OBITUARY RECORD
OF
GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in June, 1877, including the record of a few who died a short time previous, hitherto unreported.

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 27th, 1877.]

[No 7 of the Second Printed Series, and No. 36 of the whole Record]
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ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1800.

THOMAS WILLIAMS was born in Pomfret, Conn., Nov. 5, 1779, the son of Joseph and Lucy (Witter) Williams.

He entered the Freshman Class of Williams College in the fall of 1795, and continued there until March, 1798. In the succeeding fall he entered the Junior Class of this College.

Before graduation he had begun to teach, and after successive engagements in Beverly, Mass., and in Woodstock and Norwich, Conn., he opened in the spring of 1803 in Boston a school for colored pupils. While thus employed he was licensed to preach, May 17, 1803, by the Windham County Association, in order that he might officiate as chaplain in the almshouse in Boston, in connection with his other duties. Late in the same year he gave up his school, and served for some weeks as a missionary preacher in New York State. On his return, and after spending six weeks with Rev. Dr. Emmons, of Franklin, Mass. (his entire course of theological preparation), he was ordained as an evangelist, at Killingly, Conn., May 16, 1804. Two other missionary tours to New York succeeded, and in the summer of 1806 he supplied the pulpit of the Congregational Church in Branford, Conn. In Jan., 1807, without formal installation, he took charge of the Pacific Congregational Church in Providence, R. I., where he
continued until April, 1816. He was next installed pastor, Nov. 6, 1816, of the church in Foxborough, Mass., which he served for about four years. In July, 1821, he returned to his former charge in Providence, and remained with them until August, 1823. In Dec., 1823, he began to preach for the First Church in Attleborough, Mass., and was installed there Sept. 29, 1824, Dr. Emmons preaching the sermon, as well as at his former installation. From this church he was dismissed, Dec. 11, 1827; and at the same time a new church was formed in Hebronville, in the southern part of the town, of which Mr. Williams became at once the pastor, without formal installation, and so continued until April, 1830, when he removed to Providence, after which he was employed for four or five years in occasional preaching through the State. From May, 1835, to March, 1838, he preached statedly to the Congregational Church in Barrington, R. I., his last regular engagement. In 1839-40 he resided in Hartford, Conn., and then for three years in East Greenwich, R. I., whence he returned to Providence, where his residence continued until his death. During all these years, until extreme old age, he was restlessly employed in his calling, preaching as he found opportunity over a wide circuit. His last appearance in the pulpit was in 1872, when in his 93d year. He died in Providence, Sept. 29, 1876, aged 97 years, lacking 36 days,—of old age, with no indication of disease. For upwards of 13 years he had been the last survivor of his class and since March, 1873, the sole living graduate of the eighteenth century.

He was married, May 20, 1812, to Ruth, daughter of Isaac and Ruth (Jewett) Hale, of Newbury (old town), Mass. She died in Providence, March 7, 1867, in her 79th year. They had seven children, four sons and three daughters, of whom three sons survive, one of whom graduated at this College in 1842.

His published writings comprise some thirty sermons and discourses. In his best days he was a remarkably pungent and powerful preacher, and as such made a distinct mark on his generation.

1805

JOHN OWEN PETTIBONE, the last survivor of his class, died in Simsbury, Conn., the place of his birth, Aug. 19, 1876, at the age of 89.

He had spent his life in Simsbury, highly respected and honored. He had repeatedly been a member of both houses of the State Legislature.
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1806.

Phineas Lyman Tracy was born in Norwich, Conn., Dec 25, 1786, and died in Batavia, N. Y., Dec. 22, 1876, within three days of 90 years of age. He was the eldest child of Dr. Philemon and Abigail (Trott) Tracy, of Norwich, and the grandson of Dr. Elisha Tracy (Y. C. 1738).

After graduating, he taught school for a year in his native town, and then entered the law-office of the Hon. John Woodworth of Albany. In 1811 he was admitted to the bar in Utica, and settled in Madison County, N. Y. After residing there between three and four years, he removed to Batavia, where he immediately entered on an extensive and lucrative practice.

In 1815 he was married to Harriet Lay, and soon after formed a law partnership with her brother, the Hon. George W. Lay. He continued in practice until the fall of 1827 when he was elected to Congress (to fill a vacancy), and remained a member until 1833, when his partner, Mr. Lay, was chosen to succeed him. In 1840 he was a Presidential elector, and in January, 1841, was appointed First Judge of Genesee County, and held the office for five years, at the expiration of that time retiring from public life. His residence continued in Batavia until his death. His wife died about five years before him, and they left no children.

1812.

Samuel Lynson Edwards, son of Samuel and Jane (Shelton) Edwards, was born in Fairfield, Conn., Feb. 14, 1789.

On graduation he settled in Manlius, Onondaga County, N. Y., where he died,—the last survivor of his College Class,—April 7, 1877, at the age of 88.

He studied law with Messrs. Wattles & Randall, and during his clerkship secured the establishment of the first academy in the town, of which he was the principal superintendent. He was admitted to practice as an attorney, Oct. 26, 1815, and became a partner with Mr. Randall. In 1823 and 1824 he was a member of the State Assembly, and in 1831 was appointed first Judge of the County Court of Common Pleas. On the expiration of his term of office, in 1833, he was elected to the State Senate, where he served for two terms, of four years each. On leaving the Senate, he retired from public office, and confined himself until shortly before his death to the practice of his profession. In all his professional relations he was conscientious and industrious and highly respected.
He was married, May 12, 1819, to Harriet Bristol, of Clinton, N. Y., by whom he had one daughter, who survives him, and one son. The son was graduated at this college in 1850, and died in 1862. After the death of his wife, in 1832, he married Julia Gorham, of Stratford, Conn., who died in 1864 without issue.

Samuel Coit Morgan, younger son of Captain Elisha and Olive (Coit) Morgan, was born in the parish of Newent, in Lisbon, Conn., Aug 12, 1789.

He studied law with Hon. Thomas Day (Y. C. 1797), of Hartford, and Hon. Timothy Pitkin (Y. C. 1785), of Farmington, Conn., and in 1816 began practice in Jewett City, Conn., but being elected in 1842 President of the Quinebaug Bank in Norwich, Conn., he removed thither, where he continued to reside until his death, which occurred Sept 11, 1876, at the age of 87 years. After accepting the appointment just referred to, which he held for nineteen years, Mr. Morgan relinquished in great degree the direct practice of his profession.

His first marriage in September, 1816, was to Maria B., daughter of Rev. Edward Porter (Y. C. 1786), of Farmington. She died Nov 11, 1848, and he was married, Nov. 26, 1849, to Francis A., daughter of Gen. Moses Cleaveland (Y. C. 1777), of Canterbury, Conn., the agent of the Connecticut Land Company, for whom the city of Cleveland, Ohio, was named. She died Feb. 18, 1860, and he was married again, June 12, 1861, to Mary C., daughter of Dr. John C. Tibbets, of Jewett City. He left no children.

In his last will, he made liberal bequests in behalf of various literary institutions and objects of benevolence.

JOHN DAGGETT MEERS was born in Hartford, Conn., Feb. 28, 1794.

In his infancy his parents removed to New Haven, and thence to the state of Georgia, where he was early left an orphan. At the age of 13 he returned to New Haven, and was furnished with the means of an education by his maternal uncle, Henry Daggett. After graduation he taught for a little time in the Wallingford (Conn.) Academy, and studied medicine with Dr. Charles Shelton of the adjoining town of Cheshire. In 1818 he was licensed to practice by the Greene County (N. Y.) Medical Association, and for a few years practiced in New York city, but about
1824 removed to what is now the town of Naugatuck, then Salem Bridge, a parish in Waterbury, Conn. Here he continued in practice (with the exception of about two years, 1842–44, spent in New Jersey) until enfeebled by old age. He died in Naugatuck, May 19, 1877, aged 83 years.

Dr. Meers was twice married, first about 1822 to Mrs. Julia B. Wickes, and again in 1835 to Miss Susan Bateman. He had three children by his first marriage, and nine by his second. Five children, with his widow, survive him. One son is a graduate of the Medical Department of this College in the class of 1874.

THOMAS SCUDDER WICKES, only son of the Hon. Eliphalet and Martha (Herriman) Wickes, was born in Jamaica, L. I., April 18, 1795.

He studied theology in the Princeton Seminary, remaining for nearly three years, but being prevented by ill health from completing the course. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of New York, April 21, 1819. After spending some time in missionary work in the South, he was ordained by the same Presbytery, Sept. 9, 1822, and from this time until 1836 was employed in preaching in various places, mostly at his own expense, as by reason of ill health he would never consent to be installed over any church.

He afterwards resided in Albany for three or four years, and subsequently at Ballston, N. Y., and for the last quarter of a century in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where he died, of acute pneumonia, Nov. 30, 1876, aged 81 years.

He was first married, Sept. 7, 1819, to Maria Pannett, of St Thomas, W. I., by whom he had one child. He married again, Sept 15, 1829, Julia Penniman, of Albany, by whom he had ten children. She, with three sons and three daughters, survives him.

1817.

JOHN BEARD, only son of Lewis and Susannah (Dunn) Beard, was born in Salisbury, N. C., June 14, 1797, and died in Tallahassee, Fla., July 15, 1876, aged 79 years.

Returning to his native place at graduation, he was elected the next year, just after reaching his majority, and without opposition, to the State Legislature, where he took at once a leading position.

In the winter of 1820 he married Miss Anna M Kelly, and settled on a plantation near Salisbury.
In 1826 he was elected without opposition to the State Senate, but declined a reelection for private reasons. In 1832, although previously a Federalist, he espoused the Nullification theory, and in the three succeeding years was again a member of the State Senate.

His wife having died in 1830, he was married in the summer of 1838 to Miss Maria W. Anderson, of St. Augustine, Fla, and the next year went there to reside. In 1840 he was appointed Clerk of the U. S District Court for East Florida, and in 1842, U. S. Marshal for the same district, which office he held until Florida was admitted as a State three years later. In Jan. 1847, he was elected State Register of Public Lands (and ex officio Superintendent of Schools), and removed his residence to Tallahassee. This office he resigned in the summer of 1850, on his reluctant acceptance of the Democratic nomination for Congress. He was defeated, but a few months afterwards was elected Comptroller of Public Accounts, which position he resigned in 1854 to accept the agency of the Apalachicola Land Company. He was a member of the Florida Secession Convention in 1861, and during the war which followed contributed all in his power to make the cause of the South a success. He was again appointed to the Comptroller's office in 1866. In 1869 he was attacked by vertigo, from which combined with neuralgia he was a great sufferer until a few months before his death. In all relations he maintained a spotless character for personal and official integrity.

His first wife left two sons and three daughters, and by his second wife, who survives him, he had two sons and a daughter.

Smith Clark died in Haddam, Conn., his native place, Sept. 12, 1876, aged 84.

He practiced law in Haddam during all his active life; was at different times a member of the State Legislature and Judge of Probate. He left one son

1820.

Samuel Kirby Sneed, only son of James and Catherine Sneed, was born in Louisville, Ky., Jan. 16, 1798.

The plans formed by his father in sending him away from home for an education were entirely overthrown by his choosing the ministry as a profession; and on his return from College he found himself at once obliged to obtain means to pursue his studies.
Accordingly he taught school in Louisville, and afterwards spent a year at the Andover Theological Seminary.

He was ordained as an evangelist, at Middletown, Ky., May 10, 1826, and was installed pastor of the churches at Lebanon and Springfield, Dec. 5, 1827. He remained in Kentucky until 1833, when in order to emancipate the slaves which he owned he removed to Indiana and was installed over the Presbyterian church in New Albany. He spent some ten years with this church, and was afterwards employed for shorter periods in various places, until his removal in 1859 to Kirkwood, Missouri, a few miles from St. Louis, where two of his daughters have charge of a Seminary, and where the rest of his life was passed. He died in Kirkwood, after a gradual failure of his powers, Aug. 30, 1876, aged 78 years.

His first wife, a sister of the Rev. Dr. Lewis Green, of Centre College, Danville, Ky., died without leaving children. His second wife was Miss Rachel Crosby, by whom he had three daughters and one son.

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**1821.**

Enoch Huntington was born in Middletown, Conn., March 8, 1801, and died in South Manchester, Conn., Sept. 4, 1876, aged 75 years. He bore the name of his grandfather, the pastor of the Congregational Church in Middletown, and of his father, a lawyer in the same town, who were graduates of this College, in 1759 and 1785 respectively. His mother was Sarah, daughter of Grove Ward, of Middletown.

He taught school and studied theology in Norwalk, Conn., and was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Brownell, at Middletown, Nov. 4, 1823. He was for a short time rector of St. Stephen's Church, Wilkes Barre, Pa., and while there was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop White, in Philadelphia, March 20, 1825. In June, 1827, he took charge of St. John's parish in New Milford, Conn., where he labored faithfully for twenty years. He next established a select school in Bridgeport, and in addition to his duties there assisted in organizing in 1848 a new parish at Nichol's Farms, in Trumbull, of which he continued in charge until May, 1852, when he removed to Grace Church, in the village of Broad Brook, in East Windsor, Conn. He resigned this charge April 1, 1857, on account of a severe attack of bronchitis. A year later he removed to Pine Meadow, New Hartford,
Conn., and was rector of St. John's Church until the destruction of the church edifice by fire in Dec., 1859. For about three years from May, 1860, he had charge of St. John's Church, North Haven, Conn., and thence removed to St. James's Church, Westville, Conn, where he spent nearly two years, and from which he went to St. Mary's Church, Manchester, Conn., of which he was rector at the time of his death.

He was married, May 19, 1828, to Charlotte, daughter of John Taylor, of New Milford, and niece of Rev. Nathaniel W. Taylor, D.D., Professor of Theology in this College. She survives him with five children, one of whom was graduated at Trinity College in 1850, and is a Professor in that institution.

Isaac Peck, the only son of Isaac Peck, was born at Round Hill, in Greenwich, Conn., Aug 7, 1802, and died at his birthplace, April 29, 1877, in his 75th year.

He taught school for two years in Stratford, Conn., and then entered the Theological Seminary in Princeton, N. J., with the intention of becoming a Presbyterian minister; but after two years in the seminary his views underwent a change, and he became a candidate for orders in the Episcopal Church. He was ordained deacon by Bishop Griswold in 1829, and his first regular charge was in Gardiner, Maine, from 1830 to 1833. He was then rector of St. Paul's Church, Troy, N. Y., until 1836, when he became an assistant minister in Christ Church, New York city. He relinquished this duty in 1844, and took charge of an academy in New York. About 1850 he became the assistant minister of Christ Church, Rye, N. Y., and when the mission chapel attached to that church in Portchester was organized as a separate church, he was its first rector. About 1860 his failing health obliged him to retire to his patrimonial estate in Greenwich, where he officiated without compensation for four years in Calvary Church. From the autumn of 1865 until his death he was laid aside from all active employment by paralysis.

He was married, Oct. 4, 1841, to Catharine C., second daughter of Chief Justice Samuel Jones (Y. C. 1790), of New York city, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. One son (a graduate of this College in 1865) and one daughter survive him.

Charles Robinson, youngest son of the Rev. William Robinson (Y. C 1773), by his fourth wife, Elizabeth Norton, was born
in Southington, Conn., where his father was for 41 years pastor of
the Congregational Church, Feb. 10, 1801. He was half-brother
of the distinguished Biblical scholar, Professor Edward Robinson.

For some years after graduating he resided on his father's farm,
and in 1832–33 took a course of study in the Yale Law School.
He removed soon after to New Haven, was admitted to the bar in
1834, and continued his residence and practice of his profession
here until his death, Oct. 1, 1876, which was caused by a fall about
a week before from a ladder in his garden.

He was married, March 13, 1826, to Nancy Maria, daughter of
Hervey Mulford, of New Haven, and had five sons and three
daughters, of whom only one son survives him. His youngest son
was graduated at this College in 1867 and died in 1870. His first
wife died Feb. 5, 1863, aged 62, and he married in 1871 Miss.
Ellen E. (Foote) Wilcox, who survives him.

1822

JOHN STEVENS LAW, son of Joseph and Elizabeth Law, was
born in Liberty County, Ga., March 21, 1800.

He entered college in the Sophomore year, and after graduation
spent a year at home in the study of medicine. He then entered
the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, in
Philadelphia, and graduated M.D. in 1825. For three years he
practiced his profession in his native county, and for about ten
years in Savannah. He then retired from practice, and in 1847
removed to Cincinnati, O., where for three years he kept a drug-
store. He then became the agent of the Royal Insurance Company
of Liverpool, which, with other English companies, he continued to
represent up to the time of his death, his eldest son being asso-
ciated with him, and latterly managing the business.

In 1861 he purchased a farm in Loveland, twenty-three miles
from the city, where he died, after a brief illness, Jan. 12, 1877,
in his 77th year. He had been for over forty years an elder and
an eminently useful member of the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Law married, May 1, 1828, Jane E., daughter of Hon. John
Elliott (Y. C. 1794), U. S. Senator from Georgia; she and her
infant child died in Dec., 1828. He married again, Nov. 24, 1831,
Elizabeth R., daughter of Benjamin Burroughs, a merchant of
Savannah, by whom he had six sons and three daughters. His
widow, five sons, and a daughter, survived him.
Jared Bell Waterbury was born in New York City, Aug. 11, 1799. He spent upwards of two years in the Princeton Theological Seminary, and was ordained to the ministry by the Presbytery of N. Y, in Oct., 1825. The next winter was passed in the South as an agent for the American Bible Society, and the following summer in Massachusetts and on Long Island in a similar way.

From Jan. 10, 1827 to Feb. 24, 1829, he was the settled pastor of the Congregational Church in Hatfield, Mass., and on March 18, 1829, took charge of the Pleasant Street Congregational Church in Portsmouth, N. H. He was obliged by his health to resign this charge in 1831, but a year later was able to resume work, and was settled over the Presbyterian Church in Hudson, N. Y., where he continued with great acceptance until he became, Sept. 3, 1846, pastor of the Bowdoin Street Congregational Church in Boston, Mass. In 1857 he retired from parish work, and after two years spent in Stamford, Conn., removed to Brooklyn, N. Y. While his health permitted, he was there engaged in city missions, and was Secretary of the Brooklyn and L. I. Christian Commission during the late war. He was stricken with paralysis about six years before his death, which occurred in Brooklyn, Dec. 31, 1876, at the age of 77.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Union College in 1841. He was the author of more than thirty larger religious works, and of several published tracts and sermons.

He was married in 1827 to Eliza S., eldest daughter of Zechariah Lewis (Y. C. 1794), of Brooklyn, who survives him with four daughters and an only son.

1823.


He was graduated at the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1828, and in the fall of that year (Oct 28) was ordained deacon, and took charge of St. David's Church, Cheraw, S. C. He continued there (having been ordained to the priesthood, March 14, 1830) until 1841, when he was called to the organization and care of a city mission, worshiping in St. John's Chapel (Hampstead), Charleston. Thirty-five years of devoted and effective service in this field were interrupted only by the gradual decline of strength and the illness of a few weeks
which terminated in his death, in Charleston, Nov. 7, 1876, at the age of 78.

In 1851 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College.

In 1830 he married Elizabeth Maynard, who with two sons and three daughters survives him.


On leaving college he chose a business life, though he never abandoned his interest in literature and science. He at first entered into the dry goods business in New York City, in company with the late Horace Waldo. Disaster overtook the firm in 1836, when he returned to his native town, and became interested in the manufacture of paper. In 1842 he went back to New York, and from that time until his death was engaged in the wool trade, during the greater part of the time as the head of the extensively-known house of J. Ripley & Son.

He spent the last evening of the year 1876 at home, in his usual health and among his usual occupations, and passed away quietly in his sleep during the following night.

He was married in 1831 to Miss Catharine W. Andrews, of New York City, who died in 1864, leaving five children.

1824.

Selah Burr Treat, son of Selah and Anna (Williams) Treat, was born in Hartland, Conn., Feb. 19, 1804. When he was a boy of ten, the family removed to Hartford, Conn., where he was fitted for College.

After graduation he studied law at home and in Litchfield, partly with Judge John T. Peters (Y. C. 1789), of Hartford, whose daughter, Abigail T., he married, Dec 25, 1827. Being admitted to the bar in Dec., 1826, he began practice in East Windsor, Conn., but in 1831 removed to Penn Yan, N. Y., forming a partnership with Henry Welles, afterwards a Judge of the Supreme Court of the State. In the summer of 1831 he became a religious man and united with the church, and two years later gave up his profession, and entered the Theological Seminary in Andover, Mass. He finished the course of study there in 1835, and was ordained, March 23, 1836, over the Third Presbyterian Church in
Newark, N. J. He was obliged by ill-health to resign his charge in 1840, and became joint-editor of the Biblical Repository and of the American Eclectic. After two years, he left these engagements, with the intention of again becoming a pastor, but his health was insufficient, and in 1843 he accepted an invitation to remove to Boston and edit the Missionary Herald, and the Youth's Doysspring, periodicals issued by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. From that time his life was devoted to the American Board, and he proved himself eminently fitted for his work. In the autumn of 1843 he was made Recording Secretary of the Board, and in 1847 was elected one of the Corresponding Secretaries, to have charge especially of the missions among the American Indians. In 1859 his special duties were made to include also the care of the Home Department. He continued also his editorial work until the autumn of 1856, when he was for the second time obliged to go abroad on account of his health, and did not resume it until the end of 1876, when he was released at his own desire from the duties of Secretary, to which he felt no longer equal. After a few weeks' illness, he passed away suddenly, at his residence in Boston, March 28, 1877, at the age of 73.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Rutgers College in 1852, but he declined the honor.

His wife survives, with three of their seven children.

1825

William Brooks Bristol, son of Wm. Bristol (of the class of 1798) and Sarah Edwards, and the grandson of Simeon Bristol (of the class of 1760), was born in New Haven, Conn., June, 1806, and died in that city after a long illness, October 10, 1876.

Upon his graduation, Mr. Bristol entered upon the study of law at the Law School in New Haven, and in the office of his father, Judge Bristol, and on the completion of his legal studies practiced law for one or two years in Painesville, Ohio. He then returned to his native place and resumed practice there, and continued it successfully with the general public esteem and the fullest confidence of those with whom he had relations of business in his integrity, judgment, and ability, nearly to the close of his life.

Mr. Bristol was twice married: first to Mary Bliss, of Springfield, Mass., Nov. 15, 1836, who died Feb. 15, 1849, by whom he
had six children, of whom two sons survive him (both graduates of this college), and secondly, Nov. 11, 1850, to Caroline Bliss, of the same place, by whom he has had three children (one of them a member of the graduating class of this year), who with their mother are still living.

William McCrackan Lathrop, the second son of Hon Samuel Lathrop (Y. C. 1792) and Mary (McCrackan) Lathrop, was born in West Springfield, Mass., Nov. 8, 1806. He was fitted for College by Rev. Dr. T. M. Cooley, of Granville, Mass.

He studied law with his father, and settled in Enfield, Hampshire County, Mass., but after a brief experience at the bar removed about 1833 to New York City and became a commission merchant. He was not successful in business, and about 1850 returned to his native State. He soon settled in Boston, first as Cashier of the Eliot Bank, and from 1854 as Secretary of the Eliot Insurance Company. He held the last-named office until in consequence of great losses by the fire in Boston in November, 1872, the company became insolvent. He was made the President of the Commonwealth Insurance Company, which was organized as a successor to the Eliot, April 1, 1875, but the partial relief from severe labor which he expected in his new position, he was not long able to enjoy.

He attended the meeting of his class in New Haven on the 50th anniversary of their graduation, July 1, 1875, and was greatly interested. While visiting some old acquaintances on this occasion, he was suddenly seized with hemiplegic symptoms, but recovered sufficiently to start for his home the next day. On reaching Hamilton (then the place of his residence, 22 miles north of Boston), he had a renewed and more decided attack. From that time he gradually declined until his death, Aug. 24, 1876, in his 70th year.

He was thrice married, and left four children: two, a daughter and a son by his first wife—Charlotte Elizabeth Belcher, of Enfield—and two daughters by his last wife and widow—Elizabeth Rogers.

1827.

Robert Alexander Hallam, the son of Orlando and Lucy (Christophers) Hallam, was born in New London, Conn., Sept 30, 1807.
After some time spent in teaching, he entered in October, 1829, the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the city of New York, where he finished the course in June, 1832. On the 2d of August, 1832, he was ordained Deacon in Hartford, Conn., by Bishop Brownell, and went to Meriden, Conn., the next month, as rector of St. Andrew’s Church, where he was ordained priest by Bishop Brownell, Aug. 2, 1833. He returned to New London, Jan. 1, 1835, as rector of St. James’s Church, a position which he held until his death, being however incapacitated by infirmity from active duty during the last few years, and relieved by the appointment of an assistant.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Trinity College in 1853. In 1836 he published a volume of Lectures on the Morning Prayer, and a volume of Sermons; also, in 1871, a course of lectures on Moses, and in 1873 a history of his parish church.

He died in New London, Jan. 4, 1877, aged 69 years.

He was married, Nov. 4, 1834, to Phebe Ann, daughter of Asahel Curtis, of Meriden, Conn., who survives him without children.

1828.

Ebenezer White Arms, third son of Ebenezer and Mary (White) Arms, was born in Greenfield, Mass., March 29, 1805.

On graduation he went at once to Geneva, N. Y., and entered on the study of law in the office of the late Hon. James H. Woods. He was admitted to the bar and remained with Mr. Woods in Geneva until the autumn of 1833, when he was induced to remove to Aurora, N. Y., by the persuasion of his friend Christopher Morgan, whose death is noticed below. They formed a copartnership which existed until Mr. Morgan removed to Auburn in 1841, Mr. Arms continuing in Aurora for the rest of his days. He was especially trusted in the care of estates, and universally honored for his pure and upright life.

He was the chief contributor to the recent erection of St. Paul’s Episcopal Church in the village of Aurora, which is henceforth to be called the Arms Memorial Church.

He died, after an illness of six weeks, of pneumonia, Jan 15, 1877, in the 72d year of his age.

He was married, Nov. 12, 1835, to Lydia, daughter of Hon. Daniel Avery, of Aurora, who survives him. They had no children.
FREDERICK WILLIAM CHAPMAN, elder son of Abisha and Mary (Goss) Chapman, was born in Canfield, Ohio, Nov. 17, 1806.

He taught the academy in Sharon, Conn., for the year after graduation, and spent the three succeeding years in the Divinity School of Yale College. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Stratford, Conn., Sept. 5, 1832, and resigned this charge, May 16, 1839, to accept a call from the Congregational Church in Deep River (in Saybrook), Conn., where he was installed May 29. From this charge he was dismissed, Oct 1, 1850, and on the 24th of the same month was installed over the Congregational Church in South Glastonbury, Conn., where he remained until Oct. 29, 1854. He then became the principal of the high school in Ellington, Conn., and so continued until 1863, supplying in the mean time the church in West Stafford, Conn., for four and a half years (1856-61), and afterwards the church in Bolton, Conn., to which town he next removed. Leaving Bolton in 1864, he supplied the pulpit of the Union Church in East Hampton, Conn., for two years, and for five years had charge of the church in Prospect, Conn. In 1871 he removed to Rocky Hill, Conn., and devoted himself thenceforth to genealogical researches. He had already published, in 1854, a genealogy of the Chapman Family, and in 1864 one of the Pratt Family. Four more volumes compiled by him were printed,—the Trowbridge and Buckingham genealogies in 1872, the Coit genealogy in 1873, and the Bulkeley genealogy in 1875. In August, 1873, a stroke of paralysis impaired his faculties, but he continued to work until a second stroke, in October, 1875, which deprived him of speech, and left him to pass the remaining months in feebleness of body and mind, until his death, at his residence in Rocky Hill, July 20, 1876, in his 70th year.

He was married, May 6, 1833, to Emily, eldest child of Henry Hill, of Westbrook, Conn., who died in South Glastonbury, of apoplexy, March 30, 1854, aged 44 years. He married secondly, Nov. 7, 1855, Caroline, widow of John Crooks, of East Longmeadow, Mass., and daughter of Samuel Strickland, of Ellington, Conn., who survives him. Of the three children by his first marriage, one son only survives.

THOMAS OLIVER LINCOLN, eldest son of Ensign and Sophia (Larkin) Lincoln, was born May 4, 1809, in Boston, Mass., where he was fitted for college in the Public Latin School.
He returned to Boston after graduating, and studied law in the office of Richard Fletcher, Esq., until June, 1831. About this time he began a religious life, and although his prospects of success in the law were bright, he felt it his duty to abandon that profession for the ministry. Accordingly he entered the Newton (Mass) Theological Institution, where he graduated in 1834. He was ordained, Dec 10, 1834, and soon became the pastor of the Baptist church in Kennebunk, Me. In 1836 he resigned in order to take charge of the new Free Street Baptist Church in Portland, Me, where he labored successfully till 1841, when he was called to Philadelphia. In the following years he exercised his ministry in Manchester, N. H., Utica and Elmira, N. Y., Williamsport, Pa., and other places. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Madison University in 1856. In 1871 he was called to the pastorate of the Baptist church in Roadstown, N. J., which he was obliged by failing health to resign in 1873. He then removed to Bridgeton, N. J., where he died of paralysis, after a lingering illness, Jan. 20, 1877, in his 68th year.

Christopher Morgan was the second of six sons of Christopher and Nancy (Barber) Morgan, both natives of Groton, Conn., and early emigrants to Aurora, Cayuga Lake, N. Y. He was born in Aurora, June 4, 1808, and died at his residence in Auburn, N. Y., April 3, 1877, in his 69th year.

After graduation he read law in the office of William H. Seward (afterwards Governor), in Auburn, and practiced for a few years in Aurora. He was married, Oct. 24, 1832, to Mary Pitney, of Auburn. In 1837 he was elected to the Congress of the U. S., and in 1839 reelected. At the close of his term he removed to Auburn, and entered into partnership with Gov. Seward, Hon. Samuel Blatchford, and Clarence Seward. In 1847, and again in 1849, he was elected Secretary of the State of New York, these being the first elections by the people to that office. He was also for the same time Superintendent of Public Schools. For many years and up to his death he was a trustee of the State Lunatic
Asylum, at Utica. He was also mayor of the city of Auburn, where his residence continued until his decease.

In the many positions of public trust to which he was called, he enjoyed an enviable reputation for integrity and ability; while in social life his genial manners made him a great favorite.

By his marriage he had one son and three daughters; the daughters alone survive him.

1830.

James Knox, son of James and Nancy (Ehle) Knox, was born in Canajoharie, N. Y., July 4, 1807.

He entered the Sophomore class of Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., in 1827, and a year later entered the corresponding class in this college, the former institution having been temporarily broken up by dissensions. After graduation he studied law with Wm. H. Maynard and Joshua A. Spencer, in Utica, N. Y., and after Mr Maynard's death became in 1833 the partner of Mr Spencer. In 1836 he emigrated to Knoxville, Ill., with one of his brothers, whose ill-health soon threw on him an extensive mercantile business, so that his law-practice was abandoned. In the winter of 1841 he was married to Miss Prudence H Blish, of Wethersfield, Ill., whose death in 1846 so depressed him that he undertook a variety of additional employments as a relief. He became the proprietor and occasional editor of the village newspaper, engaged extensively in farming, and established a very thriving business in the manufacture of agricultural implements. In 1846 he was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress, but in 1852 was elected and again in 1854. Owing to failing eyesight he went to Europe in Oct., 1859, and after a successful operation for cataract returned in Jan., 1861. In Sept., 1865, he again visited Europe for an operation on his eyes, and remained until May, 1869; and in 1872-3 made a third foreign visit. He died in Knoxville, after an illness of two weeks, Oct. 9, 1876, aged 69 years. He had no children.

From his ample estate he gave during his lifetime the sum of $10,000 to this college, $20,000 to Hamilton College, and upwards of $30,000 to educational institutions in his adopted county. He also left in his last will a further sum of money for the promotion of education. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Hamilton College in 1862.
Allen Taylor Caperton was born near Union, Monroe County, Va. (now West Va.), Nov 21, 1810. His father, the Hon. Hugh Caperton, was a Representative in Congress from 1813 to 1815.

He first studied in the University of Virginia, and in 1830 came to this college, entering the class of 1831, and finally graduating in 1832. He studied law with Judge Briscoe G. Baldwin, in Staunton, Va., and in 1834 was admitted to the bar, and began the practice of his profession in his native town. In 1841 and repeatedly afterwards, he was elected to the Virginia House of Delegates, and in 1844 to the State Senate. In 1860 and 1861, he was a member of the State Constitutional Convention, and like many other prominent southern whigs, was a conservative union man, and opposed secession until the actual beginning of hostilities, when he felt it his duty to go with his State. He was a member of the Confederate States Senate, from 1862 until the close of the war, when he returned to his home and resumed the practice of his profession, devoting much of his time and energies to the development of the resources of West Virginia. In February, 1875, he was elected almost unanimously to the U. S. Senate, and took his seat on the fourth of March following. He died in Washington, after a few days' illness, of angina pectoris, July 26, 1876, in his 66th year.

He was married soon after graduating to Miss Harriet Echols, who survives him, with children.

William Patrick Johnston, the son of Col James and Ann Marion (Houston) Johnston, was born in Savannah, Ga., June 11, 1812. He entered college in the third term of the Sophomore year.

After spending a winter in Georgia, he began the study of medicine in 1834 in Philadelphia, and received the degree of M.D. two years later from the University of Pennsylvania. He then devoted himself to hospital service in that city until the fall of 1837, when he sailed for Europe, where he spent two years in study in Paris, and another year in travel.

He was married, Dec 3, 1840, to Mary E., daughter of Bernard Hooe, Esq., of Alexandria, Va., and immediately after settled in Washington, D C, for the practice of medicine. Besides his extensive and lucrative practice, he was connected, from 1842, with
the Medical Department of the Columbian College (now the National Medical College), for three years as Professor of Surgery, and after that as Professor of Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children. He also assumed a large responsibility in the management of the Children's Hospital in Washington, and was otherwise an active and public-spirited citizen. His death, which was caused by fatty degeneration of the heart, occurred in Washington, after a lingering illness of six months, Oct. 24, 1876, at the age of 64. His wife survives him, with four sons and one daughter.


He taught the Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, Conn., for one year after graduation; studied law in the same city, and for many years practiced his profession there. He was for two years Judge of the Probate Court, and from 1853 to 1857 Reporter of the Supreme Court. Subsequently he became interested in the publishing business, and as a member of the firm of S. Scranton & Co. amassed a fortune. He had for some time been depressed in mind, and on Dec. 29, 1876, left home for New York City, taking passage that night at Saybrook on board the steamship Granite State; he was last seen alive early the next morning on the boat, and his body was found near Riker's Island, in the East River, May 23, 1877.

Judge Matson married, May 20, 1840, Elizabeth C., daughter of Lewis Strong (Harv. Coll. 1803), of Northampton, Mass., who died Jan. 29, 1867, aged 49 years. Besides two daughters who died in infancy, they had one son, who is still living, a graduate of this college in 1862.

**George Lemuel Potter** was born in New Haven, Conn., Nov. 10, 1812, the son of Samuel and Jemima (Scovil) Potter.

He studied law, immediately after graduating, in the Yale Law School, and in the spring of 1837 entered on his profession in Natchez, Miss.; in the spring of 1842 he removed to Jackson, the capital, where he gained a large practice and became one of the leading lawyers of the State. On Feb. 5, 1877, while attending Court in Lexington, Miss., he died suddenly, of an apoplectic stroke.

He was married, in the autumn of 1845, to Cynthia Ann, daughter of Judge Mayes, formerly of Louisville, Ky., who died.
some years before him. Of their five children, three sons and one daughter are still living.

1834.

ElEAZER KINGSBURY FOSTER was born in New Haven, Conn., May 20, 1813. His father, Eleazer Foster (Y C. 1802), was a prominent lawyer of New Haven until his early death in 1819, and his mother, Mary Pierpont, was a great-grandchild of Rev. James Pierpont, one of the principal founders of Yale College.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, was admitted to the bar in March, 1837, and settled in practice in his native city. He represented New Haven in the General Assembly in 1844 and 1845, and again in 1865 when he served as Speaker of the House. In 1845, 1846, 1848, and 1849, he was Judge of Probate for the district of New Haven. In 1854 he was appointed State’s Attorney for New Haven County, and was nominated Register in bankruptcy when that office was created, and continued in both these positions till his death. Besides his professional success, Judge Foster’s social qualities gained him the warm regard of a large circle of friends. He died, in New Haven, after a brief illness, of pneumonia, June 13, 1877, aged 64 years.

He married Mary, daughter of William C. Codrington, a lady of English birth, and formerly of Kingston, Jamaica, but then of New Haven, Jan 2, 1838. She died Sept 25, 1872. Of their children, two daughters died before their parents, and three sons, all graduates of this College, are still living.

SAMUEL ST. JOHN was born March 29, 1813, in New Canaan, Conn., the fourth son and fifth child of Samuel and Hannah B (Richards) St John, of New Canaan.

After graduation he studied law in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1836. During the academical year, 1836–37, he was a tutor in the college, at the same time attending lectures in the Medical Department. At the close of the year he resigned his position on account of ill-health, and went to Europe, where he continued his studies in Paris. In 1838 he accepted an appointment as Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, in the Western Reserve College, Hudson, Ohio, in which office he remained until 1851. For the following year he held a similar position in Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio, and was next for four years principal of the Cleveland (O.) Seminary for young ladies,
and Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence in the Cleveland Medical College. In 1856 he visited Europe again, and after his return entered in 1860 on the duties of Professor of Chemistry in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the Medical Department of Columbia College, New York City; the subject of Medical Jurisprudence was added to his chair in 1870, and he continued in the full discharge of his duties until his death, at his residence in New Canaan, Conn., Sept. 9, 1876, aged 63 years. He had been in poor health for several years.

He was married, May 26, 1840, in New York City, to Miss Amelia P. C. Curtis. She died in Cleveland, O., Dec. 22, 1855. Their children, a son and a daughter, are both living; the son being a graduate of this college in 1866.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Medicine from the Vermont Academy of Medicine, Western Reserve College, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and that of LL D from Georgetown College, Kentucky.

George Tomlinson was born in that part of Derby which is now the town of Seymour, Conn., Feb. 5, 1806, the son of Abijah and Betsey Tomlinson. In 1808 his parents removed to New Preston, in Washington, Conn, whence he entered college, not however beginning his preparation until past his majority.

After graduation he spent three years in the Yale Divinity School, and after brief engagements as a preacher in New Preston, and in St. Johnsbury, Vt., became in Jan., 1839, principal of the academy in Bellport, L. I. While in this position he took charge of the Presbyterian church in South Haven, a parish in the town of Brook Haven, L. I., where he was ordained pastor, Sept. 9, 1840. He remained here until October, 1852, and in February, 1854, he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Pendleton, Niagara county, N. Y., where he continued until his return to New Preston, in March, 1860. For two years he supplied the pulpit of the First church there, and then on the death of his father settled in the family homestead, in the village of Marbledale, where he resided till his death, July 16, 1876, aged 70. He had been for some two years in poor health, and in the early spring of 1876 was attacked with diabetes, after which he declined gradually until still further prostrated by a fever a few days before his death.

He was married, April 13, 1841, to Miss Anne M. Taylor, of Warren, Conn. She died after a lingering illness, Sept. 17, 1865. Their only son is still living.
EDWARD BUCK, fifth son of Gurdon and Susannah (Manwaring) Buck, and a descendant of Gov. Gurdon Saltonstall, of Connecticut, was born in New York City, Oct. 6, 1814.

He studied law in New York, and began practice in that city in 1838. In 1843 he removed to Boston, where he continued actively engaged in his profession until his death. From 1854 his residence was in Andover, Mass., where he died, July 16, 1876, in his 62d year.

Mr. Buck was a frequent writer for the newspapers, and published in 1866 an important volume on "Massachusetts Ecclesiastical Law" (Boston, 8vo, 316 pp.). As a prominent Christian layman his interest in all educational and philanthropic matters was always intelligent and active.

He married, June 8, 1841, Elizabeth Greene, daughter of Hon. Samuel Hubbard (Y. C. 1802), of Boston, a Justice of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts. She survives him with their two children, a son and a daughter. The son graduated at this college in 1870.

DAVID JUDSON BURR, son of David J., and Arabella (Shedden) Burr, was born in Richmond, Va., Oct. 16, 1820.

After graduation he studied law (partly in the Yale Law School), and was engaged in successful practice for a few years, but finding it ill-suited to his temperament he abandoned the profession and became a merchant. Although disinclined to public life, he served for several years at the urgent desire of his fellow-citizens, in the Common Council of Richmond and in the State Legislature. On the organization of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce he was elected President, and continued in that office until he positively declined a re-election. His energies were directed to the advancements of the commercial interests of his native State and city; and to facilitate those interests he assumed, at the inception of the enterprise, the responsible and laborious duties of President of the Virginia Steamship Company, which he continued to discharge to the day of his death. He died in Richmond, Aug. 3, 1876, from the effects of a paralytic stroke in 1873. He sympathized entirely with the South in the late war, and was one of the committee who surrendered Richmond to the U.S. troops, April 3, 1865.
He was married in New York, April 10, 1844, to a daughter of Dr. H. W. Denison of Georgetown, S. C., and had six children, four of whom are still living.

James Porter Hart, second son of Dr. John A. Hart, and grandson of Dr. John Hart (Y. C 1776), both of Farmington, Conn., was born in Farmington, July 27, 1817. His mother was Joanna, daughter of Samuel Porter, of Berlin, Conn.

He spent the three years after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, and afterwards resided in New Haven, where he died Jan. 10, 1877, aged 59 years.

He was interested in the science of phonography, and published several tracts on that subject. At an earlier period he took a warm interest in the settlement of fugitive slaves in Canada.

He was married, Feb. 11, 1846, to Mary E. Pierpont, of New Haven, who survives him, with one son.

Chauncey Henry Hubbard, the only son of Mr. Boardman Hubbard, was born in Middletown, Conn., Feb. 10, 1819. He entered college from Springfield, Mass., where his father was for many years inspector of the U. S. Arsenal.

He taught for a while at the South, and afterwards studied theology, in part in the Yale Divinity School, and was licensed to preach by the Litchfield (Conn.) South Association in 1845. During the next year he supplied the pulpit of the Congregational church in Stanwich, a parish in Greenwich, Conn., and from there went to the 1st Presbyterian Church in Sandlake, N. Y., where he was ordained pastor in February, 1848. In 1851 he removed to Bennington, Vt., where he served as acting pastor of the 2d Congregational Church until Jan. 1, 1872. During this time he had made two extended foreign tours, and his resignation of his pastorate was caused by the impaired health of a relative, which obliged him to spend the next two winters in the South, and to cross the ocean again in the summer of 1873. His residence continued in Bennington, where he died Aug. 22, 1876, aged 57 years. While in Philadelphia early in the preceding June, he was thrown down by a passing wagon, and while weakened by the injuries thus sustained he contracted a cold which developed a latent disease of the kidneys, from the effects of which he died.
He was married, in April, 1854, to Martha E., daughter of Sylvester Norton, of Troy, N. Y., who survives him. Their only child, a son, died in 1861.

**1842.**

**Seth Bradley Stone,** son of Seth and Abigail (Bradley) Stone, was born in Madison, Conn., Sept 30, 1817.

After teaching for some years in Williamsburg, L. I., he pursued a course of theological study in the Union Theological Seminary, from 1847 to 1850. In the latter year he was ordained to the ministry, and sailed from New York, October 14, as a missionary from the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, to the Zulus, in South Africa. He arrived at Port Natal in January, 1851, and labored zealously, particularly in preparing books for the natives in their own language, until 1871, when he visited this country to provide for the education of his children. In the summer of 1873 he returned with his wife to Africa, but a year and a half later they were obliged to leave their post on account of her failing health.

He died in Harlem, N Y, January 27, 1877, from the effects of a complicated disease of the kidneys, which had confined him to the house for almost a year.

Mr. Stone married April 20, 1848, Katharine M. Arthur, of New York city, who survives him with four sons and three daughters,—two children having died in early childhood.

**1843**

**Jo in Kendrick,** only son of the Hon Greene Kendrick (Lieutenant-Governor of Connecticut in 1851) and Anna M. (Leavensworth) Kendrick, was born in Charlotte, N. C., May 27, 1825. In 1829 his father removed from Charlotte to Waterbury, Conn.

After a short business experience in New York City, he studied law for a year with Norton J. Buel, Esq., of Waterbury, and for the next year (1846-7) in the Yale Law School. He did not, however, practice his profession with any regularity until a few years before his death. His residence continued in Waterbury, with the exception of a brief period (about 1859) during which he was an assistant editor of the *Daily Register* in New Haven. He represented Waterbury several times in the Legislature, was for three terms Mayor of the city, and through his life an active Democratic politician. In 1870 he was nominated for Congress, but was not elected.
He died in Waterbury, May 27, 1877, being on that day 52 years of age. He had been confined to his house for several weeks by rheumatism, which so seriously affected the bones of one leg that an operation was performed and some pieces of the bone removed. Afterwards an artery in the leg burst, and he lived but a few hours.

In October, 1849, he was married to Miss Marian Mair, of Waterbury, who survives him with two of their three children. One son graduated at this college in 1872.

1844.

Charles Foster, son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth Foster, was born in Lansingburgh, Rensselaer County, N. Y., Sept. 2, 1823. In 1836 his parents removed to Pompey, Onondaga County, where he was prepared for College.

He studied law successively with Hon. Victor Birdseye, of Pompey, Hon. B. D. Noxon, of Syracuse, and Hon. John Van Buren, of Albany. In October, 1847, he was admitted to the bar, but on account of health was advised to try a more active life, and occupied himself in the cattle-trade, until January, 1853, when he began practice as a lawyer in Cortland, N. Y., where he remained until his death. He was in partnership with R. H. Duell, from January, 1857, till 1874, when failing health compelled him to give up his profession. He had been for some years subject to pulmonary difficulties, and spent the three succeeding winters in Washington, but without any marked improvement. From November, 1875, to February, 1877, he was employed as an examiner in the U. S. Patent Office. He died, of consumption, in Cortland, May 23, 1877, aged 53 years.

Besides local offices of trust and honor, the only public position which he filled was that of member of the State Legislature in 1870. In his own village he was held in the highest esteem.

He was married, Oct. 13, 1853, to Jane M., daughter of Richard G. Fowler, of Cortland, who survives him. They had no children.

1845.

Augustus William Lord, son of Reuben and Sarah Lord, was born in Lyme, Conn., April 3, 1825.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, and began practice in Colchester, Conn., which town he represented in the State Legislature in 1850. Just after this date he removed to New York city,
where he continued in the practice of law for about twenty years. He then returned to Lyme, where he resided until his death. He was missed from home on Thursday, October 21, 1875, and his body was found in a lake in the neighborhood the next day. The circumstances proved that he had committed suicide. He was unmarried.

1846.

WILLIAM BANFIELD CAPRON was born in Uxbridge, Mass., April 14, 1824, son of Deacon William C and Chloe D. Capron.

The year after graduation he spent as a private tuter in Baltimore, and then (Dec., 1847) became a teacher in the Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford, Conn., and from 1848 its Principal. This situation he resigned in July, 1853, to enter the Theological Seminary in Andover, with the design of becoming a foreign missionary. He graduated at Andover in 1856, was ordained in his native town, Sept 3, and sailed under the appointment of the American Board, for the Madura (India) mission, in November, 1856. He was stationed at Mâna Madura, and except for one visit to America (May, 1872 to Sept., 1874) continued his useful ministry there until his death. He died very suddenly, of disease of the heart, at Mâna Madura, Oct. 6, 1876, aged 52½ years.

He was married, Oct 1, 1856, to Sarah B., daughter of Rev. Henry B. Hooker, D.D., of Boston. Mrs. Capron survives him, with two daughters. Their only son died in infancy.

1848.

CHARLES CONDIT, the son of Stephen and Phebe S. Condit, was born in Orange, N. J., Dec. 8, 1827.

He studied law in Columbus, O., and in New York, was admitted to the bar in New York in October, 1850, and from that time to the day of his death, was engaged in the successful practice of the law in Brooklyn. From 1859 his brother, Stephen Condit (Y. C. 1856), was in partnership with him. He died suddenly, of paralysis of the heart, in Brooklyn, Oct. 19, 1876, in the 49th year of his age. He was unmarried.

CHARLES THEODORE COTTON, born in Natchez, Miss., Dec 21, 1825, died of consumption in Washington, D. C., March 15, 1877, aged 51 years.

He entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year, and after graduation returned home to teach school.
wards studied law and began practice in St. Paul, Minn., in 1855. At the time of the breaking out of the late civil war he was practicing his profession in Memphis, Tenn., and on a visit to Natchez was driven North by a vigilance committee, on account of his loyalty to the U. S. Government. He came to Washington in 1862, and was from that time until his death a clerk in the Interior Department.

Charles Lowrey, eldest child of Romeo Lowrey (Y. C. 1818) and Elizabeth A. (Whittlesey) Lowrey, was born in Southington, Conn., Feb. 12, 1829.

He studied law with Judge Thomas B. Osborne, of Fairfield, Conn., and subsequently in Brooklyn, N.Y., and was admitted to the bar in October, 1850. He settled in Brooklyn, where he became widely and favorably known as a lawyer, and a public-spirited citizen. He was for a long time the secretary and counsel of the Dime Savings Bank in Brooklyn. In 1868 he was a member of the State Constitutional Convention.

He died in Brooklyn, of inflammation of the bowels, after ten days' illness, Feb. 17, 1877, aged 48 years.

He was married in 1853 to Sarah, daughter of Obadiah W. Jones, of Fairfield, by whom he had one son and one daughter.

1849.

Edward Parmelee Smith, son of the Rev. Noah Smith (Dartmouth Coll. 1818) and Laura (Parmelee) Smith, was born in South Britain, a parish of Southbury, Conn., where his father was pastor, June 3, 1827. On the death of his father, in Oct., 1830, he was taken to the home of an uncle, Col. Ashbel Smith, of Hanover, N. H. He entered Dartmouth College in 1845, and this College two years later.

After graduation, he taught school for three years in Mobile, Ala., and then began the study of theology in the Yale Seminary. In March, 1853, he removed to N. Y. City, and studied in the Union Theol Seminary, laboring also in connection with the Children's Aid Society, until the fall of 1854, when he went to Andover Seminary for the closing year of theological study. After another year spent in preaching in Rockville, Conn., and Pompey, N. Y., he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Pepperell, Mass., June 11, 1856. In Jan., 1863, he offered his services to the U. S. Christian Commission, and was employed, at
first as one of the General Field Agents and later as Field Secretary, until the closing of the work of the Commission, in January, 1866. He had, meantime, resigned his pastorate in 1864, and now entered the service of the American Missionary Association (devoted especially to educational work among the Freedmen) as District Secretary at Cincinnati. In 1867 he was called to N. Y. City as General Field Agent of the Association, and in that capacity performed a large share of the work of planting schools for freedmen in the South. When President Grant in 1871 invited cooperation in the work of Indian civilization, Mr. Smith resigned his position in New York, and offered his services as Indian Agent. He was appointed to the Chippewa Agency in Minnesota, and remained there until unexpectedly offered the position of Commissioner of Indian Affairs of the U. S. Government in April, 1873.

This position he resigned in 1875, and was immediately elected President of Howard University, in Washington. He accepted the Presidency, and in the spring of 1876 sailed for Africa, on invitation of the American Missionary Association, to survey and report on the work of their missions in that country. He left Sierra Leone in May in good health, but while on board the steamship Ambrose on his way from Monrovia (in Liberia) was taken with the African fever, and was too ill to land at Accra, as he had intended. He died on shipboard, in the Gulf of Guinea, near the island of Fernando Po, on the night of June 15, and was buried on the 16th at the Presbyterian Mission Station, Old Calabar.

He was married, June 3, 1856, to Hannah C., daughter of Levi Bush, of Westfield, Mass., who survives him with one of their two children.

JOSEPH FREDERICK WARING, son of William R. Waring, M.D., and Ann (Johnston) Waring, and brother of James J. Waring (Y. C. 1850), was born in Savannah, Ga., Feb. 13, 1832.

He studied law in Philadelphia for a year and a half after graduation, and then spent a year in European travel. After his return he was a planter, and during the late war was in the Confederate service, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. At the time of his death he was living in Savannah as the head of the forwarding department of the Central Railroad, and returned from a Northern vacation to his post just as the yellow fever of September, 1876, was reaching its height. His duties obliged him to be in the part of the city most subject to the epidemic, and he was attacked on Sept. 30, and died Oct. 4, at the age of 44.
1855.

Simeon Thomas Hyde, son of James N. and Mary Ann (Thomas) Hyde, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., July 6, 1834. One of his brothers, Rev. James T. Hyde, was graduated at this College in 1847. He entered College with the class of 1854, and remained with them until the Senior year.

He taught school and studied law for two years, and on being admitted to the bar began practice in 1857 in Colchester, Conn., the home of his widowed mother. A year or two later he removed to New York City, where and in Brooklyn he practiced law until a short time before his death. He served in the late war in the 13th Regiment N. Y. State National Guard, and as 1st Lieutenant of the 15th Conn. Volunteers. His health was permanently impaired by his army experience and by injuries received in the New York riots of 1863. He died in Hartford, Conn., June 2, 1877, in his 43d year.

He married, May 3, 1859, Charlotte B., daughter of William A. Morgan, of Hartford, who survives him with five children.

1856.

George Blagden Bacon, fifth son of Rev. Dr Leonard Bacon (Y. C. 1820) and Lucy (Johnson) Bacon, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 23, 1836.

He entered college as Freshman, but left in November of the Sophomore year, on account of ill-health; in 1866 he received a degree and was enrolled with his class. In April, 1856, he obtained a position as Captain's Clerk on the U. S. ship Portsmouth, and in that capacity and as acting purser, spent two years in a cruise in the East Indies and the China and Japan seas, and in European travel. After his return he spent two years in the Yale Divinity School, and on the completion of his course there received a call to the pastorate of the Congregational church in Orange Valley, N. J., where he was ordained March 27, 1861. He retained this charge, though absent thrice for long periods on account of the delicate state of his health, until his death, in Orange, Sept. 15, 1876, at the age of 40. His disease was consumption, and his death was preceded by eight months of enforced absence from public duties; but his character and attainments had given him a remarkable hold on the affection and respect of his people, and of a wide circle of friends. The degree of Doctor
of Divinity was bestowed on him by the University of the city of New York in 1872.

He was married in Kent, Conn., May 28, 1862, to Miss Frances Jane Mills, of Kent, who survives him with two daughters.

Ira Dunlap, son of Thomas Dunlap, was born, Feb. 22, 1832, in Middleport, Niagara County, N. Y., and died in Boston, Mass., June 18, 1876, aged 44 years.

He spent the year after graduation in travel and in the settlement of his father's estate. He then engaged in banking in Rochester, N. Y., and was for several years cashier of the Rochester Exchange Bank. The later years of his life were spent in travel and in the pursuit of health.

1857

Richard Henry Green, son of Richard Green, was born in New Haven, Conn., Nov. 14, 1833.

After leaving College he taught school in Milford, Conn., for about eighteen months, and then in the Bennington Seminary, Bennington, Vt. While here he began the study of medicine, which he continued at Dartmouth College, receiving his degree in 1864. In the meantime he entered the U. S. Navy, Nov. 5, 1863, as Acting Assistant Surgeon, a position which he held until the close of the war. He then settled in Hoosick, N. Y., and followed his profession there until March 23, 1877, when he died, of disease of the heart, at the age of 43.

While in the navy he was married to Miss Charlotte Caldwell, of Bennington, who survives him with one daughter.

William Arad Thompson was born in Middleboro', Mass., June 21, 1835.

He began the study of law in New Haven, and continued it at Harvard University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1860. He was admitted to the bar in Boston in April, 1860, and at once entered on the practice of his profession there. In 1869 he removed to his native town, but two years later returned to Boston where he remained in practice until his death. He was also engaged largely in real estate transactions, and the ill-success of his ventures caused despondency to such an extent that he lost control of himself and took his own life. He was found dead in his rooms at Newton Highlands, on the morning of Sept. 5, 1876.
He was married, Nov. 14, 1866, to Ella M., daughter of James M. Williams, Esq., of Cambridge, Mass., who died before him. He left several children.

1858.

Montelius Abbott, son of James and Caroline (Montelius) Abbott, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 2, 1838.

He spent a year or two after graduation in France, and then began the study of law in the Law School of Harvard University. Subsequently he pursued his studies in Philadelphia, and received the degree of LL.B. from the University of Pennsylvania in June, 1862, being admitted to the bar at the same time. He afterwards practiced his profession in Philadelphia. His death, which occurred in that city, May 18, 1877, was the result of ill-health caused by a sun-stroke a few years since. He was unmarried.

Edward Payson Batchelor, son of Deacon Stephen F. and Mary Ann (Fletcher) Batchelor, was born in Whitinsville, Mass., Jan. 30, 1835.

He taught school in Litchfield County, Conn., for the most of the time until he entered the Law School at Cambridge, Mass., in Sept., 1860. In 1862 he graduated from Harvard with the degree of LL.B., and was admitted to the bar in Worcester, Mass. On the 1st of March in that year he sailed for San Francisco, where he practiced his profession until his death in that city, of pneumonia, Dec. 28, 1876, in his 42d year. He was unmarried.

Edward Seymour, son of Rev. Ebenezer and Mary (Hoe) Seymour, was born in Bloomfield, N. J., Apr. 1, 1835.

A few months after graduation he entered the office of the New York Times as a reporter. He was assistant-editor of the Times from 1859 till Aug. 1, 1867, when he became connected with the publishing-house of Messrs. Scribner & Co., of which two or three years later he became a member. He so continued until his death, at his residence in Bloomfield, Apr. 28, 1877, aged 42 years. He had been worn down by overwork, and was ordered away for a vacation; but on the night before he was expecting to leave home, was attacked with congestion of the brain, which ended his life within a week. Besides his proper work, Mr. Seymour had written frequently for the periodicals of the day, and had performed much literary labor in connection with the publications.
issued by his firm. For his industry, energy, and integrity, he was very highly esteemed.

He was married, Sept. 22, 1859, to Miss Sarah J., daughter of Rev. J. M. Sherwood, who survives him with their three children.

1862.

James Alfred Dunbar was born in Carlisle, Pa., Dec. 21, 1840.

After graduation he resided in Carlisle, studying and practising law, until the summer of 1869, when he removed to Columbia, S. C. He there formed a law-partnership with his classmate, Hon. D. H. Chamberlain, then Attorney-General of the State, which continued until Jan. 1, 1873, when he entered into a similar partnership with J. H. Runkle, Esq., of Columbia. He died in March, 1876, while in Aiken, S. C., for the benefit of his health.

He was married, in Sept., 1869, to Miss Anne Stringfellow, of Carlisle.

Merritt Cicero Page was born in Wyoming, N. Y., June 12, 1840, from which place he entered College.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Hon. J. W. Edmonds of New York City for two years, and settled the next year in Chattanooga, Tenn., in the practice of his profession. Here he continued until May, 1868, when in consequence of the continued prostration of business, he removed to Wyoming Territory, where in Laramie City and the mining camp of Sweetwater he remained until January, 1871. He then removed to Radersburg, Montana, where he continued in the practice of law. He was drowned in Madison River in that Territory, May 13, 1877. From May, 1872, until his death, he was U. S. District Attorney for Montana.

1863.

Henry Edwards Cooley, son of Charles J. and Lucy B. (Ely) Cooley, was born April 5, 1838, in Norwich, Conn., where his youth was spent. He was fitted for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered from Newton, Mass., where his widowed mother then resided.

He was engaged in teaching in Gen. Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, for a year after graduation, beginning in the mean time his theological studies, which he completed in the Yale Divinity School in 1866. He was ordained,
Aug. 7, 1866, pastor of the First (Congregational) Church in Plymouth, Conn., where he remained until Mar. 31, 1869. He was subsequently for one year the acting pastor of the First Church in Winsted, Conn., and again for a year the stated supply of the Congregational church in South Weymouth, Mass. He was installed, May 9, 1872, pastor of the Congregational church in Littleton, Mass., and was dismissed Oct. 29, 1874, to accept a call from the Congregational Church in North Leominster, Mass., where he was installed, Nov. 10. In this field he labored with diligence until prostrated about the first of February, 1877, by an attack of diphtheria of a very painful type, which terminated his life on the 17th of the same month. He was married, Oct. 10, 1866, to Kate A., daughter of Charles H. Sedgwick, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., who survives him with two children.

Thomas Clark Steele, son of Thomas C. and Jane Steele, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., May 5, 1838.

The three years after leaving college were spent in the study of theology, for the first year in the Western Theol. Seminary, in Allegheny, Pa., and for the last two years in the Union Seminary, N. Y. City. He was married, Dec. 11, 1866, to Kate B. Corbin, of New Rochelle, N. Y., where and in Pittsburgh, the next few years of his life were passed. He was ordained, June 20, 1871, as pastor of the Presbyterian Church in White Plains, N. Y., but resigned in 1873 on account of ill-health. He afterwards resided in New Rochelle, employed in teaching, and while on a visit to Pittsburgh, to make arrangements for the removal of his family thither, took a violent cold, which aggravated the consumptive tendencies with which he was struggling, and caused his death, in that city, March 29, 1877.

Charles Converse Chatfield, son of Oliver S. Chatfield, was born in Bethany, Conn., Apr. 21, 1841.

During his Senior year he established with others of his class the Yale Courant, which proved the pioneer of a large number of college newspapers. Mr. Chatfield remained in New Haven as editor and proprietor of the Yale Courant and the College Courant until 1875, when the latter was united with other papers in the New England Journal of Education, having its office in Boston, of which he became the publisher. He resided in New-
ton, Mass., and died, of consumption, while visiting in New Haven, Aug 22, 1876, at the age of 35. He was married in Middleburgh, N. Y., Dec. 24, 1867, to Miss Frances C. Watson, who survives him with two sons and one daughter.

1867.

Henry Weyman Walker, son of George L. and Isabella (Weyman) Walker, was born in New York City, March 20, 1845. He traveled somewhat extensively after graduation, and subsequently studied law in New York, where he died suddenly, Aug. 16, 1876, aged 31 years.

1871.

Charles Morris Swann, son of Thomas Swann, was born in Crowland, Lincolnshire, England, Feb. 23, 1844. His parents afterwards removed to this country, and resided during his college life in Guilderland, Albany County, N. Y. He enlisted at the outbreak of the late civil war, in the 11th New York Volunteers, and received in the battle of Gettysburg a bullet which penetrated the shoulder and remained lodged in the neighborhood of the lungs, — contributing, perhaps, to cause the disease which terminated his life. After leaving the service, he completed, among many discouragements from poverty, his preparatory studies at Claverack, N. Y., and his college course in New Haven. He then returned to Claverack as a teacher, until so much enfeebled by the progress of consumption that he removed in 1874 to Minnesota, where he became principal of the high school in Mankato. He spent the summer of 1875 in San Francisco, attending (in pursuance of studies begun in Claverack) medical lectures and receiving a degree. The fogs of the coast aggravated, however, his disease. He was able to finish another year of teaching in Mankato, but grew gradually feeble, until his death in that city, Jan 11, 1877, aged nearly 33 years. He was married, in the spring of 1876, to Miss D. A. Hall, who survives him.

1874.

Thomas Armstrong Bent, son of David J. Bent, was born in West Chester, Pa., April 23, 1844, and died after a brief illness in Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 31, 1876, aged 32 years.

He entered College in 1869, and remained with the Class of 1873 until the close of the Junior year. He had been since his graduation a member of the Divinity School of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. He was unmarried.
1876.

Wilbur Allen Fuller, last surviving son of Hon. Allen C. Fuller, was born in Belvidere, Boone Co., Illinois, July 16, 1854, and died in Denver, Colorado, Jan. 13, 1877, of consumption.

In 1868, at the age of 14, he entered the preparatory department of Beloit College, in Beloit, Wis., and in 1872 at the close of the Freshman year there, he became a member of the corresponding class in this College. The most of the time since graduation he spent in California and in Colorado in the vain pursuit of health.

1876.

Henry Clay Easton, youngest son of Shadford and Eliza Easton, of Covington, Ky., was born in that city, Nov. 7, 1852, and died there, Aug. 1, 1876, aged 23 years and 8 months.

He finished his College course with great difficulty, under the continually increasing inroads of tubercular consumption: and a cold contracted by unusual exposure a few weeks after graduation brought on a hemorrhage which terminated his life.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

1823.

William Henry Cogswell, the eldest child of Col. William and Mercy Cogswell, was born, Dec. 3, 1798, in that part of Preston, Conn., which is now included in the town of Griswold. He was employed on his father's farm until he entered on the study of medicine in New Haven. Immediately upon receiving his degree he settled in Plainfield, Conn., at first in partnership with Dr. Josiah Fuller, but after two or three years he established a separate office and continued there, prominent and respected in the active practice of his profession, until his death, after two days' illness, Nov. 22, 1876, aged 78 years. In 1830 he represented the town in the Legislature, and in 1860 was a member of the State Senate. For nearly three years during the late war he was a special agent, appointed by the Governor, to care for the sick and wounded soldiers of Connecticut regiments on the field or in the hospitals.

He was married, at about the time he began practice, to Mary L., daughter of Dr. Josiah Fuller. After her death he was again
married, in 1829, to Miss Lucretia A. Payne, of Canterbury, Conn, who survives him with five children.

1828.

ISAAC HARTSHORN, the youngest son of Edward and Mary Hartshorn, was born in Manchester, Vt., July 6, 1804, and died in Providence, R. I., Jan 29, 1877, aged 72 years.

He went to Providence, R. I., in early life, to reside with an uncle, and after taking his medical degree returned there to begin practice. He was, however, soon turned aside from professional life to some business ventures for which he found himself to have a special adaptation. He became interested in the manufacture of India rubber shoes, and applied himself with great energy and perseverance to the development of the inventions which he introduced. In this connection he became a party to several celebrated law suits. He was also interested at a later period in other manufacturing enterprises; as president and agent, for example, of the Burnside Rifle Company. He made three visits to Europe, on account of his health, and while on the last return voyage, was attacked with paralysis, which some three years later terminated his life.

Dr Hartshorn married a Miss Gardiner, of Brooklyn, N. Y., by whom he had issue, a son and two daughters. The daughters alone survive.

1829.

ALMON HAWLEY, the sixth child of Timothy R. and Deborah Hawley, was born in Farmington, Conn., Aug 11, 1801. His parents removed to Ohio, in 1802, settling in 1811 in Jefferson, where he lived the rest of his life.

On graduation he at once began the practice of medicine, in which he continued actively until his death, of pneumonia, Nov. 3, 1876, in Keokuk, Iowa, while on a visit to a relative.

Dr Hawley was first married, Oct. 20, 1827, to Miss Susan A Dunn, of Connecticut, who died Aug. 8, 1839; by her he had six children, the only one who survived infancy, a daughter, being still living. He was married a second time, Oct. 27, 1841, to Miss Sophronia Marsh, daughter of Alvin Marsh, a prominent lawyer of Manlius, N. Y. She, with four of their six children,—two sons and two daughters,—survives him.
ARTEMAS BELL, son of James and Mary (Percival) Bell, was born in Chester, Mass., May 7, 1815. His father’s death (in 1830) obliged him to support himself; and by working on a farm in the summers and teaching in the winters, he gained the means to carry out his strong desire of studying medicine. He was at first a pupil of Dr. Jairus Case, of Granby, Conn., and finished his preparation in this college.

After receiving his degree he established himself in Southwick, Mass., but soon removed to the neighboring town of Southampton, where he was a successful and highly esteemed physician for upwards of thirty years. His health then failing he removed to Feeding Hills, Mass., where he spent the remainder of his life as an invalid in the family of his brother, Dr. Cyrus Bell. He died in Feeding Hills, March 18, 1877, in his 62d year.

He was married, May, 1839, to Eliza, daughter of Col Thaddeus Foot, of Southwick.

SIDNEY HASKELL LYMAN, the eldest of eight children of Norman Lyman, M.D., and Eunice (Smith) Lyman, was born, Nov. 7, 1813, in Glastonbury, Conn., where his father resided until 1828, when he removed to Warren, in Litchfield County.

While in the Medical School, Dr. Lyman assisted Dr. Charles Hooker, the Professor of Anatomy, in the preparation for his lectures, and so laid the foundation for somewhat unusual surgical skill. After graduation he taught school for a brief period, and for a year practiced medicine in New Fairfield, Conn. He was married, March 31, 1841, to Almira, daughter of Ira Eaton, of Kent, Conn., and in the following autumn, he removed to New Preston, a village in the township of Washington, Conn., where a few months later he was joined by a younger brother, on his graduation from this Medical School. They practiced their profession together until 1867, and from that date separately.

After the death of his first wife, Dr. Lyman was married, Apr. 20, 1847, to Abigail Esther, daughter of Birdsey Beardsley, Esq., of Kent. He represented the town in the State Legislature in 1861, and was an examining surgeon during the war. He died in New Preston, of softening of the brain, Feb. 16, 1877, aged 63 years. Of the three children of his first marriage, one daughter is still living. By his second wife he had four children, three of whom survive him.
1843.

George Edwin Perkins, son of Moses and Mary (Harrison) Perkins, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 13, 1821.

After receiving his degree he established himself as a physician in North Madison, Conn., and in 1850 removed to Waterbury, Conn., where he practiced his profession continuously until his death. For a few years his younger brother, Dr. Moses H. Perkins, who graduated at this Medical School in 1849, was associated in business with him. He died after ten days' illness, of congestion of the brain, in Waterbury, Aug. 22, 1876, aged 55 years.

He was married, May 13, 1858, to Margaret A., daughter of Ard Welton, of Waterbury. She died in October, 1860, aged 33, and he was again married in March, 1874, to Mary J., eldest daughter of Lemuel H. Munson, of Waterbury, who survives him. He had no children.

1847.

John Deacon died in Waterbury, Conn., June 9, 1877, aged 49 years.

He had practiced his profession in Waterbury for nearly thirty years.

1852.

Pierre Robeau Holly, son of Wm. Welles Holly, of Stamford, Conn., died in Hamilton, Bermuda, March 3, 1877.

He practiced medicine for a few years in the West Indies, and then in Greenwich, Conn., and from 1860 in Stamford.

Welles Hamilton Sellew, son of Philip H. Sellew, was born in Portland (then a part of Chatham), Conn., Sept. 11, 1829.

He settled in Moscow, Livingston County, N. Y., in the practice of his profession, in the autumn of 1852, and remained there, gaining the entire confidence of the community, until his death, June 23, 1876, in his 47th year. He had suffered for several years from diabetes, which terminated in consumption.

He was married, May 30, 1854, to Miss Helen B. Smith, who with two sons survives him.

Zebulon Wanton Thomson, son of John and Anna M. Thomson, was a native of Watertown, N. Y., and graduated from Hamilton College in 1849.
After taking his medical degree he engaged in the practice of his profession for a short time in Buffalo, N. Y., and thence removed to Indianapolis, Ind. He afterwards spent some years in California, and later settled in Virginia City, Nevada. In the latter part of the year 1875 he returned to California, and died in a hospital in Auburn in that State, April 27, 1876. He was never married.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1866.

Adrian John Ebell, son of Henry T. and Mary (Palm) Ebell, was born Sept. 20, 1840, in Jaffnapatam, on the Island of Ceylon. When about ten years of age, he was sent to this country to be educated. He entered the Academical Department of this college, with the class of 1862, remaining however for two terms only. The next year he again entered college with the class of 1863, but retired at the end of one term. He then taught music in New Haven and in Chicago, and served for a short time in the Indian war in Minnesota, with the rank of 1st Lieutenant, and then returned to New Haven and graduated at the Scientific School.

He afterwards studied medicine at the Albany Medical College, graduating M.D. in 1869. In the meantime he had begun to lecture before schools and lyceums on natural science, and in 1871 he established himself in New York City as director of "The International Academy of Natural Science," which comprised a plan of travel and study in Europe for annually organized classes of young ladies. He embarked from New York, on one of these tours, late in March, 1877, on board the steamship Frisia, and was taken ill almost immediately. He arrived, however, in the harbor at Hamburg, April 10th, and was able with assistance to get on board the small steamer which was to carry passengers to the dock, but died before reaching the shore. The immediate cause of death was rheumatism of the heart.

He was married, in September, 1874, to Oriana L., daughter of Dr. A. J. Steele, of New York, who survives him.

1872.

Thomas Perkins Nevins, son of David H. and Cornelia L. (Perkins) Nevins, was born, March 1, 1850, in the city of New York, whence his parents removed in 1859 to Waterford, Conn.
He was educated for the profession of a civil engineer, but not finding any satisfactory opening he abandoned the plan. The greater part of the two years after graduation he spent with friends in New York City. In the summer of 1874 his health began to fail, and after his return from a brief pedestrian tour in England grew rapidly worse. In November he returned to his father's house in Waterford, and there died in January, 1875, aged nearly 25 years.

1875.

Wells Cushman Lake died in Lake Forest, Ill., Oct. 3, 1876, aged 22 years. He returned to his home, in Lake Forest, on graduation, and was for the next year one of the proprietors of a "School of Art" in Chicago, giving also some instruction elsewhere in drawing. He was attacked with hemorrhage from the lungs in July, 1876, and gradually declined until his death. He was unmarried.

THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

1875.

Charles Fitch Morse, son of Amasa and Sarah A. Morse, was born in Union, Conn., Sept. 5, 1844.

He graduated at Amherst College in 1872, and immediately entered on the study of theology in this Seminary, his residence being at Stafford Springs, Conn.

He died, of typhoid fever, Aug. 29, 1876, in Brookfield, Mass., where he was stated supply of the pulpit of the Evangelical Congregational Church.

Marshall Reuben Peck died at his father's residence in Brookfield, Vt., Aug. 6, 1876, aged 29 years.

He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1870, was for two years principal of a graded school in Northfield, began the study of theology in the Chicago Theol. Seminary, and spent the last two years of the course here.

He was ordained in Brookfield, Sept. 2, 1875, and sailed with his wife, Mrs. Helen N. Peck, from New York City, Oct. 2, to join the Madura Mission of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. They arrived at their destination in December, but exposure to the climate of Southern India caused an alarming development of disease in Mr. Peck, such as to compel his almost immediate return.
LAW DEPARTMENT.

1871.

Michael Edward Downes, son of William and Ellen Downes, was born in New Haven, Conn, in May, 1851. In December, 1871, he was appointed clerk in the Probate Court of New Haven, and only resigned the position on account of ill-health about a year before his death. He was soon after appointed assistant clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, and so continued until his death, of consumption, in this city, Sept 22, 1876, at the age of 25. He was unmarried.

[Notice of the following deaths were received too late for insertion elsewhere.]

1813.

Frederick Morgan, a native of Groton, Conn, died in Colchester, Conn., June 18, 1877, aged 85 years. He taught for about six years after leaving college—from 1816 to 1818—as a Tutor in this College, so that at the time of his death he was the oldest living former officer of the college. He also studied medicine here, receiving his degree in 1819. In January, 1820, he began practice in Colchester, where he soon married a daughter of Dr. John R. Watrous. In 1824 he removed to Middle Haddam, and in the spring of 1826 to Middletown, and again three years later to Ellington; but in Oct, 1830, he returned to Colchester, where he remained until his death, and as long as his health permitted was engaged in the practice of his profession. He was confined to his house for the most of the year preceding his death.

His wife survives him with several of their children.

1835.

Ebenezer Banks Adams died at his residence in Green's Farms, Westport, Conn, about the middle of June, 1877, aged 66 years. He had been a teacher of a private school in Westport for all his life, except as disabled by illness. His wife, who survives him, is a daughter of the Rev. Thomas F. Davies (Y. C. 1813).
### ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

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The number of deaths reported is 83 and the average age of the graduates of the Academic Department is 69 years.

Of the Academic Graduates 20 were clergymen, 26 lawyers, 3 physicians, 10 in business, and 3 teachers.

The deaths are distributed as follows—in Connecticut, 26; New York, 15; Massachusetts, 8; New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and District of Columbia, 3 each; Vermont, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Illinois, and California, 2 each, and the remaining 13 in as many different States or foreign countries.

The oldest surviving graduates are of the Class of 1806—GEORGE GOODWIN, of East Hartford, Conn, born April 23, 1786, SETH PIERCE, of Cornwall, Conn, born May 16, 1785.
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