OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in June, 1876, including the record of a few who died a short time previous, hitherto unreported.

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 28th, 1876.]

[No 6 of the Second Printed Series, and No 35 of the whole Record]
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ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1808.

John Chandler, the eldest child of John and Mary (Campfield, Chandler, was born in Elizabethtown, N. J., Dec. 30, 1784. He at first entered the college of New Jersey, but spent the last three years of the course here.

After a short period of study at Andover Theological Seminary, he began to preach, but his delicate health and feeble vocal power kept him from active work in the ministry. He was one of the oldest and most devoted members and officers of the Third Presbyterian Church of Newark, N. J., in which city he passed the greater part of his life.

He married, Sept. 16, 1818, Margaret, daughter of Samuel Chapman, of Elizabethtown (and widow of James C. Mulford), whom he survived fourteen years, and by whom he had four children, three of whom are still living. He died at the residence of his son-in-law, in Brooklyn (E. D.), N. Y., Dec 1, 1875, aged nearly 91 years. Of a class of fifty members, he was the last survivor.

1809.

John Parker Rice was born in Princeton, Mass., Sept. 24, 1786, the only son of Soloman and Mary (Binney) Rice. He assumed a middle name (by act of the state legislature) about 1816, in com-
pliment to his mother who had married Mr. Ebenezer Parker, of Princeton, as her second husband. His only half-brother, Aurelius D. Parker, was graduated at this college in 1826.

Soon after leaving college, Mr. Rice went to Salem, Mass., and engaged in teaching. He was married to Sarah, daughter of George Crowninshield, Esq., of Salem, Nov. 18, 1816, when he removed to Philadelphia, at the same time giving up his profession as a teacher. In the summer of 1818 he settled in Boston, where the greater part of his married life was spent. Here he became actively interested in the politics of the day and in various benevolent and public enterprises. For a few years he was in business in Boston as a merchant, removing his residence, however, to Dedham a few years after his wife's death, which occurred Feb. 5, 1847.

He finally gave up business, and in 1856 removed to his native town, where he resided in honored retirement until his death, Sept. 20, 1875, at the age of 89. His only child, a daughter, survives him.

1812.

Solomon Brown, son of Nathaniel and Thankful (Woodruff) Brown, was born in Litchfield, Conn., Nov. 17, 1790.

He studied theology, and was licensed to preach by the Litchfield North Association, Sept. 30, 1813, and for seven or eight years combined the duties of teacher and preacher, until a severe hemorhage of the lungs obliged him to relinquish almost entirely public speaking. In 1821 he removed to New York city, to pursue his vocation as a classical teacher, and there he embraced the doctrines of Emanuel Swedenborg, and was constituted a regular preacher of the New Jerusalem Church. He continued to teach, however, until 1832, when he took up dental surgery as a profession, and for many years followed his calling in New York city.

He showed his enthusiasm for his art by publishing two poems ("Dentologia," in 1833, and "Dental Hygeia," in 1838) and several essays, elucidating its principles. He also published in 1818 "An Essay on American Poetry," and was for many years a frequent contributor to the periodical press, and especially to the columns of the New York "Mirror."

Dr. Brown married in 1834 Elizabeth, daughter of Amos Butler, for many years editor and proprietor of the New York "Mercantile Advertiser." In 1874 they removed to Minnesota, where he continued at the residence of his son-in-law, Judge C. D. Tuthill.
in Dodge Center, until his death, which occurred Feb. 13, 1879, in the 86th year of his age. His mental faculties continued clear and vigorous until his last illness, which was very brief. His wife, five daughters and one son survive him; two sons having died in early manhood.

1814.

JOSEPH HEATLY DULLES, son of Joseph and Sophia (Heatly) Dulles, was born in Charleston, S. C., Febr. 7, 1795.

Almost immediately after graduation, he entered on a mercantile career in Philadelphia. Although he had in large measure the talents which lead to success in business, from the beginning he never forgot what was due from a liberally educated man to the promotion of public interests. He was one of the founders of the Academy of Natural Sciences and of the Mercantile Library, and one of the earliest and most efficient friends of the Franklin Institute. He was also one of the organizers and for over fifty years one of the managers of the American Sunday School Union. Of the Presbyterian Church he was an earnest working member. In business enterprises he was equally active, and in his maturer years was especially interested in the development of the coal and iron interests of his adopted state. He died at his residence in Philadelphia, March 12, 1876, in his 82d year. He married, in 1819, a daughter of John Welsh, Esq., of Philadelphia, who survives him, with four sons and four daughters. Of his sons three were graduated at this college, in 1839, 1844, and 1852. One of his daughters is the wife of Charles J. Stille, LL.D. (Y. C. 1839.)

1815

WILLIAM BUELL SPRAGUE, the youngest son of Benjamin and Sybil (Buell) Sprague, of Andover, Conn., was born in that town, Oct. 16, 1795, and died in Flushing, N. Y., May 7, 1876.

For a year after graduating, he was a private tutor in the family of Major Lewis, a nephew of Washington, at Woodlawn, Va. In the fall of 1816 he entered the Theological Seminary at Princeton, N. J., and was graduated in the regular course. He was settled, Aug. 25, 1819, over the Congregational Church in West Springfield, Mass., as colleague pastor with Rev. Dr. Joseph Lathrop (Y. C. 1754), who died in the following year. Here he remained until 1829, when he accepted a call from the Second Presbyterian Church in Albany, N. Y., and was installed as their pastor on the 26th of
August. His settlement in Albany continued for a period of forty years, and until he had reached the age of 74. In the fall of 1869 he resigned his pastoral charge, and in May, 1870, removed to Flushing, L. I., where he spent the remaining years of his life.

In 1828 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Columbia College, and in 1848 the same degree from Harvard University. In 1859 Princeton College conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

The principal literary work of his life was the "Annals of the American Pulpit," of which nine volumes are published, and a concluding volume is complete in manuscript and will probably be brought out at some future time. Among other published writings may be mentioned, "Letters to a Daughter," "Letters from Europe," "Lectures to Young People," "Lectures on Revivals," "Contrast between True and False Christianity," "Life of Dr. E. D. Griffin," "Life of Jedidiah Morse," "Life of President Dwight" (in Sparks's "American Biography"). The number of his published sermons, addresses and orations is about 175. Among them are the Phi Beta Kappa address at this college in 1843, and the oration before the Alumni in 1860.

One of the principal receipts of his life was the collection of autograph manuscripts. He began this at an early day, and succeeded in accumulating a great quantity of interesting material. A considerable portion of Gen Washington's private correspondence was presented to him by one of the members of the Washington family, and his collection includes two complete sets of the autographs of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, a complete set of the generals of the Revolution commissioned by the Continental Congress (the only set in existence), all the English sovereigns from James I, all the French sovereigns from Louis XIV, together with such individual names as St. Augustine, Calvin, Bunyan, Melanchthon, Erasmus, the Emperor Charles V, Henry IV of France, Henry VIII of England, and most men and women of note in this country or abroad during the 18th or 19th centuries. The collection fills four large cases.

Dr. Sprague was first married, Sept. 5, 1820, to Charlotte, daughter of Gen Wm. Eaton, of Brimfield, Mass. She died June 25, 1821. He was married, secondly, Aug. 2, 1824, to Mary, daughter of Hon. Samuel Lathrop, of West Springfield. She died Sept. 16, 1847, and he was again married, May 13, 1840, to Henrietta B., daughter of Hon. Samuel Lathrop, who is still living.
All the children of the second and third marriages who survived infancy, are still living: they are two sons and one daughter by the second marriage, and two daughters and one son by the third.

1816.

Isaac Bird, son of Isaac and Rhoda (Selleck) Bird, was born in Salisbury, Conn., June 19, 1793.

He spent the year after graduation as a teacher in the academy in West Nottingham, Md., and in Nov., 1817, entered Andover Theol. Seminary. His three years there were passed in close companionship with his classmates, William Goodell and Daniel Temple, the associates of his future missionary life, and the three friends together offered themselves on graduating to the American Board for work among the heathen. Mr. Bird spent two years in the service of the Board in this country, and was ordained, with Mr. Temple, at North Bridgewater, Mass., Oct. 31, 1821. He was married, Nov. 18, 1822, to Ann, daughter of Capt. Wm. Parker, of Dunbarton, N. H., and they embarked the next month with Mr. and Mrs. Goodell for Malta. He passed the succeeding winter in Jerusalem, and the next 13 years in or near Beirut, Syria. In the summer of 1836 he returned to the United States, on account of the long continued ill-health of his wife, and was for the next two years employed as an agent of the American Board. In Sept., 1839, he began to give instruction in the Theol. Seminary in Gilmanton, N. H., where he remained for six years, during the last part of the time serving as Professor of Sacred Literature. From 1846 to 1869 he conducted a family school in Hartford, Conn., and then removed to Great Barrington, where he died at the residence of his son, June 13, 1876, at the age of 83. His wife survives him. Of their ten children four died in infancy. One son graduated at Dartmouth College in 1844, and another at this College in 1848. The eldest son is a missionary on Mount Lebanon, and the eldest daughter is the wife of Rev. Dr. Van Lennep, so long a missionary in the Turkish Empire.

1817.

Nehemiah Brown was born in Canterbury, Conn., June 11, 1791, and died in New York City, Jan. 5, 1876, in his 85th year.

After leaving College he studied divinity with Rev. James M. Mathews, D.D., of New York City, and taught in his family as private tutor about three years. He was then, for about the same
length of time, principal of Clinton Academy, in East Hampton, L. I.

He was ordained and installed eighth pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Huntington, L. I., Oct 18, 1824. In consequence of failing health he resigned this charge June 25, 1832, and removed to New York City. Here he was for several years principal of the Pickett School, and he afterwards taught a collegiate school in Washington, D.C., but returned to New York to pass his later years.

He married Henrietta Conklin, of Huntington, who died some years before him. Of their three sons and four daughters, one son and two daughters survive him.

Baxter Dickinson, youngest son of Azariah and Mary (Eastman) Dickinson, was born in Amherst, Mass., April 14, 1795.

He spent a year in teaching in Virginia, and in 1818 entered Andover (Mass.) Theological Seminary, where he completed the course in 1821. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Longmeadow, Mass., March 5, 1823, and there remained until called to the 3d Presbyterian Church in Newark, N. J., where he was installed Nov. 17, 1829. He labored successfully for six years in that relation, and then accepted an invitation to the Professorship of Sacred Rhetoric and Pastoral Theology in Lane Seminary, Cincinnati. After four years of active devotion to the interests of that institution, he accepted an appointment to the corresponding chair in the seminary in Auburn, N. Y., and held the position eight years. For ten years he served the American and Foreign Christian Union as one of its District Secretaries at New York and Boston, and then removed with his family to Lake Forest, near Chicago, where with them he opened a Young Ladies' Seminary, which was successfully maintained until 1867. The infirmities of age rendering necessary a retirement from all labor, he removed in 1868 to Brooklyn, N. Y., to spend his closing years, and died in that city, Dec. 5, 1875.

In 1838 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Amherst College. He was the author of the paper known as the "True Doctrines," which was adopted in 1837 as the exponent of the doctrinal beliefs of the New School branch of the Presbyterian Church, and received the endorsement of both branches at the late Reunion. In 1839 he was the moderator of the New School General Assembly. He published several sermons, and
some of these, as well as a volume of "Letters to Students," were republished in England.

Dr. Dickinson was married, June 4, 1823, to Martha Bush, of Boylston, Mass., who survives him. Of their nine children, one son and three daughters are living. Two of the sons graduated at Amherst College, in 1844 and 1848 respectively.

1818

Oliver Bronson died at Richfield Springs, N. Y., after a short illness, July 21, 1875, in the 76th year of his age.

After graduating at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1825, he was long a resident of New York City, and had for many years made St. Augustine, Florida, his winter home, becoming thus a liberal benefactor of the educational and religious interests of that State. His widow, Mrs. Joanna Bronson, died in Baltimore, Md., Feb. 13, 1876.

1819.

Jonathan Edwards was born in Hartford, Conn., Sept. 27, 1798, and was the eldest son of Jonathan Walter Edwards (Y. C. 1789), a distinguished lawyer of Hartford, and son of the younger President Edwards. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. Moses Tryon, of Wethersfield, Conn.

After leaving college, he studied law with Chief-Justice Zephaniah Swift (Y. C. 1778), of Windham, Conn., was admitted to the bar in 1824, and was for a few years a practising attorney in Hartford. In 1830 he went to the island of Cuba to reside, but the death of his father in April, 1831, changed his plans, and induced him to return to his native city. In 1835 he was appointed by the state legislature judge of probate for the district of Hartford, and held the office for one year. In 1830 he was nominated by the whigs for secretary of state, but was defeated, with all his associates on the ticket. He removed in 1838 to Troy, N. Y., where he was subsequently mayor of the city, and for two years (1854 and 1855) a member of the state legislature.

He was married, March 1, 1837, to Maria Champion, of Colchester, Conn. After her death he removed in the spring of 1867 with his son to New Haven, Conn., where he spent the remainder of his life in invalid retirement. He died in this city, quite suddenly, of a congestive chill, Aug. 23, 1875, in his 77th year. His only son graduated at this college in 1863.
George Eliashib Adams, eldest son of Deacon Eliashib Adams, was born in Worthington, Mass., Oct. 27, 1801. His mother was Anne, daughter of Rev. John Leland, of Peru, Mass.

In 1808 the family removed to Bucksport, Me., and in 1813 to Bangor, from which place the son entered college. He studied theology in Andover Seminary, graduating in 1826, and in 1827 was appointed Professor of Sacred Literature in the Bangor Theological Seminary, which position he retained until ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Brunswick, Me., Dec. 30, 1829. At Brunswick the students in Bowdoin College were a part of his regular congregation, and after forty years of successful labor he was apprehensive that a younger man might be better adapted to the place, and listened to an invitation to remove to Orange, N. J. He resigned his pastorate in June, 1870, and was soon installed over the Trinity Congregational Church in Orange. Here, though at times quite feeble, he continued his ministry until his resignation in March, 1875. He died after a long illness, in Orange, Dec. 25, 1875, aged 74 years.

He married, in 1826, Miss Sarah Ann Folsom, of Portsmouth, N. H. They had no children, but adopted two daughters. About 1853, some years after the death of his first wife, he married a Miss Root, who survives him with two daughters. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Bowdoin College in 1849.

Isaac Esty, son of David and Mercy Esty, was born in Westmoreland, Cheshire county, N. H., April 24, 1796.

He spent three years in Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1824, and was for some time employed as a home missionary in his native county. He was ordained, Jan. 29, 1829, pastor of a Congregational Church at Cape Elizabeth, Me., where he remained until 1831. He then removed to Bridgeton, Me., where he preached until the spring of 1832, when he returned to his native place. Here he remained in feeble health, devoting himself to farming, for eight years. In the spring of 1840 he removed to Westminster, Vt., where he resided until April, 1846, when he accepted a call to the Congregational Churches in Bethlehem and Franconia, N. H., preaching in each pulpit on alternate Sabbaths. This arrangement continued until the spring of 1851, when he returned to Westminster, where he lived until the spring of 1855, acting during the last two years of this period as pastor of the
Congregational Church. He then removed to Amherst, Mass., where he resided until his death, July 31, 1875, at the age of 79.

He was married, Feb. 11, 1829, to Nancy Goldsmith, daughter of Asa Cole, of Westmoreland. She died Dec 13, 1872. Of their two sons, one died in infancy; the other graduated at Amherst College in 1860, and is a Professor in that institution.

David Buck, eldest son of Gurdon and Susanna (Manwaring) Buck, was born in New York city, Jan. 29, 1806.

The first year of his college course was spent in Columbia College. He resided in Boston, where he married Matilda, daughter of Henry Hall, Esq., by whom he had five children. He died at his summer residence in Marblehead, Mass., Aug. 15, 1875.

Samuel Hopkins Riddle, eldest son of Rev. William Riddle (Dartmouth College 1793), was born in Bristol, Me., where his father was then pastor, Jan. 2, 1800. His mother was Lucy, daughter of Rev. Dr. Samuel Hopkins (Y. C. 1749), of Hadley, Mass.

He went from college to the Andover Theological Seminary, and finished the course there in 1826. He was called to the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Glastonbury, Conn., April 23, 1827, and was ordained there on the 27th of the following June. Having been in 1836 appointed an Agent of the American Education Society, he was dismissed in February, 1837, from his pastoral charge, and for the next two years devoted himself to the interests of that Society as its agent for Connecticut and Rhode Island and as Secretary of the Connecticut branch. In April, 1839, having been appointed editor of the "Congregationalist," a religious newspaper published in Hartford, Conn., he resigned his agency, but two years later was recalled to the service of the same society as its Secretary at its general office in Boston. In this position he continued until 1850. He was subsequently, from 1853 to 1858, an editor and proprietor of the "Puritan Recorder," and was installed, Aug. 15, 1860, over the Congregational Church in Tamworth, N. H. While in this office his wife died, Febr. 4, 1866, and later the only remaining member of his family, an invalid daughter, was taken away. Soon after this last affliction he resigned his charge, July 12, 1871. In the fall of 1875 he went to the West to visit, and was prevailed upon to pass the winter.
with friends in Des Moines, Iowa. In the spring he contracted a cold which developed into pneumonia, of which disease he died, June 1, 1876, in his 77th year.

1824.

James Lowrey, youngest child of Daniel and Anna (Munson) Lowrey, was born in that part of Farmington which is now Plainville, Conn., Sept. 10, 1802.

He went to Wellsboro, Pa., as the principal of the academy, and there studied law, and entered into partnership with Hon. Ellis Lewis. He was at one time a member of the State Legislature. He retired from practice several years before his death, and removed to Burlington, N. J., where he died, Nov. 30, 1875, aged 73 years.

He married, in 1830, Mary W., daughter of Hon. Samuel W. Morris, of Pennsylvania, who is still living.

1825.

Stephen Topliff, son of Cyrus and Mary (Streeter) Topliff, was born in Willington, Conn., Nov. 9, 1796.

From College he entered directly the Yale Divinity School, and upon finishing the three years' course there was ordained as an evangelist at North Branford, Conn., Oct. 15, 1828. His first pastoral charge was over the 4th Congregational church in Middletown, Conn., (Westfield society), from May 27, 1829, to Oct. 3, 1838. After serving as stated supply in Columbus, O., in 1839-40, he returned to Connecticut and was settled over the Congregational Church in Oxford, from Sept. 1, 1841, to July 1, 1860. He then retired to Cromwell, Conn., where he resided until his death, of dysentery, Aug. 7, 1875, at the age of 78.

He was married, Oct. 14, 1838, to Almira, daughter of Seth Wilcox, of Middletown, by whom he had two daughters.

1826.

Edward Waring Parker was born in Charleston, S. C., April 13, 1806, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year from Spartanburgh District, S. C.

After graduation he studied law in Edgefield, S. C., and was admitted to the bar, May 15, 1828, but never practised. He spent some years in travel, and in Jan., 1834, married Martha W. Williamson, of Fairfield, S. C., and settled in Spartanburgh,
where he remained until his death, after six months' illness, Dec. 11, 1873, in his 58th year. He lived in the country, and devoted himself to reading and to the education of his two daughters, who died after they were grown up, within five days of each other, in the year 1865. His wife survives him.

Mark Pratt, son of Hopson and Delia (Skiff) Pratt, was born in Kent, Conn., April 15, 1804.

After graduation he taught school at home for a few months, and was then for a time engaged in business. He finally studied medicine, graduating at the Yale Medical School in 1831. For the first two years he practiced his profession in Delhi, N. Y., but in 1833 settled in Haverstraw, N. Y., where he remained until his death, Jan. 23, 1876, in his 72d year.

In 1838 he married to Miss Fanny A. Coggswell, of New Preston, Conn., who survives him, with two of their four children.

Thomas Ritter, son of David and Lydia (Bailey) Ritter, of New Haven, Conn., was born in this city, April 28, 1806.

After leaving College he took charge of an academy in Unadilla, N. Y., but returned to New Haven in 1827 and entered the Medical School, where he received his diploma in the spring of 1829. After an interval of further study in New York, he made a brief trial of the practice of his profession in Longmeadow, Mass., and in Wethersfield, Conn., but returned to New York, where he entered upon the retail drug business, continuing also his medical practice. He finally gave his whole attention to the preparation of medical stores for vessels, and published a medical work for the use of ships, of which over 30,000 copies have been sold. Dr. Ritter was an active Christian, and the exertions which he made in connection with the recent services of Messrs. Moody and Sankey in New York contributed to shorten his life. He died, after an illness of twelve days, of pneumonia, May 12, 1876, at the age of 70.

In June, 1830, he was married to Miss Delia Maria Ayres, of New Canaan, Conn., and had nine children, four of whom, with his wife, survive him.

1827.

Horace Bushnell, son of Ensign and Dotha (Bishop) Bushnell, was born in Litchfield, Conn., April 14, 1802. At the time
of his admission to college, his residence was in the parish of New Preston, in Washington, Conn.

On graduating, he went to Norwich, Conn., as principal of the Chelsea Grammar School, but in February, 1828, accepted a position in the editorial office of the N. Y "Journal of Commerce," which he held until the close of the year. He then returned to New Haven as a law student, but was diverted from the preparation for his profession by the offer of a tutorship in college, in which office he remained for two years, 1829-31. While then looking forward to entrance on the legal profession, his religious life received a special impulse, the result of which was that he devoted himself to the study of theology in the Divinity School of this college, and after two years of preparation was ordained over the North Church in Hartford, Conn., May 22, 1833. With this church he remained, until the loss of health obliged him to resign, Nov. 22, 1859. He was then suffering from consumption, which seemed to threaten a speedy decline; but the strength of his constitution so far prevailed that he was spared for nearly twenty years more of unofficial residence among his former people. He died in Hartford, Feb. 17, 1876, in the 74th year of his age.

He married Miss Mary Apthorp, of New Haven, who survives him with three of their five children.

His principal publications were: in 1847, "Christian Nurture"; in 1849, "God in Christ"; in 1851, "Christ in Theology"; in 1858, "Sermons for the New Life," and "Nature and the Supernatural"; in 1864, "Work and Play," and "Christ and His Salvation", in 1865, "The Vicarious Sacrifice"; in 1868, "Moral Uses of Dark Things"; in 1869, "Woman Suffrage"; in 1872, "Sermons on Living Subjects"; and in 1874, "Forgiveness and Law." In his repute and influence as an author he was unrivalled among the graduates of the college of his generation. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Wesleyan University in 1842 and by Harvard University in 1852; that of Doctor of Laws by this college in 1871.

1829.

JOHN BARKER CHURCH, eldest son of Philip and Ann Matilda Church, was born, Feb. 21, 1808, in Philadelphia, during a winter's residence of his family in that city, their home being on a large landed property in Allegany County, N. Y., near the village
of Angelica, which was named from his paternal grandmother, Angelica Schuyler.

Mr. Church began his college course in Geneva College, joining the Sophomore class at Yale in January, 1827. The first year after graduation he spent in the Yale Law School, but then decided to devote himself to agriculture and the development of his property adjoining his father's estate. After a residence of twelve years in Allegany County, he removed to New Haven, passing five years there, and thence to New York City, where or in the vicinity he remained until his death. For several years his home was on the Hudson river, near Scarborough, where he found the greatest pleasure in the improvement of his estate. He enjoyed robust health during a long life, but during its last year declined rapidly from failure of the digestive organs, and died, in Scarborough, July 23, 1875, in the 68th year of his age.

In 1831 he married Maria Trumbull, daughter of Professor Benjamin Stillman of Yale College, who with seven children survives him.

1830.

Samuel Worthington Dorsey, son of Hon. Thomas B. Dorsey, chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of the State of Maryland, and of Milcah (Goodwin) Dorsey, was born in Baltimore in 1811. He studied law with John Glenn, Esq., in Baltimore, where he was admitted to the bar and engaged in practice for two years, after which he removed to Vicksburg, Miss., and there pursued his profession for about two years longer. During these last years he was also occupied with cotton planting, and he now abandoned his profession, and for the rest of his life was extensively engaged as a planter in Louisiana. He went to Maryland for a visit in the spring of 1875, intending also to be present in New Haven at the meeting of his class in June. But the threatened overflow of the Mississippi river called him home; he sank under the exposure to which he was subjected, and died, October 18, at his residence in Tensas Parish, La. Mr. Dorsey enjoyed the confidence and affection of a wide circle of friends for his high character. He had been State Senator for several terms, and was a member of the State Convention which passed the ordinance of secession in 1861, though he took no active part in the struggle which followed.

He was married in 1853 to Miss Sarah A. Ellis, of Natchez, Miss., who is still living. Mrs. Dorsey is extensively known in the South as an author.
LEWIS BARTHOLOMEW WOODRUFF was born in Litchfield, Conn.,
June 19, 1809. His father was Gen. Morris Woodruff, a judge of
the County Court, and his mother a daughter of Lewis Catlin, of
Harwinton, Conn.

In the fall of 1830 he entered Judge Gould's Law School at
Litchfield, and after completing the course there, was admitted to
practice in April, 1832. From Oct., 1832, till Jan., 1836, he was in
partnership with Hon. Willis Hall (Y C. 1824) in New York
City. He continued in New York in practice by himself for a
number of years, and was later associated with Richard Good-
man, Esq., and with George Wood, Esq. In the fall of 1849 he
was elected Judge of the City Court of Common Pleas, and held
the office for six years. He was then chosen a Judge of the Supe-
rior Court of the city, and at the close of his term of office, re-
sumed the practice of his profession, Jan. 1, 1862. He remained
for six years at the bar, in partnership with his elder son and
with Charles H. Sanford, Esq (Y C 1847.) He was then, in
Jan., 1868, appointed a Judge of the Court of Appeals of the
State of New York, which office he held until Dec., 1869, when
he was made Judge of the Circuit Court of the U. S., for the sec-
ond judicial circuit, embracing New York, Connecticut, and Ver-
mont. This office he held at the time of his death. Both at the
bar and upon the bench, Judge Woodruff was very highly es-
teemed and respected. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws
from Columbia College in 1860. For some years before his death he
was an elder of the Collegiate Reformed Church. He died at
his summer residence in Litchfield, Conn., Sept. 10, 1875, from the
effects of a complicated disorder of the kidneys, which had con-
fined him to the house since early spring.

Judge Woodruff married, in Nov., 1835, Harriette B., daughter
of Chief Justice Joseph C. Hornblower, of Newark, N. J. She
died April 5, 1868. Their three children survive him, the two
sons being graduates of this college.

1831.

TRUSTEN POLK, son of Wm. N. Polk, of Sussex County, Del.,
was born May 29, 1811. His mother was a sister of Gov. Peter
F. Causey, of Delaware.

Returning home after graduation, he began the study of law in
the office of the Attorney-General of the State, and a year later
came back to New Haven for a two years' course in the law
school. In 1835 he removed to St. Louis, Mo., and establishing himself there in the practice of his profession rose by his own exertions to eminence. He was in 1856 nominated and elected as the Democratic candidate for Governor of the State. He held the office until elected to the U. S. Senate, which he entered on March 4, 1857, for a term of six years. On the breaking out of the war he cast his fortunes with the Confederate Government and filled various offices of responsibility. In 1864 he was taken prisoner, and after his exchange occupied the position of Military Judge of the Department of the Mississippi. After the close of the war he returned to St. Louis, and devoted himself to the practice of his profession, until his sudden death, April 16, 1876, in his 65th year.

Gov. Polk was married in 1837 to Elizabeth N. Skinner, of St. Louis, who survives him with four daughters. Their only son died in infancy.

1838.

Charles Lewis Hequembourg, a native of New Haven, Conn., died at Fort McPherson, Nebraska, Dec 24, 1875, aged 64 years and 5 months.

He graduated from Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary in 1838, and preached for a year or more in the Presbyterian Church in Fiedonia, N. Y. He was ordained and installed over the Presbyterian Church in Dunkirk, N. Y., Oct. 27, 1841, from which charge he was dismissed in 1846. He subsequently preached in Jamestown, N. Y., and in Warren, Pa., and in July, 1870, was appointed Chaplain in the U. S. army, and was successively stationed at various points in the Territories. In 1874 he was transferred to Fort McPherson, where he died.

His wife, who survives him with three children, was a daughter of Dr. Ezra Williams, who emigrated from Northford, Conn., to Dunkirk, N. Y.

George Lewis Mills was born in 1815, in Becket, Mass., where his father, Rev. Joseph L. Mills (Union College 1802) was pastor of the Congregational Church for over thirty years.

After graduation he taught in the academy at Bellport, L. I., for nearly two years, and later in New England. In 1840 he went to Ohio, and took charge of an academy in Windham, which place had been settled by a colony from his father's parish. The remainder of his life was devoted to the educational interests of
his adopted State, where his influence as a teacher and a superintendent of schools was widely felt. He died after a brief illness, of congestion of the lungs, at North Liberty, O., March 2, 1876.

He married, in Windham, in 1842, Mary E. Raymond, who died in 1865. Of their three children, one daughter is the only survivor.

1836.

Edward Lucas Hart, second son of Rev. Lucas and Harriet (Morris) Hart, of Wolcott, Conn., was born Dec 31, 1813, in East Haven, Conn., the home of his widowed mother, to which she had returned after the death of her husband, two months before.

Having decided on teaching as a profession, he opened a classical school in New Haven, from which he removed to the charge of the academy in Berlin, Conn., where he continued until he settled in Farmington, Conn., as associate principal with his uncle, Simeon Hart, (Y. C. 1823) in a boarding school for boys. He remained in Farmington, occupied mainly in teaching, until his death, May 15, 1876.

He married, April 26, 1837, Nancy C., daughter of Wm. G. Hooker, of New Haven. Of their six children, one son was graduated at this college in 1872.

1837.

William Wilson Selfridge was born in Kutztown, Pa., March 18, 1817. After graduation he was for three years in business in Allentown, Pa., and after a succession of other business pursuits, settled in South Bethlehem, Pa., where he died Sept. 10, 1875, of inflammation of the brain, consequent on paralysis of over a year's standing.

He was married, March 1, 1842, to Maria W. Wilson, and had four children, of whom two survive him.

1840.

George Darwin Lamont was born in Yates, Orleans county, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1819, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year from Gaines, in the same county. He left his class in April of the Junior year, but received his degree in 1841. He studied law with Hon. J. S. Curtenius, of Lockport, N. Y., and being admitted to the bar in 1841, began practice in that place. The first public office which he held was that of Commissioner of
public schools in Niagara county, and afterwards in 1850 he was elected District Attorney of the county. In 1859 he was elected State Senator from the 29th senatorial district, to fill a vacancy, and in 1862 was appointed U. S. Attorney for the Provisional Court then established in Louisiana, and performed the duties of that position until the court was dissolved in the summer of 1865. Returning to Lockport, he was elected in the autumn of 1865 County Judge, and in 1868, while holding this office, was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State for the 8th Judicial District, to fill a vacancy; in 1871 he was elected to the same position for a full term, and died in office, at his residence in Lockport, Jan. 15, 1876, of disease of the heart.

He married, in 1842, Mary, daughter of J. Cole, of Chili, N. Y. She, with one son and two daughters, survives him.

1841.

Ezra Hall Gillett, the second son of Ely H and Mary (Williams) Gillett, was born in Colchester, Conn., July 15, 1823, and after thorough preparation at the Bacon Academy in his native town entered College at the opening of Junior year. After graduation he spent nearly four years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, for the last year having charge of the library. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Harlem, N. Y., April 16, 1845, and continued in this relation for just 25 years. In the mean time he was appointed in 1868 Professor of Political Science in the University of the City of New York, and occupied the chair, giving instruction also in Moral Science and Ancient History, until his death. He continued also to preach almost every Sunday. His publications include a translation of Luther's Commentary on Peter and Jude (N. Y., 1859); Life and Times of Huss (Boston, 1863, 2 vols.); a History of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. (Philadelphia, 1864, 2 vols.); God in Human Thought (N. Y., 1874, 2 vols.); and The Moral System (N. Y., 1874). He was for more than 20 years before his death a frequent contributor to the religious press; hardly a number of the New York Evangelist for the last 15 years had failed to contain editorial or review articles from his ready pen. His contributions to reviews include several exhaustive articles which deserve to be counted as separate historical monographs. In recognition of his thoroughness and zeal in his chosen field of research, church history, the degree of D.D. was
conferred on him by Hamilton College in 1864. His death, which occurred at Harlem, Sept. 2, 1875, after an illness of three weeks, was the result of a nervous fever, traceable to overwork.

He was first married, Oct. 15, 1851, to Maria H. Ripley, of Brooklyn, N. Y., by whom he had no children. She died March 28, 1853. June 19, 1854, he married Mary J. Kendall, of Saratoga Springs, who with her two sons survives him.

Henry Hunter Raymond was born July 2, 1822, in Charleston, S. C., and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He studied law at home, and afterward in the Harvard Law School, graduating there in 1845. He settled in Charleston as a lawyer, and his residence continued there until his death in that city, May 31, 1876, in his 54th year. During the late war he was a Major in the Confederate service.

He married, in 1849, Miss Taveau, who died about 1865. One of their two children survives her parents.

1844

Myron Barrett, third son of Ezekiel and Rhoda (Dakin) Barrett, was born in North East, Duchess County, N. Y., Sept. 9, 1816.

He taught for four years in Columbus, O., and then studied theology for two years in Union Seminary, New York City, and for one year in Princeton, where he graduated in 1851. The ensuing fall he began preaching in Pontiac, Mich., and after six months was invited to supply a pulpit in Detroit, where he continued for over a year, while the pastor was abroad. He was ordained by the Presbytery of Detroit, March 9, 1852, and in June, 1854, became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Newton, N. J. He resigned his charge five years later on account of impaired health, and after briefer terms of pastoral service elsewhere returned to Newton, where he died, May 8, 1876, in his 60th year.

He was married, April 8, 1856, to Emma E., eldest daughter of Hon. David Ryerson, of Newton, by whom he had three children. His wife, with one son and one daughter, survives him.

Orris Sanford Ferry was born in Bethel, Fairfield county, Conn., Aug. 15, 1823, and died at his residence in Norwalk, in the same county, Nov. 21, 1875, aged 52 years.
He studied law and was admitted to the bar in August, 1846, and settled in Norwalk, where he married in May of the following year, Charlotte E., daughter of Governor Clark Bissell (Y. C. 1806). He retained his connection with the Norwalk bar until his death. In 1849 he was appointed Judge of Probate, and in 1855 and 1856 served in the State Senate. In 1856 he was made District Attorney for Fairfield county, and held this office until his election to Congress in 1859. After one term's service as Representative he was renominated, but was defeated, and in July, 1861, was commissioned as Colonel of the 5th Regiment of Conn. Volunteers, and served through the war. He was promoted to the rank of Brigadier General, in April, 1862. In May, 1866, he was elected to the U. S. Senate, and was re-elected in May, 1872. He was prostrated by spinal disease in 1868, and for the rest of his life was an invalid. For a few weeks before his death he had been under medical treatment in Brooklyn, N. Y., and reached home in a very feeble condition on Saturday, Nov. 20. The next morning a severe attack of hemorrhage of the bowels supervened, from which death in a few hours relieved him. His wife and only daughter survive him.

Senator Ferry was recognized as a brilliant debater, conscientious and independent in his public career, and gifted with abilities which ranked him among the leaders of the Senatorial Chamber.

NATHANIEL WILLIAM TAYLOR, son of Rev. Nathaniel W Taylor, D.D. (Y C 1807), Professor of Didactic Theology in Yale College, and Rebecca (M. Hine) Taylor, was born in New Haven, Conn., July 27, 1823.

He graduated from the Medical Department of this college in January, 1846, and then became a resident physician in Bellevue Hospital, New York city. In March, 1847, he returned to New Haven, and continued there in the practice of his profession until the summer of 1851. The next two years were spent in a voyage to the Southern Indian Ocean for the benefit of his health. From June, 1853, until March, 1855, he practiced his profession in Springfield, Mass. After a trip to England he then returned to New Haven, and in July, 1857, his health continuing feeble, he sailed again for the Southern Indian Ocean, and was absent until April, 1859. During the next two years he was occupied with farming in West Hartford and Bloomfield, Conn., and in March.
1861, removed to Blandford, Mass., and resumed practice. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the 27th Mass. Regiment, and continued in active service (mainly employed in hospital duty) until October, 1864, when he was discharged. He returned to Bloomfield, Conn., where he remained, engaged in farming, with the exception of another Indian voyage in 1866–67, until his death. He was married July 7, 1865, to Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Benoni Hubbard, of Bloomfield, who survives him without children. He died in Bloomfield after a lingering illness, August 8, 1875, aged 52 years.

1846.

Thomas DuBois Sherwood, son of Samuel and Ruth (DuBois) Sherwood, was born in Fishkill, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1823.

Immediately upon graduation he began the study of law in New York city in the office of his brother, John D. Sherwood (Y. C. 1839), with whom soon after his admission to the bar (in 1853) he entered into partnership. He continued in this partnership, doing a successful and lucrative business, until 1865, when the firm was dissolved by the retirement of his brother, on account of ill health. He continued in practice by himself, until appointed, in October, 1873, one of the Police Justices of the city, under the new act of the Legislature removing those offices from political control. In this position he continued, performing its duties with remarkable uprightness and impartiality, until his sudden death, after an illness of a few hours, in New York city, May 25, 1875, in his 52d year.


Abijah Hull Thompson was born Dec. 14, 1825, and entered College from Black Rock, N. Y., at the close of Freshman year.

His life was spent in business pursuits. He died after a very brief illness, of erysipelas, at his residence in his native place, June 19, 1876, in his 51st year.

He married Miss Bird, daughter of the President of the Niagara Falls Railroad Company, and had seven children.
1847.

Benjamin Franklin Bassett, son of John Bassett, was born in Derby, Conn., Jan. 23, 1825. While he was yet young, his family removed to New Haven, and he entered college with the class of 1846, but on account of ill health joined the next class.

He studied medicine in New Haven and New York city, and received the degree of M. D. from this college in 1851. He practiced his profession in Brooklyn, N. Y., until May, 1868, when owing to a failure of health, from the effects of a partial sun-stroke, he removed to Wilton, Conn., where he occupied himself with agriculture, in the hope of regaining his full strength. Continuing feeble, he removed to New Haven in 1874, and while on a visit in Warren, Conn., died of bilious dysentery, Sept. 4, 1875, aged 50 years.

He was married, Oct. 8, 1864, to Mrs. Mary L. Howe, the widow of Lewis Howe (Y. C. 1852), of Greenwich, Conn., who with two of their three children survives him.

Stukely Ellsworth, eldest son of Dr. Waterman Ellsworth, was born Dec. 18, 1826, and entered college from Stockton, Chautauqua County, N. Y. After teaching for a while, he studied law, and after practicing in Stockton, removed in April, 1855, to Eugene City, Oregon, where he continued in professional life until near the close of his career. He died in LaGrande, Oregon, Jan. 28, 1876, at the age of 49.

He married, in July, 1856, Mary C. Stevens, from Cold Water, Mich., and had five children.

1849.

Rufus Austin Ford was born in Natchez, Miss., Feb. 27, 1827, and entered college at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduating he studied medicine for a year at home, and for two years in the Medical Department of the University at Louisville, Ky., where he graduated in March, 1852. During most of the time until 1858 he practiced his profession in Wilkinson County, Miss., and was then occupied as a planter in the same county until the year 1862, when he was obliged to enter the Confederate Cavalry service. He served later as surgeon in the army, and after the war was over returned to his plantation. In 1868 he established himself as a physician in Kansas City, Mo., where he continued until his death, July 6, 1875, aged 48 years. His death was attributed to the excessive use of tobacco.
Dr. Ford was married, in June, 1854, to Miss Sarah B. Pettibone, of Wilkinson County, Miss., by whom he had seven children.

James Browning Miles, son of Willard M. and Alice (Browning) Miles, was born in Rutland, Mass., Aug. 18, 1823.

He spent a year in teaching in North Fairfield, Conn., and then entered the Yale Divinity school. He subsequently removed to Andover Theol. Seminary, but on receiving the appointment of Tutor in this college, returned to fill that position in Sept., 1852. He left the tutorship in July, 1854, having in the meantime continued his theological studies, and was ordained pastor of the 1st Congregational Church in Charlestown, Mass., Jan 2, 1855. He remained with this church until Oct., 1871, when he resigned and removed to Boston, to accept the Secretarship of the American Peace Society. He threw himself into the work of reorganizing this society with great vigor, and effected a cooperation between its friends and those who were devoting themselves (largely under his guidance) to the reform and codification of the law of nations. In the pursuit of these objects he twice visited Europe to take part in the Congresses of the International Code Association—for the last time in July, 1875. The labor of this last Congress proved too much for his strength, and on his way home he was attacked with illness. With difficulty he reached his brother's house in Worcester, Mass., where he died, of peritonitis, on the 13th day of November, aged 52. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Beloit College in 1873.

He was married, Aug 7, 1856, to Miss Julia E., daughter of Rev Joseph Hurlbut (Y. C. 1818), of New London, Conn. She survives him, with two of their three children.

Walker Richardson, son of Dr. Wm. N. Richardson, was born in Elbert County, Ga., in 1825.

He was a planter in Glennville, Ala., from the date of graduation until his sudden death from apoplexy, Jan. 20, 1875. He served in the Confederate army of Tennessee from Aug. 1, 1863, to May, 1865.

1853.

Timothy Dwight Hall, third son of Daniel and Philena (Lyman) Hall, was born in Perry, N Y., Sept. 3, 1830, and entered college at the beginning of Sophomore year.
After graduation he taught a school and studied law in Adams county, Mpi., and in 1855 settled in Hudson, Wisc., as an attorney and dealer in real estate. Owing to poor health he abandoned his profession in 1859, and in the spring of 1861 retired to his farm a few miles out of town, and devoted himself to scientific farming. Although remaining an invalid, there was no cause for special alarm until a severe attack of congestion of the liver in March, 1874. Recovering from this by main force of will, he made two journeys to Colorado with hopes of improvement, and purposed to remove thither with his family; but the rapid progress of consumption ended his life, in Hudson, Oct. 19, 1875, at the age of 45.

He was married, July 22, 1856, to Helen M., daughter of Col. Alvah Jefferson, of Darien, N. Y. She survives him with two daughters.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS NOLLEN was born in Sutton, Mass., Jan. 9, 1831. He remained in New Haven as a graduate student, until he accepted a tutorship in the College in the summer of 1860. He resigned this office in July, 1865, when he was appointed Assistant Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office. He entered on his duties in Jan. 1866, and at the time of his death held the position of Examiner-in-chief, having been appointed to that rank by President Grant in April, 1875. A few weeks after this appointment he was attacked with consumption, which first manifested itself by a violent hemorrhage of the lungs, on the 13th of May. He failed steadily and rapidly, and died in Washington, Aug. 17. His wife, who had been struggling for three years with the same disease, survived him but a few hours. They left one son. In ability, integrity and courtesy, no one in the Patent Office was his superior.

EDWIN FRANCIS SANDYS, son of Rev. Edwin and Mary Sandys, was born at Lebanon Springs, N. Y., March 12, 1832. In 1847 his parents removed to Pittsfield, Mass., which was his home for the remainder of his life.

He read law in Pittsfield with Judge Colt, and was admitted to the bar in 1860. He did not follow his profession for any length of time, but was for many years the Secretary of the Berkshire Mutual Fire Insurance Company. After resigning this position, he continued to the close of his life in business as a general insur-
ance agent, so far as his health, which had long been poor, would permit. He died in Pittsfield, July 30, 1875, aged 43 years. He was unmarried.

Edward Clarke Porter, eldest child of James B. and Susanna (Parsons) Porter, was born in Old Hadley, Mass, Dec. 3, 1836.

For the first year after graduation, he studied in the Andover Theological Seminary, and in the next year taught a parish school in Louisville, Ky. In 1861 he taught in Iowa City, Iowa, and later in Chicago. From July, 1862, he was instructor in metaphysics and English literature in the Chicago High School. In March, 1866, he was ordained by Bishop Clarkson, in Racine, Wis., a Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, and resigning next month his place as teacher, took charge of the parish of St. James in Chicago. On Sept 23, he was ordained a Presbyter, by Bishop Lee, of Iowa, and in April, 1867, became rector of St. Luke's Church, in Racine, in which office he continued until compelled by ill-health to resign, Feb. 1, 1875. In 1873 he went abroad and spent nearly a year, in the hope of recovering his health, but on his return found himself not materially benefitted, and after a long and very painful illness died in Racine, Jan. 8, 1876, leaving record of a singularly pure and winning ministry.

He was married, Oct. 10, 1866, to Julia, daughter of John H. Foster, of Chicago. She survives him, with children.

Hubbard Arnold, son of Joseph and Clarinda (Hubbard) Arnold, was born Jan. 5, 1840, in Westfield, Mass.

The first year after graduation he spent in travel and study in Europe. From Dec, 1862, to Sept, 1865, he was engaged in teaching and in studying law, most of the time in New Haven. He was admitted to the bar in this city, May 10, 1865, but never practiced. During the remainder of his life he was in business in New York City, and was for some time before his death a member of the firm of D. Watts & Co., cotton-brokers. He had been in delicate health for some years, and late in the past winter went to Palatka, Fla., to seek relief from a serious inflammation of the throat. Not improving, he afterwards removed to Aiken, S C., and thence to Charlotte, N. C., arriving there early in April. The disease (consumption of the throat) progressed with great rapid-
ity, and he died on the 9th of April, aged 36 years. He was unmarried.

George Clap Perkins, son of Henry A. and Sarah (Emmons) Perkins, of Hartford, Conn., was born in that city, Aug. 8, 1839. He was a descendant in the fourth generation from Rev. Thomas Clap, President of the college from 1739 to 1766.

After graduation he continued to reside in Hartford, during the first year studying law, and then entering the banking-house of George P. Bissell & Co., in which his elder brother, Edward H. Perkins (for a time a member of the class of 1859), was a partner. Here he remained until July, 1869, when he purchased a large interest in certain patents for making mattresses from woven wire, and became the secretary and treasurer of a joint-stock company, organized to prosecute this enterprise. The remainder of his life was spent in developing the business of this company and devising improvements in their processes of manufacture, in which he met with great success.

He was married, Oct. 23, 1873, to Mary, daughter of George Roberts, of Hartford, who survives him with one son (born after his decease) and one daughter. He died after a brief illness, in Hartford, Sept. 23, 1875, aged 36 years.

1862.

Robert Kelley Weeks, eldest son of Edward C. and Emily (Stephens) Weeks, was born in New York City, September 21st, 1840.

After graduating he became a member of the Columbia Law School, where, at the conclusion of the course, in May, 1864, he received the degree of LL.B. In the same month he was admitted to the Bar of New York.

His tastes led in the direction of literature, and turning from the practice of law, he devoted himself to reading and study.

In 1866 a small volume appeared, entitled, "Poems, by Robert K. Weeks," and in 1870 a volume entitled, "Episodes and Lyric Pieces," both published by Leypoldt & Holt. A third volume of poems was in press at the time of his death. He also prepared for publication a book of Extracts from English literature, and made occasional poetical and critical contributions to the periodicals of the day.

He died at Harlem, unmarried, of consumption, on April 13th, 1876, in the 36th year of his age.
1863.

Cornelius Wade Bull, son of Jabez B. and Mary (Ford) Bull, was born April 8, 1839, in Tallahassee, Fla.

After graduation he began the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School, and in the following spring joined the U. S. Navy as acting assistant paymaster, and was assigned to the Mississippi squadron. He remained in this service until August, 1865, when he returned to New Haven, and completed his medical course, graduating in January, 1867. He was resident physician at the State Hospital in this city until April, 1868, when he established himself as a practicing physician in Terryville, Conn. Some five years later he gave up practice, on account of the state of his health, and removed to Hartford, where he was employed as stenographic clerk for the Hartford Fire Insurance Company. He died in Hartford, May 19, 1876, at the age of 37.

1864.

Robert Matlack Browning, son of Hon. Abraham Browning, was born in Camden, N. J., June 5, 1844.

He studied law in his father's office in Camden, and was admitted to practice in the November term of 1867. From this date he was actively engaged in his profession in his native place, until May, 1874, when a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism disabled him for four months. This was succeeded by other inroads of disease which prevented his again attending to business. He died, of organic disease of the heart, March 8, 1875, at his home in Camden, in his 31st year. He was unmarried.

1866.

John Sharp, only son of Jacob and Mary Sharp, was born in Cherry Valley, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1844.

He graduated as Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and immediately in Jan., 1868, entered on the practice of his profession in Ottawa, Ill. He remained there two years, when his health began to decline, and he returned to his home in Cherry Valley, where he engaged in the drug business. After three years in this employment, his lungs showed signs of weakness, and he attempted to ward off disease by a change of climate. He spent the winter of 1873-4 in California, and the succeeding winter in Florida. In the fall of 1875 he again left home, and arrived in Charleston, S. C., the last of November, and there grad-
ually grew weaker until the evening of Dec. 23, when he quietly passed away.

WALTER BUCHANAN SMITH, son of Isaac R. and Caroline E. Smith, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 29, 1844.

Shortly after his graduation he began the study of analytical chemistry; but never possessing a strong constitution, his lungs were seriously affected by the fumes of his laboratory, and he became the victim of a lingering consumption, so that he could only pursue as a pastime what he had hoped to engage in as an active profession. He died at his home in Philadelphia, Oct. 3, 1875, at the age of 31. He was unmarried.

1866.

HENRY ROBERTS, son of Samuel Roberts, was born in Sharon, Conn., Jan. 20, 1845.

He entered this College at the beginning of the Junior year, having spent the Freshman year in Amherst College, and a second year in private study. After graduation he was for a few months in the Columbia College Law School, and for two years was employed as a surveyor and as a teacher in Illinois and Iowa. He afterwards resumed the study of law, and entered on the practice in Middletown, N. Y., where he died, Aug. 28, 1873, aged 28 years.

He was married, in Albany, Dec. 30, 1869, to Mary Blackledge, and left one daughter.

ERNST SCHROEDER was born in the city of New York, Aug. 4, 1845.

After graduation, he was occupied as a teacher at St. Clement's Hall, Ellicott City, Md., until within a year of his death. He hoped to enter the ministry of the Episcopal Church, and had begun the study of theology. He died of consumption at his family residence in Red Bank, N. J., Sept. 24, 1874, aged 29 years. He was unmarried.

1867.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, elder son of Frank Johnston (Y. C 1835) and Mary E. Johnston, was born in Alleghany City, Pa., Oct. 21, 1843.

He entered with the class of 1866, and at the end of the first
year left college, to return a year later to the class of 1867. He graduated at the Yale Divinity School in 1871, having lost one year from ill health. He then spent a year in charge of the Congregational Church in Quindaro, Kansas, and in the fall of 1872 removed to Oberlin, Ohio, where he studied for the following year in the Theological Seminary. In May, 1873, he sailed for Europe, and devoted himself for two years to the study of logic and metaphysics in Berlin, hoping to spend his future life in studying and teaching these branches. He returned to America in the summer of 1875, and in November settled in Boston for the winter. But his health broke down in February from overwork, and he was removed to the McLean Asylum in Somerville, for what was believed to be only a temporary loss of mental power. While there he was attacked, in April, with diphtheria, which terminated fatally on the 5th of May. He was not married.

1868.

Herbert Boardman, son of Hon. Truman Boardman, formerly State Senator of New York, died suddenly in Rochester, N. Y., July 4, 1875, in his 30th year. He was born in Covert, N. Y., Oct 23, 1845, and entered college from Trumansburg, N. Y., where his father still resides. After graduation he spent some time in fruit-farming at home, and was later a teacher in the Ithaca Academy. He then went to Washington, D. C., and studied in the Medical Department of Georgetown College, graduating in March, 1872. He also held a clerkship in the General Land Office, and remained in Washington till Nov., 1873, when he established himself in Rochester for the practice of his profession. He died in the faithful discharge of his duty, having contracted malignant diphtheria from a patient whom he was attending the week before his death.

He was married, June 18, 1874, to Miss U. Louise Cole, of Covert, who survives him.

Timothy Pitkin Chapman, the second son of Timothy P. and Rachel (Hartwell) Chapman, was born in New Haven, Conn., June 24, 1848. He graduated at the Columbia College Law School in May, 1870, and after an eighteen months' tour in Europe, entered the law office of Seward, Griswold, Blatchford & Da Costa, in New York City, in the spring of 1872,—at first as a student and later
as honorary chief clerk. In the spring of 1874 he became junior member of the firm, and this position he held at the time of his death, which occurred at his residence in Brooklyn, N. Y., after a brief illness, Sept. 13, 1875.

He was married, Nov. 25, 1873, to Leila Trescott Tisdale, of Brooklyn, who with an infant daughter survives him.

William Curtis Wood, son of Rev. William Wood (Dartmouth College, 1842) and Lucy Maria (Lawrence) Wood, was born April 20, 1849, at Mahabaleshwar, a health-resort about thirty miles from Satara, India, where his parents were then stationed as missionaries of the American Board.

He was prepared for college at the Lawrence Academy, in his mother's native town, Groton, Mass., and graduated with eminent distinction. For the year 1868–9 he taught in the Hopkins Grammar School of New Haven. From Sept., 1869, to April, 1870, he was a tutor in this college, but resigned his position on account of apprehended disease of the heart. He remained in New Haven until his death, with the exception of one year (May 1871, to April, 1872) spent in Ohio. During this time he was employed in private teaching and in mathematical study, and was looking forward to the profession of a civil engineer or to the chance of a position in the U. S. Patent Office. His death, which occurred in New Haven, July 15, 1875, was the sudden and unexpected result of long-continued ill-health and mental depression. He was unmarried.

1869.

Orin Merwin Williams, the youngest of ten children of the late Seth Williams, of Ledyard, Conn., was born in Ledyard, Nov. 17, 1845, and died in Winona, Minn., March 26, 1875, aged 29 years.

During his college course he was quite an invalid from rheumatism, and when able to settle in professional life chose the climate of Minnesota as most favorable to his state of health. He began the study of law with Hon. Thomas Wilson of Winona, in February, 1871. He was admitted to the bar in April, 1872, and remained in the office of Judge Wilson until Jan. 1, 1874, when he formed a partnership with A. Harry Bissell, formerly of the same class in College. At the close of the year, Mr. Bissell withdrew, Mr. Williams continuing in successful practice by himself. From Jan. 1875, until his death, he was city attorney. An occasional
recurrence of his old complaint, rheumatism of the heart, kept
him in delicate health; and at the time of his very sudden death
he was apparently recovering from an attack which had confined
him to his room for about three weeks. He was unmarried.

1872.

Frank Whitney Blake, only surviving child of Eli Whitney
Blake, M.D. (Y. C. 1839) and Frances T. (Babcock) Blake, was
born in Boston, Mass., Sept. 15, 1850.

He was fitted for college in the Boston Latin School and in the
Hopkins Grammar School, of New Haven; and won a good posi-
tion in his class, notwithstanding the fact that during his college
course and for some time previous he was entirely unable to use
his eyes for reading or studying. The year after graduating he
spent at the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown, Conn., but
the condition of his health and especially a difficulty with the
throat made a change of climate necessary. Accordingly he fin-
ished his theological studies in the Divinity School at Farnbault,
Minn., where he was ordained to the diaconate by Bishop Whip-
ple, June 20, 1875 During all this period, however, his nervous
system had been gradually prostrated under the effects of close
study, rendered especially trying by the inability to use his eyes.
A few weeks after his ordination he went to Colorado, in hope of
being benefitted by that climate, and during the summer and fall
officiated regularly, most of the time at Idaho Springs. But while
he was still in feeble health an attack of typhoid fever ended his
life, at Denver, Nov. 11, 1875.

1875.

Frank Lansing Grinnell, son of George B. and Helen Lan-
sing Grinnell, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 27, 1853, and
was prepared for college by a private tutor in New York City,
where his father then resided.

He graduated in June, 1875, and was spending the summer at
his father's house in Milford, Conn., when on Tuesday, September
7, he went to Bridgeport, by invitation, to play as a substitute in
the Milford Base Ball Club, of which, however, he was not a mem-
ber. Before the game had begun, while the players were prac-
ticing in the field, he was struck at the base of the skull by a ball.
He was taken to the residence of Hon. William D Bishop, where
he died on Saturday evening, Sept. 11, having been conscious only
during a brief portion of the intervening time.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

1847.

Isaac Shafer Hunt, son of Thomas and Rebecca (Turner) Hunt, was born in Newton, Sussex county, N. J., Nov. 1, 1819. His early education was acquired in Newton, and after receiving his medical degree he returned to his native county, establishing himself in Sandyston township. A malignant form of typhoid fever, styled "Finch fever," was then raging in the vicinity, and after some weeks of arduous professional labor he contracted the disease, and only recovered after a serious and prolonged illness. On regaining health he secured an extensive practice in Northern New Jersey, which he held for eighteen years, when he removed to Port Jervis, N. Y., fourteen miles north of his former residence. In his new field of practice he maintained himself with eminent success, until October 23, 1875, when he was attacked with phlebitis, or inflammation of the veins of the lower limbs, which terminated fatally on the 23d of November.

Dr. Hunt married, Nov. 1, 1848, Miss Sarah A. Fleming, of Sandyston, who with two sons and three daughters survives him.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1873.

Benjamin Pomeroy, son of Mary J. and the late Benjamin Pomeroy, died at his mother's house in Southport, Conn., Dec. 15, 1875, aged 23 years. His death was caused by a sudden congestion of the lungs, resulting from exposure to the night air.

He was at the time of his death the cashier of the Arctic Fur Company of New Haven.

THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

1874.

James William Morris, the first student of African descent who was ever graduated from the Theological School, was born in Providence, R. I., Oct. 30, 1847. He graduated at Lincoln University in 1871, and after his graduation here engaged in preaching and teaching in Beaufort and Aiken, S. C. He died in the latter place, of consumption, Feb. 7, 1876, aged 28 years.
WILLIAM BURKE DANFORTH was born in Barnard, Vt., Feb. 21, 1849, and entered this Divinity School on his graduation from Dartmouth College in 1871.

He went from the Seminary to Gilead, a parish of Hebron, Conn., where he was ordained over the Congregational Church, July 8, 1874. His faithful labors here were terminated by a tedious illness resulting in his death, July 4, 1875, aged 26.

1875

GEORGE HARRIS, son of Joseph C. and Harriet H. Harris, was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1849.

He lost his sight in early childhood, and was thenceforth totally blind. He was a pupil in the Perkins Institution for the blind in South Boston, Mass., for seven years, and having determined to enter the ministry, completed honorably the regular course in the Divinity School of Harvard University, where he graduated in 1874. He then entered the Senior class in this Divinity School, and after graduating purposed to remain another year in advanced theological study. But he was attacked with typhoid fever, and after three weeks' illness died in New Haven, Nov. 8, 1875, at the age of 26. In his attainments and his powers of impressing himself upon others, he was already a remarkable instance of the possibilities open to one of his peculiar infirmities.
### SUMMARY.

#### ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name and Age</th>
<th>Place and</th>
<th>Time of Death</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1808</td>
<td>John Chandler, 91,</td>
<td>Brooklyn, N Y,</td>
<td>Dec 1, '75</td>
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<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>John P Rice, 89,</td>
<td>Princeton, Mass,</td>
<td>Sept 20, '75</td>
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<td>1812</td>
<td>Solyman Brown, 85,</td>
<td>Dodge Center, Minn,</td>
<td>Feb 13, '76</td>
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<td>1814</td>
<td>Joseph H Dulles 81,</td>
<td>Philadelphia, Pa</td>
<td>March 12, '76</td>
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<td>1815</td>
<td>Wm B Sprague, 80,</td>
<td>Flushung, N Y,</td>
<td>May 7, '76</td>
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<td>1816</td>
<td>Isaac Bird, 83,</td>
<td>Great Barrington, Mass,</td>
<td>June 13, '76</td>
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<td>1817</td>
<td>Nebemiah Brown, 84,</td>
<td>New York City,</td>
<td>Jan. 5, '76</td>
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<td>Baxter Dickinson, 80,</td>
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<td>Jonathan Edwards, 77,</td>
<td>RIchfield Springs, N Y,</td>
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<td>1821</td>
<td>George E Adams, 74,</td>
<td>New Haven Conn,</td>
<td>Aug 23, '75</td>
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<td>1822</td>
<td>Isaac Esty, 79,</td>
<td>Orange, N J</td>
<td>Dec 25, '75</td>
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<td>1823</td>
<td>David Buck, 69,</td>
<td>Amherst, Mass,</td>
<td>July 31, '75</td>
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<td>1824</td>
<td>Samuel H Rider, 76,</td>
<td>Marblehead, Mass,</td>
<td>Aug 15, '75</td>
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<td>1825</td>
<td>James Lowrey, 73,</td>
<td>Des Moines, Iowa,</td>
<td>June 1, '76</td>
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<td>Stephen Topfph, 78,</td>
<td>Burlington, N J,</td>
<td>Nov 30, '75</td>
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<td>1827</td>
<td>Edward W Parker, 67,</td>
<td>Cromwell, Conn,</td>
<td>July 7, '76</td>
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<td>Mark Pratt, 71,</td>
<td>Spartanburg, S C,</td>
<td>Dec 11, '73</td>
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<td>1829</td>
<td>Thomas Ritter, 70,</td>
<td>Haverstraw, N Y,</td>
<td>Jan 23, '76</td>
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<td>1830</td>
<td>Horace Bushnell, 73,</td>
<td>New York City,</td>
<td>May 12, '76</td>
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<td>1831</td>
<td>John B Church, 67,</td>
<td>Hartford, Conn,</td>
<td>Feb 17, '76</td>
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<td>1832</td>
<td>Samuel W Dorsey,</td>
<td>Scarborough, N Y,</td>
<td>July 23, '76</td>
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<td>Lewis B Woodruff, 66,</td>
<td>Tensas Parish, La,</td>
<td>Oct 18, '75</td>
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<td>1833</td>
<td>Trusten Folk, 64,</td>
<td>Litchfield, Conn,</td>
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<td>1834</td>
<td>Charles L Requembourg, 64,</td>
<td>St Louis, Mo,</td>
<td>April 16, '76</td>
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<td>1835</td>
<td>George L Mills, 61,</td>
<td>Fort McPherson, Neb,</td>
<td>Dec 24, '75</td>
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<td>1836</td>
<td>Edward L Hart, 62,</td>
<td>North Liberty, O,</td>
<td>March 2, '76</td>
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<td>1837</td>
<td>Wm W Selfridge, 58,</td>
<td>Farmington, Conn,</td>
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<td>George D Lamont 57,</td>
<td>Bethlehem, Pa,</td>
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<td>Ezra H Gillett, 52,</td>
<td>Lockport, N Y,</td>
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<td>&quot; Henry H Raymond, 54,</td>
<td>Harlem, N Y City</td>
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<td>Byron Barrett, 59,</td>
<td>Charleston, S C,</td>
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<td>&quot; Orris S Ferry, 52,</td>
<td>Newton, N J,</td>
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<td>&quot; Nathaniel W Taylor, 52,</td>
<td>Norwalk, Conn,</td>
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<td>Thomas D Sherwood, 51,</td>
<td>Bloomfield, Conn,</td>
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<td>&quot; Abijah H Thompson, 50,</td>
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<td>Benj F Bassett, 50,</td>
<td>Black Rock, N Y,</td>
<td>June 19, '76</td>
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<td>&quot; Stukely Ellsworth, 49,</td>
<td>Warren, Conn,</td>
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<td>Rufus A Ford, 48,</td>
<td>La Grande, Oregon,</td>
<td>Jan 28, '76</td>
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<td>&quot; James B Miles, 52,</td>
<td>Kansas City, Mo,</td>
<td>July 6, '75</td>
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<td>&quot; Walker Richardson, 49,</td>
<td>Worcester, Mass,</td>
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<td>T Dwight Hall, 45,</td>
<td>Glnenville, Ala,</td>
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<td>Geoerke A Nolan, 44,</td>
<td>Hudson, Wisc,</td>
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<td>&quot; Edwin F Sandsy, 43,</td>
<td>Washington, D C,</td>
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<td>Edward C Porter, 39,</td>
<td>Pittsfield, Mass,</td>
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<td>Hubbard Arnold, 36,</td>
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<td>&quot; George C Perkins, 36,</td>
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<td>Cornelius W Bull, 37,</td>
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<td>Robert M Browning, 30,</td>
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<td>&quot;</td>
<td>Camden, N J</td>
<td>March 8, '75</td>
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<td>Class</td>
<td>Name and Age</td>
<td>Place and</td>
<td>Time of Death</td>
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<td>1865</td>
<td>John Sharp, 31,</td>
<td>Charleston, S C,</td>
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<td>Walter B Smith, 31,</td>
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<td>Henry Roberts, 28,</td>
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<td>Ernest Schroeder, 29,</td>
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<td>Alexander Johnston, 31,</td>
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<td>Herbert Boardman,</td>
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<td>Timothy P Chapman, 27,</td>
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<td>Sept 13, '75</td>
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<td>1869</td>
<td>William C Wood, 26,</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>July 15, '75</td>
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<td>1872</td>
<td>Frank W Blake, 25,</td>
<td>Winona, Minn,</td>
<td>March 26, '76</td>
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<td>1875</td>
<td>Frank L Grinnell, 22,</td>
<td>Denver, Col,</td>
<td>Nov 11, '75</td>
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<td>Bridgeport, Conn,</td>
<td>Sept 11, '75</td>
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**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**

1847  Isaac S Hunt, 56,     Port Jervis, N Y,  Nov 23, '76

**SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL**

1873  Benj Pomeroy, 23,     Southport, Conn,  Dec 15, '75

**THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT**

1874  William B Danforth, 26, Gilead, Conn,  July 4, '75
|       | James W Morris, 28,         | Aiken, S C,             | Feb 1, '76     |
|       | George Harris, 26,          | New Haven, Conn,        | Nov 8, '75     |

The number of deaths reported is 66, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is 55½ years.

Of the Academical Graduates, 16 were clergymen, 14 lawyers, 10 physicians, 8 in business, and 6 teachers.

The deaths are distributed as follows—in New York, 17, Connecticut, 15, Massachusetts, 7, New Jersey, 5, South Carolina, 4, Pennsylvania, 3, Minnesota, Missouri, and Wisconsin, 2 each, and the remaining 9 in as many different states.

The only surviving graduate of the last century is (class of 1800) Rev Thomas Williams, Providence, R I, born Nov 5, 1779.