OBITUARY RECORD

of

GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

Deceased during the academical year ending in June, 1874, including the record of a few who died a short time previous, hitherto unreported.

[PRESERVED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 24th, 1874.]

[No. 4 of the Second Printed Series, and No. 33 of the whole Record]
OBITUARY RECORD
OF
GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE
Deceased during the academical year ending June, 1874, including the record of a few who died previously, hitherto unreported.

[Presented at the Meeting of the Alumni, June 25, 1874]
[No 4 of the Second Printed Series, and No 33 of the whole Record]

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1805.

GARDINER SPRING was the third child and second son of Rev. Dr. Samuel Spring (Coll. of N. J. 1771) of Newburyport, Mass., where he was born, Feb. 24, 1785. His mother was Hannah, the daughter of Rev. Dr. Samuel Hopkins (Y. C. 1749), of Hadley, Mass. He entered college in 1800, but on the failure of his health at the end of the first year, withdrew for a time, and then entered the next class.

He remained in New Haven after graduation, studying law with Judge Daggett, and supporting himself by private teaching. Subsequently he passed fifteen months in the Bermudas, where he established a school, and continued his legal studies. Meantime he was married, May 25, 1806, to Susan, daughter of Capt. Hanover Barney, of New Haven. He again returned to New Haven, was admitted to the bar in Dec., 1808, and began practice. In September, 1809, he listened to a powerful sermon by Rev. Dr. John M. Mason, of New York, in the College Chapel, on the duty of preaching the gospel; and urged by an irresistible conviction, immediately closed his office, hastened to the Theological Seminary just opened at Andover, and applied himself to preparation for his new calling. Early in the following summer he received a unanimous invitation to the pastorate of the Old Brick Presbyterian Church in Beekman street (since removed to Murray
Hill), N. Y. City, where he was ordained on the 8th of August, 1810. With this church, although frequently called to posts of honor and responsibility elsewhere—among others to the presidencies of Hamilton and Dartmouth Colleges—he remained until his death, which occurred in N. Y. City, Aug. 18, 1873. During the last twelve years, successive colleagues were associated with him in the pastoral office.

Dr. Spring published more than a score of volumes, chiefly in the line of his pulpit ministrations, several of which attained a wide circulation. His latest work, entitled "Personal Reminiscences," appeared in 1866. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hamilton College in 1819, and that of Doctor of Laws from Lafayette College in 1853. He was twice married, and outlived eight of his fifteen children. His second wife died but a few days before him.

1807.

James Fowler, eldest child of Samuel Fowler (Y. C. 1768) and Jemima (Lyman) Fowler, was born in Westfield, Mass., in 1788, and died in the same town, October 18, 1873, aged 85. He was the last survivor of his class.

He studied law at the Litchfield (Conn.) Law School, but mainly followed agricultural pursuits in his native town. From 1820 to 1830 he was successively a member of both houses of the State Legislature. He was also one of the Governor's council, and filled a number of local offices. He was especially interested in education, and was from 1826 to 1838 one of the trustees of Amherst College.

He married, first, Feb. 9, 1820, Lucy L., daughter of Major T. J. Douglas, who died July 16, 1840. He married, secondly, Oct. 6, 1841, Charlotte, daughter of Capt. Silas Whitney. He leaves one son, a graduate of this college in 1839, and one daughter.

1809.

Philo Judson, the second son of Philo and Emma (Minor) Judson, was born in Woodbury, Conn., Jan. 14, 1782, and died in Rocky Hill, Conn., March 12, 1874, aged 92 years.

He studied theology for about two years with Rev. Charles Backus, D.D., of Somers, Conn., and was ordained Sept. 11, 1811, pastor of the First Church in Ashford, Conn., where he continued until March, 1833. He was installed over the Congregational
Church in Hanover Society, in Lisbon, Conn., June 6, 1833, and dismissed in July, 1834. He was settled over the church in Willimantic, Conn., in December, 1834, and remained until March, 1839. He afterwards supplied the church in North Stonington, Conn., from April, 1841, to April, 1845; and in 1846-7, for a little more than a year, preached in Middle Haddam, Conn. Afterwards he established himself in Rocky Hill, and for eight or nine years continued to preach as opportunity offered. The remaining portion of his life was spent in retirement on his farm.

His first marriage was to Currence, daughter of David Curtiss, of Woodbury. After her death, he married, March 15, 1866, Mrs. Aulemia Barnard, of Hartford, Conn., who survives him.

1810.

Elihu Hubbard Ely, son of Elihu and Anne Ely, was born in Old Lyme, Conn., June 26, 1790.

After his graduation he studied law in the city of New York, where he was admitted to the bar in 1814. He immediately entered on the practice of his profession in that city, and was thus continuously and successfully employed until 1864, a period of half a century, when he retired from active pursuits. He died at Portland, Me., Feb. 8, 1874, in the 84th year of his age.

Mr. Ely married, Nov. 5, 1832, Eliza, daughter of Henry Nichols, of East Haddam, Conn., and had four children, two sons and two daughters.

Ammi Linsley, was born March 12, 1789, in North Branford, then a part of Branford, Conn.

He was the son of Rufus and Abigail Linsley, the sixth child in a family of nine children. The same year he graduated, he began the study of theology with the Rev. Mr. Pinneo of Milford, and in the fall of 1811 removed to Washington in this State, and prosecuted his studies with the Rev. Ebenezer Porter. When Dr. Porter was invited to a professorship at Andover in 1812, Mr. Linsley went to reside in the spring of that year with the Rev. Bennet Tyler, in South Britain, and continued his studies with him until October, when he was licensed to preach. After preaching in several churches in New York and Conn., he was ordained and installed pastor, July 19, 1815, of the Congregational Church in East Hartland, Conn., where he remained until ill health and inadequate support compelled him to resign his pastorate, in 1835.
He continued to preach in the winter of 1836 and 1837 in Wolcott, Conn. For two years and a half (1837 to 1839), he supplied the Church in Prospect, Conn. Still preaching occasionally, and teaching school, he resided from 1839 to 1842 at North Haven, Conn., and devoted himself to the education of his children. In 1855 he removed to New Haven, but returned again to North Haven in 1857, where he remained until his death, which occurred in that town, December 21, 1873, at the age of 84 years.

He was married, Aug. 23, 1815, to Abigail Minor, of Milford, who died in North Haven, Feb. 20, 1868. They had four children, two sons who graduated at this college in 1843, and two daughters. One of the sons and the two daughters are now living.

1813.

Sherman Converse was born in Thompson, Conn., April 17, 1790.

Soon after graduating he settled in New Haven, and became proprietor and editor of the Connecticut Journal, and the head of the largest publishing house in New England. He published, among other works, the Christian Spectator, Silliman's Journal, and Swift's Digest; and in 1828 Noah Webster's American Dictionary, the first quarto edition in two large volumes, from the original manuscript, and under the supervision of the author. This last was a work of great magnitude, requiring a heavy outlay of means and labor, and making a notable event in the history of the American press.

Mr Converse removed to the city of New York in 1828, and was for several years actively engaged in business of various kinds, both in this country and in Canada. About the year 1850 he became crippled by a severe attack of rheumatism, which made him an invalid for the rest of his life, and for ten years before his death he never left his room. Besides suffering from disease, he was sorely tried by grave financial embarrassments, but he bore all his trials with the patience and resignation of a true Christian.

He was married, in 1820, to Ann Huntington Perkins, daughter of Samuel Perkins (Y. C. 1785), of Windham, Conn., who, with an infant child, died in the summer of 1821. In 1824 he married Eliza, daughter of the Rev. Samuel Nott, D.D., of Franklin, Conn. She died in 1845, leaving one son, a graduate of this college, in 1850.
Since the spring of 1863, Mr. Converse has resided with his son in Boston Highlands, Mass. He died, Dec. 10, 1873, after an illness of three days.

DAVID SHELDON EDWARDS, son of Hezekiah and Martha Edwards, was born in Trumbull, Conn., June, 22, 1794, and died at his homestead, on Chestnut Hill, in Trumbull, near Bridgeport, March 18, 1874.

He studied medicine at this College, receiving his diploma in 1817, and entered the U. S. Navy, as Assistant Surgeon, July 30, 1818. He was promoted Surgeon, May 6, 1825, and remained in that position until his death. At the beginning of the Mexican war he was attached to the army and accompanied General Scott, as Medical Director of the 4th Division. During the war of the rebellion he was stationed at New Bedford, Mass., at the U. S. Naval Rendezvous. In 1869, he was appointed President of the Naval Medical Board of Examination. For several years before his death he was retired from active duty, and spent his summers at Chestnut Hill, and his winters in Washington.

JOHN LAW was born in New London, Conn., Oct 28, 1796; he died in Evansville, Ind., Oct. 7, 1873. He was a great-grandson of Governor Jonathan Law, of Connecticut, who graduated at Harvard College in 1695; while his grandfather, Hon. Richard Law, and his father, Hon. Lyman Law, were graduated at Yale. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of Amasa Learned (Y. C. 1772).

He studied law with his father, and was admitted to the Connecticut bar in 1817. But the West proved more attractive, and in October, 1817, he left home for the new State of Indiana. He was admitted to practice in December, and settled at Vincennes. He was appointed prosecuting attorney for the circuit court within two months, and rose rapidly into prominence at the bar. As early as 1824 he was a member of the State legislature, and in 1830 was elected Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit, an office which he held by re-elections for eight years, and finally resigned. In 1851, he removed to Evansville, where he resided until his death. He was appointed by President Pierce in 1855 Judge of the Court of Land Claims, and in 1860 and in 1862 was elected a Representative in Congress. His public career, as well as his private life, gained the cordial respect of all who knew him.
Judge Law was married, Nov. 24, 1822, to Sarah, daughter of Gov. Nathaniel Ewing, of Vincennes.

1815.

Henry Kellogg, the youngest child of Daniel and Mercy (Eastman) Kellogg, was born in Amherst, Mass., Dec. 10, 1794. At the age of about 9 years he was placed in the family of a sister in Newfane, Vt., where he was prepared for college.

After graduation he returned to Newfane and studied for the legal profession, and, being admitted to practice, settled in Bennington, Vt., in 1818, where he resided for half a century. He here made the acquaintance of the family of James Hubbell, Esq., and married, Jan. 27, 1825, his daughter, Margaret V., and afterwards (Oct. 16, 1831) her sister Anne Maria Hubbell, who survives him. Of his nine children but four are now living.

During his residence in Bennington, Mr. Kellogg, in addition to an extensive practice in the law, held the offices of Postmaster and of Clerk of the Supreme and County Courts. In later years he removed to the residence of his son, in Troy, N. Y., where he died, Nov. 4th, 1873.

James Henry Mitchell, son of James and Mary (Fosdick) Mitchell, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., Feb. 25, 1796.

After graduation he left home for Ohio, settling first in Lebanon, where he taught school for some five years, and thence removing to Dayton, where after a residence of 53 years he died, on the 13th of Oct., 1873. He was a civil engineer by profession.

While in Lebanon he married Miss Martha Skinner, of that place, who died March 5, 1866. Of their nine children six are still living.

1816.

William Abbott Moseley, son of Dr. Elizur Moseley (Y. C., 1786), was born in Whitesboro', Oneida County, N. Y., in 1799.

He studied law at home, and began practice in Buffalo in 1822. In 1834 he was drawn into political life by being elected to the State Legislature. Again, in 1837, he was returned to the State Senate, for the term of four years, and believing his duties as Senator (and one of the Court of Appeals) somewhat incompatible with his professional employments, he relinquished his practice, which he did not again resume.
Declining a re-election, he made an extended tour in Europe, and the week after his return (in 1842) was nominated for Congress, and served in that body for four years. He spent the rest of his life in Buffalo and abroad, and died at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, N. Y. city, Nov. 19, 1873. He was twice married.

1817.

SAMUEL HUNTINGTON PERKINS, son of Samuel Perkins (Y. C., 1784) and Anna (Huntington) Perkins, was born in Windham, Conn., Feb. 17, 1797, and died in Philadelphia, Pa., May 22, 1874.

He spent a year in teaching in a private family in North Carolina, and then settled in Philadelphia, teaching and studying law with Josiah Randall. He was admitted to the bar, December 13, 1820, and continued in full practice until a few years before his death. Outside of his professional labors, he was active in many benevolent enterprises. He was also one of the Directors of the Girard College from its organization in 1847 till 1861.

Mr. Perkins was twice married. He leaves one son, who graduated at this college in 1848, and one daughter.

1820.

JARED FOOTE, son of Dr. Joseph Foote (Y. C. 1787) and Mary (Bassett) Foote, was born in North Haven, Conn., Jan. 2, 1800.

On the evening after his graduation, he was married to Rebekah Beecher, of New Haven, who survives him. They had six children, five sons and one daughter, all of whom are now living, excepting the eldest, a son, who died in 1841.

After spending a short time in teaching in his native State, Mr. Foote settled in North Haven, and became a partner in a manufacturing enterprise, which did not prove successful. His subsequent life was spent chiefly on his farm in Hamden, Conn., where he died, July 28, 1873, after an illness of only a single day.

1821.

ORNAN EASTMAN, fifth son of John and Hephzibah (Keyes) Eastman, was born in Amherst, Mass., March 27, 1796. He was prepared for Yale at the Academy in that town, afterwards chartered as Amherst College.

He studied theology at Andover, Mass., graduating in 1824, and served for the following year in organizing auxiliaries to the Amer-
ican Board for Foreign Missions, in New Hampshire. He then entered on his life-long work in the service of the American Tract Society, and after employment as Secretary of the New England Branch in Boston (where he was ordained as an evangelist, Aug. 27, 1828), and as General Agent for the Mississippi Valley, was elected May, 1832, Financial Secretary. In this work he labored untiringly until May, 1870, when he voluntarily laid down his heavier responsibilities, and thenceforward as Honorary Secretary attended only to such lighter duties as his growing years permitted. After less than a week's illness, he died at his home in New York City, April 24, 1874.

Mr. Eastman was married in Marblehead, Mass., in November, 1832, to Mary, daughter of Benjamin T. Reed. She survives him, with two sons (one of whom graduated at this college in 1854) and three daughters.

Edward Rockwell was the eldest child of Deacon Alpha and Rhoda (Ensign) Rockwell, of Winsted, Conn., and was born in Colebrook, Conn., June 30, 1801.

He studied law in New Haven, under Seth P. Staples, Esq., and Judge Hitchcock, and was admitted to the bar in 1825. A year or two later he removed to Youngstown, Trumbull County, Ohio, where he practiced his profession until 1834, when he became interested in mercantile affairs and in the manufacture of iron. From 1855 to 1867 he served as Secretary of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company. In the latter year, the condition of his health induced him to resign and to accept a responsible position in a large commercial house in New York City; but continued ill health obliged him soon to retire. The next few years were spent in foreign travel, and he finally returned in increased feebleness to Winsted, where he died at the house of his sister, Feb. 25, 1874.

Mr. Rockwell was married, in 1828, to Matilda du Plessis Salter, of New Haven, who died about 1846. Of their five children, three are still living.

John Smith, son of James and Sarah (Hanmer) Smith, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., Sept. 2, 1796, and died of pneumonia, at the house of his son, in Stamford, Conn., Feb. 20, 1874.

He studied theology for two years at Andover, Mass., and then for one year at Princeton, N. J., and was licensed to preach by
the Fairfield (Conn.) East Association, April 24, 1824. He was ordained pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Trenton, N. J., March 8, 1826, and resigned in August, 1828. He was installed over the 1st Congregational Church in Exeter, N. H., March 12, 1829, and dismissed at his own request, Feb. 14, 1838. After a year spent as an agent of the American Tract Society, he was settled in Feb., 1839, over the Congregational Church in Wilton, Conn., where he continued until June, 1848. From July 26, 1848, to Sept. 18, 1850, he was pastor of the Congregational Church in Kingston, N. H., and on the 9th of October, 1850, took the pastoral charge of the First Church in York, Me., which office he resigned early in 1855. He then came to Stamford, Conn., to live with his children, and after this preached but little, his most continuous service being in the supply of the pulpit of the church in Long Bridge, Stamford, from 1856 to 1858.

Mr. Smith was twice married; first, in Trenton, N. J., Sept. 11, 1826, to Esther Mary, daughter of Hon. Dickinson Woodruff. She died in Wilton, in 1841, after the birth of her sixth child; and he married, two years later, Louisa Gridley, of Middletown, Conn., who died without children.

1822.

Judah Lee Bliss, son of Dr. Judah Bliss, was born in North Wilbraham, Mass., March 16, 1803, and died in N. Y. city, June 4, 1873. His mother was Lucy, daughter of Rev. Dr. Andrew Lee (Y. C. 1766), of Lisbon, Conn.

In accordance with the desire of his father, that his son should follow his own profession, he studied medicine at the Berkshire Medical School, and graduated in 1825. He, however, never practiced his profession, but entered into mercantile life in Blenheim, Canada, and subsequently in N. Y. city. Satisfied by his losses that this was not his calling, he went in 1830 to Adams County, Mississippi, where he remained as a teacher in private families in or near Natchez, for twenty years, and succeeded in accumulating a considerable property, which was afterwards seriously diminished by the outbreak of the war. The rest of his life was spent in retirement, chiefly in N. Y. city. He visited Europe in 1851, and again a few years later.

Mr. Bliss married, Oct. 20, 1854, at Copake Iron Works, Columbia County, N. Y., Aurelia Hollister, widow of Lemuel Pomeroy, of Pittsfield, Mass. She survives him. They had no children.
ELIZUR GOODRICH SMITH, son of Rev. Dr. David Smith (Y. C. 1795), was born in Durham, Conn., where his father was then pastor, May 30, 1802. His mother was Catharine, daughter of Rev. Dr. Elizur Goodrich (Y. C. 1752). He entered Middlebury College in 1817, but on the removal of President Davis, came to New Haven the following year.

After graduating, he taught a year at Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn., and in 1824 entered Yale Theological Seminary, where he graduated in course in 1827. He was licensed to preach Aug. 29, 1826, and was ordained to the ministry, in New Haven, May 7, 1829. He had charge of the church in Ogdensburgh, N. Y., for the next three years, and married, Sept. 13, 1830, Adeline Denny, of that place, who died Nov. 4, 1831. On the failure of his health, he returned to New Haven, and was from 1833 to 1838 the editor of the "Quarterly Christian Spectator," and a large contributor to its pages. He married June 7, 1837, Susan C. Wadsworth, of Durham, who survives him. From 1838 to 1842, he was engaged in literary pursuits in New York City. He then, in the winter of 1842–43, went to Washington, as temporary clerk in the Patent Office. After a year's service, he was appointed in June, 1844, chief clerk, and a year later, agricultural clerk and librarian. During these years (until 1850) he accomplished a useful work in the formation of the Patent Office Library and in the preparation of five successive Agricultural Reports of the Commissioner of Patents. From 1850 to 1857, he was clerk in the General Land Office, and was then, after the election of President Buchanan, dismissed for political and religious reasons. He continued to reside in Washington, employing himself in various literary labors, and in 1860 was reinstated in a clerkship at the Patent Office, which he held until his death. He died in Washington, after an illness of about three weeks, from a disease of the heart, Aug. 26, 1873, at the age of 71. His children, one by his first, and two by his second marriage, died before him.

Aside from the thoroughness with which his official duties were performed, the scholarly tastes and habits which he carried through life were specially noteworthy. He accumulated a library of about 14,000 volumes, said to have been one of the best, if not the largest, of the private libraries in the city. By his will a valuable portion of this library, numbering some 1800 volumes, was given to the Divinity School of Yale College.
JOHN TODD, youngest child of Dr. Timothy and Phebe (Buel) Todd, was born in Rutland, Vt., October 9, 1800. In his childhood his father died, and it was only by his own exertions that he was able to secure a liberal education.

From college he went to Andover Seminary, where he completed the three years' course, and afterwards remained for nearly a year engaged in advanced study.

On the 3d of Jan., 1827, he was ordained first pastor of the Union Church in Groton, Mass., and in the following March was married to Mary S., daughter of Rev. Joab Brace (Y. C. 1804), of Newington, Conn. He resigned his charge at Groton, Jan. 8, 1833, and on the 30th of the same month was installed over the Edwards Church, Northampton, Mass. Here he remained until Nov. 4, 1836, when he removed to Philadelphia, where he was installed pastor of the First Congregational Church, on the 17th of the same month. This position he resigned in Nov., 1841, and soon after removed to Pittsfield, Mass., where he took charge of the First Congregational Church, Jan. 1, 1842, and was installed, Feb. 22. In 1870 he proposed to the church to lay down the active duties of pastor, but at their request his resignation was deferred, until in March, 1872, impaired health enforced his retirement. He died in Pittsfield, after an illness of three months Aug. 24, 1873, in his 73d year. His widow survives him, with five of their nine children, one of whom graduated at this college in 1855.

In 1845 Mr. Todd received the degree of D.D. from Williams College, and was elected one of the trustees of that institution, which office he held until 1872.

Dr. Todd was remarkably successful as a pastor, and also wielded a powerful influence as an author. He published over thirty volumes, besides many sermons and pamphlets. His most widely known book, "The Student's Manual," was first published in 1835.

THOMAS TILESTON WATERMAN died August 2, 1873. He was the son of Rev. Elijah (Y. C. 1791) and Lucy (Abbe) Waterman, and was born in Windham, Conn., Sept. 24, 1801.

In 1805, Bridgeport, Conn., became his home. Here he was prepared for college in a private school kept by his father, with whom, after graduating, he pursued a course of theological study. He was licensed to preach by the Fairfield East Association, June 1, 1825, and was ordained pastor of what afterwards became the
Richmond Street Congregational Church, in Providence, R. I., Dec. 13, 1826.

In Jan., 1837, he removed to Philadelphia, Pa., the change being made necessary by the state of his health, the result of a severe sickness. Here he remained until early in 1843, as pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church. Returning to Providence, he was instrumental in organizing the Fourth Congregational Church, and continued with them until the spring of 1852. He then removed to Galena, Ill., and on Dec. 15, was installed pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church. Leaving Galena early in 1856, he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Winona, Minn., and was active in securing the building of the house of worship upon which was raised the first spire north of Dubuque, and west of the Mississippi river.

In 1857 he returned to the East, and became pastor of the Congregational Church in Danielsonville, Conn. In 1861 he removed to Spencer, Mass., and was installed pastor of the Congregational Church there, June 5, closing his labors in Dec., 1862. In 1863, he removed to Monroe, Conn., of which place he was a resident until his death. He acted as pastor of the Congregational Church there until the latter part of 1868. During this time and afterwards, he assisted in establishing churches in Springfield, Ill., and Marshall, Mich. In the last three years of his life, he was prostrated several times by severe attacks of a chronic complaint, but continued to preach occasionally, until very near the end of life. He died in Stratford, Conn., at the residence of his daughter, which he had made an occasional and temporary home for a year or more previous.

He married, Dec. 11, 1827, Delia, daughter of Dan Storrs, of Mansfield Center, Conn. His widow, a daughter and four sons survive him. One son was graduated at this college in 1855; another at Beloit College in 1856.

William Leeds Wight, third son of Hezekiah L and Nancy (Leeds) Wight, was born in Richmond, Va., March 17, 1802.

He studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his diploma in 1825, and remained for some time in attendance at the Philadelphia almhouse. After a year in Europe, he settled as a practicing physician in Goochland County, Va., where he died (near Dover Mills) suddenly, Oct. 2, 1873.

He married, Dec. 7, 1834, Grace M., daughter of Samuel Hughes, of New Haven. She died in New Haven, May 19, 1874. One of their two sons is still living.
Edward Dickinson was the eldest son of Hon. Samuel F. Dickinson (Dartmouth Coll., 1795) and Lucretia (Gunn) Dickinson, and was born in Amherst, Mass., Jan. 1, 1803. He entered college from Amherst Academy, at the beginning of the Sophomore year. He studied law for two years with his father, and for a third year in Northampton, Mass., and then established himself in his native place, where he remained in practice until his death. As early as 1835 he was elected the treasurer of Amherst College, and held the position until the present year; having by his judicious management proved himself one of the most efficient friends of that institution. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Amherst in 1863.

In 1838 and 1839 he was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, and in 1842 and 1843 of the State Senate. In 1846 and 1847 he was one of the Governor's Council, and from 1853 to 1855 a Representative in Congress. As the leading citizen of the town, he was elected in 1873 as a member of the State Legislature, for the main purpose of securing to the town the advantages of the Massachusetts Central Railroad; and after a careful speech in the House, on the morning of June 16, 1874, in the interests of this railroad in connection with the Hoosac Tunnel, he was attacked with apoplexy, and died at his hotel before evening.

He married, May 6, 1828, Emily, daughter of Joel Norcross, of Monson, Mass., who survives him. One son and two daughters are also living.

Gordon Hayes was born in Granby, Conn., April 24, 1798. He took a full course at the Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1827, and after supplying for a time the church in Castleton, Vt., was ordained over the Presbyterian church in Cambridge, N. Y., July 30, 1828. He remained there but a single year, preferring to be connected with the Congregational denomination, and in July, 1829, he was called to the church in Washington, Conn., where he preached until 1851. He then took charge of a seminary in Bennington, Vt., for two or three years, and then supplied for one year the church in Pownal, and for three years the church in East Arlington, in the same State. In 1860 he removed to Iowa, whither all his children had preceded him. For five years he preached in Brighton, and the rest of his life
was spent with his son in Muscatine, where he died after an illness of several months, May 26, 1874.

While settled in Cambridge, he was married to Mary D. Fassett, of Bennington, who did a few years before him. Of their children four sons and one daughter are still living.

EDWARDS JOHNSON, son of Samuel William Johnson, and Susanna, daughter of Pierpont Edwards, was born in Stratford, Conn., Feb. 20, 1804.

After his graduation, he studied law at the Litchfield Law School, but never applied for admission to the bar. He carried on a farm in his native town for a number of years, and afterwards was engaged in the iron business.

He married, Sept. 29, 1830, Ann Johnson Dowdall, daughter of George R. Dowdall, who survives him. They had four children, three of whom are now living. He died, June 24, 1873, at his residence in Stratford.

ADDISON HAYES WHITE, youngest son of Hon. Asa and Zilpah (Hayes) White, of Williamsburg, Mass., was born in that town, Aug. 23, 1803.

He studied law and practiced for several years in Tennessee, residing principally in Covington, Tipton County. In 1839, he returned to the family homestead in Williamsburg, where he resided, engaged in farming and in the practice of his profession, until his death, which occurred in that town, Feb. 2, 1873.

He married, first, Feb. 27, 1833, Matilda J., daughter of Rev. Samuel Brown, of Tipton County, Tenn. She died Dec. 10, 1837. He married secondly, April 30, 1840, Clarissa, daughter of Ariel Taylor, of Williamsburg. His only child, a son by his second marriage, is still living.

WILLIAM HAYDEN ROCKWELL, son of Charles and Sarah (Hayden) Rockwell, was born in South Windsor, Conn., Feb. 15, 1800, the only son in a family of eight children.

He entered college in the Junior year, and after receiving his degree taught school for two years in Dudley, Mass. He then attended a course of medical lectures in this college, and entered the office of Dr Thomas Hubbard, of Pomfret, Conn. (afterwards professor). But almost immediately (in July, 1827) he was appointed assistant physician in the Hartford (Conn.) Retreat for the
Insane, where he pursued his studies under Dr. Eli Todd. In the winter of 1830–31 he attended a second course of lectures at the Yale Medical School, and received the degree of M.D. He began practice in Durham, Conn., but in 1833 was recalled to his former position at Hartford, which he held until appointed, in June, 1836, Superintendent of the Vermont Asylum for the Insane, at Brattleboro'. This relation he sustained until his death, at Brattleboro', Nov. 30, 1873.

Dr. Rockwell was married in 1835 to Mrs. Maria F. Chapin, daughter of Peter Farnam, Esq., of Salisbury, Conn., and had by this marriage one daughter and two sons.

1826.

James Fitch Bunnell, third son of Rufus Bunnell (Y. C. 1797) and of Diantha (Fitch) Bunnell, was born in Bloomfield, N. Y., March 27, 1807. He came to college from New York city, to which place his father removed in 1817.

He studied law in Litchfield, Conn., and was admitted to the bar in New York, but did not pursue the profession. He was engaged in banking until 1832, when he began the manufacture of woolen goods, near Bridgeport, Conn. He retired from business in 1846, on account of the failure of his health, and continued to reside in Bridgeport. He died in Middletown, Conn., April 9, 1874, aged 67. He was unmarried.

William Porter Burrall, son of Hon. Wm. M. and Abigail (Porter, Stoddard) Burrall, was born in Canaan, Conn., Sept. 18, 1806.

Immediately upon graduation he began the study of the law with his father. After one year, he entered the office of Hon. Samuel Church (afterwards Chief Justice of the State), in Salisbury, and subsequently attended a course of lectures at the Litchfield Law-school, and was admitted to the bar of Litchfield County in April, 1829. He practiced law in his native town until October, 1838, when he removed to Bridgeport, Conn., to undertake the Presidency of the Housatonic Railroad Company, then just organized. He held this office until 1852 or '53, when he resigned in consequence of the pressure of other engagements. He was also connected with the N. Y. and N. H. Railroad during its construction and the earlier years of its operation, and at the same time, and later, with the Illinois Central Railroad, first as Treasurer,
and afterwards as President. In 1862 he was chosen Vice-President of the Hartford and New Haven Railroad, and at the death of the President in 1868, succeeded to the vacant office, and finally became Vice-President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, upon the consolidation of the companies. This position he retained with distinguished credit until his sudden death, from apoplexy, in Hartford, March 3, 1874. He had removed his residence from Bridgeport to Salisbury, Conn., in 1859, and had subsequently represented that town several times in the General Assembly, and had also been a member of the State Senate.

In May, 1831, he married Miss Harriet Holley, daughter of John M. Holley, of Salisbury, who is left his widow. Five of his six children are also living.

Sidney Mills, son of Gardner and Mary (Skinner) Mills, was born in Canton, Conn., March 29, 1799.

He studied theology with Rev. Grant Power, at Goshen, Conn., and with Rev. George E. Pierce, of Harwinton, Conn., and was licensed to preach by the Litchfield South Association, in 1831. His life was occupied with the duties of his profession, and in instruction. He was connected with the Presbyterian denomination.

He died at his residence in Clifton, Va., March 25, 1874. He married Miss Laura P. Fuller, and had four children.

1827.

Robert Kerr Richards, son of Abraham and Sarah (Arnold) Richards, of N. Y. city, was born in Savannah, Ga., Sept. 5, 1806; and died of consumption, at the residence of his son in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 5, 1874.

Soon after leaving college he entered the Law School at Litchfield, Conn., and after a year or more removed to Rhode Island, where he studied in the office of Attorney-General Greene for about a year longer. He then established himself, in the autumn of 1830, in St. Louis, where he practiced his profession and became connected with the press of the city.

While in New York on a visit, he married, Oct. 30, 1832, the daughter of Gen. Anthony Lamb. In 1833 he removed from St. Louis to New York, thence in 1834 to Chicago, and in 1836 went southward, spending some time in Washington, D. C., and in Florida, and finally settling in Brooklyn, N. Y. Owing to a
severe malady, he was advised to try the effect of a long sea-voyage, and in Jan., 1849, embarked for San Francisco. A few years' residence there nearly restored him to health, and he again returned, in 1858, to New York.

His wife died many years before him. Two sons and a daughter are still living.

John Cleveland Palmer, son of William and Dorothy Palmer, was born in East Haddam, Conn., Nov. 17, 1807: died in Hartford, Conn., Aug. 12, 1873, after a brief illness.

After graduating, he entered the Yale Law School, and in 1831 began the practice of law in his native town, which he represented several times in the Legislature. He served for two years as Bank Commissioner, and in 1846 was chosen Judge of the County Court. He was appointed School Fund Commissioner in 1850, and again in 1853.

Having been elected President of the Sharp's Rifle Company, he removed to Hartford in 1855, and retained an official connection with the company during the rest of his life.

He married, in 1831, Mary Ann, daughter of David Hoadley, at that time a leading architect of New Haven, who survives him, with two of their three children.

Edwin Randolph Gilbert, son of Hon. Peyton R. and Anna (Porter) Gilbert, was born in Gilead, a parish of Hebron, Conn., Feb. 10, 1808.

He entered the Yale Divinity School in 1829 and completed the course in 1832. On the 3d of Oct., 1832, he was ordained over the Congregational Church in Wallingford, Conn., and retired as pastor emeritus, Jan. 1, 1874 His long pastorate was marked by great fidelity and judiciousness. He died of pneumonia at his residence in Wallingford, April 17, 1874, after an illness of eight days. The sermon preached at his funeral by the Rev. Dr. Leonard Bacon, who also preached the sermon at his ordination, is to be published. From August, 1849, until his death, Mr. Gilbert was a member of the Corporation of Yale College.

He was married, May 7, 1833, to Ann S. Langdon, of Hartford, Conn., by whom he had four children. She died Feb. 13, 1841. His second marriage was with Dorcas S., daughter of Rev. Aaron.
Dutton (Y. C. 1803) of Guilford, July 26, 1842 She died July 10, 1849, having had three children. He married again, Sept. 7, 1852, Clara, daughter of William Baldwin, of New Haven, who died Aug. 19, 1864. He was again married, Oct. 16, 1865, to Henrietta M. Carrington, of Wallingford, who survives him Two sons, one by his first and one by his second marriage, are also living, the younger of whom is a graduate of this college.

1832.

James Madison Bunker was born in Nantucket, Mass., March 5, 1811, and died at the same place, Nov. 19, 1873.

He was educated as a lawyer at the Cambridge (Mass.) Law School, where he graduated in 1835. He practiced his profession in his native town, and also taught school there for some years. He afterwards removed to New Bedford, Mass., where he continued to practice law He again returned to Nantucket, and at the time of his death was Judge of the Probate Court. He left several children.

Edward Osborne Dunning, son of Capt. Luman and Elizabeth (Osborne) Dunning, was born in New Haven, Conn., March 12, 1810, and died in the same city, March 23, 1874.

He studied theology in the Yale Divinity School, where he graduated in 1835 In June, 1840, he was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church in Rome, N. Y., but was dismissed in the next year. From 1842 to 1846 he was settled over the Reformed Church in Canajoharie, N. Y He was afterwards for many years employed by the American Bible Society as an agent in the Southern States, his family residence being in New Haven. During the late civil war he entered the service as a chaplain, and was stationed at the hospital in Cumberland, Md. In the last few years of his life he became interested in the exploration of ancient mounds in various parts of the South.

He married, in 1839, Miss Catharine Bent, of Middlebury, Vt., who survives him, with four of their five children.

Henry Lawrence Hitchcock was born in Burton, Geauga County, Ohio, Oct. 31, 1813. His father, Hon. Peter Hitchcock, a native of Cheshire, Conn., graduated at this college in 1807, and emigrated to Burton in 1806, becoming afterwards a member of Congress and Chief Justice of the State. His mother was Nabby, daughter of Elam Cook, of Cheshire.
On his graduation he returned home and for two years had charge of the Burton Academy, at which he had been prepared for college. He remained in town a year longer, engaged partly in teaching privately, and partly in studying theology. In the autumn of 1835 he entered Lane Theological Seminary, then under the care of Dr. Lyman Beecher, where he spent two years. In 1837 he was licensed to preach, in Burton, and during the same year was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Morgan, Ashtabula County, where he labored for two and a half years. In 1840 he was called to Columbus to take charge of the Second Presbyterian Church, then recently formed. Here he continued, and with remarkable success, until elected President of Western Reserve College, May 31, 1855. He found the college in a languishing condition, and by his untiring energy relieved it of debt and placed it on a firmer foundation. Besides his duties of President, he was the College Pastor, and instructed in the department of Natural Theology and the Evidences of Christianity. Under this burden of labor, his health declined, and he spent the winter of 1867 in Europe, remaining abroad until June. For three years longer he continued at the head of the college, and then insisted on retiring, retaining only the duties of pastor and professor. He died at Hudson, after two weeks' illness, of typhoid fever, July 6, 1873, in the sixtieth year of his age. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Williams College in 1855.

President Hitchcock was married in Dec., 1837, to Miss Clarissa M., daughter of Stephen Ford, of Burton, Ohio. He had eleven children, of whom five, with their mother, are now living. Two of their sons were graduated at Western Reserve College in 1859; the elder of whom is a clergyman, and the younger was killed at the battle of Stone River, in Tennessee, Dec. 31, 1862.

[1833. For notice of R D Gardner, see p 155 ]

1834.

Churchill Coffing was born Nov. 13, 1813, in Salisbury, Conn. He was the son of John C. and Maria (Birch) Coffing.

He studied law at the Yale Law School, and settled, in 1839, in Peru, Ill., where he resided until the spring of 1870, when he removed to Chicago, where he died, May 17, 1873, of an attack of rheumatism, inducing dropsy around the heart.

Mr. Coffing was married July 8, 1841, to Asenath C., daughter of Daniel Brewster, of Salisbury. She survives him with a son and a daughter.
THOMAS HENRY TOTTEN was born in New Haven, Conn., March 4, 1815. He was the youngest son of Gilbert Totten and Mary (Rice) Totten.

After his graduation, he pursued his medical studies three years under Dr. Eli Ives, of the Yale Medical School.

On receiving his degree he settled in Pottsville, Pa., remaining there till ill health compelled his returning to his native air, where he was obliged to remain some months. A second trial of the climate of Pottsville convinced him that it was impossible for him to remain there, or even to endure the fatigue and exposure of his profession. He therefore returned to New Haven and relinquished practice, except occasionally among friends. He never regained his health and died at his family residence, March 26, 1874. He was unmarried.

1835.

Samuel Ware Fisher, son of Rev. Samuel Fisher, D.D., a distinguished Presbyterian clergyman, and of Alice (Coggswell) Fisher, was born in Morristown, N. J., April 5, 1814.

He entered Princeton Theological Seminary in 1836, and after nearly two years there went to the Union Seminary in N. Y. city, where he graduated in 1839. Before leaving the Seminary, he was called to the pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church in West Bloomfield, now Mont Clair, N. J. He was ordained its first pastor in April, 1839, and remained there three years and a half. He was next installed, Oct 13, 1843, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church in Albany, N. Y. While here, he was called, Oct 26, 1846, to the Second Presbyterian Church in Cincinnati, Ohio, the charge of which had lately been laid down by Dr. Lyman Beecher. Over this church he was installed in April, 1847. He resigned July 19, 1858, to accept the Presidency of Hamilton College. This office he held until 1866, when he was installed (Nov. 15) pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, Utica, N. Y., where he continued until May 11, 1870, when he wasstricken down by paralysis. In this enfeebled state, physically weak, and powerless in speech, but mentally strong, he lingered until Jan 18, 1874, when he died suddenly, without a moment's warning, at College Hill, near Cincinnati, where the last years of his life had been spent.

Dr. Fisher was first married, October 20, 1839, to Miss Annie C. Johnson, of Morristown, N. J., who died Aug. 31, 1840. He
was afterwards married, May 18, 1842, to Miss Jane Jackson, of Newark, N. J., who with four of their eight children survives him.

He received the degree of D.D. from Miami University in 1852, and that of LL.D. from the University of New York in 1866.

Ethelbert Smith Mills was born in N. Y. city in 1816, and was drowned at Coney Island, N. Y., July 15, 1873.

After graduation he studied law in N. Y. city, and entered into practice in partnership with Hon. Ebenezer Seeley (Y. C. 1814). Subsequently he became better known as a member of the firm of Bradford, Mills, and Woodhull, and continued in practice until 1868.

On the 27th of June, 1849, he married Miss Ellen S. Low, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and became a resident of that city. At the time of his death he was President of the Brooklyn Trust Company. He was also President of the Brooklyn Art Association, to the objects of which he had devoted himself with a characteristic energy and enthusiasm.

His wife and two sons survive him.

1836.

Frederick Buel was born in Sheffield, Mass., Jan. 4, 1813. Three years later the family removed to Litchfield, Conn., where his childhood was spent. Later, he came to New Haven as a merchant's clerk, and while thus engaged became a Christian at the age of 16, and resolved to devote himself to the gospel ministry.

After graduation, he taught for a while, and then studied theology under Rev. Dr. Hickok, at Hudson, O. In 1840, having by continued study seriously impaired his sight, he was advised to try sea-life, and spent seven years on ship-board. Then returning to Connecticut, he was licensed to preach, and for a time served as general agent of the American Bible Society in that State. In August, 1849, he was sent by the Bible Society to California, and remained actively and untiringly engaged as its agent for the Pacific Coast, until a few months before his death. He was ordained to the ministry by the San Francisco Presbytery, in Benicia, Aug. 7, 1851. He died at his residence in Oakland, Cal., of consumption, Oct. 27, 1873. He left a wife and children.
CHARLES BACKUS MCLEAN was born in Simsbury, Conn., Aug. 23, 1815. His father was the Rev. Allen McLean (Y. C. 1805), for more than fifty years pastor of the Congregational Church in that place.

After graduation, he taught for a few months in North Stamford, Conn., and in 1837 began the study of theology, which he pursued for four years, spending the first in Andover, Mass., the second in Union Theological Seminary, N. Y. city, another in New Haven, and the fourth under the tuition of his father at home. On the 7th of February, 1844, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Collinsville, Conn., which office he continued to fill until failing health compelled him to resign it, in May, 1866. He now removed to Wethersfield, Conn., and sank gradually until his death, in Wethersfield, Oct. 29, 1873.

He married Miss Mary D. Williams, of Wethersfield, who survives him.

JOSEPH FORMAN SABINE died in Syracuse, N. Y., of pneumonia, June 4, 1874, at the age of about 60 years. He was a native of Onondaga, N. Y.

He studied law with James R. Lawrence, of Camillus, N. Y., whose daughter Margaret he afterwards married. She remains his widow, with one daughter. On being admitted to the bar he settled at first in Camillus, but soon removed to Syracuse, where he continued in successful practice until his death.

1838.

JOEL GRANT, son of Elijah and Elizabeth (Phelps) Grant, was born in Colebrook, Conn., Jan. 24, 1816, and entered college in the Sophomore year.

After his graduation, he taught school for one year in Berlin, Md., and then served for nearly three years as Professor of Mathematics on the U. S. ship of war Potomac, cruising about the coast of South America. He then entered the Theological Seminary at Andover, and a year later removed to the Seminary at New Haven, where he completed his course in 1845. Having received a commission from the American Home Missionary Society, he was ordained an Evangelist by the North Consociation of Litchfield County, at South Cornwall, Conn., Sept. 29th, and was married to Miss Abigail F. Cowles, of Norfolk, Conn., Oct. 12th, 1845. He went immediately to Lockport, Illinois, where he had charge of
the Congregational Church until June, 1847, when he returned to Connecticut to regain his health. In December, he began to supply the pulpit of the Congregational Church in West Avon, and was installed there, June 14, 1848. His health being re-established, he resigned this charge, Oct. 11, 1852, and went back to his people in Lockport, where he remained until Oct., 1858. He then went to Bristol, Ill., where he preached from Dec., 1858, until April, 1860, and then returned again to his parish in Lockport. In August, 1861, he became chaplain of the 12th Illinois Volunteers, and served until July, 1865. He was then, from Oct., 1865, to April, 1866, the chaplain of the 113th U. S. Colored Infantry. In these years he was especially identified with the work of the Freedmen's Bureau.

The most of the year 1867 he spent in his native town, caring for his aged father, and acting as pastor of the church. Returning to Illinois and to the missionary work to which he devoted his useful life, he supplied the pulpit in Bristol until 1870, when he became stated pastor of the Congregational Church in Cambridge. In May, 1873, he took charge of the church at Downey's Grove, and while in this service died suddenly, in Chicago, of heart disease, Dec. 31, 1873.

His wife survives him, with his only son, a graduate of this college in the class of 1869.

ELI WHITNEY BLAKE, son of Philos and Esther (Hotchkiss) Blake, was born in New Haven, Conn., Dec. 28, 1819.

He studied medicine in the Yale and Harvard Medical Schools, graduating at the former in 1842. For the next six months he was Assistant Physician at the city institutions in South Boston, and then began general practice in Boston. In 1863 he removed to New Haven, and continued in full practice, until his death, of typho-malarial fever, Nov. 19, 1873.

He was married, Oct. 17, 1842, to Frances T., daughter of Sidney Babcock, of New Haven. She survives him, with one son, who graduated at this college in 1872; three other children having died in childhood.

CHARLES ASTOR BRISTED was born in N. Y. city, Oct. 6, 1820, and was the only son of the Rev. John Bristed, an Episcopal clergyman, of English birth, and of his wife Margaret B., the eldest daughter of John Jacob Astor.
He remained for a year in New Haven as a resident graduate, attending some exercises at the Law School, and pursuing classical studies. In the autumn of 1840, he went abroad, and entered Trinity College, Cambridge University, where he graduated B. A. in 1845, having been much interrupted by ill-health. In the spring of 1846 he returned to New York, and married, Jan. 14th, 1847, Laura, daughter of Henry Brevoort. In 1849 he edited selections from Catullus, and in 1851 wrote "Five Years in an English University," besides contributing numerous articles in the meantime to various American periodicals, and a series of papers to Fraser's Magazine, afterwards published under the title of "The Upper Ten Thousand: Sketches of New York Society." In 1851 he went abroad on account of his wife's health, and until her death, in August, 1861, passed most of his time in Paris and Baden. In October following he returned to New York, enfeebled in health, but with the purpose, nevertheless, of devoting himself to the service of his country in the civil war. A recurrence, however, of a dangerous illness, aggravated by the severity of the climate, completely broke down his health, and made him for the remainder of his life a confirmed invalid. In 1867 he published "The Interference Theory of Government," and in 1873 a revised edition of his "Five Years in an English University." While in Baden he printed, in 1858-9, a collection of his miscellanies, in four volumes, whimsically entitled "Pieces of a Broken-Down Critic, picked up by himself."

He was married a second time, to Miss Grace Sedgwick, who survives him, with several children. He died in Washington, D. C., which had been his later winter residence, on the 15th of January, 1874.

By far the largest share of Mr. Bristed's published writings was in the form of contributions to the periodicals of the day, and in this way he did much for the cause of literary culture in America. In the same direction were his benefactions to this college. In 1848 he established the "Bristed Scholarship," on a foundation of $1,300, and in 1871 he gave $500 for the purchase of books on classical philology for the Library.

Daniel Gordon Estes was born in Malden, Mass., June 5, 1819. In the autumn of 1839 he entered the Andover (Mass.) Theol Seminary, but was obliged to leave on account of ill-health early in 1840. For the next two years he was engaged in a mercantile house in Boston, but in 1842 he joined the middle class
in the General Theol. Seminary, N. Y. city, where he graduated in June, 1844. He was ordained a deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, July 12, 1844, and soon after took charge of St. James's Parish, Amesbury, Mass. On the 30th of July, 1845, he received priest's orders, in Salem, Mass., from Bishop Eastburn.

On account of impaired health he left Amesbury in 1851, and removed to Missouri. While in that State, he officiated in several places, but principally in St. Louis as rector of St. Paul's Church. Having returned to his residence in Amesbury, in 1857, he soon took charge again of his first parish, with which he remained connected until his death, Aug. 9, 1873.

He was married, Oct. 14, 1846, to Hannah M., daughter of Paul Moody, of Lowell, Mass., who survives him. They had no children.

In 1861 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by St. Paul's College, Missouri.

1841.

Charles Henry Clark was born in Saybrook, Conn., June 11, 1818. He taught in the academy in Clinton, Conn., for a year after graduating; and then studied law, first in Saybrook, and subsequently in Rochester, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar in October, 1845, and was for many years a successful lawyer in Rochester. In 1858 he was mayor of the city, and in June, 1863, was appointed Colonel of the 54th Regiment of the N. Y. State National Guard.

He died in Rochester, Nov. 20, 1870, aged 52, having been affected for nearly a year with an organic disease of the heart, which was apparently complicated with a disease of the brain.

He married, March 8, 1848, Miss Maria B. Viele, of Saratoga County, N. Y., who with his two sons is still living.

1842.

Robert T. Gill was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in July, 1821, and died in Hillsdale, Mich., of aneurism of the aorta, July 1, 1873.

He studied medicine at home and in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1846. He then began practice in New York city. In 1849 he went to California, and in 1853 returned to Spring Brook, near Poughkeepsie, where he resided for many years, engaged chiefly in farming and milling.
WILLIAM WOODRUFF ATWATER, third son of Ira and Roxanna (Buckingham) Atwater, was born in New Haven, Conn., Nov. 4, 1824.

After taking his degree, he taught for a year in Goldsborough, N. C., and then returned to New England, and spent a year in Andover and two years in New Haven, pursuing theological studies. He was licensed to preach by the Middlesex (Conn.) Association, Aug 7, 1849, and was ordained Dec. 3, 1850, at Lima, Mich, where he was stationed as a Home Missionary for about two years. Two other engagements succeeded, each of two years, with the churches at Niles and Hudson, in the same State. He then preached at Elkhart, Ind., for three years, and in 1860 returned to Connecticut, and was installed over the Congregational Church in Prospect, on the 31st of October. He was dismissed from this charge, Jan. 31, 1865, and in December began to preach in the West parish in Avon, Conn., where he continued until 1868. His last regular employment in the ministry was in South Killingly, where he settled in August, 1869. The state of his health led him to resign in 1873, and he removed to New Haven, where he died March 15, 1874. At the time of his death he was the Librarian of the Yale Law School.

He married, Sept. 27, 1847, Mary Elizabeth Olmstead, of Bridgeport, Conn. His wife survives him, with several children.

GEORGE GIDEON WEBSTER was born in West Hartford, Conn., March 14, 1824, and died very suddenly, of congestion of the brain, in San Francisco, Cal., June 1, 1874. He was the fifth son of Ira Webster (Y. C. 1802) and Ann (L. Francis) Webster.

He graduated at the Yale Law School, in 1850, and was admitted to the bar. He joined one of the pioneer companies for California, and was for a few years engaged in mining. He then became a banker, and agent of Wells, Fargo & Co., at Forest Hill, Placer County, Cal., for ten years. For the remainder of his life he was a broker in San Francisco.

He married, in Sept., 1856, Annie E. Soule, of Fall River, Mass., who survives him, with one of his two sons.
1849.

David Peck was born in Greenwich, Conn., Feb. 16, 1825, and entered college in the Sophomore Year.

From college he passed directly to the Yale Divinity School, where he finished the course in 1852, having been licensed to preach by the New Haven West (Congregational) Association, in July, 1851. He was ordained as the first pastor of the Congregational Church in Orange, Mass., Oct. 13, 1852, where he labored until May 25, 1857. For six months from Dec. 15, 1857, he supplied the pulpit in Woodbridge, Conn., and was then installed (June 23, 1858) pastor of the 2d Congregational Church in Danbury, Conn. He resigned this charge, Jan. 2, 1861, and his next settlement was over the Evangelical Congregational Church in Barre, Mass., from April 16, 1861, to Nov. 25, 1867. He then went to Sunderland, Mass., where he was pastor from Dec. 18, 1867, till his death, in that place, Jan. 31, 1874.

He married, Sept. 8, 1852, Miss Frances M. Jocelyn, of New Haven, Conn., who is still living.

1860.

Joel Sherland Blatchley, the eldest child of Samuel and Mary (Robinson) Blatchley, was born in North Madison, Conn., March 8, 1829.

After graduation, he taught for a year in New Orleans, and then went to Dubuque, Iowa, where he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced until the autumn of 1863. At that date, having lost several children, whose deaths were attributable, as he thought, to the climate, he removed to San Francisco, where he continued in his profession until early in 1870, when his health failed. He returned to his father's residence in Connecticut, and died suddenly in Fair Haven, Jan. 8, 1874.

He was married in Feb., 1859, to Mrs. Marion Hall, of Monroe, Mich. His widow and three children survive him.

1861.

Evan William Evans, son of William and Catharine (Howell) Evans, was born Jan. 6, 1827, near Swansea, South Wales. His parents removed to Bradford County, Pa., in 1831, where he obtained his early education.

He studied theology at New Haven for about a year, and then became principal of the Delaware Literary Institute, in Franklin,
N. Y. From this position he was called to a tutorship in this college, which he resigned, however, after one year's service (1855-6). In 1857 he was appointed Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy in Marietta College, Ohio, and filled that place until 1864. He was then for three years occupied in Mining Engineering, and spent a fourth year in European travel. He was the first professor appointed in Cornell University, N. Y., and from the opening of that institution, in the fall of 1868, until 1872, filled the chair of Mathematics. He resigned on account of failing health, and after an absence of a few months at the South, returned to Ithaca, and gradually sank, until his death of consumption, May 22, 1874. Professor Evans was a general scholar, and while excelling in mathematics, was perhaps the most thorough Celtic student in this country.

He was married, Aug. 6, 1856, to Helen E., daughter of Rev. Dr. Tertius S Clarke (Y. C. 1824), then of Franklin, N. Y. She is still living, with several children.

George Granbery Hastings, son of George and Mary L. (Granbery) Hastings, was born in New York city, Feb. 8, 1830. He entered college at the beginning of the Sophomore year, and remained for two years His degree was granted him in 1854.

After an interval of travel, he studied commercial law in New York city, and in 1853 took a partial course at the Harvard Law School He then devoted himself to his profession, in New York, until the autumn of 1861, when he raised a company of the 1st U. S. Sharpshooters, was commissioned captain, and joined the Army of the Potomac. He was soon after commissioned Major of his Regiment He was wounded at the battle of Chancellorsville, and on recovering was appointed to the staff of Gen. Meade as Judge-Advocate of the Army of the Potomac. The Brevets of Lt. Colonel and Colonel were conferred on him for gallantry in the field.

After the close of the war he devoted a few years to his private business, and then entered the civil service. About the close of 1871, he was stricken with paralysis, from which he never fully recovered. He died at Sing Sing, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1873.

He was married in 1856 to Laura Helen, daughter of James L. Curtis, of New York. His only child, a daughter, survives him.
CHRISTOPHER DICRAN SEROPYAN was born in Constantinople, Turkey, Aug. 16, 1825.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Divinity School, and was licensed to preach the gospel, July 12, 1854. Meantime he was also pursuing studies in chemistry. In Sept., 1854, he entered on the study of medicine and attended lectures in New Haven and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, receiving the degree of M.D. from this college in 1856. In Oct., 1858, he left America, and for eighteen months continued his medical studies in Paris. In July, 1860, he arrived at Constantinople, and began the practice of his profession. His chemical knowledge was a means of service to the Turkish Government, and he was soon appointed a member of the Imperial Mining Council. He died, of paralysis, about the middle of May, 1874.

Dr. Seropyan was married, Feb. 16, 1864, to Miss Mugerdich, the daughter of an Armenian banker of Constantinople.

SAMUEL MILLS CAPRON was born in Uxbridge, Mass., May 15, 1832, and was prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

Immediately upon graduation he became principal of the Hopkins Grammar School, constituting the Classical Department of the Public High School, in Hartford, Conn. In this position he remained until the summer of 1863, when he went to Europe for the benefit of his health. He returned in Nov., 1864, and in May of the next year added to his duties the principalship of the High School, and continued thus engaged with singular success until his death, at Hartford, after ten days' illness, of pneumonia, Jan. 4, 1874.

He married, Nov. 23, 1854, Miss Eunice M. Chapin, of Whistinsville, Mass., who survives him, with three of their five children.

ALBERT HALLER TRACY, son of Hon. Albert H. and Harriet F. Tracy, was born in Norwich, Conn., Oct. 29, 1834. He came to college from Buffalo, N. Y., and resided there until his very sudden death, Jan. 23, 1874. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1856, but retired from practice after a few years.
Elizur Wolcott, son of Guy and Annis (Porter) Wolcott, was born in Tallmadge, O., July 14, 1833. His early years were spent on his father's farm. He entered Western Reserve College in 1850, where he remained two years. In 1852 he entered the Junior Class in this college.

He remained a year in New Haven after his graduation, pursuing the study of philosophy and modern languages. In 1855 he was appointed tutor in Western Reserve College, where he taught three years. In 1858 he began the study of theology at Andover, Mass., but his health soon gave way, and he abandoned study for a time, hoping, after a period of recreation, to resume it and enter the Christian ministry. He did not recover from his disease, and at length, in 1860, he married and settled down upon a farm in his native town. On the night of Dec. 20, 1873, he retired in his usual health, but was found in the morning dead in his bed, having probably suffocated in an epileptic attack. He was a man of more than ordinary ability and scholarship, and was very useful and active in all the public affairs of the church and town where he lived.

He was married, Nov. 29, 1860, to Mary L. Pierce, of Tallmadge, who survives him, with four daughters.

1855.

Lafayette Washington Groves, son of David Groves, was born in Sumner County, Tenn., April 11, 1834. His father emigrated to Lafayette County, Mo., in 1835, and the son spent three years in the Masonic College in Lexington, in the same county, before entering Yale in the Junior year.

Returning home after graduation, he studied law in the office of Judge John Ryland, of Lexington, was admitted to the bar in 1857, and began practice in St. Joseph, where he remained about eighteen months. He then went to Mississippi, and took charge of a High School, in Cayuga, Hinds County, and was thus engaged at the beginning of the war. He then returned to Missouri, and entered the Southern army, under the command of Gen. Sterling Price. After the close of the war he spent some time at home, and in 1868 was elected Professor of Languages in Richmond College, at Richmond, Mo., where he continued until 1870. In the spring of 1871 he purchased the "Lexington Intelligencer," and was its editor until his death. He was assassinated, on the streets of Lexington, on the 8th of Nov., 1872, by Edwin Turner, the
publisher of a rival paper, who had been severely denounced by Mr. Groves for printing a slanderous personal attack upon him.

1856.

JOHN C. MOREHEAD was born in Frankfort, Ky., March 4, 1837, and died at his plantation near Greenville, Mississippi, about the 26th of October, 1873, of heart disease.

He entered college at the beginning of the Junior year, from Frankfort. After graduating he returned home and studied law and was admitted to the bar.

OLIVER STARR TAYLOR was born in Brookfield, Conn., March 14, 1832, and died in Kittanning, Pa., April 5, 1874.

He spent two years in the Yale Divinity School, and was first settled in Simsbury, Conn., where he was ordained over the Congregational Church, Sept. 21, 1859. He resigned this charge, Aug. 1, 1865, and from Jan. 1, 1866 to Feb., 1867, preached in Essex, Conn. The next six months were spent in European travel, and after his return he spent some time in the West. He was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, April 6, 1870, and advanced to the priesthood Oct. 18, 1871, on which day he was also instituted Rector of St. Paul's Church, in Kittanning. In this position he continued until his death.

He married, July 6, 1858, Miss Lottie Baldwin, of Bridgeport, Conn., and had several children.

1857.

JOHN THOMAS CROXTON was born, Nov. 20, 1837, in Bourbon County, within a few miles of Paris, Ky., the eldest son of a farmer. He was prepared for college at home, and entered as Sophomore.

Selecting the law as his profession, he studied under Gov. James F. Robinson, at Georgetown, Ky., acting also as a teacher in his family, and was admitted to the bar in September, 1858. The next year he spent in teaching in Mississippi, and in Aug., 1859, began practice in Paris. He was married, April 10, 1860, to Miss Carrie A., daughter of Nathaniel P. Rogers, Esq., of Bourbon County.

The war found him busily engaged in his profession. He was one of the first to enter into the movement for raising Union troops in Kentucky, and was very active in recruiting men for the
4th Ky Infantry, becoming its Lieutenant-Colonel, at its organization in June, 1861, and succeeding to the command of the regiment in March, 1862. He was promoted Brigadier-General, Aug. 16, 1864, for gallant conduct at Chickamauga, and subsequently brevetted Major-General. After a conspicuous share in the exploits of the war, its close found him at Macon, where he remained until Dec., 1865, in command of the District of Southwestern Georgia. Resigning his commission, he spent part of the year 1866 in reviewing his professional studies, and in 1867 returned to his farm near Paris, and resumed the practice of law. Subsequently he became chiefly instrumental in establishing the Louisville Commercial as a Republican journal. His health was greatly injured by exposure during the war and by subsequent overwork, and in 1873, while absent in Colorado for relief, the position of U.S. Minister to Bolivia was offered him by President Grant. He accepted the offer, for the sake of his health; but the relief came too late, and he died of consumption, at La Paz, April 16, 1874, leaving a widow and two children.

1858.

Benjamin Franklin Penny, son of Robert and Sarah (Christmas, Burns) Penny, was born in Baton Rouge, La., Sept. 17, 1836.

Soon after graduating he entered the New Orleans Medical School, where he received the degree of M.D. in March, 1861. On the death of an older brother, who was a physician in Greenville, Washington County, Miss, he inherited in June, 1861, his brother's property and succeeded to his well-established practice. During the war, after the town was burned he remained near by, and when it was partially rebuilt returned to it. He died, in Greenville, of consumption, after two years' illness, July 4, 1873.

Dr. Penny was married, in April, 1861, to Miss Amelia E. Charnley, a native of Providence, R.I., who survives him. Of his three children, two daughters are still living.

1860.

John Moses Morris, son of Moses and Laura W. Morris, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., April 27, 1837.

In Nov. 1860, he entered the Divinity School of Yale College, and remained there until February, 1862. On the 25th of the following April he was ordained in New Haven as an Evangelist,
and accepted an appointment as Chaplain of the 8th Connecticut Volunteers. In this position, which he occupied until Sept., 1863, he shrank from no service or exposure, however severe. On his resignation he returned to New Haven and conducted the "Connecticut War Record" until the close of the war. He then began the compilation of a "History of Connecticut during the Civil War," which was completed in conjunction with Mr. W. A. Croffut, and was published in 1868 (pp. 891, 8vo.) In the meantime he became in 1865 assistant clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1866 clerk of the same body. In 1867 he was clerk of the State Senate, and at the close of this service went to Washington as private secretary to Senator Ferry. In Oct., 1868, he established the Charleston (S. C) "Weekly Republican," which he conducted as editor for two years, it becoming a daily paper after Aug., 1869. In March, 1869, he was elected executive clerk of the Secretary of the United States Senate, which position he held until his death. During the winter of 1870-71 he purchased the "Washington Chronicle" and continued as principal stockholder and editor-in-chief until June, 1872, when he withdrew from the management on account of declining health. He died in Washington, of consumption, Nov. 27, 1873, aged 36\(\frac{1}{2}\) years.

He married, Dec. 31, 1863, Miss Augusta R. Griswold, of Wethersfield, who survives him.

1862.

Robert Galbraith Woods was born in Salem, O., Nov 2, 1836, and died in New Lisbon, O., after an illness of several weeks, Oct. 13, 1873. He entered college in 1857, but left at the end of Sophomore year, and a year later joined the next class, with which he graduated.

He studied law at home with his brother, Thomas S. Woods, and after being admitted to the bar was taken into partnership with him. He found the practice of his profession uncongenial, and upon his brother's death, in March, 1869, succeeded him as editor and publisher of the "Ohio Patriot," a weekly Democratic paper of New Lisbon. In this occupation he continued until his death. He was unmarried.

1863.

Adrian Voorhees Cortelyou, son of Adrian V. and Mary A. Cortelyou, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1841, and died in the same city, Sept. 25, 1873.
He studied law at the Columbia College Law School, where he graduated in May, 1865. From that date he was a practicing lawyer in Brooklyn.

Charles Howland Wesson was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 14th of January, 1840; he was the eldest son of David Wesson and Alice G. Howland.

Immediately upon graduation, he entered the Columbia College Law School, and after taking his degree, in May, 1865, practiced his profession in the city of New York with great diligence until May, 1873, when he went to Europe, in the hope of benefitting his health. After travelling on the continent, he sailed by the advice of Paris physicians for Vera Cruz. He was thence taken to various places in Mexico, and finally to the capital, where he died on the 21st of November. A post-mortem examination revealed, what his physicians had not suspected, that he died of a disease of the heart.

Mr. Wesson married, June 8, 1869, Miss Emma M. Leland, of Brooklyn, who survives him.

Gilbert John Raynor was born in East Moriches, L. I., Oct. 9, 1842. In September, 1864, he received an appointment as clerk in the office of the Commissary General of Pensions, in Washington, which he resigned in Jan., 1866, to accept a similar position in the office of the Second Auditor of the Treasury. Meantime he pursued his studies, and graduated at the Law Department of the Columbian College, in June, 1866. He afterwards left Washington and obtained a clerkship in the Court of Appeals, in Albany, which he resigned in order to enter on the practice of law in Sag Harbor, L. I.; but in 1871 he was obliged by the state of his health to retire and to devote a year to rest at his father's house. On regaining strength, he obtained a clerkship in the State Department of Public Instruction, and filled that position at the time of his death. He contracted a severe cold, early in the month of January, 1874, by exposure after a hemorrhage from the lungs, and sank rapidly until his death, at Albany, on the 29th of the same month. He was unmarried.

Harry Ward Foote, the youngest child of Hon. Samuel E. and Elizabeth (B. Elliott) Foote, was born in Cincinnati, O., Aug.
5, 1844, and died in New Haven, Conn., June 28, 1873. He was prepared for college in New Haven, where his family then resided.

During the winter of 1866-67, he attended lectures in the Columbia College Law School, but early in the following summer an unsuspected disease of the lungs manifested itself, and he sailed for Europe in October. After a prolonged struggle for life, he returned to his home in New Haven in the spring of 1873, to die. By his will, a bequest was made to the college of twenty-five thousand dollars, for the endowment of graduate scholarships.

1868.

Russell William Ayres, son of James R. and Eliza Ayres, was born in Peekskill, N. Y., Jan. 10, 1844. His father removed to Waterbury in 1848. While preparing for college he enlisted (in August, 1862) in the 23d Connecticut Infantry, and served for a year. Upon his return, he completed his preparatory studies at the Academy in Wilbraham, Mass.

Immediately after graduation he began the study of law in Judge Gillett's office in Waterbury, and after remaining there for a year and being admitted to the bar, spent a year in the Harvard Law School, where he graduated in June, 1870. In the meantime he had become so enfeebled in health that he was obliged to defer entering on the active duties of his profession. He rallied at length, and in the spring of 1872 removed to the town of Milford, Conn., and took a great interest in building up a new settlement there, to which he gave the name of Woodmont. His hope was to make this his residence, and to practice his profession in New Haven. Meantime he spent the winter of 1872-73 in Florida, with benefit to his health. But on his return from a business visit to the west, he took a severe cold, and while struggling to reach home was attacked with pneumonia at Syracuse, N. Y., and died there, Dec. 14, 1873. He was unmarried.

1869.


In the winter of 1869-70 he attended medical lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in N. Y. city; and spent the ensuing summer in the care of his health. Having changed his
mind as to a profession, he then entered the General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church, in New York city, and studied for one year. Failing health then interrupted his plans for nearly two years; at the end of which time he went to Memphis, in the hope that the climate would prove beneficial, but he died soon after his arrival, of typhoid fever.

Frederic Peet Terry, son of John T. Terry, was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., May 14, 1847. He was engaged in business in New York city from the time of his graduation, except while absent on a trip around the world, from May, 1870, to February, 1871. He was married, Feb 5, 1873, to Miss Nellie M., daughter of Hon. Robbns Battell (Y. C 1839), of Norfolk, Conn. He died at his residence in Mont Clair, N. J., May 12, 1874. His death was caused by a malignant pustule. His wife survives him, with one son.

James Stone Jones, the son of Newland and Mary Jane Jones, was born in Madison County, Ky., near the town of Richmond, Sept 21, 1852. He was prepared for college in Richmond. After graduating he returned home in poor health, and by October consumption was fully developed. For the next six months he was closely confined to his room, and much of the time to his bed. In the spring of 1873, he seemed to rally, but the approach of the autumn brought on the disease in a severer form, and he died at his father's house on the first of October.

Medical Department.

1823.

Timothy Dimock died in South Coventry, Conn., April 29, 1874. He had practiced medicine in Coventry since taking his degree. In 1846 he was a member of the State Senate, and ex officio one of the corporation of Yale College.

Benjamin Welch, son of Dr. Benjamin Welch, was born in Norfolk, Conn., May 24, 1798. His mother, Louisa Guiteau, was the daughter of Dr. Ephraim Guiteau, of Norfolk.

He was licensed to practice medicine and surgery in 1820. The following year he spent in Canton, Conn., with Dr. Everest, at
that time one of the most eminent surgeons of the State. After receiving his degree, he entered the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, in order to pursue still further the study of anatomy and surgery. Having received in 1824 a diploma of honorary membership in the Philadelphia Medical Society, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Norfolk.

In 1842 he removed to Litchfield, Conn., where he remained four years, and in 1846 to Salisbury, Conn., where the remainder of his life, a period of twenty-seven years, was spent. After an arduous and successful practice of fifty-four years, he died, in Salisbury, Oct. 9, 1873, of typhoid fever, believed to have been induced by his untiring efforts during an epidemic of the fever then prevailing in the community.

Dr. Welch, although highly successful as a physician, was especially eminent in the practice of surgery, for which his mechanical skill and thorough knowledge of anatomy fitted him.

In 1835 he read the annual dissertation before the State Medical Society on the "Vitality of the Blood;" and in 1853 he delivered the annual address at the Commencement exercises of the Medical Department of Yale College, which was published.

He married, May 12, 1829, Sarah, daughter of James Beebe, Esq., of Winchester, Conn., who survives him.

1835.

Benjamin Bacon Spalding died in Brooklyn, Conn., May 7, 1874. His residence had been in Brooklyn during the greater part of his life.

1836.

Samuel Thurber Salisbury died in Plymouth, Conn., March 1, 1874. He was born in Providence, R. I., March 14, 1814. He was at one time a student in Brown University, and also began theological studies, but the state of his health rendered a change of profession advisable. He became interested in medicine, and settled in Plymouth, where he began to practice as a botanical physician about 1834. After taking his degree, he returned to Plymouth, and continued a resident of that place until his death. He was obliged by his disease (locomotor ataxia, terminating in paralysis and apoplexy) to retire from practice during the last four or five years of his life.

Dr. Salisbury married, in 1836, Miss Harriet Fenn, of Plymouth; by whom he had two daughters, who died in 1848, their
mother dying also in 1850. In 1852 he married Miss Amelia P Morse, of Cheshire, Conn., by whom he had three sons, who survive him.

1847.

John Luman Wakefield, eldest son of Dr. Luman and Betsey (Rockwell) Wakefield, was born in Winsted, Conn., May 25, 1823.

After graduation he returned to Winsted and remained in the practice of his profession until 1849, when he went to California. There he continued in practice until 1854, when he was severely attacked with the cholera, and upon partial recovery and a visit home settled in Shakopee, Minnesota, for the sake of his health. In 1861 he was appointed physician to the Upper Agency for the Sioux Indians, and was there at the time of the massacre of Aug. 18, 1862, when he succeeded in escaping, while his wife and children were captured. After their release in October, he settled at St. Paul, being stationed at Fort Snelling, in medical charge of the friendly Indians. In 1863, after a brief visit to Missouri in the same capacity, he resigned his appointment, and returned to Shakopee, where he was a practising physician until his sudden death on Feb. 17, 1874, of congestion of the brain.

Dr. Wakefield was married, in 1836, to Sarah F. Brown, of Providence, R. I., who survives him, with two sons and two daughters.

1849.

Moses Harrison Perkins, son of Moses and Mary (Harrison) Perkins, was born in New Haven, Conn., Feb. 12, 1823, and died in Columbia, Conn., Feb. 17, 1874.

After receiving his degree, he was employed for about a year in New Haven, as a druggist, and then undertook the practice of his profession in Waterbury, Conn. About 1858 he removed to Columbia, and remained in practice until the time of his death. He had been for a long time a sufferer from Bright's disease.

During the late war he enlisted as Assistant Surgeon of the 15th Conn. Infantry; but the failure of his health prevented his continuance in the field. He leaves a widow and two sons.

1859.

John William Lawton died suddenly in Syracuse, N. Y., June 3, 1874. He was the son of Rev. Sanford Lawton (Y. C. 1825), of Longmeadow, Mass.
He entered the volunteer service in August, 1862, as the assistant surgeon of the 2d Connecticut Artillery, and the next year, having attained the rank of surgeon, transferred himself to the regular service. Soon after the close of the civil war, he settled in Syracuse, where he practiced until his death. After a visit to Europe in 1872, which he spent in professional studies, he held the position of professor in the Syracuse Medical College, devoting himself to diseases of the eye and ear.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1871

Daniel Hobart Pierpont was the son of Rufus and Harriet Pierpont, and was born in North Haven, Conn, May 8, 1851

Almost immediately after graduation he was employed by the U.S. Coast Survey, under Mr. R. M. Bache, in the survey of the region about New Haven, and was thus engaged until near the time of his death. His health began to fail in the spring of 1873, and he died of a pulmonary affection, at his father's residence in North Haven, May 17, 1874. He was unmarried.

Intelligence of the following deaths has been received too late for insertion elsewhere:

1833.

Robert Dixon Gardner was born in East Haddam, Conn, March 16, 1805, the son of Nicholas and Sarah (Wright) Gardner.

For the two years succeeding graduation he taught in Wheeling, Va., and East Hampton, L.I. For the next three years he was a student of theology in East Windsor, Conn. From March 31, 1841, to Sept. 30, 1851, he was pastor of the Congregational Church in Monroe, Conn. He was next for five years a teacher in Lyme, Conn. His last settlement as pastor was in Ellsworth, Conn., from June, 1858, to 1865. He then removed to Sharon, Conn., and in 1871 to East Hampton, L.I., where he died June 4, 1874, of a disease of the face, resulting in necrosis of the bone of the jaw. After his retirement from pastoral duties, he had occupied himself with teaching a few pupils, and also since his removal to East Hampton with the care of a small farm.

He was married, Sept. 5, 1838, to Phebe G., daughter of Samuel Miller, of East Hampton. She died July 7, 1840. He was married a second time, Aug. 25, 1842, to Louisa M. Ely, daughter of Elisha Ely, of Huntington, Conn. He leaves one son, by his first marriage.

1872.

Richard Dana Willson, son of George and Mary Ann (Watson) Willson, was born in Canandaigua, N.Y., July 20, 1848, and died in New Haven, Conn., June 21, 1874.

He entered the Yale School of the Fine Arts, after his graduation, and continued there until his last illness. An epileptic affection had for years made him a partial invalid, and finally caused his death.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name and Age</th>
<th>Place and</th>
<th>Time of Death</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1805</td>
<td>Gardiner Spring, 88</td>
<td>N Y City,</td>
<td>Aug 18, '&quot;73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1807</td>
<td>James Fowler, 85</td>
<td>Westfield, Mass,</td>
<td>Oct 18, '&quot;73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Philo Judson, 92</td>
<td>Rocky Hill, Conn,</td>
<td>March 12, '&quot;74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Elias H Ely, 83</td>
<td>Portland, Me,</td>
<td>Feb. 8, '&quot;74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Sherman Converse, 83</td>
<td>North Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>Dec 21, '&quot;73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1814</td>
<td>David S Edwards, 79</td>
<td>Boston Highlands, Mass,</td>
<td>Dec 10, '&quot;73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1815</td>
<td>John Law, 77</td>
<td>Bridgeport, Conn,</td>
<td>March 18, '&quot;74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1816</td>
<td>Henry Kellogg, 78</td>
<td>Evansville, Ind,</td>
<td>Oct. 7,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1817</td>
<td>James H Mitchell, 77</td>
<td>Troy, N Y,</td>
<td>Nov 4,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1818</td>
<td>William H Moseley, 74</td>
<td>Dayton, O,</td>
<td>Oct 13,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1819</td>
<td>Samuel H Perkins, 77</td>
<td>N Y City,</td>
<td>Nov 19,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1820</td>
<td>Jared Foote, 73</td>
<td>Philadelphia, Pa,</td>
<td>May 22,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Orman Eastman, 78</td>
<td>Hamden, Conn,</td>
<td>July 28,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1822</td>
<td>Edward Rockwell, 72</td>
<td>N Y City,</td>
<td>April 24,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1823</td>
<td>John Smith, 77</td>
<td>Winstead, Conn,</td>
<td>Feb 25,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1824</td>
<td>J Lee Bliss, 70</td>
<td>Stamford, Conn,</td>
<td>Feb 20,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1825</td>
<td>E Goodrich Smith, 71</td>
<td>N Y City,</td>
<td>June 4,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1826</td>
<td>John Todd, 72</td>
<td>Washington, D C,</td>
<td>Aug 26,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1827</td>
<td>Thomas T Waterman, 71</td>
<td>Pittsfield, Mass,</td>
<td>Aug 24,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1828</td>
<td>William L Wright, 71</td>
<td>Stratford, Conn,</td>
<td>Aug 2,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1829</td>
<td>Edward Dickinson, 71</td>
<td>Dover Mills, Va,</td>
<td>Oct 2,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1830</td>
<td>Gordon Hayes, 76</td>
<td>Boston, Mass,</td>
<td>June 16,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1831</td>
<td>Edwards Johnson, 69</td>
<td>Muscatine, Iowa,</td>
<td>May 26,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1832</td>
<td>Addison H White, 69</td>
<td>Stratford, Conn,</td>
<td>June 24,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1833</td>
<td>William H Rockwell, 73</td>
<td>Williamsburg, Mass,</td>
<td>Feb 2,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1834</td>
<td>James F Bunnell, 67</td>
<td>Brattleboro, Vt,</td>
<td>Nov. 30,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1835</td>
<td>William P Burrall, 67</td>
<td>Middletown, Conn,</td>
<td>April 9,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1836</td>
<td>Sidney Mills, 75</td>
<td>Hartford, Conn,</td>
<td>March 3,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1837</td>
<td>Robert K Richards, 67</td>
<td>Clifton, Va,</td>
<td>March 26,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1838</td>
<td>John C Palmer, 65</td>
<td>Brooklyn, N Y,</td>
<td>March 5,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1839</td>
<td>Edwin R. Gilbert, 68</td>
<td>Hartford, Conn,</td>
<td>Aug 12,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1840</td>
<td>James M Bunker, 62</td>
<td>Wallingford Conn,</td>
<td>April 17,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1841</td>
<td>Edward O Dunning, 64</td>
<td>Nantucket, Mass,</td>
<td>Nov 19,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1842</td>
<td>Henry L Hitchcock, 59</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>March 23,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1843</td>
<td>Robert D Gardner, 69</td>
<td>Hudson, O,</td>
<td>June 6,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1844</td>
<td>Churchill Coffing, 59</td>
<td>East Hampton, L I,</td>
<td>June 4,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1845</td>
<td>Thomas H Totten, 59</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill,</td>
<td>May 17,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1846</td>
<td>Samuel W Fisher, 59</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>March 26,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1847</td>
<td>Ethelbert S Mills, 57</td>
<td>Cincinnati, O,</td>
<td>Jan 18,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1848</td>
<td>Frederick Buel, 60</td>
<td>Coney Island, N Y,</td>
<td>July 15,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1849</td>
<td>Charles B McLean, 58</td>
<td>Oakland, Cal,</td>
<td>Oct 27,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1850</td>
<td>Joseph F Sabine, 60</td>
<td>Wethersfield, Conn,</td>
<td>Oct 29,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Joel Grant, 58</td>
<td>Syracuse, N Y,</td>
<td>June 4,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1852</td>
<td>E Whitney Blake, 54</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill,</td>
<td>Dec 31,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1853</td>
<td>Charles A Brusted, 53</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>Nov 19,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>D Gordon Estes, 54</td>
<td>Washington, D. C,</td>
<td>Jan 15,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1855</td>
<td>Charles H Clark, 52</td>
<td>Amesbury, Mass,</td>
<td>Aug 9,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1856</td>
<td>Robert T Gill, 51</td>
<td>Rochester, N Y,</td>
<td>Nov 20,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1857</td>
<td>William W Atwater, 49</td>
<td>Hillsdale, Mich,</td>
<td>July 1,&quot;'73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1858</td>
<td>George G Webster, 50</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>March 16,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>San Francisco, Cal,</td>
<td>June 1,&quot;'74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Name and Age</td>
<td>Place and</td>
<td>Time of Death</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1850</td>
<td>Joel S Blachley, 44,</td>
<td>Fair Haven, Conn.,</td>
<td>Jan 8, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Evan W Evans, 47,</td>
<td>Itasca, N. Y.,</td>
<td>May 22, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>George G. Hastings, 43,</td>
<td>Sing Sing, N. Y.,</td>
<td>Oct 20, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1852</td>
<td>Christopher D Seropyan, 48,</td>
<td>Constantinople, Turkey,</td>
<td>May, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1853</td>
<td>Samuel M Capron, 41,</td>
<td>Hartford, Conn.,</td>
<td>Jan 4, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Albert H Tracy, 39,</td>
<td>Buffalo, N Y,</td>
<td>Jan 23, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Elihu Wolcott, 40</td>
<td>Tallmadge, O,</td>
<td>Dec 20, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1855</td>
<td>Lafayette W Groves, 38,</td>
<td>Lexington, Mo.</td>
<td>Nov 8, '72.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1856</td>
<td>John C Morehead, 36,</td>
<td>Greenville, Miss.,</td>
<td>Oct 25, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oliver S Taylor, 42,</td>
<td>Kittanning, Pa,</td>
<td>April 5, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1857</td>
<td>John T. Croxton, 36,</td>
<td>La Paz, Bolivia,</td>
<td>April 16, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1858</td>
<td>Benjamin F Penny, 36,</td>
<td>Greenville, Miss.,</td>
<td>July 4, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>Adrain V Cortelyou, 32,</td>
<td>Brooklyn, N Y,</td>
<td>Sept 25, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Charles H Wesson, 33,</td>
<td>City of Mexico,</td>
<td>Nov 21, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1865</td>
<td>Harry W Foote, 28,</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>June 28, '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1869</td>
<td>George E. Hand, 26,</td>
<td>Memphis, Tenn,</td>
<td>Jan 28, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frederic F Terry, 27,</td>
<td>Mont Clair, N J</td>
<td>May 12, '74.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1872</td>
<td>James S Jones, 21,</td>
<td>Richmond, Ky,</td>
<td>Oct 1 '73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Richard D Willson, 26,</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn,</td>
<td>June 21, '74.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**

| 1823  | Timothy Dimock, 74, | South Coventry, Conn, | April 29, '74. |
|       | Benjamin Welch, 75, | Salisbury, Conn, | Oct 9, '73. |
| 1835  | Benjamin B Spalding, | Brooklyn, Conn, | May 7, '74. |
| 1836  | Samuel T Salisbury, 60, | Plymouth, Conn., | March 1, '74. |
| 1847  | John L Wakefield, 50, | Shakopee, Minn, | Feb 17, '74. |
| 1859  | John W Lawton, | Syracuse, N Y, | June 3, '74. |

**SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL**

1871 D Hobart Pierpont, 23, North Haven, Conn, May 17, '74

The number of deaths reported above is 83, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is 56 years.

Of the Academical Graduates, 22 were lawyers, 22 clergymen, 9 in business, 7 physicians, 4 teachers, and 3 editors.

The deaths are distributed as follows — in Connecticut, 21, New York, 16, Massachusetts, 8, Ohio, 5, District of Columbia, 3, California, Illinois, Mississippi, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, 2 each, and the remainder in as many different States.

The only surviving graduate of the last century is Rev Thomas Williams, of Providence, R I, who was born Nov 5, 1779, and graduated in 1800.
INDEX.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1846</td>
<td>Atwater, Wm W</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>1814</td>
<td>Law, John,</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1868</td>
<td>Ayres, Russ W</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>1859 m</td>
<td>Lawton, John W</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1839</td>
<td>Blake, E Whitney</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Linsley, Ammi</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1860</td>
<td>Blatchley, Joel S</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>1846</td>
<td>McLean, Charles B</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1822</td>
<td>Bliss, J Lee</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>1835</td>
<td>Mills, Ethelbert S</td>
<td>137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1819</td>
<td>Brooks, Charles A</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>1826</td>
<td>Mills, Sydney</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1846</td>
<td>Buel, Frederick</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>1815</td>
<td>Mitchell, James H</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1832</td>
<td>Bunker, James M</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>1856</td>
<td>Morehead, John C</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1826</td>
<td>Bunell, James P</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>1860</td>
<td>Morris, John M</td>
<td>148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1826</td>
<td>Burrall, Wm P</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>1816</td>
<td>Moseley, Wm H</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Capron, Samuel M</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>1823</td>
<td>Palmer, John C</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1841</td>
<td>Clark, Charles H</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>1849</td>
<td>Peck, David</td>
<td>143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1834</td>
<td>Coffing, Churchhill</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>1858</td>
<td>Penny, Bef F</td>
<td>148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Converse, Sherman</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>1849 m</td>
<td>Perkins, Moses H</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Cortelyou, Adrian V</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>1817</td>
<td>Perkins, Samuel H</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1857</td>
<td>Croxton, John T</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>1871 p</td>
<td>Pierpont, D Hobart</td>
<td>155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1823</td>
<td>Dickinson, Edward</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>1864</td>
<td>Raynor, Gilbert J</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1823 m</td>
<td>Dimock, Timothy</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>1827</td>
<td>Richards, Robert K</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1832</td>
<td>Dunning, Edward O</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Rockwell, Edward</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Eastman Ornan</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>1824</td>
<td>Rockwell, WM H</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1814</td>
<td>Edwards, David S</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>1836</td>
<td>Sabine, Joseph F</td>
<td>148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Ely, Eba H</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>1836 m</td>
<td>Salisbury, Samuel T</td>
<td>153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1849 m</td>
<td>Estes, D Gordon</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>1852</td>
<td>Seropyan, Christopher D</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Evans, Evan W</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>1822</td>
<td>Smith, E Goodrich</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1835</td>
<td>Fisher, Samuel W</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Smith, John</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1866</td>
<td>Foote, Harry W</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>1845 m</td>
<td>Spalding, Benj B</td>
<td>153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1820</td>
<td>Foote, Jared</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>1805</td>
<td>Sprung, Gardner</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1807</td>
<td>Fowler, James</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>1856</td>
<td>Taylor, Oliver S</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1833</td>
<td>Gardner, Robert D</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>1869</td>
<td>Terry, Frederic P</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1829</td>
<td>Gilbert, Edwin R</td>
<td>173</td>
<td>1822</td>
<td>Todd, John</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1812</td>
<td>Gill, Robert T</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>1834</td>
<td>Totten, John</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1838</td>
<td>Grant, Joel</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Tracy, Albert H</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1855</td>
<td>Groves, Lafayette W</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>1847 m</td>
<td>Wakefield, John L</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1869</td>
<td>Hand, George E</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>1822</td>
<td>Waterman, Thomas T</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Hastings, George G</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>1847</td>
<td>Webster, George G</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1823</td>
<td>Hayes, Gordon</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>1813 m</td>
<td>Welch, Benj</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1832</td>
<td>Hitchcock, Henry L</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Wesson, Charles H</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1823</td>
<td>Johnson, Edwards</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>1823</td>
<td>White, Addison H</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1872</td>
<td>Jones, James S</td>
<td>152</td>
<td>1823</td>
<td>Wight, Wm L</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Judson, Phio</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>1872</td>
<td>Willson, Richard D</td>
<td>155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1815</td>
<td>Kellogg, Henry</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Wolcott, Elzur</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1862</td>
<td>Woods, Robert G</td>
<td>149</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>