44th year.

1870.

Zachary Taylor Carpenter, son of John T. and Mary A. Carpenter, was born in Lebanon, Conn., on December 2, 1848, but entered College as a resident of New London, Conn.
After graduation he went to Washington, D. C., and became a clerk in the Treasury Department, in the meantime also studying law in the Law School of the Columbian University. He gained the degree of LL.B. in June, 1872, and was admitted to the bar in the following autumn, but did not practice. In later years he secured many contracts under the Government, mainly for carrying the mails. He retained the fondness for athletic sports which he had in College, and was a member of several well-known clubs in Washington, representing literary, social, and athletic interests. He was a man of wide general reading, not only in his own language, but also in French, German, and Spanish, all of which he had acquired after leaving College.

In the last winter he went to the West Indies for the sake of his health, and died soon after his return, in Washington, of cirrhosis of the liver, on April 1, 1891, in his 43d year.

He married, on April 29, 1875, Virginia, daughter of the Hon. William R. Sapp, of Mount Vernon, Ohio, who survives him. They had no children. Mr. Carpenter's last will leaves in certain contingencies a small residuary estate, after the death of his widow, to Yale College, for a professorship fund.

1872.

Edward Luman Cowles, the only son of Chandler and Susan E. (Sabin) Cowles, was born in New Haven, Conn., on November 24, 1849. He spent nearly two years with the Class of 1871, and entered the next class at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he traveled abroad for a year. On returning to this country, he was disappointed in his expectation of following either a professional or a business career, owing to his ill health, which prevented him from engaging in any active employment. He spent his time in quiet intellectual pursuits, and in travel, hoping from year to year to gain the strength necessary for more active work. His health gradually failed, and he died on May 29, 1891, after a short illness, at Saconnet Point, near Providence, R. I., at which latter place he had resided with his sister for some years previously.

1873.

Edward Tatum was born in Millville, N. J., on February 16, 1852, the son of Edward and Anna C. (Smith) Tatum. His College residence was in New York City.
After graduation he spent eighteen months in Europe, with the special object of perfecting himself in French and German. On his return he studied for a year in the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York, but then abandoned the idea of entering the profession of medicine, and for several years was engaged in no regular occupation. During this period, however, he made extensive acquirements in various departments of study, notably in philology and astronomy. At a later time he resumed his medical studies in Philadelphia, where he was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1886, while there he was interested in hospital work, but did not practice his profession outside of that service. He was also greatly interested in microscopy and in questions connected with the modern applications of electricity, and conducted several remarkable series of investigations in his private laboratory on the latter subject.

He was married on April 25, 1885, to Helen Viele Perkins, daughter of the late Dr Augustus Viele, of New York. His residence was then in Germantown, Pa., whence he removed in 1889 to Yonkers, N. Y., where he died suddenly, from heart-failure, on March 29, 1891, at the age of 39. His wife survives him without children.

1874.

Franklin Wells Patten, son of Robbins and Louise A. Patten, was born in Stafford, Conn., on May 8, 1855.

He was graduated at the Yale Law School in 1876, and spent another year in New Haven in the bookselling and publishing business. In 1877 he was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, Pa., and he practiced law there until 1882. For most of the next six years his health was poor, and he followed no settled employment. In 1888 he undertook work in New York City, in the employ of the Greenwich Insurance Company, but he died in Stafford Springs, Conn., in January, 1890, in his 35th year.

1875.

Samuel Johnston Huntington, the only son of William C. and Mary E. (Johnston) Huntington, was born in Cincinnati, O., on July 20, 1852.

After graduation he was in business for six years in Cincinnati, and then took the management of "The Hanover," an apartment
house on East Fifteenth Street, New York City. He died after a very brief illness, in New York, on February 24, 1891, in his 39th year.

He was married in Cincinnati, on April 17, 1884, to Miss Miriam Louise Hawes.

1879.

Albert William Shaw, son of Edwin A. and Clara Shaw, was born in Buffalo, N. Y., on April 16, 1858.

For the most of the year after graduation he was in business in Buffalo. He then became a teacher in the Buffalo High School, and a year later principal of one of the grammar schools in the city. After some years he was appointed instructor in ancient languages in the Normal School, and in 1889 he started in Buffalo under very favorable auspices the Woolsey School, a private school for boys, preparatory to College. Besides his long continued usefulness to the community in this relation, he held the office of deacon in the Lafayette Street Presbyterian Church, and was president of the Young Men's Association of that church. He died at his home in Buffalo, of typhoid fever, after a short illness, on November 25, 1890, in his 33d year. He was unmarried.

1880.

Edward Weston Knevals, son of Charles B. and Jane A. (Saunders) Knevals, was born in New Haven, Conn., on June 17, 1857. His father removed to New York City in his infancy.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Columbia College, but on account of ill health did not complete his course there until 1883. From that time until his death he was a practicing lawyer in New York.

While spending a part of the summer at Nantucket, Mass., he went out in the harbor alone on Tuesday afternoon, August 19, 1890, in a small sailboat. His body was not found until the following Sunday, and the appearances indicated that death had been caused within a few hours after his leaving port by a blow on the head from the flying boom of the boat. He was unmarried.

1881.

Russell Anson Bigelow, son of William H. Bigelow (Williams College, 1852), and Mary A. Bigelow, was born in Sioux
City, Iowa, on June 2, 1859. His residence on entering College was in West Brattleboro, Vt.

He remained in New Haven for one year as a graduate student, and then began his professional studies in the Yale Law School, which he completed in the Law School of Columbia College in 1884. He then entered on the practice of law in New York City, and was at the time of his death in partnership with his classmate Carpenter. His unremitting devotion to his profession brought on an attack of brain fever, from which he died, after a week's illness, in New York, on November 2, 1890, in his 32d year. He was not married.

His affection for Yale was shown by the bequest of $2,000 in his last will.

1882.

James Alexander Campbell was born in St. Louis, Mo., on March 16, 1860, and died in Paris, France, on July 13, 1890, in the 31st year of his age.

He remained here for a year after graduation studying in the graduate department; and in July, 1882, he went abroad on an extended tour, from which he returned in the spring of 1885. In the succeeding autumn he entered the Law School of Harvard University, from which he was graduated in 1888. After this he went abroad again, and while living in Paris with his brothers had a very severe attack of the "grippe," in January, 1890. This was followed by congestion of the lungs and pneumonia, and he lingered on the verge of death for several months. He then rallied a little from the extreme prostration, but only to experience a fatal relapse, attended with great suffering.

Charles Mather Sholes, the only child of Charles H and Emihe (Mather) Sholes, was born in Boston, Mass., on March 6, 1859, and joined this College in the beginning of the Sophomore year, being then a resident of Newport, N. H.

He settled in business in Oswego, Kansas, where he was married on December 25, 1884, to Miss Anna Electa Tucker.

He died in Oswego on August 7, 1889, in his 31st year.

Franklin Eldred Worcester, the fourth son of Edwin D. Worcester (of the New York Cential and Hudson River Railroad
Company) and Mary (Low) Worcester, was born at Albany, N. Y., September 12, 1860.

After his graduation he chose the profession of mechanical engineering, for which he had an inherited taste and aptitude. He passed the greater part of three years (1882–1885) at the Sheffield Scientific School in the study of this profession. In 1884, he received the degree of Ph B., and in 1886 the further degree of Dynamic Engineer. In the autumn of 1885, for the purpose of learning the practical details of his profession, he became a machinist-apprentice in the car-shops of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, at Jackson, Michigan, where he remained nearly two years. In February, 1888, he was made assistant superintendent of motive power of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railroad Company, with his residence at Marquette, Michigan. He resigned his position in the summer of 1889, and became traveling agent for the Iron Bay Company, of West Duluth, engaged in the manufacture of mining machinery. In July, 1890, he was appointed general agent, for the Montana region, of that company, and also of the Robinson & Cary Company, of St. Paul. His new residence was at Helena, Montana, where he remained, actively engaged in business until the day of his death. He died very suddenly in that city, March 3, 1891, of pneumonia. His remains were brought to the east, and were interred in the Albany Rural Cemetery.

He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and of the University Club of New York City. For seven years prior to his death, his home had been in New York City, whither his father's family had removed in December, 1883. His constitution and general health had always been unusually robust, and had given promise of a long and active life. He was never married.

1886.

George Lyle Kingsley, son of Dr W. J. P. Kingsley, was born in Rome, N. Y., on June 28, 1864, and entered the class with his younger brother at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he studied medicine for three years in the Medical School of Harvard University. He continued in Boston, as interne at the Massachusetts General Hospital, where he died from diphtheria on September 25, 1890, in his 27th year.
During his College course, and later, Dr. Kingsley took great interest in the collection of material illustrating the history of the College. In his professional studies he showed remarkable enthusiasm and industry; and his achievements had justified high hopes for his future.

1887.

Joseph Lyle Thornton, Jr., son of Dr. Joseph L. Thornton (Miami University 1858), was born in Cincinnati, O., on January 3, 1865, and entered this College at the beginning of the Sophomore year,—his residence at that time being in Middletown, Butler County, O.

After graduation he studied law, and first settled in Logansville, Ind., whence he went to Seattle, Washington, where he had an apparently prosperous future before him at the time of his death on June 17, 1890, in his 26th year.

Yale Medical School.

1822.

Charles Steele Thomson, son of Dr. Gurdon Thomson, a noted physician of Tolland, Conn., was born in Tolland on April 6, 1801. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Eliphalet Steel (Y. C. 1784).

He began practice in Granby, Mass., where in 1822 he married Miss Julia Whittemore, who died a few years later. In 1834 he married Miss Susan Coit Belcher, daughter of Colonel William Belcher, of Granby, and earlier of Preston, Conn. They made their home in Fair Haven, now a part of New Haven, Conn., where Dr. Thomson continued in practice for nearly fifty years. Owing to feeble health he retired in 1883, and then removed to Hartford, Conn., where he and his wife made their home with their youngest daughter, the wife of Major John C. Kinney (Y. C. 1861). Mrs. Thomson died in April, 1890, from disease resulting from the grippe. Dr. Thomson retained his mental powers, his keen interest in affairs, and his cheerful disposition, until August 12, 1890; after two days of unconsciousness he
died on the 14th, in his 90th year. Three sons (two of them graduates of the Yale Medical School) and three daughters survive him. He had been for six years the oldest living graduate of the Medical School.

1832.

William Nelson Blakeman died in New York City, on August 10, 1890, in his 86th year.

He was a native of Roxbury, Conn., and came immediately to New York City after graduation. For over fifty years he was in general practice, and established a widespread reputation. In 1886 he retired from active labor, but still continued to be employed in consultations.

Four sons and one daughter survived him.

1835.

Daniel Bateman Cutter, the eldest child of Daniel and Sally (Jones) Cutter, was born in Jaffrey, N. H., on May 10, 1808. He was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1833, and had studied medicine under Luke Howe, M.D., of Jaffrey, and under his uncle, Nehemiah Cutter, M.D. (Yale 1817), of Pepperell, Mass., before coming to New Haven.

He practiced his profession in Ashby, Mass., until 1837, and for the rest of his life in Peterboro', N. H. He was a member of the State Legislature in 1852. In 1881 he published a valuable History of his native place.

He died in Peterboro', of old age and disease of the kidneys, on December 7, 1889, in his 82d year.

He married, on December 8, 1835, Clementina, daughter of the Hon Asa Parker, of Jaffrey, who died on August 28, 1870; two daughters by this marriage died before their father. He next married, on December 5, 1872, Mrs. Tryphena (Tufts) Richardson, who survives him.

1861.

Edward Aiken, eldest child of the Rev. Dr. Silas Aiken (Dartmouth College 1825) and Mary (Osgood) Aiken, was born in Amherst, N. H., on April 10, 1830, and was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1851. He studied theology in Andover Seminary, and on September 7, 1855, he was ordained at Rutland,
Vt., as a missionary. He spent the next three years in Syria, laboring under the direction of the American Board, but was then obliged to abandon his work by the condition of his health.

On taking his medical degree in 1861 he settled in Fitzwilliam, N. H., as a physician, removing thence in 1865 to his native town, where his residence continued until his death. He served also as Instructor in Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the New England Female Medical College, at Boston, from 1864 to 1872; and was a good deal employed in miscellaneous literary work.

He died in Amherst, of Bright's disease, on August 14, 1890, in his 61st year.

He was married, on September 5, 1855, to Susan Dougherty, daughter of the Hon. John O Cole, of Albany, N Y, who died at Homs, Syria, on June 20, 1856. He was next married, at Abeih, Mount Lebanon, on July 22, 1857, to Sarah, daughter of Deacon Cyrus Cheney, of Phillipston, Mass., by whom he had three sons and two daughters; three children are still living.

1879.

Charles Theodore Roberts, seventh son of Stephen and Pamela (Underwood) Roberts, was born in Waltham, Mass., on September 23, 1843. He entered Harvard College from Lawrence Academy, Groton, but was obliged to withdraw after a short time by the failure of his health. He afterwards traveled extensively, especially in the South. On December 24, 1874, he was married to Ella R. Sloan, of Hartford, Conn.

After his graduation he settled in South Boston, Mass., where he remained in practice until his death. He died from apoplexy, at his home in South Boston, on October 1, 1890, at the age of 47.

His wife survives him with one daughter,—an only son having died in 1885.

Yale Law School

1856.

Jesse H. Goss was educated at Emory and Henry College, Virginia. His residence while here was in Antioch, Ga.
He settled in the practice of his profession in Ocala, Florida, and was from 1868 to 1877 Judge of the Circuit Court of that State, for the Fifth Circuit. His later residence was in Gainesville, Florida.

His death took place on June 14, 1890.

1857.

George Willis Smith, the eldest son of Willis and Olive (Smith) Smith, a native of Wallingford, Conn., died in Meriden, Conn., of Bright’s disease, on August 21, 1890, at the age of 66. Before entering the Law School he had visited California on the opening of the gold mines, returning in 1852.

He settled in Meriden in the practice of his profession, and was early elected Judge of Probate for that district. His terms of service were from 1861 to 1867, from 1873 to 1879, for 1884, and from 1887 until his death. He was also Judge of the City Court from 1873 to 1877. He was twice married, and leaves a widow.

1888.

Soichi Tsuchiya died in Danbury, Conn., on November 27, 1890, aged about 23 years.

He came to this country from his home in Osaka, Japan, about 1884, having already been a pupil in an English school in Tokyo. After further study in New Brunswick, N. J., he entered the Yale Law School, where he proceeded to the degrees of LL.B. (1888), M.L. (1889), and D.C.L. (1890). His health had been feeble for some two years, and just as he was about returning home he was prostrated with a fatal attack of pneumonia.

Yale Divinity School

1874.

Charles William Mallory, son of William and Frances A. (Combs) Mallory, was born in Waldon, Delaware County, N. Y., on August 25, 1843, and after a clerkship in a bank in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was graduated at Amherst College in 1871.
During his College and Seminary course his residence was in Hamden, in his native county.

He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Housatonic, in the town of Great Barrington, Mass., on June 18, 1874, where he continued until his dismissal on October 18, 1886. He then had charge of the Congregational Church in Charlotte, Mich., until his installation over the church in West Hartford, Conn., on July 10, 1890. He had already greatly endeared himself to the people of his latest charge by his devout spirit and attractive personal qualities, when his death occurred very suddenly, from diabetes and Bright's disease, on September 28, 1890, in his 48th year.

He married, on June 4, 1874, Ella A, daughter of Otis A. Judd, of South Hadley, Mass., who died on January 23, 1875. He was next married, on August 7, 1877, to Jennie M., daughter of Brackett Lord, of Newton, Mass, who survives him with three daughters.

George W. Bothwell was born in Woodsfield, Monroe County, Ohio, on February 19, 1850, and was graduated from Adrian College, Michigan, in 1875. On October 3, 1875, he was ordained in the Methodist Protestant Church, at Zanesville, Ohio, and he served as minister in that denomination, at New Comers-town and Fostoria, in the same State, for three years, or until he entered this Seminary.

After his graduation here he was for three years acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Portland, Michigan, going thence to New Orleans, La., as President of Straight University, a school for colored students. In 1888 he removed to Oakland, California, to take charge of the 2d Congregational Church. His engagement with that church terminated in 1890, and in January, 1891, he accepted a call to the (Congregational) Church of the Covenant in Brooklyn, N. Y. On the 18th of April, while administering medicine to a sick child, he swallowed accidentally a cork which became firmly lodged in one of the bronchial tubes, and caused his death on May 3, in his 42d year. His wife and two children survive him.
SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1863.

Watson Andrews Goodyear, the son of Chauncey Goodyear, Jr., was born in Hamden, New Haven County, Conn. He was employed immediately after graduation in the translation of a portion of Bodemann's *Anleitung zur Probierkunst*, and in the spring of 1865 he and Mr. Theodore A. Blake went to California, in a partnership as Civil and Mining Engineers which was not dissolved until the spring of 1875. In the meantime he did much other independent and special work in the line of his profession. He was employed, for instance, for some months in 1866-7 on a topographical survey in the vicinity of the Cliff House, San Francisco. In April, 1870, he entered the service of the Geological survey of California, under Professor J. D. Whitney, and was actively employed until the close of the season of 1873, when that Survey was stopped. Most of his work in this connection has appeared in the publications of the Survey. At a later date he was employed in the present State Survey of California. The fine collection of specimens of rocks made by him in these years now forms the principal part of the collection belonging to the University of California. In 1877 he published in San Francisco a volume on the Coal Mines of the Western Coast of the United States. In 1877 he returned to Connecticut, but soon went back again to California, and in the fall of 1879 went to the Republic of Salvador as State Geologist. While there he had the opportunity of observing a remarkable series of earthquakes, a detailed account of which he published at Panama in 1880. In the spring of 1881 he returned from San Salvador, and he remained in the vicinity of New Haven until 1885 or 1886, when he resumed the practice of his profession in California. He was subsequently employed as geologist of the State Mineralogical Bureau.

He died in San Francisco on April 10, 1891, at the age of 52.

1872.

Frederick Floyd Weld, son of Captain Frederick A. and Mary D. (Washington) Weld, was born in Sag Harbor, L. I., N. Y., on February 19, 1850.
For about a year after graduation he was in the employ of the U. S. Coast Survey, in the survey of the Delaware River. In August, 1873, he obtained a position as draughtsman and general assistant in the office of the City Engineer in New Haven, which position he held until July, 1881, when he resigned in order to accept a more lucrative place as managing engineer for a contractor on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, in Pennsylvania. In the summer of 1883 he accepted a position as assistant engineer in charge of the construction of a system of sewers in Waterbury, Conn.; and so ably did he conduct the work entrusted to him that when, a few months later, a vacancy occurred in the office of City Engineer, he was at once selected for the purpose. This office he held continuously until his death, in Waterbury, on June 28, 1890, in his 41st year. For several years he had been a prominent and active member of the City Board of Health, but although much of his thought and time had been given to devising means for checking the ravages of preventable diseases, he was one of the first victims of an epidemic of typhoid fever which visited Waterbury in the summer of 1890.

He was married, on Dec. 15, 1874, in New Haven, to Miss Mary V. Crockett, who survives him, with their two daughters.

1873.

*Edgar Camp Savage* was born in Berlin, Conn., February 20, 1852, the son of Elliott and Sarah F. Savage. In his early childhood his parents removed to Meriden, Conn.

After graduation he remained in New Haven for a year, engaged in further study, and acting as Assistant in Mechanical Drawing in the Scientific School. He was then employed in the Coast Survey, but in 1876 he accepted a responsible position in the book-keeping department of the Meriden Britannia Company, which he retained with the growing regard of his employers until his death. He died in Meriden, after a brief illness, on March 10, 1891, in his 40th year.

He married, nearly ten years before his death, Lillian, daughter of James Fidler, of Meriden, who survives him with one son and one daughter.
1874

George Smith Needham, the son of Edgar Needham, was born on December 2, 1853, in Louisville, Ky.

For some years after graduation he was engaged in fruit-farming and other temporary employments, but finally settled in Richmond, Ind., the home of his eldest brother, and took up the study of law. He was in due time admitted to the bar, and in the winter of 1884 he married Miss Abbie Jackson of Richmond. He continued in the practice of law for about eighteen months, and then removed to southeastern Illinois, to supervise the management and cultivation of a large tract of land. This business occupied him until the summer of 1890, when he returned to Richmond, and was appointed to the position of Claim Agent on one of the divisions of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines west of Pittsburgh. His duties required him to make frequent trips over the railroad, and on his return from one of these journeys, he was instantly killed in an accident, on February 25, 1891, near Hagerstown, about 16 miles from his home. The parlor car, in which he was riding, was dashed to pieces, while the train was running at a high speed, having been derailed by broken pieces of forward cars.

His wife survives him with two sons.

1875.

James Cunningham, son of William and Sarah M. Cunningham, was born in New York City on July 15, 1853.

After graduation he was for two years in the employ of the publishing house of Messrs A S Barnes & Co., in New York. About the year 1879 he went to San Francisco, and established there the firm of Cunningham, Curtiss & Welch, booksellers, stationers, and paper dealers, in which he was the leading partner until his death. The firm had a very successful business, and was most favorably known over the Pacific coast.

Mr Cunningham died in San Francisco of pneumonia, after three days' illness, on the 7th of November, 1890, in his 38th year.

He married about the year 1881 Mary Hale of San Francisco, who survives him with four children.
1877.

Arthur Lewis Betts, second son of Allen and Ann (St. John) Betts, was born in New Canaan, Conn., on October 12, 1856; in 1857 his family removed to Norwalk, Conn.

After graduation he taught school for a year, and then began work in his profession as a civil engineer. He was engaged in superintending the building of water-works at Hornellsville, Kingston, Fort Plain, Saugerties, North Tarrytown, Dobbs Ferry, and Hastings, N. Y. In 1886 he was married to Ella Beale Clay, of Kingston, who survives him.

In January, 1890, he suffered from a severe attack of the grippe, which developed into consumption, of which he died, at his father's residence, in Norwalk, on March 8, 1891, in the 35th year of his age.

Elijah Thien Foh Laisun, son of Chun Laisun, who was a Commissioner of the Chinese Educational Commission to the United States in 1872, was born in Shanghai, China, on October 4, 1854.

After graduation he returned to Shanghai, and was engaged in business there. In the latter part of November, 1889, he went to Hong Kong on business, and just as he was about returning home he died very suddenly on December 7, in his 36th year. His widow and a posthumous daughter are still living.

1879

Walter Smith Williams, son of John M. and Elizabeth (Smith) Williams, was born on April 21, 1858, in Chicago, Ill. In 1868 his parents removed to the suburb of Evanston, where his preparatory studies were completed.

After graduation he was engaged in various lumber enterprises,—first as a clerk for J. H. Pearson & Co., in Chicago, then as a partner in the firm of Rich & Williams, in Riverdale, Ill., and then in the firm of Williams Brothers, Hammond, Ind. From June, 1887, he was a partner in the firm of J. H. Pearson & Co., of Chicago, and for two years before his death he resided in Ashland, in charge of their logging and lumbering business at that point. He died in Evanston, of typhoid fever, on February 6, 1890, in his 32d year.
In October, 1882, he married Elia Gilbert, by whom he left one son and one daughter.

1880.

LOUIS MAYNARD HIGGINSON was born in Dubuque, Iowa, on October 30, 1856, the son of John C. and Charlotte (Brown) Higginson. His residence was in Newburgh, N. Y., at the date of his entrance here, his parents being then deceased.

Soon after graduation he went to Texas for his health, and shortly before his permanent settlement there (in September, 1882) he purchased a large ranch in Concho County, near the center of the State, and engaged in stock-raising. At the time of his death he was the owner of about 3000 acres of land.

While on a visit to Austin, in June, 1890, he contracted typhoid fever, and his death followed, at his ranch, on July 15, in his 34th year. He was never married.

1888.

CHARLES BART BERGER, son of William B. Berger, was born near New Castle, Pa., on December 18, 1866. When he was three years of age, his parents removed to Denver, Col.

On graduation he entered the Colorado National Bank in Denver, as second assistant cashier. In April, 1890, on the death of his father, who was the cashier of the bank, he was made first assistant cashier; and three months later, on the failure of the health of the new cashier, Mr. Berger, having shown marked financial ability, was advanced to his place. On November 5, 1890, he was married to Miss Gertrude Hill, of Denver, the youngest daughter of ex-Senator Nathaniel P. Hill. He died at his home in Denver, on January 3, 1891, after two weeks' illness, of diphtheria, of a most malignant type.

1889.

LELAND HOWARD, son of Frank L. Howard, was born in Springfield, Mass., on June 28, 1868. The family residence from his early infancy was in Hartford, Conn.

On graduation he took a position with the firm of James L. Howard & Co., of Hartford, dealers in railroad and car-furnishing goods, with which his father was connected; and he had
already given promise of a successful business career, when he was arrested by an attack of typhoid fever, ending in peritonitis, which caused his death, after two weeks' illness, in Hartford, on July 28, 1890, in his 23d year.

1890.

Adrian Muller Isham, son of Charles H. Isham, was born in Orange, N. J., on September 16, 1868. He entered the School in the fall of 1886, but after one term withdrew to join the succeeding class.

He died of typhoid fever in Chattanooga, Tenn., on October 7, 1890, aged 22 years.

Intelligence of the following deaths has been received, too late for insertion in their proper places:

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

(Yale College.)

1826.

Thomas Griswold Mather, second son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Hubbard) Mather, was born in Albany, N. Y., on January 31, 1808. Soon after his birth the family returned to Middletown, Conn., his mother's native town.

On graduation he began at once the study of law with the Hon. William L. Storrs, of Middletown, afterwards Chief Justice of the State, with whom after his admission to the bar he formed a partnership which continued for several years. In 1835 the condition of his health required him to seek a more active life, and he relinquished his profession and established himself on a farm within the limits of the town, where he resided without other occupation until 1847. He then, on the occasion of a vacancy in the offices of town clerk and treasurer, and clerk of the city and probate courts, assumed those duties, but after three years returned to his farm. In 1852 he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, but the change was not favorable to his health, and in 1854 he sought relief in New England air again. Until 1866 he
resided in Longmeadow, Mass.; and he was not permanently located again until his return in 1870 to his old home in Middletown. The remainder of his life was spent there in quiet retirement, with the respect and honor of all, and after an illness of three days he died in Middletown on May 9, 1891, in his 84th year.

He was married, on October 20, 1834, to his first cousin, Miss Jane A., third daughter of Samuel Mather, of Middletown, who survives him. They had no children.

1841.

EDMUND LEAF, son of George and Elizabeth Leaf, was born in Pottstown, Pa., on November 3, 1818.

After graduation he studied theology in private for two years, and spent a third year in the Episcopal Theological Seminary of the Diocese of Virginia. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Alfred Lee on July 7, 1844, and accepted an invitation to the charge of the Episcopal Church in his native place. He was advanced to the priesthood on March 18, 1845. In 1858, his charge having become too extensive for one clergyman, he resigned the care of Christ Church, in Pottstown, retaining two other outlying congregations which he had gathered,—St. Gabriel's in Douglassville, and St Michael's in Birdsboro.' About twenty years later he resigned the care of the parish in Douglassville, and removed his residence from that place to Birdsboro'. He retained this charge until his death, at that place, on June 16, 1891, in his 73rd year.

He married Miss Harriet P. Clay, of Pottstown, on October 26, 1848, and had three sons and one daughter.

1853

GEORGE WASHINGTON KLINE, son of George W. and Catharine (Lineaweaver) Kline, was born on March 13, 1833, in Lebanon, Pa.

He studied law after graduation, but never practiced the profession, spending his life on a farm in his native place, where he died on October 15, 1889, in his 57th year.

He was married, on November 14, 1872, to Martha Weidman, of Lebanon. They had no children.
The number of deaths recorded this year is 118—a larger number than has been recorded in any previous year,—and the average age of the 96 graduates of the Academical Department is very nearly 65 years,—a greater age than has been noted in any year since these Records began to be printed.

The oldest living graduate is Edward McCrady, Esq., Class of 1820, of Charleston, S. C., who was born on March 16, 1802.
### SUMMARY.

**ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT**

(YALE COLLEGE)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name and Age</th>
<th>Place and</th>
<th>Time of Death</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1815</td>
<td>Joseph D Wickham, 94,</td>
<td>Manchester, Vt,</td>
<td>May 12, '91.</td>
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<td>1817</td>
<td>Charles J McCurdy, 93,</td>
<td>Lyme, Conn,</td>
<td>June 8, '91.</td>
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<td>1824</td>
<td>Alvan Talcott, 86,</td>
<td>Guilford, Conn,</td>
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<td>1825</td>
<td>Ebenezer Boyd, 87,</td>
<td>Cobham, Va,</td>
<td>Jan 15, '91.</td>
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<td>1825</td>
<td>Abijah Cathn, 86,</td>
<td>Harwinton, Conn,</td>
<td>April 14, '91</td>
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<td>1826</td>
<td>E Huggins Bishop, 83,</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>Oct 2, '90</td>
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<td>1826</td>
<td>Reuben H Close, 90,</td>
<td>Elmira, N Y,</td>
<td>May 2, '91.</td>
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<td>1826</td>
<td>Thomas G Mather, 83,</td>
<td>Middletown, Conn.</td>
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<td>1827</td>
<td>Albert Hale, 91,</td>
<td>Springfield, Ill,</td>
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<td>1828</td>
<td>Flavel Bascom, 86,</td>
<td>Princeton, Ill,</td>
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<td>Philip P Kissam, 83,</td>
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<td>Julius A Reed, 81,</td>
<td>Davenport, Iowa,</td>
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<td>1830</td>
<td>William W Newell, 83,</td>
<td>Andover, Mass,</td>
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<td>Jansen Hasbrouck, 81,</td>
<td>Rondout, N Y,</td>
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<td>George P Holeman, 81,</td>
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<td>Edward Carrington, 78,</td>
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<td>Robert J Livingston, 79,</td>
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<td>J Angus Manning, 76,</td>
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<td>William C Wharton, 80,</td>
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<td>Heman Mead, 84,</td>
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<td>Joseph Pettee, 82,</td>
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<td>John K Bartlett, 73,</td>
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<td>Edwin D Seward, 75,</td>
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<td>Febr 25, '91</td>
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<td>Samuel W Bailey, 80,</td>
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<td>Henry M Dexter, 69,</td>
<td>New Bedford, Mass,</td>
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<td>Edmund Leaf, 72,</td>
<td>Birdsboro', Pa,</td>
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<td>Charles L Bruce, 64,</td>
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<td>George McCann, 63,</td>
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<td>Henry T Steele, 69,</td>
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