OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1885.

Including the Record of a Few who Died Previously, Hitherto Unreported

[Presented at the Meeting of the Alumni, June 23d, 1885.]

[No 5 of the Third Printed Series, and No 44 of the whole Record]
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ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1814.

Leonard Withington, son of Joseph W. and Elizabeth (White) Withington, was born in Dorchester, Mass., Aug. 9, 1789, and died in Newbury, Mass., April 22, 1885, in his 96th year, being the last survivor of his class, and older than any other surviving graduate, as well as the oldest Congregational clergyman in the country. He entered College as a Sophomore, having already served an apprenticeship as a printer, and having thus acquired an ambition for a literary life.

While in College he decided to enter the ministry, and accordingly upon graduation pursued such studies with President Dwight and with his own pastor, the Rev. Dr. Codman, and also for a few months at Andover. On the 31st of October, 1816, he was ordained as pastor of the First church in Newbury, Mass., and there spent his long life. After forty-two years of active service, while his powers were still in full vigor, he retired on the anniversary of his ordination, with the title of senior pastor, and his declining years were passed in calm happiness in the midst of his grateful people.
He was a man of original thought and vigorous expression, and of extensive and accurate learning. No one could meet him, even casually, without admiration of his unusual gifts.

He published in 1836, anonymously, two volumes of essays, entitled "The Puritan" (16°, pp. 248, 268); and also, in 1861, "Solomon's Song, translated and explained" (12°, pp. 329), besides numerous sermons, addresses, and lectures. Bowdoin College gave him in 1850 the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He married, Jan. 17, 1817, Sophia, daughter of William Sherburne, Esq., of Boston, who died April 1, 1826. On the 28th of May, 1827, he married Caroline, daughter of the Hon. Nathan Noyes, M.D. (Dartmouth Coll.), of Newburyport, who died Aug. 5, 1860. By his first wife he had three sons, who are all dead, and by his second wife five sons and four daughters, of whom two sons and the daughters survive him.

1817.

Jonathan Silliman was born in Chester, Conn., July 22, 1793, and died in Cornwall, N. Y., May 13, 1885, aged nearly 92 years. He was the son of Deacon Thomas and Huldah (Dunk) Silliman, and the grandson of the Rev. Robert Silliman (Y. C. 1737).

He studied theology in Andover Seminary, teaching meantime for one year in Phillips Academy, and finishing his professional studies in 1821. He soon went South and labored as a home missionary in eastern Virginia, being ordained on October 8, 1823. In 1830 he was settled over the Presbyterian Church in New Kent, Va., and on September 5, 1832, he married Anna, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Amzi Armstrong, of Perth Amboy, N. J., and widow of Mr Jared Mead; she was a woman of remarkable intelligence. As both his own and his wife's health suffered from the Virginia climate, they returned to the North in 1835, and in the same year he was installed over the Canterbury Presbyterian Church in Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y., where he labored in the ministry until his voluntary retirement in 1862. He continued his residence among his former people, and his benign presence was felt as a benediction.

His wife died January 24, 1882. Their only child, a colonel in the Union army, died at Beaufort, S. C., in 1864.
DAVID Booth, the eldest son of David and Margaret (Colton) Booth, was born in Longmeadow, Mass., December 10, 1796.

After his graduation he taught for a while in Maryland and elsewhere, and studied law with the late Hon. George Bliss, of Springfield, Mass. His father dying in 1827, he returned to the old farm at Longmeadow, where he spent the remainder of his life. He married Ann Colton, of Longmeadow, in 1833, and died August 11, 1884, leaving no children.

He was a man of marked intelligence and strict integrity, and his quiet life was more than ordinarily useful to the community in which it was mainly spent.

ALEXANDER CATLIN TWINING, son of Stephen Twining (Y. C. 1795) and Almira (Catlin) Twining, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 5, 1801.

He left College with the intention of entering the ministry, and soon after studied for one year in Andover Theological Seminary. In 1823 he returned to New Haven as tutor in the College, in which office he served for two years. Meantime he had decided to become a civil engineer, and now went to West Point to prepare himself for his profession. He was first employed upon the State works of Pennsylvania, and his earliest independent work was in 1835–37 as chief of the survey for the Hartford and New Haven railroad; he was subsequently employed either as chief or consulting engineer upon every railroad running out of New Haven (excepting possibly the Derby road) in like manner he was employed upon the northern lines running up the Connecticut and through Vermont, on the Lake Shore road between Buffalo and Erie, and on other roads in Ohio, Illinois, and Michigan. From 1839 to 1848 he filled the chair of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Middlebury College, Vt.; this position he resigned to give himself the more fully to his engineering labors. He removed from Middlebury to New Haven in 1852, and resided here for the rest of his life. From 1856 until his death he was a deacon in the First Church, in which his father had filled the same office.

For several years after his return to New Haven his labor was mainly given to the development of his invention for the artificial production of ice on a large scale and with economy. The
principle of his invention was widely adopted, but he failed to secure pecuniary recompense for it. He made valuable original investigations in astronomy, mathematics, and physics; and was equally interested in questions of theology and political science, both in their theoretical and practical aspects. In connection with the remarkable star-shower of November, 1833, he deserves the credit of first suggesting the correct theory of radiation of meteor tracks from a fixed point among the stars.

Early in October, 1884, he was attacked with congestion of the brain, and he died at his home in New Haven on the 22d of November, in his 84th year.

He married, March 2, 1829, Miss Harriet Amelia Kinsley, of West Point, N. Y., who died October 12, 1871. Their children were three sons (graduates of this College) and four daughters; they survive their parents, with the exception of one son who died in the war.

GEORGE WASHINGTON BLAGDEN was born in Washington, D. C., October 3, 1802, and entered College in 1820.

After graduation he took the three years' course in Andover Theological Seminary. On the 26th of December, 1827, he was ordained the first pastor of the Congregational Church in Brighton, Mass., then just organized as a result of the prevailing Unitarian controversy. He left this parish to accept a call to the Salem Street (Congregational) Church in Boston, where he was installed, November 3, 1830; and he was dismissed on September 5, 1836, from this engagement, to be installed on the 28th of the same month over the Old South Church, in the same city. He had already developed unusual power as a preacher, and in this important pulpit he sustained himself with honor. He was also a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1853, and from 1854 to 1859 was one of the Board of Overseers of Harvard University, from which institution he had received a doctorate in divinity in 1850, as well as from Union College in 1849. A colleague pastor was settled in 1857. In 1872 he resigned his charge, continuing, however, to be connected with the church as pastor emeritus until his death. In 1883 he removed to New York City, to spend his remaining days in the home of a married daughter, and there he died very suddenly, of heart-disease, December 17, 1884, in his 83d year.
He married, June 8, 1831, Miriam, younger daughter of the Hon. John Phillips (Harv. 1788), of Boston, who died April 26, 1874. Their children were five sons and three daughters, of whom four sons and a daughter are still living.

George Manson Hanners came to College from Boston, Mass., and returned thither after graduation.

A considerable part of his life was spent in New York City, where he practiced dentistry.

In his old age he became an inmate of a hospital in Utica, N.Y., where he died August 2, 1884, at the age of 83.

1824

James Berdan, son of David and Susan Berdan, was born in the city of New York, July 4, 1805.

He studied law in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in 1827. He began the practice of his profession there, in connection with his brother-in-law, Pierre M. Irving, but in 1832 removed to the West. In 1833 he settled in Jacksonville, Ill., and there opened a law office. He was twice elected Judge of the County Court, serving from 1849 to 1857. In all places of trust, public and private, his course was highly honorable to himself and satisfactory to his constituents.

He died at his home in Jacksonville, August 24, 1884, at the age of 79.

He married, June 27, 1848, Jane P Simms, daughter of J R Simms, of Jacksonville, who survives him, with an adopted daughter.

Samuel Hazzleton Fletcher, second son of Squire H. and Jerusha (Doolittle) Fletcher, was born in Townshend, Vt, in July, 1800.

After graduation he taught for one year in a private family in Hartford, Conn., and then took the full course in Andover Theological Seminary. On the 25th of September, 1828, he was ordained at Newburyport, Mass., as an evangelist, and for a year labored as a home missionary in Iberville and Ascension, Louisiana. He then returned to Massachusetts, and preached for some months to a newly organized Congregational society in Bolton, Worcester County. On March 14, 1832, he was settled as pastor of the Congregational church in Northbridge, in the same county,
where he remained for two years. He then went to Illinois, but
did not continue in the ministry. After spending six or seven
years in teaching, he returned to the East, and was for many
years engaged as a book-agent in the employ of publishing
houses in New York City. He died at the Grand Central Hotel
in New York City (where he had boarded since 1877), on April
22, 1885, in his 85th year. He was unmarried.

George Goodyear, son of Simeon and Hannah (Beardsley)
Goodyear, was born in Hamden, Conn., December 9, 1801.

After graduation he took a three years' course in the Yale
Divinity School, and was ordained as an evangelist at New
Haven, July 22, 1828. After brief engagements in Gaines, N.
Y. (where he married Elizabeth, daughter of Judge Robert
Anderson, May 3, 1830), and in East Windsor, Conn., he was
installed pastor of the Congregational church in Ashburnham,
Mass., October 10, 1832. He remained there until October 10,
1841. Then followed a brief pastorate in Rensselaerville, N. Y.,
which was interrupted by the illness of his wife, who died Feb-
bruary 28, 1844. He was next acting pastor for three or four years
in Truro, on Cape Cod, and on December 19, 1849, was installed
in South Royalston, Mass., where he remained until May 16, 1854.
His last and longest pastorate was in Temple, N. H., from April
28, 1855, to October 25, 1865; his resignation was occasioned
by attacks of hemorrhage, which prevented his undertaking active
duty in the ministry again. He was able, however, during this
last period of his life to represent the town of Temple in two
sessions of the State Legislature, and to preserve and extend his
great influence for good in the community. He died in Temple,
of consumption, November 18, 1884, at the age of 83.

He married, December 18, 1844, Roxana, daughter of Deacon
L. S. Rand, of Townshend, Vt., who survives him, with three chil-
dren by his first marriage.

Dexter Witter, son of Deacon Septimus and Anna (Kings-
ley) Witter, was born in Hinsdale, Berkshire County, Mass., July
15, 1803. In his early childhood his father removed to Aurora,
Portage County, Ohio. He entered College from Aurora, at the
beginning of Sophomore year.

After graduating he taught in the academy in Burton, Geauga
County, Ohio (where he had prepared for College), for two years,
and then entered the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary, where he spent two years. Being licensed to preach in October, 1828, he preached his first sermon in Burton, and was immediately invited to become a candidate for settlement in the Congregational church in that town. As the result of this invitation, he was there ordained and installed on the 25th of March following. This pastoral relation was continued harmoniously and pleasantly for twenty years, when at his own request, owing to infirm health, it was dissolved. During the most of the next seven years he preached to neighboring feeble and destitute churches as a home missionary. In the summer of 1857, the pastor in Burton having resigned, Mr. Witter was invited to resume his work there, and continued in the service as stated supply for the next ten years. For the rest of his life he remained in Burton, in feeble health. He died there, Aug. 31, 1884, in his 82d year. He was thus through a long professional life identified with a single community, and his example and influence won the deepest universal respect.

He married, in June, 1839, Miss Emily Moss, daughter of Jared Moss, of Augusta, N. Y., who died September 16, 1855. He next married, in March, 1859, Miss Mary DeForest, who survives him. He had no children.

He was a trustee of Western Reserve College, from 1855 to 1876.

HENRY CURTISS BEARDSLEE, son of Dr. Gideon and Sarah Ann (Curtiss) Beardslee, was born in that part of Huntington which is since 1823 the town of Monroe, Conn., July 2, 1807. His father died in 1826, and in May, 1827, he began the study of medicine in New Haven, graduating at the Medical Institution in 1829. He shortly after opened an office in Montville, Conn., and soon had an extensive but laborious country practice. He was elected to the State legislature in 1844. In May, 1845, he removed to Painesville, O., where he devoted himself for the rest of his life to his profession, becoming especially skillful and successful in the more difficult surgical operations. He died in Painesville, December 21, 1884, in his 78th year. He married in the spring of 1833 Miss Harriet Hawley, of Monroe, by whom he had three daughters and two sons. She died July 8, 1860, and in November, 1861, he married Miss
Clementine M. Carrier, of Enfield, N. H. She survives him with her three sons, and a daughter and a son by his first marriage.

The most laborious portion of Dr. Beardslee's professional life was from 1863 to 1865, when as examining surgeon for his Congressional district he examined upwards of 12,000 candidates for military service. His health failed in 1882, and the last three years were years of great and increasing weakness.

Outside of his profession he was especially interested in botany, and has left an unpublished catalogue of the plants of the State compiled for the use of the Geological survey.

SHERMAN DAY, the only child of President Jeremiah Day, by his first wife, Martha, daughter of Roger Sherman, was born in New Haven, February 13, 1806, while his father was still Professor of Mathematics.

From 1826 to 1835 he was engaged in business as a merchant in New York, Philadelphia, and Marseilles, and while settled in New York was married, September 6, 1832, to Elizabeth A., daughter of Henry King, of Westfield, Mass.; a large part of the next two years was spent in Marseilles. In 1835 he abandoned mercantile pursuits, and from 1836 to 1841 resided in Ohio and Indiana, engaged in civil engineering. He then returned to the East, and while living in New Haven and Philadelphia, compiled a volume entitled "Historical Collections of Pennsylvania," which was published in 1843 (708 pp. 8vo). He then resumed a mercantile life, doing business in New York and St. Louis.

Severe losses, together with failing health, induced him to embark for California in June, 1849. Thenceforth he devoted himself to surveying and engineering, civil and mining, and both in his profession and outside it impressed himself on the community as a man of unswerving Christian principle and integrity. In 1854 his family joined him, and for 1855 and 1856 he was a member of the State Senate from Santa Clara County. In 1855 he surveyed a route for a wagon road across the Sierra Nevada Mountains. At this time his residence was at Oakland, Cal., and there most of his later years were spent. He was one of the original trustees of the College of California, and for a short time held the professorship of Mine Construction and Surveying. From September, 1868, to February, 1871, he was United States Surveyor General for California. After a year or two of feebleness, he died from a disease of the heart, at Berkeley, Cal., December 14,
1884, in his 79th year. His wife died in 1873. Two sons and two daughters are still living; one daughter is the wife of Charles T. H. Palmer (Y. C. 1847).

**John DeForest**, the eldest child of Benjamin and Alma (Southmayd) DeForest, was born in Watertown, Conn., March 31, 1806. After graduating, he studied medicine with Dr. Samuel W. Gold, of Goshen, Conn., for three years, and meantime attended two courses of lectures in the Medical Institution of Yale College, where he received the degree of M.D. in 1829. He practiced his profession for about a year with Dr. Gold, and then availed himself of a favorable opening in his native town, where he continued in practice until 1845, when in consequence of ill health he was obliged to relinquish his profession. For the rest of his life he was not engaged in any active business, and for many years before his death he was cut off from society of his friends by extreme deafness. During his long residence in Watertown he distributed his large wealth freely and wisely for the furtherance of objects of benevolence and public utility. He was the founder of the Senior Mathematical Prizes in this College, and a generous donor, especially to the medical department.

He died of heart disease, in Watertown, March 11, 1885, at the age of 79.

He married, May 16, 1831, Lucy S., eldest daughter of Erastus Lyman, of Goshen, who died August 3, 1855, after twenty-one years of protracted suffering. Their elder son died in infancy; the younger (Y. C. 1854) survives them.

**James Taylor Dickinson**, the eldest child of Horace and Mary Ann (Taylor) Dickinson (both from Western Massachusetts), was born in Lowville, Lewis county, N Y., October 27, 1806. His parents removed to Canada in 1816, and he entered College from Montreal in 1822.

After graduating he began the study of law in Montreal; but in 1827 he became convinced that he ought to enter the Christian ministry and removed to Andover Theological Seminary; he took the last year of his course (1829-30) in the Yale Divinity School. He was ordained pastor of the Second (Congregational) church in Norwich, Conn., April 4, 1832, and on the 21st of November following married Mary, daughter of Samuel Hickok, of Burlington, Vt., where he had been preaching for some time and had declined a call to settle. She died in Norwich, April 6, 1834, at the
age of 19; and on the 20th of August next, he resigned his pastorate that he might fit himself for the work of a foreign missionary. After one year of preparatory studies in medicine, he embarked in July, 1835, for Singapore, in the East Indies, under an appointment from the American Board. Five years passed in the study of the Chinese and Malay languages, and in missionary labor. For four years from 1840 he was employed as a teacher in the Singapore Institution, till the loss of his health obliged him to return home.

In 1845, he settled in Middlefield, Conn., where he married, May 15, Sarah C., daughter of Deacon William Lyman, who survives him. Owing to his shattered health, he lived in seclusion, in the midst of his large and continually replenished library, chiefly occupied in reading and study. He published a few articles in periodicals, and contributed to Appleton's Cyclopaedia an account of the Malay language; he also wrote a brief memoir of his brother-in-law, the Rev. George W. Perkins (Y.C. 1824), prefixed to a volume of sermons in 1859. These are the only results in print of his broad culture and accurate scholarship.

He died of paralysis, at his home in Middlefield, July 22, 1884, in his 78th year.

By his last will he added to a fund already established by him for the benefit of the College, which thus amounts to nearly $50,000; about 1,500 volumes of his valuable library were also bequeathed to the College.

1827.

SAMUEL SHERWOOD DAY, third son of Orrin and Mary B. (Hall) Day, of Catskill, N. Y., was born in Catskill, April 3, 1807.

On leaving College he returned home and became his father's valued assistant in business. In 1831 he also became interested in the management of the Tanners' (National) Bank, which was organized in that year under his father's presidency. In 1846 or 47 he succeeded his father as president, in which position he continued for the rest of his life. In this capacity and in his general influence, his career was a blessing to the community. For the last few years he had suffered at times from a milder form of angina pectoris. He was actively engaged as usual on the 8th of April, 1885, was wakened by a sharp attack of pain during the following night, and died while sleeping, in the early morning of the 9th, at the age of 78.
He married, September 26, 1833, Catharine A. DeForest, of Huntington, Conn., who died Aug. 20, 1837, having borne two sons, one of whom died in infancy. He next married, June 16, 1842, Cornelia E., daughter of the Hon. Joshua A. Spencer, of Utica, N. Y., by whom he had two sons and a daughter.


He was a member of the Law School connected with the College for two years, until June, 1829, when he was admitted to the Connecticut bar. He then began the practice of his profession in Norwalk, where he remained until December, 1843, when he removed to New York City. During his residence in Connecticut, he was once (1838) a member of the General Assembly, and for several years clerk of the county courts.

He was also for a part of the time proprietor and editor of the Norwalk Gazette.

On removing to New York he relinquished his profession, and was for some years engaged in a lucrative mercantile business; later, he was entrusted with the management of a railroad, and thence drifted into the New York Stock Exchange. In 1862 he was engaged with others in founding and organizing the North American Life Insurance Company, of which he was the first Secretary and for a long time (and at his death) the Vice President.

After frequent attacks of heart-disease, he died from that cause at his home in Brooklyn, January 15, 1885, in his 78th year.

In September, 1830, he was married to Miss Hannah B. White, youngest daughter of Col. E. Moss White, of Danbury, Conn., by whom he had two sons and one daughter, who survive him. Her death in October, 1843, in connection with the failure of his health, was the occasion of the relinquishment of his profession and his removal to New York.

Stephen Thomas Robinson, son of John and Susan Robinson, of Charleston, S. C., was born there, May 2, 1808.

He studied law in Charleston under James L. Petigru, Esq., and was there admitted to the bar. After practising his profession for about ten months he removed to Tallahassee, Fla., to be-
come cashier of the Bank of Florida; but he resigned this office after sixteen months' service, and became a cotton planter on John's Island. From September, 1836, to October, 1851, he was cashier of the Planters' and Mechanics' Bank of Charleston. This position he resigned, to enter into business in Charleston as a cotton factor or commission merchant, and he was so engaged up to the beginning of the civil war. The close of the war left him with ruined fortunes, and he attempted, but with small success, to resume his former occupation. Late in life he removed to St. Louis, Mo., the home of some of his children, where he died in July, 1884, in his 77th year.

He married, in February, 1831, Mary Margaret, daughter of the Rev. Paul T. Gervais, by whom he had nine children.

**JOHN BETHUNE STAPLES,** the eldest son of Seth P. Staples (Y. C. 1797) and Catharine (Wales) Staples, was born in New Haven, Jan. 23, 1807, and entered College in 1822, remaining for three years with the class of 1826.

In 1824 his father, a distinguished lawyer, removed to New York City, and there this son pursued the study of the law, being admitted to practice as an attorney in 1829. He established himself in his profession in New York City, his specialty being patent law; he continued in business until very near the end of his life. He died in West New Brighton, Staten Island, September 27, 1884, in his 78th year.

**THOMAS EMLEN FRANKLIN,** eldest son of Judge Walter and Anne (Emlen) Franklin, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., April 20, 1810.

After leaving College he began reading law with his brother-in-law, Washington Hopkins, of Lancaster, Pa., and on his admission to the bar in 1831 at once opened an office in Lancaster, where he spent about fifty years in the practice of his profession and obtained distinction as the leader of the Lancaster bar. In 1851, and again from 1855 to 1858, he served as Attorney-General of the State. He was prominent as a Whig and later as a Republican, and was one of the delegates appointed to attend the "National Peace Convention" at Washington in 1861. He was also prominently connected with many local business organizations and enterprises, and was a distinguished and valued mem-
ber and officer of the Episcopal church in Central Pennsylvania, serving also as deputy to the General Convention, and during the last years of his life as Chancellor of the diocese. Franklin and Marshall College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1874.

He was attacked with paralysis on Tuesday, November 25, 1884, and died on Friday, November 28, in his 75th year.

He married, November 7, 1837, Serena A., only daughter of Col George Mayer, of Lancaster, by whom he had issue, six sons and six daughters, of whom all but two daughters survive him. The eldest son is a graduate of this College in the class of 1858.

DARIUS MEAD, son of Isaac and Polly (Mead) Mead, was born in Greenwich, Conn., February 28, 1807.

He studied theology for three years (1828-31) in the Yale Divinity School, and from February, 1832, to July, 1834, supplied the pulpit of the Congregational Church in South Britain parish, in Southbury, Conn. Meantime he received ordination as an evangelist, at Litchfield South Farms, now Morris, Conn., July 31, 1833. He was next, from May 27, 1835, to October 3, 1837, pastor of the Congregational Church at Deep River, in Saybrook, Conn.

After leaving this charge he removed to New York City, where he became the editor, in the fall of 1838, of the National Preacher, and so continued until the close of 1840. In 1842 he became an associate editor of the Mother's Magazine, and at a later date was editor of the Christian Parlor Magazine. His residence continued in New York City, or in Brooklyn, with a daughter, until his death, which occurred in the latter city, on the 30th of April, 1885, in his 79th year. His mind had been enfeebled for some years.

He married Emily C., youngest daughter of the Rev. Samuel Goodrich (Y. C. 1783), of Worthington, now Berlin, Conn., by whom he had two sons and three daughters.

1829.

THOMAS COWLES, fourth son of Zenas and Mary (Lewis) Cowles, was born in Farmington, Conn., January 12, 1809.

He spent his life on a farm in his native town, being also engaged in the practice of law and in political affairs. He served as Representative in the General Assembly in 1849, 1852, 1853,
1869, 1870, and 1872, and from 1849 to 1851 was the Judge of Probate in his district. In 1864 he was a member of the State Senate, and from 1863 to 1869 he held the position of Bank Commissioner for Connecticut.

He married, October 9, 1833, Julia Ann, daughter of Gad Cowles, of Farmington. After her death he married October 15, 1845, Elizabeth E., daughter of William Sheffield, who died in Farmington, two days before his own death, which was on October 22, 1884. A son by this second marriage was graduated here in 1873, but his death was noticed in these pages last year. Two elder sons survive their father.

Thomas Robinson Hubbard, the second son of Deacon Thomas and Frances (Taber) Hubbard, was born in Middletown, Conn., January 31, 1811.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, and practiced in Dayton, Ohio, and afterwards in Chicago; the profession was perhaps not his own choice, but accepted in deference to the wishes of his grandfather, after whose death in 1837 he left the law, and entered the Bank of Commerce in New York City, becoming the Secretary to the Cashier and to the President of the Bank, a post created for him and one which he continued to fill for forty-six years, until his resignation in February, 1885. While in Florida, during the next month after this resignation, he took a cold which resulted in a congestive chill, settling in the kidneys, a spot already affected, his death followed on the third day after his seizure, March 20, in his 75th year. He was never married.

Charles Augustus Lewis came to College in 1826, the eldest child of James and Harriet (Richards) Lewis, of New London, Conn., and returned thither after graduation. He died in the same city, December 13, 1883, aged about 75 years. He had five sons, by his wife Adelaide A., daughter of George Richards, of New York.

William Norton, eldest child and only son of Andrew and Ruth (Chittenden) Norton, was born in Guilford, Conn., November 7, 1801.

After graduating he taught school for some time in East Haven and Southport, Conn. He then returned to Guilford, where he was a large landholder, and spent the rest of his long life upon his farm. He was for many years a communicant in Christ
Church (Episcopal), and interested and active in Christian work. He died in Guilford, May 24, 1885, in his 84th year. He married, Dec. 19, 1877, Miss Mary Frisbie, of Guilford, who survives him.

1830.

JOHN MONTGOMERY GORDON was born in Virginia in 1810, and entered College from Fredericksburgh. After graduation he studied law (for part of the time in the Yale Law School), but never practiced. For many years he resided in Baltimore, Md., being president of the Union Bank in that city. Prior to March, 1861, when he resigned this position, his health had failed, and at the date named he removed to Virginia, where he lived a very much secluded life. His last days were overshadowed by family bereavement and broken health, and for a time by a clouded mind. His sympathies with the South in the war were intensely strong. He died at the home of his only surviving child, a daughter, in Maryland, in March, 1884. His wife, a daughter of Dr. Chapman, of Philadelphia, died before the war, as did his only son.

1832.

WILLIAM FRAZIER was born at Jennings's Gap, Augusta County, Va., November 19, 1812, the son of James A. and Martha (Rankin) Frazier. He left Yale in August, 1830, and entered the University of Virginia, where after further academic and legal studies, he was graduated in 1834 with the degree of Bachelor of Law. He was enrolled with his former class here in 1879.

In October, 1834, he was admitted to the bar in Staunton, Va., and settled in that city, being for a time in partnership with Hon. John H. Peyton. In 1842 and several later years he represented the county in the State Legislature, and from 1861 to 1865 was a member of the State Senate. In 1853 his professional practice was interrupted by his being obliged, in consequence of the death of a brother, to assume the charge of the extensive health resort at Rockbridge Alum Springs, which absorbed most of his time and energies until 1869. He then returned to Staunton, and there spent the rest of his life, except from 1871 to 1876, when he had charge of the Capon Springs House, West Va. He died in Staunton, June 7, 1885, in his 73d year.

He married, November 17, 1847, Miss Sue M., daughter of James A. Lewis, of Charleston, (West) Virginia, who survives him with nine of their eleven children.
COERTLAND LUCAS LATIMER was born in Waterford, New London County, Conn., February 8, 1810, the son of Pickett and Eunice (Douglass) Latimer. He was obliged to leave College in 1830, and was graduated at Rutgers College, N. J., in 1832, being also enrolled with his class here by vote of the corporation in 1879.

He read law in Norwalk, O., with Judge Ebenezer Lane, and for nearly thirty years practiced his profession in that place; he was also while there a prominent officer and worker in the Presbyterian church, and his attachment to that body continued till his death. In 1862 he removed to Cleveland, O., and for the rest of his life resided there, acting as the agent and attorney of Mr. Joseph Perkins and Mr. J. B. Perkins in the management of their large estates, and highly respected for his sterling integrity.

He died at his home in Cleveland, May 20, 1885, in his 76th year, after three weeks' illness, from erysipelas.

He married, July 7, 1834, Charlotte, eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr. Abel McEwen (Y. C. 1804), of New London, Conn., who died December 1, 1870. Four sons and a daughter died in infancy; and an only son (Y. C. 1874) survives.

CHARLES TRACY, the second son of William G. and Rachel (Huntington) Tracy, of Whitestown, Oneida County, N. Y., was born in Whitestown, February 17, 1810.

He was admitted as an attorney-at-law in 1835, and spent his earlier professional life in Utica, N. Y. In 1849 he removed to New York City, and continued in active practice until his death. With great capacity and ability for work, he early achieved a prominent position at the bar; and especially as counsel for many charitable societies in the city of his residence led a busy, faithful, earnest life. He was from 1879 to 1882 President of the New York Association of Yale Alumni.

He was attacked with palpitation of the heart on March 11, 1885, and died at his home three days later, in his 76th year.

He married, August 30, 1837, Louisa, daughter of Gen. Joseph Kirkland (Y. C. 1790), of Utica, who survived him, with one son and five of his six daughters. Mrs. Tracy died suddenly, June 1, 1885.

EDWARD WURTS, son of Daniel and Phebe (Wade) Wurts, was born in the city of New York, in August, 1810. At the age of seven the family removed to Louisville, Ky., whence he entered
the class of 1831, in the third term of his Freshman year. He was obliged to leave College by ill-health in the Junior year, and he returned for the Senior year with the next class.

After graduation he was for about five years engaged in mercantile and banking business in Louisville. In the winter of 1838–9 he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, but withdrew on account of his health after a few months. In 1843, the interval having been partly occupied with business, he returned to Princeton, where he finished the course, in 1846. He was then for a time out of employment, owing to the state of his health. In 1850 he went to Louisiana, as a preacher to the colored people. In the fall of 1851, he was called to the Presbyterian Church in Rodney, Miss., and was ordained and installed there, April 4, 1852. For ten years he preached continuously in Mississippi and Louisiana, his last charge in that region being at Lake Providence, La., for four years. In the fall of 1859 he was called to the Portland Avenue Presbyterian Church in Louisville, Ky., where he remained until his resignation, from seriously impaired health, in July, 1865. During the three winter seasons from 1866 to 1869 he had temporary charge of the Presbyterian Church in Palatka, Florida. After that period he lived in retirement in Philadelphia, Pa., where he died June 9, 1885, in his 75th year.

1833.

BARNABAS MAYNARD FAY, son of Deacon Dexter and Zilpah (Maynard) Fay, was born in Berlin, Mass., July 27, 1806.

From 1833 to 1838 he was an instructor in the N. Y. Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, in New York City. During the last two years of his residence there, he was also studying in the Union Theological Seminary. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Hardwick, Mass., May 20, 1840, and was dismissed August 23, 1843. After teaching for a year or two in Durham, Conn., he again settled in a Massachusetts pastorate, at Wilmington, where he remained from April, 1845, to October, 1850. He then became a teacher in the Asylum for the Blind at Indianapolis, Ind., whence he went to Flint, Mich., in 1854, as the Principal of an Institution just established for the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind. He left this post in 1863, on account of his wife's health, and accepted an appointment as Chaplain to the 23d Michigan Infantry, but was very soon obliged to resign his commission on account of severe illness. He then established himself
in East Saginaw, Mich., as a banker. Having retired from business, he removed to Saratoga Springs, N. Y., in 1869, for the health of his family, and that was his residence till his wife’s death in February, 1880. In 1881, being in New Haven, where his youngest son was attending the Divinity School, he was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism, and for a year and a half he remained an inmate of the City Hospital. He died in Washington, D. C., where his elder son is an instructor in the National Deaf-Mute College, March 8, 1885, in his 79th year.

He married, September 7, 1842, Louise M. Mills, of Morristown, N. J., a sister of the Rev. Charles L. Mills (Y. C. 1835), by whom he had three sons, two of whom survive him.

David Charles Perry, second son and third child of the Rev. David L. Perry (Williams Coll. 1798), pastor of the Congregational church in Sharon, Conn., was born there, January 5, 1810. His mother was Anne S., only daughter of the Rev. Dr. Nathan Strong (Y. C. 1769), of Hartford. He entered College in 1827, and in 1831 began to preach, in Ellsworth parish, in his native town. In the spring of 1838 he went to the Congregational church in New Fairfield, Conn., over which he was ordained, December 12, 1838. He was dismissed from this pastorate after six years, in consequence of ill health, and in 1845 removed to Barlow, Washington County, Ohio, where he purchased a farm and engaged in wool-growing. In 1846 he undertook the charge of a church in that place, which he resigned near the close of 1848, under the pressure of domestic affliction. Later, he occupied himself with the instruction of a few boys, and in such horticultural labor as his health would admit of, until he was able to resume pastoral service in the same church as before. In the summer of 1857 he was so seriously disabled in a railroad accident, as to be incapable of further professional labor. In the winter of 1870-71 he went to Columbus, Ohio, to reside with a son (Marietta Coll. 1865), who was then a teacher in the Ohio Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. In 1883 this son removed to Montecito, four miles from Santa Barbara, Cal., where the father died of general debility and old age, February 15, 1885, in his 76th year.
He married, April 26, 1838, Margaret, daughter of William G. Williams, of New Hartford, Conn., who died August 1, 1840. He next married, September 21, 1841, Polly M., daughter of Ebenezer Ferry, of Bethel, then in Danbury, Conn., who died December 21, 1845. He married, thirdly, in January, 1847, Sarah, daughter of Ebenezer Platt, of Danbury, who died October 25, 1848. He married, as his fourth wife, January 31, 1850, Esther C., daughter of Nathan Walton, of Cincinnati, Ohio. The younger of two sons by his second marriage survives him.

William Huntington Russell, son of Matthew Talcott Russell (Y. C. 1779) and Mary (Huntington) Russell, was born in Middletown, Conn., August 12, 1809, a descendant from one of the founders of the College, each link of the descent having been in his turn a graduate and officer of the institution.

He taught in Princeton, N. J., from September, 1833, to May, 1835, when he entered on a tutorship in this College. During his tutorship he also studied medicine, and later (1838) received the degree of M.D. from the College. He resigned the tutorship in September, 1836, to establish in New Haven a family school for boys,—having been married on the 29th of the previous month to Mary E., daughter of the late Thomas Hubbard, M.D., Professor of Surgery in the Medical Institution of Yale College.

The school thus begun developed into “The Collegiate and Commercial Institute,” having at times as many as 160 pupils, and educating in the aggregate some four thousand young men. As early as 1858, it assumed the character of a military school, and was able during the late war to furnish about three hundred officers to the Union army, as well as many drill masters to the volunteer companies in southern Connecticut. In recognition of Mr. Russell’s admirable qualities as an organizer, Gov. Buckingham appointed him in 1862 Major-General of the Militia of the State, and this position he held for eight years. He also held the office of Collector of Internal Revenue for five years from December, 1868. At an earlier period (1846 and 1847) he represented the town in the State Legislature.

General Russell retained his place at the head of his school, and his powers remained almost untouched by age, until his last brief illness. By his transparent integrity and his native vigor of intellect he impressed himself on all his pupils and on every order of mind with which he came in contact. He was prostrated on
the 10th of May, 1885, in New Haven, in his 76th year, by a stroke of apoplexy, which proved fatal on the 19th of the same month.

His wife survives him, with six of their ten children, two daughters and four sons. The sons are all graduates of the College, and a fifth son died while a member of College.

1834

LEWIS ST JOHN BENEDICT, was born in New Canaan, Conn., October 24, 1811, the second son of Col. Ezra and Hannah (Comstock) Benedict.

After graduation he taught an Academy in Fairfield, Conn., for two years, at the same time studying medicine. In 1837 he removed to New York City, and for about ten years was engaged in the jewelry business in the firm of A C. Benedict & Co. In 1847 he removed his residence to Brooklyn, where he lived until 1864, being for this period engaged in the wholesale boot and shoe trade in New York City as one of the firm of Benedict, Hall & Benedict In 1864 he removed to Montclair, N. J., his home for the rest of his life. From 1866 to 1869 he was engaged in the rubber goods business, but after the last named date retired from active pursuits He died in Montclair, October 23, 1884, at the age of 73.

He married, September 1, 1840, Miss Harriet Jones, daughter of Capt Czar Jones, of Ridgefield, Conn., by whom he had six daughters and four sons; the third son was graduated here in 1871.

JAMES NELSON LEA was born in New Orleans, La., November 26, 1815, the son of Dr. Squire and Eliza (Nelson) Lea.

He studied law with his uncle, Judge Samuel H. Harper, of New Orleans, and was admitted to the Louisiana bar in 1836. His practice was attended with success, and in 1846 he was elected a member of the State Legislature, and in 1847 was appointed Judge of the Second District Court of New Orleans, which office he retained for several years. Subsequently, after the change in the State Constitution (in 1852) by which the judiciary were made elective, he was elected to the same judicial office which he had already held, and in recognition of the ability with which he performed his duties, he was chosen in 1855 one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the State. After his term of service on the bench, he returned to the bar. He
Charles Lewis Mills, son of Jabez and Hannah (Coe) Mills, was born in Morristown, N. J., August 11, 1812. He spent his Freshman year in the College of New Jersey, and upon graduation returned to Princeton for the study of theology. In the spring of 1837 his studies were interrupted by the state of his health, and he immediately went West to preach. At South Hanover, Ind., he was invited to take charge of a Presbyterian Church, and the same year he was married, September 5, to Elizabeth C., daughter of Deacon William Lyman, of Middlefield, Conn. He received ordination as an evangelist at Elizabethtown, N. J., October 23, 1838. He left South Hanover in 1840, and on April 28, 1841, was installed over the Congregational Church in Durham, Conn. From this place he was dismissed, September 30, 1845. His next pastorate was in Ashland, Mass. (February 11, 1847–March 9, 1849). Next came a brief service as stated supply of the First Presbyterian Church in Indianapolis, Ind., where his wife died July 10, 1851. Returning again to Massachusetts, he was installed over the Congregational Church in North Bridgewater (now Brockton), August 11, 1852, where he continued until February 16, 1862. Meantime he had married, on November 26, 1852, Rebecca B., daughter of Deacon Peter Smith, of Andover, Mass. On February 10, 1863, he was installed in Wrentham, Mass., his last settled pastorate, which he laid down, April 14, 1865. He resided in Jamaica Plain, Mass., from 1866 to 1877, and for the rest of his life in Andover, where he died, after a distressing illness of several months, October 3, 1884, aged 72 years. During all these later years he had labored zealously, even beyond his strength, in the work of planting new churches and building up feeble ones, in Maine and Massachusetts.
His wife survives him, as do also a son and a daughter by his first, and three sons and a daughter by his second marriage.

JOHN LORD TAYLOR, son of John and Anna (Beardsley) Taylor, was born in Warren, Conn., May 20, 1811.

After graduation he taught for two years, in Upper Middle-town (now Cromwell), and Ellington, Conn., and in 1837 returned to the College as tutor. During the two years of his tutorship he also studied theology in the Divinity School. On the 18th of July, 1839, he was ordained and settled as pastor of the South Congregational Church, Andover, Mass. This place he resigned, July 19, 1852, to become the treasurer of Phillips Academy and of the Theological Seminary in Andover, and trustee of the same. In 1868 he exchanged these duties for the professorship of theology and homiletics in the special course of Andover Seminary, which he filled with success until 1879, when he was made professor emeritus, on account of failing health. He was also from 1870 to 1879, the president of the faculty. His closing years were passed in retirement in Andover, where he died, of paralysis and angina pectoris, September 23, 1884, in his 74th year.

His life was one of great usefulness and of diligent labor. He published a Memoir of his Honor, Samuel Phillips (1856, 391 pp. 8vo), besides sermons and addresses. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Middlebury College in 1868.

He married, July 3, 1839, Caroline L., daughter of Col. Epaphras L. Phelps, who died April 3, 1868. Of their five children, three died in infancy, and a fourth in his 22d year. The eldest child, a graduate here in 1862, is a professor in Andover.

1836.

ALBERT TODD, third son of Ira and Sally (Hinman) Todd, was born in Huntwick, N. Y., March 4, 1813. He had spent one year in Amherst College, before entering as Sophomore here.

He taught a high school in Canaan, Conn., until the spring of 1837, when he began law studies with Judge Arphaxad Loomis, of Little Falls, N. Y. Upon his admission to the bar in 1839, he decided to emigrate to the West. He selected St. Louis as his field and arrived there in November, 1839, beginning practice in March, 1840. He gave special attention to questions affecting real property, and achieved distinguished success in litigated cases of this nature. Through apprehensions with regard to his
health, he retired in 1860, at a comparatively early age, from active practice, confining himself thereafter to office consultations. He declined all political nominations until 1854, when he was elected to the State legislature. In 1860 he was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress on the Bell and Everett ticket. In 1875 he was a member of the convention which revised the State constitution. In public enterprises he always manifested a warm interest. He was a director of Washington University, in St. Louis, and served gratuitously for fifteen years in its Law Department as lecturer. After a month’s illness, he died at his home in St. Louis, of meningitis, April 30, 1885, in his 73d year.

He married, October 27, 1842, Miss Elizabeth Wilson, of Little Falls, who died February 9, 1848, leaving a daughter who is still living. He next married, August 10, 1854, Miss Caroline, daughter of Benjamin Johnson, of Bond County, Illinois, who survives him without children.

AARON RICE DUTTON, son of the Rev Aaron Dutton (Y. C 1803) and Dorcas (Southmayd) Dutton, was born in Guilford, Conn., where his father was long pastor, July 28, 1816.

After graduation he taught in Washington, Conn., and Berlin, Conn., and from December, 1840, to October, 1842, in a private family in Hopeton, Ga. He then spent a year in the Yale Law School, where he graduated LL.B. in 1843, and in December following he settled in Cincinnati, Ohio, where he practiced his profession for over thirty years. From Cincinnati he went to Washington, where he received about 1876 the appointment of Chief Clerk, and later that of Law Clerk of the department of Justice, in the office of the Attorney-General of the United States. After an illness of more than a year, he tendered his resignation, in April, 1885, and died in Washington, on the 4th of the following month, in the 69th year of his age.

He was married, November 26, 1856, to Miss Elizabeth B. Perry, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

BENJAMIN SILLIMAN, only son of Professor Benjamin Silliman (Y. C 1796) and Harriet (Trumbull) Silliman, was born in New Haven, December 4, 1816.

Upon graduation he became his father's assistant in chemistry, mineralogy, and geology, and from 1838 was associated with his
father in the editorship of the American Journal of Science. By 1842 he had also begun to receive private pupils in analytical chemistry and mineralogy, and this was the germ of the present Sheffield Scientific School. In 1846 the Department of Philosophy and the Arts was established, primarily as a result of Mr. Silliman's unselfish enterprise, and he was appointed Professor of Applied Chemistry, without salary. In 1849 he was elected Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology in the Medical Department of the University of Louisville, Ky. This position he resigned in 1854, to take his father's professorship in the Medical Institution of Yale College,—at the same time also taking the instruction in Chemistry in the Academical Department, the latter duty he resigned in 1870, but he retained his connection with the Medical School until his death.

In 1846 he published "First Principles of Chemistry," which passed through three large editions; and in 1858 appeared his "First Principles of Physics," which also had a wide circulation.

In 1853 he had charge of the Department of Mineralogy and Chemistry in the New York Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations, and subsequently was joint editor of two quarto volumes illustrating the progress of science and art from the examples then gathered. He was the author of more than fifty papers in the Journal of Science, and of many other elaborate professional reports and addresses. He was one of the original members of the National Academy of Sciences, incorporated in 1863.

In October, 1884, he was prostrated with a severe attack of heart disease, complicated with pneumonia. After a slow decline he died in New Haven, January 14, 1885, in his 69th year.

He was married, May 14, 1840, to Susan H., daughter of William J. Forbes, of New Haven. His happy domestic life was overshadowed by her death on March 26, 1878. Four of their six daughters and an only son (Y C. 1870) survive them.

1840.

Theodore Hutson Benedict, second son of Gen. James and Deborah (Coles) Benedict, was born in New York City, March 13, 1821. He was for more than two years of his College course a member of the Class of 1839.

His father's death in July, 1841, left him the master of large wealth, and enabled him to devote himself to foreign travel, to literary culture, and to the care of the family estate at Tarrytown, N. Y., where he resided through life, unmarried.
He entered politics as a whig, and by his personal popularity overcame a democratic majority in his district, and was elected to the State Legislature in 1850. In 1851 he declined, on account of the condition of his health, a nomination to the State Senate; and in 1852 he was a member of the convention which nominated Gen. Scott for the Presidency. Later, his delicate health prevented him from active participation in politics.

He died in Tarrytown, June 14, 1885, in his 65th year.

Richard Varick Dodge, son of Col. Henry S. and Jane D. (Varick) Dodge, was born in Kaskaskia, Ill., August 4, 1822. In 1824 his parents removed to New York, and his father's death followed in 1826.

He began the study of law, but in 1841 entered Princeton Theological Seminary, where he completed the full three years' course. He was first employed for two years as the stated supply of a church in Princeton, Ind., and while there was ordained as an evangelist, June 16, 1846, by the Presbytery of Vincennes. He was next stationed in Terre Haute, Ind., for three years, and was then (from 1840 to 1857) pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church in Springfield, Ill. While in this last position, he also taught for a year or two in the State University. His next pastorate was in Wheeling, (West) Virginia, where he remained until 1864, serving for part of the time as hospital chaplain in the Union army; and after a settlement in Washington, Pa (1864-68), he returned to another church in Wheeling. In 1869 he removed to the Presbyterian Church in Madison, Wisc., and thence in 1872 to the 1st Presbyterian Church, San Francisco. His later years were spent in San Diego, Cal., where he died February 26, 1885, in his 63d year. He married in 1845 a Miss Ridgely, by whom he had several children.

1841.

Hezekiah Sturges was born November 3, 1819, at Gilbertsville, in the town of Butternuts, Otsego County, N. Y., whence his parents, Coley and Laura (Sturges) Sturges, had removed from Connecticut after their marriage in 1810. He entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he was for a year or two teacher of Latin and Greek in the Gilbertsville Academy. In 1843 he entered the law office of Morehouse & Lathrop, in Cooperstown, N. Y., and sub-
sequently continued his studies with Charles C. Noble, Esq., of Unadilla, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1846, and began the practice of his profession in Gilbertsville, continuing there until January, 1862, when he removed to Cooperstown and entered into a partnership with Judge E. Countryman. For four years from January, 1868, he was Judge of the Otsego County Court, and then resumed his practice. In 1877 he was appointed by Gov. Robinson and the Senate one of the three canal appraisers of the State, and filled that position acceptably for three years. In October, 1884, he was the candidate of the Democracy of Otsego County for Member of Congress, but was defeated by a combination of the other delegates in the district convention. The nervous strain connected with this incident resulted in serious prostration, from which he did not recover, the immediate cause of death being an organic disease of the heart. He died in Cooperstown, after seven weeks’ illness, December 4, 1884, at the age of 65.

Judge Sturges stood in the front rank of the bar of Otsego County, and was universally esteemed as a man of high character. He married, January 13, 1863, Miss Anna Elizabeth, daughter of the Hon. W. W. Snow, of Oneonta, N. Y., who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1842.

John Jay Orton, the second son of Dr. Harlow N. and Grace Maish Orton, was born in Brookfield, Madison County, N. Y., April 25, 1812, and died of erysipelas, at his home in Milwaukee, Wis., January 24, 1885, in his 73d year. He spent his boyhood in a store, began life as a merchant at 21, and thus earned the means for his preparatory and College studies.

After graduation he studied law, at the same time being engaged in business, so that he was not admitted to the bar until May, 1847. For the next two years he was a wholesale lumber merchant in Buffalo, N. Y. He then went to the West and settled—as he supposed temporarily—in Milwaukee, which became his home for the rest of his life. He was at first engaged in business, especially as a dealer in real estate, but in 1852 or 3 in the course of his business was made defendant in a series of vexatious lawsuits which absorbed the most of his attention (as he was his own lawyer) for the next thirty years, and in which he was finally and triumphantly victorious; these circumstances
served incidentally to determine his adoption of the law as his main occupation, as well as to fix the place of his residence. He married, May 20, 1850, Miss Mary L. Sanford, of New Haven, by whom he had one child; the union was not a happy one, and they separated in 1854. For his second wife he married, in 1864, Mrs. Lucinda Keith, of Milwaukee, who survives him with their two daughters.

ROBERT WILLIAM WRIGHT, third son of Stephen and Zibiah (Richardson) Wright, was born in Ludlow, Vt., February 22, 1816.

For three years after graduation he was engaged in teaching in the public Grammar Schools in Boston, at the same time studying law. He was admitted to the bar in the autumn of 1845, and immediately went to Wisconsin Territory. He settled in the spring of 1846 in Waukesha (then Prairieville), where he resided for ten years, actively engaged in the practice of his profession. In the fall of 1852 he declined the Whig nomination for Congress in his district. He left Wisconsin in the spring of 1856, intending to settle in Selma, Ala.; but the outlook being unfavorable, he went instead to Waterbury, Conn., where he remained for three years, engaged in the practice of law, and a part of the time editing a weekly newspaper, as well as serving for one year as Judge of Probate. From 1859 to 1872 his residence was in New Haven, and during most of that time he was engaged in journalism; he was also Executive Secretary of Governor English for three years. From 1872 to 1883 he resided in Cheshire, Conn., still engaged in literary work; here also he served for one year as Judge of Probate. From Cheshire he removed, late in 1883, to Cleveland, Ohio, where he died suddenly of congestion of the brain, January 9, 1885, at the age of 69.

He contributed largely to magazines, and printed a number of poems, chiefly satirical. In 1880 he published a volume called "Life; its True Genesis" (12mo pp 298), which he considered to be a complete refutation of the Darwinian theory of evolution; he was preparing a continuation of this work, when stricken with his last illness.

He married, August 13, 1844, Miss Launne L., daughter of Capt. John Luke, of St. Armand, Lower Canada, who died May 29, 1851. He next married, October 14, 1852, Miss Sarah L., daughter of the Rev. Job H. Martyn, of New York City, who
survives him with one daughter and one son; of the five children by his first marriage, two sons are also living, the elder being a graduate of the Law Department of this College.

1843.

MARIUS BRANDEGEE, son of Elishama and Emily (Stocking) Brandegee, was born in Berlin, Conn., March 8, 1823.

In the April after his graduation he went to New York City, and entered the wholesale grocery house of Suydam, Reed & Co., where he continued until February, 1852, when he began business for himself as a produce broker. In June, 1853, he became associated with the firm of Wyckoff & Hazen, brokers; and in 1855 entered the foreign fruit trade, under the firm name of Wyckoff, Hazen and Brandegee. After 1861 he continued the business by himself or in partnership with Mr. P. J. Thorne, the firm name being Brandegee & Thorne. About a year ago he retired from active business life. He died from blood-poisoning, the result of a carbuncle, at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., on Sunday morning, May 3, 1885, in his 63d year. He was interred in the old family burying ground in Berlin.

He married, November 21, 1847, Catharine A. Fountain, of New York, who survives him with two of their three children,—the only son being a member of the present Junior Class in College.

ALFRED LAMBERT, son of William G. and Sarah (Perley) Lambert, was born in Boston, Mass., July 5, 1822.

After graduation, he studied medicine for a year in New York City, with Dr. Willard Parker, and then for two years in the Harvard Medical School, where he was graduated in 1846, having served one year as Intern in the Massachusetts General Hospital. He then went to Paris, and spent two years in the study of medicine in that city. On his return, in 1848, he located himself in Springfield, Mass., and began the practice of his profession. In 1849, he was elected secretary and treasurer of the Hampden District Medical Society, and subsequently was both vice-president and president of the association. He was one of the incorporators of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, in May, 1851, and was the medical examiner of the company until he resigned the position in 1868, when he also relinquished his practice, to go to New York as a medical examiner of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.
He remained in New York about eight years, when he returned to Springfield and resumed practice. Dr. David P. Smith had succeeded him as medical examiner of the Massachusetts Mutual, and on his death in 1880, Dr. Lambert resumed that position.

Dr. Lambert was a well informed and carefully read physician, and was highly regarded by his patients for his urbane manner and his professional skill. From appearances he had every prospect of a long life, but in the fall of 1884, symptoms of Bright's disease developed in his system, and he steadily failed until on January 11, 1885, he quietly passed away.

He was married, September 27, 1849, to Elizabeth Saigent, of Leicester, Mass., sister of the late Dr Henry Sargent (Y. C. 1841), who survives him without children. A brother was graduated at this College in 1854.

1844.

SAMUEL AUGUSTUS FISK, son of William and Jane Fisk, was born in Cambridge, Mass., March 26, 1821.

Immediately after graduating, he began the study of medicine at the Medical School of Harvard University, and he continued his studies the next year at the University of Pennsylvania, where he received his degree in 1846. After some experience of hospital practice in Philadelphia, he settled in Northampton, Mass., in December, 1848, where he continued to reside till his death. In 1870 he was honored by being elected President of the Massachusetts Medical Society, to which office he was re-elected the following year. He retired from active practice about 1876, and suffered much from ill-health for the rest of his life. He died of organic disease of the heart, in Northampton, November 16, 1884, aged 63 years.

Besides his highly creditable professional activity, he was also much interested in all local public matters. He was one of the incorporators of the Clarke Institution for Deaf Mutes, and at the establishment of Smith College for women he was appointed lecturer on physiology and hygiene, and performed that duty until prevented by ill-health.

He married, in June, 1851, Harriet B., daughter of Abraham Bininger, of New York City, who survives him, with several adopted children, the children of his deceased brother.

1845.

DANIEL CHADWICK, son of Daniel and Nancy (Waite) Chadwick, was born in Lyme, Conn, January 5, 1825.
After graduation he studied law in Lyme, with his uncle, the Hon. Henry M Waite (Y. C. 1809), and for one year with his cousin, the present Chief Justice of the United States, in Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in 1847, and at once began the practice of law in Lyme, and continued there until 1854, when he removed to Baltimore. Two years later his father's death recalled him to Lyme, where he continued the practice of his profession.

He served as a member of the State Senate in 1858, and of the House of Representatives in 1859, and again as a member of the State Senate in 1864, being thus twice ex officio a fellow of the College. He was State's attorney for New London County from 1861 to 1876, and from 1880 till his death United States Attorney for the District of Connecticut. He died very suddenly at his home in Lyme, November 23, 1884, in his 60th year. His private and professional character, his public services, and the esteem in which he was held by his brethren, made his death a serious loss.

He married, March 21, 1848, Ellen, third daughter of Enoch Hayes, of Lyme, who survives him, with two sons and one of their two daughters.

GEORGE CRAWFORD MURRAY, son of William W. and Mary (Crawford) Murray, was born in Middletown, N. J., January 3, 1827.

After leaving College he studied law in Trenton, N. J., and with the Hon. George Wood in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in January, 1849. He then pursued a course of study in analytical chemistry in the newly established school of applied chemistry in this College, and in the summer of 1850 returned to his home in Middletown to engage in farming. He continued through life deeply interested in agricultural and analytical chemistry and in kindred scientific studies. He served for one year in the State Legislature, but declined a re-nomination. Late in life he removed to Jersey City, N. J., where he died very suddenly, of paralysis of the heart, after having been for two months in feeble health, on Thanksgiving Day, November 27, 1884, aged nearly 58 years.

He married, February 27, 1855, Mary C., daughter of James Cooper, of Middletown, who survives him. Their children were two daughters and a son.
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CHARLES MINER RUNK, son of Jacob and Barbara (Fisher) Runk, was born in Locust Township, Columbia County, Pa., August 3, 1818. He entered College at the beginning of the course, from Catawissa, Pa., but left in Sophomore year; he was admitted to a degree in 1864, and enrolled with his Class.

He read law with an uncle in Allentown, Pa., and was there admitted to the bar, August 31, 1846, but immediately entered the law department of Harvard University, where he remained for two years, though taking his degree of LL.B. in 1847. Returning to Allentown in the summer of 1848, he began the practice of his profession, and continued in it there until his death, besides filling other important positions. He died after prolonged suffering from cancer of the stomach, May 11, 1885, in his 67th year.

He married, July 27, 1852, Miss Sarah Louisa, eldest daughter of Charles Saeger, of Allentown, who survives him, with three of their seven children,—one son and two daughters.

Mr. Runk manifested his attachment to the College by a gift of $1,000, soon after he was admitted to a degree, for the founding of a scholarship known as the Third Freshman scholarship.

1846.

HENRY CHILDS was born in Deerfield, Mass., July 18, 1819, the son of Henry and Matilda (Billings) Childs.

After graduating he taught in Cleveland, Ohio, until 1853; his health requiring a more active mode of life, he afterwards traveled as an agent for Messrs. A. S Barnes & Co., the book-publishers, for about three years. In 1858 he removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where he established the "Buffalo Steam Forge Company," which did a large and lucrative business in the manufacture of iron. He was prominent in the affairs of Buffalo until his death, especially in the promotion of religious, educational and charitable institutions.

He married, August 19, 1847, Elizabeth Hitchcock of Deerfield. Of their four children, two sons died by accident, and two daughters, with their mother, survive. From the death of his last remaining son, in the spring of 1884, at the age of 21, he never fully recovered. He died in Buffalo, February 10, 1885, in his 66th year.
1847.

Francis Henry Palmer died of heart disease during the night of July 20-21, 1884, in the 56th year of his age. He was born February 22, 1829, probably in New York City.

After leaving College he became a banker and broker in New York City, but he retired from active business several years before his death. His residence continued in New York, though he was in the habit of devoting several months of every year to field sports of which he was very fond.

On the 19th of July, 1884, being in his usual health, he arrived at the house of a friend in Providence, R. I., on a visit. During a part of the next day he complained of pain in his chest; and on the morning of the 21st he was found dead in his bed. He was unmarried.

Elbert Jones Smith, second son of Wm. Sidney and Eleanor (Jones) Smith, was born at Cold Spring, Long Island, January 3, 1826.

After graduation he was engaged in the insurance business in New York City, until his health failed; as it was not restored by an extended trip to New Orleans and Honduras, he went to California in 1851. Thence he made a voyage to the Philippine Islands, but finally settled in California, in 1853. He was for several years engaged in mercantile business in Stockton, was also county surveyor of San Joaquin County, and then United States Internal Revenue Collector. He was afterwards cashier of the banks in Napa City and San Luis Obispo. His health failed again in 1878, and after seven years of suffering from neuralgia, he died in Berkeley, Cal., October 18, 1884, in his 59th year.


1849.

Charles Lewis Brent was born in Winchester, Va., in 1829, and entered College in the Sophomore year.

He studied law in Winchester, and was admitted to the bar in September, 1851. He practiced law and was engaged in farming in his native place until his death, which occurred at Baltimore, while temporarily absent from home, on the 18th of November, 1882, in his 54th year.
He married, May 12, 1858, Miss Mary M. Myers, of Winchester, by whom he had two sons and three daughters.

**1850.**

**Thomas Heber Jackson** was born in Leesburg, Va., in September, 1830.

He studied medicine in Philadelphia, and was graduated at the Jefferson Medical College in March, 1853. He remained in Philadelphia in the practice of his profession until February, 1857, when he settled in Prince George's County, Md. He continued in practice there until the fall of 1859, when he again removed to North Carolina; but on the failure of his health he removed to Garretson's Landing, Jefferson County, Ark., and engaged in cotton planting. His latest residence was in Linwood, in the same county, where he died, July 21, 1884, in his 54th year, after seven years of close confinement to his room.

He married, May 5, 1857, Miss Christiana B., daughter of William A. Eaton, by whom he had two daughters, one of whom died in infancy.

**Jacob Kent Warner,** son of Milo Warner, was born in Strykersville, Wyoming County, N.Y., September 10, 1824.

The three years after graduation he spent in the Auburn (N.Y.) Theological Seminary. He then began preaching in the Congregational Church in Allegany, N.Y., removing in 1855 to the Presbyterian Church in Burdett, N.Y., and to Dundee, N.Y., in 1857. He was ordained at Waterloo, N.Y., by the Geneva Presbytery, February 3, 1858. In the fall of 1859 he removed to the neighborhood of Janesville, Wisconsin, his wife's health requiring a change of climate. In 1862 he took charge of the Congregational Church in Johnstown, Wisconsin. There his health failed in 1867, and after a long illness he was compelled to migrate to a warmer climate. He spent a year in Augusta, Ga., in charge of schools of the American Missionary Association, and thence went to Jacksonville, Fla., where he settled permanently in business, preaching occasionally as health permitted.

He died in Burdett, N.Y., February 12, 1885, at the age of 60.

He married, June 29, 1854, Miss Mary A., daughter of the Rev. E. Platt, of Brooklyn, N.Y., who died December 18, 1864; one of her four children died in infancy. He next married, Decem-
ber 6, 1865, Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Mason, of Bristol, N. H., who died in Jacksonville, June 19, 1870. In 1873 he married Miss Louise Brown, of Burdett, N. Y., by whom he had several children.

Daniel Ellis Willes, son of Horatio and Susan P. Willes, was born in Franklin, Conn., October 27, 1824. He was also a member of the two preceding classes, and spent only a part of Junior year with the class of 1850; he was admitted to a degree in 1855.

After leaving college he studied law in Detroit, Mich., was admitted to the bar in 1851, and practiced law in that city. Returning to the East on account of ill health, he taught for three years in Westchester County, N. Y., and then studied theology in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was ordained deacon, June 27, 1858, by Bishop Horatio Potter, in New York City; and after brief engagements in Granville, N. Y., and West Rutland, Vt., went in the spring of 1860 as missionary to the Pacific slope. After five years of this service he settled as Rector of the Church of the Advent in Brooklyn, Cal., whence he returned in 1868 to New York City. From March, 1869, to 1874, he was Rector of St. Peter's Church, Hobart, N. Y., and from 1878 until his death he was Rector of All Saints Church, Sunderland, Md.

In the autumn of 1883 his health became impaired, and though somewhat improved it was unequal to the shock caused by a fall and the consequent fracture of his arm a year later. Though he attended to his duties in the winter of 1884–5, there was a want of circulation in the injured arm, and in March secondary causes set in, and after great suffering he died at his home in Sunderland, on the 10th of April, in his 61st year.

He married in May, 1863, in San Francisco, Miss Bithynia M., daughter of Capt. Francis Peet, of Bridgeport, Conn., who survives him with their children,—three daughters and two sons.

1853.

William Loag Williamson, son of Samuel E. and Sarah J. (Loag) Williamson, was born September 4, 1832, in East Nantmeal township, Chester County, Pa., and was prepared for the Junior year in college at Freeland Seminary, now Uisinus College, in Freeland, Pa.
After graduation he began teaching in Pottstown, Pa., and in April, 1854, became instructor in languages in Freeland Seminary. In April, 1857, he purchased an interest in the Montgomery Ledger, a newspaper in Pottstown, and assumed editorial charge, though also continuing his teaching for more than two years. Besides his editorial work he was for nearly five years, 1862–67, U. S. assessor of internal revenue, and for two or three years conducted a successful real estate and insurance business. In April, 1866, he disposed of his interest in the Ledger, and in 1868 entered the banking house of J. W. Casselberry & Co., in Pottstown, as junior partner, and so continued till the time of his death. He was also one of the School Board for nine years, a director of the National Bank of Pottstown, and the secretary of the Gas and Water Board. His ability and willingness to fulfill all the obligations of his busy life rendered him a most useful man to the community.

He died in Pottstown after a brief illness, May 19, 1885, in his 53d year.

He married, Oct. 6, 1859, Mary E. Pennypacker, of Charlestown, Chester County, Pa., who survives him with one daughter and two sons. His eldest son, a graduate of Lafayette College, died before him.

1854.

William Hutchinson, son of the Rev. William and Helen (Seabold) Hutchinson, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., September 20, 1827. His boyhood was mainly spent in New Hampshire, where his father was a settled pastor for most of the time from 1830 till his death in 1842. He entered college from Chester County, Pennsylvania, having been a member of Delaware College, at Newark, Delaware.

After graduating he taught in New Haven until he entered on a tutorship in college in 1857. In the summer of 1858 (having taken a partial course in the Divinity School) he resigned his tutorship, in order to go to Constantinople as a missionary of the American Board. He was married, July 8, 1858, to Miss Forresta G., daughter of Professor Forrest Shepherd (Y. C. 1827), of New Haven, and was ordained to the ministry before his departure from the country in October. The condition of his wife's health obliged him to return to America in 1859, and he resumed at once his former position in the college, continuing here until
1863, when he accepted the place of Principal of Lawrence Academy in Groton, Mass. In September, 1865, he left Groton to become Principal of the Free Academy in Norwich, Conn., where he spent the rest of his life. His success as a teacher was exceptionally great, and was owing as much to his unusual power of sympathy with boys and to the impression made by his own manly character as to his good scholarship. He was besides a most valuable citizen of Norwich in his service as a member of the Board of Education, as a trustee of the Otis Library, and as a deacon in the Broadway Church.

While on a hunting trip in North Carolina, late in December, 1884, he took a sudden cold and was threatened with pneumonia. He was able to reach home, and seemed to be improving; but died suddenly, from the rupture of a blood-vessel of the brain, on the 6th of January, 1885, in the 58th year of his age.

His wife survives him, with their only son, a graduate of this College in 1880; an only daughter died early.

CHAUNCEY MINOTT THOMPSON, son of Charles C. and Lydia (Bacon) Thompson, was born in New York City, March 29, 1833.

After graduation he passed a few months with commercial houses in New York, familiarizing himself with mercantile affairs, and then went to Europe with his father. His subsequent life was almost entirely spent abroad. He traveled in the southern portions of Europe during the winter, resided at Paris during the spring and autumn, and at German watering places during the summer. After his father's death in 1883, he returned to this country, and remained about a year, but went back to Europe, with health entirely broken by his loss, in May, 1884.

He died at Paris, France, July 6, 1884, of marasmus, in his 52d year.

1856.

ROBERT MILTON BAKER, son of Jacob Baker, was born in Winchester, Va., June 16, 1834, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He read law for about a year at Winchester, in the office of David Barton, Esq., and then began the study of divinity. He was ordained a clergyman in the Protestant Episcopal Church in the fall of 1861, and took charge of a parish in Fauquier County, Va., where he remained until driven away by the changes of war.
He became a Chaplain in the Confederate service in the summer of 1863, and continued thus until he signed his parole at Appomattox Court House. Afterwards he resumed parochial work in Frederick and Warren Counties, Va.; from 1871 to 1873 he was settled in Louisville, Ky.,—next in Hopkinsville, Ky., and for the last six years of his life as Rector of Grace Church, Georgetown, D. C. The call upon his sympathies and strength by work among the poor and suffering in Georgetown and South Washington, brought on nervous prostration and brain disease, on account of which he was taken to a Sanitarium near Baltimore, where he died, March 3, 1884, in his 50th year.

He married, Jan. 28, 1862, Louisa F. Davison, of Warren County, Va., who survives him with their six sons and two daughters.

LEWIS RICHARD PACKARD died at his home in New Haven, Connecticut, October 26, 1884, in the 49th year of his age. He was the youngest child of Frederick A. Packard (Harv. 1814) and Elizabeth D. (Hooker) Packard, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was born, August 22, 1836.

He pursued graduate studies at the College for a year after graduation, and then spent something over a year in travel and study abroad. For another year he was occupied, in Philadelphia, with the study of Hebrew, with the view of entering the ministry. In September, 1859, he entered on a tutorship in the College, which he held until his appointment in 1863 to the Assistant Professorship of Greek. In the same year he was admitted on examination to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. While in the tutorship he took a full course in theology in the Divinity School, and he continued to preach as he had opportunity so long as his health allowed.

In 1867 he was advanced to the Hillhouse Professorship of Greek, and that position he retained until his death. About 1870 his health began to fail, and from that date his work was seriously interrupted by the constant moods of disease; he has nevertheless left the distinct impress of his broad and accurate scholarship on all the classes which he met, and has made the College for all these years the richer by his teaching and his example, and the purity and nobleness of his character.

In 1883 he accepted the directorship for a year of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, in the hope that the
change of climate might be beneficial. In fact the year proved to be one of greatly increased feebleness, and he returned in July, much the worse for his absence; the remaining months of his life were months of severe suffering.

Professor Packard was married, December 29, 1870, to Miss Harriet M. Storrs, eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs, of Brooklyn, New York, who survives him with their only child, a daughter

Charles Goodrich Southmayd, the eldest child of Frederick R and Catharine (Goodrich) Southmayd, of New Orleans, Louisiana, was born in New Orleans, October 18, 1834, and entered College as a Sophomore. His father was a native of Middletown, Connecticut.

His life was spent in New Orleans, where he was employed as a clerk in a mercantile house, except during the period from March, 1862, till the close of the Civil War, during which he served in the Confederate Army.

He was attacked with severe hemorrhage of the lungs, about the 25th of February, 1885, while at home in New Orleans, and was removed by his physician's advice on the 1st of March to Sour Lake, Texas, but died there on the following day, in the 51st year of his age. He was never married

1859.

George Henry Coffey was born in Mullingar, Ireland, August 15, 1835. He was brought to this country in his childhood, and entered College from Albany, New York.

After graduation he studied theology, for one year in Union Theological Seminary, and from September, 1860, to December, 1861, in the Yale Divinity School. He then accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Saugerties, New York, where he was ordained and installed, January 22, 1862. In January, 1865, he was settled over the Congregational Church in Jackson, Michigan, whence he removed in March, 1868, to a new Congregational Church in Williamsport, Pennsylvania. He left the ministry in 1870, and after studying law in Hackensack, New Jersey, with Judge Knapp, opened an office in that place, and continued to reside there until his death. He was for many years prominent in Bergen County politics, being an earnest republican and an eloquent campaign speaker.
He died on May 31, 1885, in the State Lunatic Asylum in Trenton, New Jersey, where he had been for some months under medical treatment; his health for two or three years had been very poor. He married August 30, 1860, Miss Ellen H. Tourtelotte, of Springfield, Massachusetts, who survives him with their two children.

George Whitefield Fisher, son of John and Almira (King) Fisher, was born in Cambridge, Washington County, New York, December 25, 1831, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

The three years after graduation he spent in teaching,—two years in the Conference Seminary in Charlotteville, New York, and one in the Fort Edward Institute, Fort Edward, New York. He then took a three years' course in the Yale Divinity School, and immediately began preaching in Saugerties, New York, where he was ordained pastor of the Church of the Forefathers, November 23, 1865. He was dismissed from Saugerties in January, 1868, and in the following September took charge of the Congregational Church in Peacedale, Rhode Island, though he was not regularly installed there until July 24, 1872. After twelve years of very happy and useful service, he took a dismissal, October 11, 1880; his pastorate had been marked by a steady growth in the Church and the Sabbath School, a beautiful house of worship had been erected, and he had also been the means of establishing a high school in the town. After some time spent in New Haven, he went to St. Louis, and in January, 1883, took charge of the Congregational Church in Cameron, Missouri; but failing health compelled him to lay down his work, in January, 1884, and in April he was brought to his father-in-law's house in Belin, New Jersey, where he died, of consumption, July 12, aged 52½ years.

He married, July 1, 1863, Ella, daughter of John Wescott, of Waterford, New Jersey, who survives him. Of their four children two sons are still living; the elder son is a member of the Freshman Class in this College.

Francis Edward Kernochan, son of Joseph and Margaret (Seymour) Kernochan, was born in New York City, December 12, 1840.
After graduation he entered the Law School of Columbia College, and received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1863. He then spent two years in a lawyer's office, and a year in foreign travel. On the 27th of June, 1866, he married Miss Abba E. Learned, the eldest daughter of Edward Learned, Esq., of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, and in the following November opened a law-office in New York City in partnership with his brother (Y. C. 1863). He continued in practice until June, 1873, when he removed to Pittsfield, to engage in the manufacture of woolen goods, as principal owner in the Bel Air Manufacturing Company. Here he gave himself to the care of his business, and not less to the interests of the community, with characteristic energy and devotion; so that his death was a heavy public loss, as well as a deep grief to an unusually wide circle of personal friends.

He died at his home in Pittsfield, September 26, 1884, in his 44th year, in consequence of the accidental discharge the night before of a pistol which he was carrying, on a supposed alarm from burglars.

His wife survives him with two daughters and one of their two sons.

1864.

Murray Colegate Shoemaker, the second son of Robert M. and Mary (Colegate) Shoemaker, was born in Tiffin, Seneca County, Ohio, September 18, 1844. He entered Kenyon College in 1859, and left in 1862, joining this College in the spring of 1863. After graduating he studied in the Cincinnati Law School for one year, and for a second year in the Law School of Columbia College, where he completed the course in May, 1866. His father, an eminent railroad contractor, was at that date engaged in the construction of the Pacific Railroad, and the son was for some time employed in the construction and the land departments of the road. Later he entered on the practice of his profession in Cincinnati, at first in partnership with his classmate, Charles P. Taft, Esq. He was also extensively engaged with his father in railroad business. In February, 1883, he formed with Mr. C. B. Matthews the law firm of Matthews & Shoemaker, in which he continued till his death. The most of his time was occupied, however, with the management of his large estate.

Last winter his spine was severely injured by an accident which occurred while he was coasting, near his home, in Glendale,
a suburb of Cincinnati. Symptoms of brain disease and nervous prostration resulted, and he was accordingly placed in the Sanitarium at Oxford, Ohio, where he died suddenly, April 8, 1885, in his 41st year.

His wife, a daughter of the Hon. James M. Marvin, of Saratoga, New York, survives him with two of their three children,—a son and a daughter.

1865.

Joseph Henry Isham, son of Joseph H. and Christina (Beach) Isham, was born in Auburn, New York, March 2, 1842, and entered College from Irvington, New York, though his parents soon removed to New Haven.

The year following graduation he was an admiral's clerk in the United States Navy, and then spent a year in the Yale Law School. Being in indifferent health, he traveled extensively, in Europe in 1867-68 and in the Pacific States in 1870-73, and in September, 1873, entered the Yale Divinity School, where he was graduated in 1876. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Cheshire, Connecticut, January 23, 1878, and remained with that parish until April 25, 1882, though much of the time in feeble health. He afterwards supplied the Presbyterian Church in Marquette, Mich., where he received a call to settle.

He died, of consumption, in Gordonsville, Virginia, June 29, 1884, in his 43rd year. He was never married.

1866.

John Hampden Wood, son of the Hon. Bradford R. Wood (Union Coll. 1824), was born in Albany, New York, October 22, 1843.

After graduation he studied law in Albany with Messrs. Jenkins & Cooper and with the Hon. John H. Reynolds, and also received a degree at the Albany Law School in May, 1867. He was then admitted to the bar in his native city, being the first in his class to take that rank. In 1868 he formed a partnership with Joseph W. Russell, Esq., of Albany, with whom he continued in business until 1883, when he opened an office of his own. During the administration of Governor Dix (1878-74) he served as Judge-Advocate-General on the Governor's staff; and later was appointed by Judge Woodruff United States Commissioner for the Northern District of New York, which office he
held till his death. He was exceedingly popular in society, and maintained the character of an honorable, courteous gentleman.

After a confinement to his house for about seven weeks, caused by a complicated trouble with the liver, he died in Albany, July 10, 1884, in his 41st year.


1870.

Ross Johnston, younger son of Frank Johnston (Y.C. 1835) and Mary E. (Anderson) Johnston, was born in Allegheny, Pa., September 1, 1848, and entered College from Pittsburgh, Pa., the place of his father's residence.

In October, 1870, he took a position as book-keeper in the wholesale house of H. Childs & Co., of Pittsburgh, and in 1872 went into business in Chicago. While there his health suffered, and in the spring of 1873 he went abroad. He returned in 1876, and settled in Pittsburgh, acquiring an interest in the firm of H. Childs & Co., which he retained till his death.

He married, September 18, 1879, Miss Anna D., the only daughter of Thomas L. Blair, Esq., of Pittsburgh, who survives him with one child.

Late in February, 1885, he went with his family to Fortress Monroe, Va., and while there died suddenly, after a few days' illness, from gastritis, March 11, 1885, in his 37th year. His winning social qualities made him warmly beloved and sincerely mourned.

1871.

Jonathan Wales, who died suddenly, of typhoid fever, in Randolph, Mass., July 21, 1884, was the youngest son of the late Jonathan and S. Augusta Wales, and was born in that town, October 4, 1849.

Soon after graduation he began and pursued the study of law in the office of John F. Colby, Esq., in Boston; he was also for a time a member of the Law School of Harvard University, and in 1875 was admitted to the bar. During the rest of his life he practiced his profession in Boston, being a part of the time associated in business with Mr. Colby. He was often honored by his fellow-citizens in Randolph (where his residence remained) with positions of usefulness and trust, which he filled to their entire satisfaction.
During 1880 and 1881 he was one of the Representatives to the General Court, and at the time of his death his name was prominently mentioned by the Republican party as a candidate for the office of State Senator. He was unmarried.

1872.

James Henry Clendenin, son of Charles A. Clendenin, was born in Gallipolis, Ohio, February 29, 1848.

After graduation he taught school for some time in Circleville, Ohio, but subsequently returned to Gallipolis. His health while in College was very poor, from asthma; and on the recurrence of the trouble he was driven to the excessive use of opiates, which resulted in the entire wreck of his health. He died in Gallipolis, June 17, 1884, at the age of 36. He was unmarried.

Frank Abner Langworthy, the second son and last surviving child of the Rev. Dr. Isaac P. Langworthy (Y. C. 1839) and Sarah (Williams) Langworthy, was born in Chelsea, Mass., October 18, 1849.

For the year following graduation he taught the Lyme (Conn.) High School. Ill health then laid him aside for half a year, after which he entered on medical studies with Dr. W. W. Crandall, of Andover, Alleghany County, N. Y. In October, 1874, he went to New York City, and after attending three full courses of lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, received the degree of M.D. in March, 1877. He was then appointed on the house-staff of St. Francis Hospital, where he spent a profitable year and a half.

On the 1st of January, 1879, he began practice in Chelsea, where he was acquiring a high position in his profession, when he was attacked in October, 1882, with bleeding from the lungs, and was obliged to seek a milder climate. He spent the winter of 1883-4 in Santa Barbara, California, and in the late spring removed to Havilah, the residence of a cousin, a hundred miles northeastwards, on a slope of the Sierra Nevada. Here he was visited in June by his father, soon after whose departure he contracted a fever which completely wrecked his strength. He died in camp near Havilah, August 31, 1884, in his 35th year.

Dr. Langworthy had shown, in his brief professional career and in his subsequent experience, remarkable unselfishness and cheerful obedience to duty—a bright Christian example.
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1876.

OLIVER ELLSWORTH LYMAN, elder son of Professor Chester S. Lyman (Y. C. 1837) and Delia W. (Wood) Lyman, was born in New Haven, May 10, 1856.

He was prepared for College at the Hopkins Grammar School in this city, and after graduation entered the Yale Law School, where he received his degree in 1878. He was for a few months in a law office here, and in December, 1878, entered the office of James K. Hill (Y. C. 1854), Wing, and Shoudy, in New York City, where he continued till his death. He was also engaged with all the intensity of his nature in outside literary pursuits and in church work. After a prolonged illness, from typhoid fever, he died in Brooklyn, N. Y., September 6, 1884, in his 29th year. He was not married.

1882.

BARCLAY JOHNSON, son of J. Augustus and Sarah B. Johnson, was born on the 8th of August, 1861, in Beirut, Syria, where his father was then U. S. Consul.

He was prepared for College at Mr. Siglar's School in Newburgh, N. Y., and was graduated at Yale with the highest honors and with the warm affection of all who had known him well. For the year 1882-83 he remained in New Haven on a scholarship foundation, pursuing advanced studies; the succeeding year he spent at his home in New York City, engaged in study in the Law School of Columbia College. In 1884 he went into the law office of Messrs. Alexander & Green, of New York, and was still there at the time of his death, though temporarily absent on account of illness, arising from overwork. He died, suddenly, in Greenwich, Conn., April 21, 1885, in his 24th year.

1883.

ALLYN COOKE LOOMIS, the only son of the Hon. Thomas W. and Jennie (Cooke) Loomis, was born in Windsor, Conn., November 21, 1860, and was prepared for College at the Hartford High School.

After graduation he was employed in teaching a class of six boys in Saint Paul, Minn., until he was attacked with cerebrospinal meningitis, of which he died, at St. Paul, after an illness of two weeks, on the 20th of June, 1884, in the 24th year of his age.
EDWARD ASHTON LAWRENCE, youngest son of the Hon. Charles B. Lawrence, LL.D., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois, and Margaret (Maiston) Lawrence, was born near Prairie City, Warren County, Illinois, July 25, 1861, and died in Wiesbaden, Germany, August 31, 1884, in his 24th year, of tuberculosis, after a long illness.

He was fitted for College at the Chicago High School, and entered Yale with unusually matured powers of mind. While keenly enjoying the activities and pleasures of College life, he gave himself with equal appreciation to the solid work of the course. His health had always given his family great anxiety, and at the close of the first term of senior year he returned home stricken with an illness which rapidly developed into a complication of diseases baffling all professional skill. At Commencement in view of his previous good scholarship and the inevitable nature of his detention, his name was enrolled with his class as a graduate.

As a last resort his physicians advised a trial of the waters at Wiesbaden and Schwalbach, Germany, whither he was taken in July, 1884. He sank gradually after leaving America, although rallying a little at first under the influence of the mountain air. He died at Wiesbaden, August 31, and is buried in Galesburg, Ill., his former residence.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THEODORE GILBERT, son of George F. Gilbert, of Tolland, Conn., was born about 1804.

He married early, and settled in the practice of his profession in Orwell, Oswego County, N. Y. Thence he went to the West. He became separated in some way from his family and finally returned to Oswego County, a confirmed inebriate. He was supported at the public charge for about a dozen years, and died suddenly in the county almshouse, at Mexico, N. Y., September 2, 1884, aged about 80.
HIRAM MOSES was a son of Thomas Moses, of Norfolk, Conn., where he was born, September 19, 1800.

After having practiced his profession since 1825 in Petersburgh, N. Y., he died in that town, June 4, 1885, being then the oldest physician in Rensselaer County.

He married, in 1828, Abigail, daughter of Gen. Aaron Worthington, of Petersburgh, who died in 1878.

MICHAEL DUNNING BENEDICT was born in Bethel, Conn., January 21, 1814, the eldest child of Eli and Rebecca (Dunning) Benedict. He entered this Department in 1834, being then resident in Brookfield, Conn.

Upon graduation he began practice in New Haven, and remained here until October, 1838, when he removed to Skaneateles, Onondaga County, N. Y. On the 21st of November, 1861, he was mustered into the United States service as Surgeon of the 75th N. Y State Volunteers, and in 1862 he was made Brigade Surgeon on General Godfrey Weitzel's staff. After completing three years of service at the front, he became Medical Inspector of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, at Washington. In October, 1865, he returned to New York State, and resumed the practice of his profession in Syracuse, where he died, after a long and painful illness, January 7, 1885, at the age of 71.

His wife, Angeline Holly, daughter of Daniel Holley, of Brookfield, Conn., whom he married September 28, 1836, and one daughter survive him.

FREDERICK NORMAN BENNETT was born in Weston, Conn., September 14, 1820, the youngest of seven children of Ezra Bennett, who died in 1831.

In 1838 he entered the office of his brother, Dr. Ezra P. Bennett, a rising physician of Danbury, Conn., with whom he studied until he joined the Medical Institution. In February, 1842, he located himself in Orange, N. J., where he married in 1843, Abby Louisa, daughter of William Munn. Her death after a few years led him to abandon for a time his profession, and to remove to Millburn, N. J. There he was again married, to a daughter of Mr. J. Parkhurst, whom he subsequently assisted in his business, the manufacture of paper boards. Later, he resumed practice in Newark, remaining there until he returned to Orange. Fin-
ally, in May, 1871, he came to Newtown, Conn., not far from his native hills, and there practiced his profession until his sudden death.

On Thursday, March 26, 1885, he was thrown from a wagon and broke three of his ribs; pneumonia set in, and he died on Thursday, April 2, in his 65th year. One son by his first wife survives him.

DAVID ATWATER TYLER was born in Northford parish, in North Branford, Conn., November 10, 1818. His father, Augustus Tyler, died when his only son was five years of age, leaving his widow in embarrassed circumstances.

By his own exertions he fitted himself for admission to College, but on the advice of friends took up instead the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Nathan B. Ives, of New Haven.

In February, 1844, he opened an office in Wooster Street, in this city, and remained in the same locality for almost forty years. In his practice he was more than ordinarily successful, displaying a clear and sound judgment and much intuitive skill. In the fall of 1883, seriously failing health obliged him to abandon regular work. After a prolonged illness, he died of chronic consumption at his recently completed residence in West Haven, Conn., March 27, 1885, in his 67th year.

He married Miss Elizabeth Maltby, of Northford, who died in 1868. His two sons died before him, his only daughter survives him, the wife of the Rev. S. J. Bryant (Y. C. Theol. Sem 1876).

AUGUSTUS HUGGINS ABERNETHY was born in Litchfield, Conn., May 21, 1838, the second son and third child of the Hon. Elisha S. Abernethy (Y. C. 1825) and Charlotte M. (Huggins) Abernethy; his parents removed to Bridgeport, Conn., in 1848.

After some graduate study of his profession, he entered early in 1865 the U.S. Navy as Acting Assistant Surgeon, but the speedy close of the war led to his resignation, in October of the same year. In 1866 he entered on active practice as a physician and surgeon in Bridgeport, and was thus engaged, with growing reputation and success, especially in obstetrical cases, until his death.
He was also a member of the City Board of Health for many years, for twelve years a member of the Board of Education, and in 1882 served as representative in the General Assembly.

For two years before his death he suffered at times intensely from neuralgia of the chest; he died very suddenly, it was supposed from angina pectoris, at his home, November 9, 1884, aged 46½ years.

He was married, in Irvington-on-Hudson, September 10, 1874, to Miss Henrietta Stagg, daughter of the late John P. Stagg, of New York City, and she with one son and two daughters survives him.

Leonidas Curtin Vinal was a son of Judge Vinal, of Middletown, Conn.

He was originally an apothecary at the New Haven Dispensary, and after graduating had an office for a short time in New Haven, until he obtained an appointment as Superintendent of the Rhode Island insane asylum. About a year ago he left this position, and entered on successful practice in Branford, Conn. His health, however, had already begun to fail, and he died in Middletown, June 11, 1885, at the age of 40. He leaves a wife and four children.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

1853.

Thomas Jefferson Bassett, son of William H. Bassett and Elenore O'Neil, was born in St. Mary's parish, Louisiana, on the 6th of February, 1833. He died suddenly at his home in Brenham, Washington County, Texas, after six months' suffering from insomnia, on the 25th of May, 1885, at the age of 52.

He received his academic education at St. Charles College, Louisiana. On receiving his degree from the Yale Law School, he removed to Brenham in October, 1853, and in the spring of 1854 began the practice of law in connection with his older brother, Major B.H. Bassett. The firm was in 1857 merged in that of Sayles & Bassett.

In 1865, he organized the banking house of Bassett & Bassett, to which thenceforth he devoted his entire time and thought, and the credit of its honorable career is due to his integrity and capacity. He had no taste for public office, but filled the full measure of duty as a private citizen.
He was twice married, first to Lucy Breckinridge, daughter of Cary Breckinridge, of Fincastle, Virginia, who died within a few months after their marriage. His second wife was Martha I Roberson, daughter of A. J. Roberson, of Washington County, Texas. She and four daughters of the marriage survive him.

1855.

George Brown Dusinberre was born, September 11, 1829, in Plattekill, Ulster County, N. Y. In 1837 his parents removed to Lima, Livingston County, N. Y., for the better education of their children.

He was graduated from the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1852, and in the next year began the study of law in Geneva, N. Y. After his admission to the bar in 1855, he practiced in Geneva, until elected to the office of County Judge in 1860. He served as Judge for two full terms (eight years) and then resumed his practice, in which he continued with success. He was also for twenty-one consecutive years a member of the Geneva School Board.

After about two years of impaired health, he died in Geneva, June 15th, 1884, in his 55th year.

He married, December 29, 1857, Miss Elizabeth C. Warner, of Lima, who survives him with their three sons.

1872.

Adolph Asher, the eldest son of Louis and Henrietta Asher, was born in New Haven, Conn., in 1851.

He was graduated at the New Haven High School in 1869, and soon after entered the law office of C. T. Driscoll, Esq., at the same time pursuing the course in the Law School. On his admission to the bar he formed a partnership with Mr. Driscoll, in which he continued to the time of his death. He was also Clerk of the City Court from 1874 to 1877. His career as a lawyer was very promising. He died, of typhoid fever, after ten days' illness, at his residence in New Haven, on the 25th of September, 1884.

His wife, a daughter of Charles J. Metzger, of New Haven, with one of his two children, survives him.
THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

1878

FRANK HUDSON TAYLOR, son of Horace C. and Catharine M. (Snow) Taylor, was born in Oberlin, Ohio, November 14, 1855.

He was graduated at Oberlin College in 1874, and took the full course of three years in this Seminary. His first pastorate was in Guilford, Conn., where he was ordained over the First (Congregational) Church, March 10, 1880. He was dismissed from this charge, September 3, 1883, and in November following began work as acting pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church, Seattle, Washington Territory. While hunting, July 18, 1884, he shot himself in the shoulder; he died at his home, two days later, in his 29th year.

He married, September 1, 1880, Jessalyn, daughter of John O. Couch, of Middlefield, Conn., who survives him with two sons.

1882.

WINTHROP BUTLER HAWKS, son of the Rev. Dr. Theron H. Hawks (Williams Coll. 1844) and Mary Hoadley Hawks, was born in West Springfield, Mass., April 13, 1858, and was graduated at Marietta College, Ohio, in 1878.

After the three-years' course (1879-82) in the Divinity School, in which he showed great promise, he remained for the fourth year of graduate study, and during that time offered himself to the committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was accepted, his probable destination being China or Japan. He was ordained at Marietta (where his father had long been settled), March 22, 1883, and then assumed the temporary charge of the Congregational Church in Easton, Conn., which he was compelled by ill-health to give up after a few months. From that time he sought in vain the restoration of health. He went to Colorado early in the summer of 1884, and died in Colorado Springs, March 24, 1885, at the age of 27.

He was not married.
### SUMMARY.

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#### ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

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1845 George C Murray, 58, Jersey City, N J, Nov 27, '84
1845 Charles M Runk, 66, Allentown, Pa, May 11, '85
1846 Henry Chils, 65, Buffalo, N Y, Feb 10, '85
1847 Francis H Palmer, 55, Providence, R I, July 21, '84
1847 Elbert J Smith, 58, Berkeley, Cal, Oct 18, '84
1849 C Lewis Brent, 52, Baltimore, Md, Nov 18, '82
1850 Thomas H Jackson, 54, Lanwood, Ark, July 21, '84
1850 Jacob K Warner, 60, Burdett, N Y, Feb, 12, '85
1850 D Ellis Willes, 60, Sunderland, Md, April 10, '85
1853 William L Williamson, 52, Pottstown, Pa, May 19, '85
1854 Chauncey M Thompson, 51, Norwich, Conn, Jan 6, '85
1854 Robert M Baker, 49, Paris, France, July 6, '84
1856 Lewis R Packard, 48, Georgetown, D C, March 3, '84
1856 Charles G Southmayd, 50, New Haven, Con, Oct 26, '84
1859 George H Coffey, 49, Sour Lake, Texas, March 2, '85
1859 George W Fisher, 52, Trenton, N J, May 31, '85
1861 Francis E Kernohan, 43, Berlin, N J, July 14, '84
1864 Murray C Shoemaker, 40, Pittsfield, Mass, Sept 26, '84
1865 Joseph H Isham, 42, Oxford, O, April 8, '85
1865 J Hampden Wood, 40, Gordonsville, Va, June 29, '84
1870 Ross Johnston, 36, Albany, N Y, July 10, '84
1871 Jonathan Wales, 34, Fortrose Monroe, Va, March 11, '85
1872 James H Clendenn, 36, Randolph, Mass, July 21, '84
1872 Frank A Langworthy, 33, Gettysburg, O, June 16, '84
1876 Oliver K Lyman, 28, Havlab, Cal, Aug 31, '84
1882 Barclay Johnson, 23, Brooklyn, N Y, Sept 6, '84
1883 Allyn C Loomis, 23, Greenwich, Conn,, April 21, '85
1884 Edward A Lawrence 23, St Paul, Minn, June 20, '84

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

1825 Theodore Gilbert, 80, Mexico, N Y., Sept 2, '84
1825 Hiram Moses 84, Petersburgh, N Y, June 4, '85
1836 Michael D Benedict, 71, Syracuse, N Y, Jan 7, '85
1841 Frederick N Bennett, 64, Newtown, Conn, Apr 2, '85
1844 David A Tyler, 66, West Haven, Conn, March 27, '85
1864 Augustus H Abernethy, 46, Bridgeport, Conn, Nov 9, '84
1880 Leonidas C Vinal, 40, Middletown, Conn, June 11, '85

LAW DEPARTMENT

1853 T Jefferson Bassett, 52, Brenham, Texas, May 25, '86
1855 George B Dusemberre, 54, Geneva, N Y, June 15, '81
1872 Adolph Asher, 33, New Haven, Conn, Sept 25, '84

THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

1878 Frank H Taylor, 28, Seattle, Wash Terr, July 20, '84
1882 Winthrop A Hawks, 27, Colorado Springs, Col, Match 24, '85

The number of deaths above given is 89, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is 64 years

The oldest living graduate is—
Class of 1813, REV DAVID L HUNN, of Buffalo, N Y, born Nov 5, 1789.
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