OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

DECEASED DURING THE ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING IN JULY, 1865, INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED A SHORT TIME PREVIOUS, HITHERTO UNREPORTED.

[Presented at the Meeting of the Alumni, July 26th, 1865.]

[No 6 of the printed Series, and No 24 of the whole Record]
OBITUARY RECORD

OF GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

Deceased during the academical year ending in July, 1865, including the record of a few who died previously, hitherto unreported.

[Presented at the Meeting of the Alumni, July 26th, 1865.]

[No 6 of the printed Series, and No 24 of the whole Record]

1788.

Daniel Waldo, at the time of his death the oldest graduate of this College, died in Syracuse, N. Y., July 30, 1864, aged 101 years, 10 mos. and 20 days.

He was born in Windham, (Scotland parish,) Conn., Sept. 10, 1762, the son of Zaccheus and Talitha (Kingsbury) Waldo.

In 1778 he was drafted for a month's service at New London, and he subsequently enlisted for eight months in the service of the State.

At the age of 20 he determined to fit himself for the Christian ministry, and after studying with his cousin, Rev. Dr. C. Backus, of Somers, he entered Yale College in 1784.

After graduation he pursued a course in theology under the direction of Rev. Dr. Hart, of Preston, and was licensed to preach by the Association of Windham Co.

In May, 1792, he was settled as a pastor in West Suffield, where he remained eighteen years, and then resigned his charge. After preaching in various places, he went in 1811 to Rhode Island, under the patronage of the Evangelical Missionary Society, and there he labored continuously for nine years.
He was next settled as a pastor in Exeter, R. I., where he remained twelve years.

After this he was never settled as a pastor, but he continued to preach, chiefly in the State of New York, until almost the close of his life. His home was at Geddes from 1846 to 1856, and subsequently at Syracuse.

One of the most noteworthy events of his life was his appointment to be the Chaplain of Congress in 1855, and again in 1857, when he was 94 and 95 years old.

His faculties were unimpaired throughout his long life, and his last sermon was preached after he entered on his 102d year.

1793.

DAVID SHERMAN BOARDMAN, died at New Milford, Conn., December 2, 1864. He was born in that town, in Dec. 1768, and had consequently nearly finished his 96th year at the time of his death. He was a grandson of Daniel Boardman who graduated at this college in 1709.

After becoming twenty one years old, he undertook to fit himself for professional life, and after two years of study was admitted to the Junior class in this institution. He lived to become, after Mr. Waldo's death, the oldest living graduate of the college.

Having studied law with Judge Reeve, he was admitted to the bar in 1795, and immediately began the practice in his native place, and always maintained a high professional reputation. He was appointed Judge of the county court in 1831, but did not remain on the bench for more than two or three years.

During the latter part of his life he devoted much time to historical and literary enquiries, often writing for the press, and continuing to maintain an acquaintance with Greek and Latin writers.

1794.

DAN HUNTINGTON died at his residence in Hadley, Mass., October 31, 1864, aged 90 years.

He was the youngest child of William and Bethia (Throop) Huntington, and was born in Lebanon, Conn., Oct. 11, 1774.
He was prepared for College in the school of "Master Tisdale," in his native place.

Immediately after completing his college course, he became a tutor in Williams College. After holding that position two years, he served as a tutor in this College from 1796 to 1798. Before coming to New Haven he was licensed to preach by the Association of Berkshire County, and he subsequently continued his studies in theology under the direction of Dr. Dwight.

In October, 1798, he was ordained to the work of the ministry, and settled as pastor of the Congregational Church in Litchfield.

In 1809 he was transferred to a church in Middletown, where he remained till the death of his father-in-law, (Charles Phelps,) in 1816, when he removed to the early home of his wife in Hadley, Mass. He continued to reside in that place till his death, being for some years teacher of the Hopkins Grammar School, and in latter days preaching in various pulpits of the neighborhood.

He published in 1857 a volume of personal memoirs, partly devoted to the vindication of his theological opinions. One of his sons is Rev. F. D. Huntington, D. D.

1796.

Benjamin Silliman, son of Gen. Gold Selleck Silliman, (Y. C 1752,) was born in the town of North Stratford, now Trumbull, Conn., August 8, 1779. He died in New Haven, Nov. 24, 1864, aged 85 years.

Mr. Silliman was a Tutor in this college from 1799 to 1804. Having pursued a course of legal studies with the intention of making the Law his profession, he was admitted to the bar in New Haven, in 1802. About that time, his attention was directed to the study of Natural Science by President Dwight, who proposed to him to accept a Professorship of Chemistry and Geology which it was intended to establish in Yale College. After attending preparatory courses of instruction in Philadelphia, Mr. Silliman delivered his first full series of lectures in Yale College in 1805, and in the following spring sailed for Europe, to prosecute his studies further, and to purchase books and apparatus for the college. He returned to this country after an absence of somewhat more than a year and resumed his duties as a teacher. From that time to his final withdrawal from the active labors of an instructor in 1855, he was constantly devoted to the work of his professor-
In addition to his college instructions, he frequently gave public courses of lectures in various parts of the country. In 1818, he established the American Journal of Science, which he continued to publish with vigor and success until about 1850, when his son and son-in-law assumed the chief editorial labor. In addition to a large number of contributions to this journal, Prof Silliman published several scientific works and three popular books of travel. He made a second trip to Europe in 1852.

Prof Silliman was twice married,—in 1809 to Harriet, daughter of the second Gov. Trumbull, the mother of his nine children; and in 1851, after her decease, to Mrs Sarah McClellan Webb.

His health remained good and his mind clear till the close of his honored life, and his death was instantaneous and beautiful, like a translation from earth to Heaven.

The discourse delivered at his funeral by President Woolsey has been published, and a more extended memoir is preparing by Professor Geo P. Fisher.

1800.

**Samuel Jones** died at the residence of his son (Ralph K. Jones, M.D.) in Bangor, Me., Oct. 29, 1862.

He was the third son of Samuel and Lydia (Tarbox) Jones. He was born at Hebron, Dec. 22, 1778, and was fitted for college under the tuition of Rev. Dr. Amos Bassett, of his native parish.

He studied law in the office of Hon. Sylvester Gilbert, of Hebron, with whom for a short time he practiced his profession, after having been admitted, in Sept., 1803, to the bar of Tolland Co. In 1804 he removed to Glastenbury, and in 1808 to Stockbridge, Mass., where he practiced his profession till the spring of 1845. He represented Stockbridge, on several occasions, in the Massachusetts Legislature, was at one time a member of the electoral college, and in 1843 he was appointed one of the Commissioners of the State of Massachusetts to assist in setting off land to the settlers on the N E. boundary of Maine, in accordance with the Ashburton treaty. From 1845 to 1849, he was an Inspector of the Port of Boston, and from then till 1851 he continued to reside in that city. He subsequently returned to Stockbridge, and in 1853 retired from active business, passing the remainder of his life with his children in different places.
His remains were interred in Stockbridge.

About 1840 he published a "Treatise on the Right of Suffrage." Boston, 12mo.

1802.

John Alfred Davenport died in New Haven, October 14, 1864, aged 81 years.

He was the son of Hon. John Davenport, (Y. C 1770,) and a lineal descendant of Rev. John Davenport, the first minister of New Haven.

Immediately after leaving college, he entered upon mercantile pursuits in New York City, where he remained for about fifty years, residing during a part of the time in the neighboring city of Brooklyn. In 1853 he removed to New Haven, where his home continued during the remainder of his life. His career as a business man was successful, and his interest in the progress of religious and benevolent societies was a life-long characteristic.

His two sons graduated at Yale College in 1830 and 1833.

The funeral discourse by Rev. Dr. Cleaveland has been printed.

Mark Mead was born in Greenwich, Nov. 6, 1782, and died in the same town, August 8, 1864, aged 81 years.

He prepared for college under Rev. Dr. Lewis of his native place. Having studied theology with Rev. Dr. C. Backus and Rev. Dr. J. Smalley, he was licensed to preach in the summer of 1804, and was ordained pastor of the church in Middlebury, Ct., in Nov. 1809. He was dismissed from this charge in 1830, and after acting successively as the stated supply of the churches in Grassy Hill and in Northfield, he returned in 1839 to Greenwich where he afterwards resided.

He was married in 1804. One of his two sons graduated in medicine at this college in 1829.

Nathan Shelton died in Jamaica, L. I., July 25, 1864, aged 80 years. He was born in Huntington, Ct., June 6, 1784, the son of Andrew and Sarah (Booth) Shelton.

After a preliminary course of medical studies in his native State and in the city of New York, he entered upon a course of professional life in Jamaica, L. I., and there he continued to reside until his death.

He was licensed to practice medicine by the Medical Society of Connecticut soon after he left college. He received the degree of M. D. from this College in 1835.
JOSEPH WRIGHT died at his residence in Glastenbury, Nov. 24, 1864, aged 79 years.
For two or three years after leaving College, he taught successfully the academy in his native place, and he then engaged in agricultural pursuits on his paternal estate, where he continued to reside the rest of his life.
In 1827 he was chosen Deacon of the First Church in Glastenbury, and he continued to perform the duties of this office till the time of his death.
He married a daughter of Rev. William Lockwood, (Y. C. 1774,) pastor of the church in Glastenbury, and had six children, four of whom survive him. One of his sons graduated at Yale College in 1832, and another in 1839.

NATHANIEL CHAUNCEY died in Philadelphia, February 9, 1865, aged 76 years, nearly.
He was the third son of Hon. Charles and Abigail (Darling) Chauncey, of New Haven, and was born Feb. 27, 1789.
He was a highly respected lawyer in the city of Philadelphia.
In 1836 he married Elizabeth Sewall, (eldest daughter of Samuel and Nancy Salisbury, of Boston,) who died May 22, 1850. Two of their three sons are still living.

JOSEPH EDWARDS was born in Meriden, Conn., August 27, 1783, and died at his residence in Ripley, Ohio, April 30, 1863, aged 79 years.
He studied theology with Rev. Mr. Hooker, was engaged for a time in teaching, and was settled several times as a pastor over different congregations.
The latter part of his life he spent upon a farm which he had purchased in Ripley, Ohio, preaching occasionally.
He was twice married, and had seven children, one of whom is Rev. Mr. Edwards, of East Cleveland.

JAMES LOCKWOOD died in Lewisboro', Westchester Co., N. Y., Sept. 30, 1864, aged 81. He was son of James Lockwood, and was born in New Canaan, Fairfield Co., Conn., in 1783.
He studied medicine with Dr. Richmond of Westport, and commenced the practice of his profession in his adopted town,
where he resided for more than a half century, engaged in the faithful discharge of his professional duties.

Although in extended practice, he found time for varied reading, and especially to keep up his studies of the Greek and Latin Classics. He would often sit up to a late hour poring over his favorite authors, Homer, Plato, Livy, Horace, etc.

One only of his three children, Dr. Jas D Lockwood of Cross River, Westchester Co. N. Y., is surviving.

WILLIAM FOWLER VAILL, died in Wethersfield, Illinois, February 24, 1865, aged 81 years 9 months. He was a son of Rev. Joseph Vaill, Pastor for more than fifty years of the Congregational Church in Hadlyme, Conn, where the subject of this sketch was born.

His theological studies were pursued under the direction of the Rev. Asahel Hooker of Goshen. He was licensed to preach, Sept. 15, 1807, by the Middlesex Association, and in December, 1808, he was settled as Pastor of the Congregational Church in North Guilford, Conn, where he remained till April 1820. He was afterwards employed as a Missionary to the Osage Indians, by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, and was subsequently stationed by the Am. Home Missionary Society in Wethersfield, Ill.

1808.

JONATHAN KNIGHT, died in New Haven, August 25, 1864, aged 75 years, nearly.

He was a son of Dr Jonathan Knight, a Surgeon's mate in the Revolutionary army, and was born in Norwalk, Conn, Sept. 4, 1789. His mother was a daughter of Dr. Asahel Fitch, of Reading.

For two years after graduation he taught school in Norwich and New London, and was next a Tutor in Yale College for one year He then attended two annual courses of medical lectures in the University of Pennsylvania, having already been licensed to practice, by the Connecticut Medical Society, in August, 1811 He received the honorary degree of M. D from Yale College in 1818.

The Medical Institution of Yale College was organized in 1813, and he was appointed the Professor of Anatomy and Physiology. He continued in this post for twenty-five years, when he was transferred to the Chair of Surgery. After having lectured for more than fifty years to successive classes
of students, he resigned all connection with the college, in May, 1864. For many years, in addition to his duties in the medical school, he lectured on Anatomy and Physiology to the Senior class in the Academical Department. During all his residence in New Haven, he was engaged in extensive practice.

He was President in 1846 and 1847, of the Convention which formed the American Medical Association, and was also President of the Association itself in 1853. At the time of his death he was President of the American Mutual Life Insurance Co. The Knight Hospital of the U. S Government, in New Haven, was named in his honor.

A funeral discourse by Rev. Dr Bacon, and a commemorative sketch by Prof. F Bacon, M. D., were printed.

1809.

**Hezekiah Bradley Chaffee** died at Windsor, Conn, Dec 13, 1864.

**Howland Fish** died at Fultonville, N. Y., June 21, 1862, aged 75. He was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., Dec. 1786. He studied law with the late Philip Parker of Hudson, and pursued the profession with success in Johnstown, Glen and Fultonville.

He represented Montgomery Co., three times in the State Legislature, was an active member of the Constitutional Convention of 1820, and in later years held the office of District Attorney.

1810.

**Samuel Griswold Chaffee** died at Hartford, Conn., July 10, 1864. He was born May 15, 1791.

He resided during his life at Hartford, engaged in mercantile pursuits.

**Alpheus Dimmick** was born March 22, 1787, and died in Bloomingburgh, Jan. 17, 1865, aged 77 years.

He commenced the practice of law in Bloomingburgh, Sullivan Co., N. Y., where he continued to reside through life.

In 1828 he was a member of the Legislature, and was subsequently for a number of years, County Judge and Surrogate. In all the relations of life he was respected for his uprightness and integrity.
1811.

William Deming was born in Litchfield, Conn., March 1, 1792, the son of Julius Deming, and died in that place, May 2, 1865, aged 73 years. He was engaged in mercantile pursuits during his early life, in New York city, but he retired to his home in Litchfield, many years ago, and has since resided there.

1812.

Charles Nichols died in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 2, 1865, aged 75 years. He was a descendant of Sir Richard Nichols, the early colonial governor in New York. He was long established in mercantile pursuits in the city of New York, as a member of the firm of Palmer & Nichols. He was American Consul at Amsterdam, under President Tyler, and also under President Polk. He married a daughter of Maj. Benj. Romaine.

1813.

Thomas Frederick Davies was born at Reading, Conn., August 24, 1793. He was a son of Dr. Thomas Davies, and was of the same family with Rev. Thomas Davies who graduated at this college in 1758. He was fitted for college by Rev. Dr. Ely, of Huntington.

After his graduation he was engaged for a year or two in teaching at New Haven, at the same time pursuing his theological studies under the direction of Dr Dwight. He was licensed to preach in May 1816, and in March 1817 was ordained and installed as pastor of the Congregational Church of Huntington, succeeding his former teacher, Dr. Ely. Compelled by ill-health to resign this pastoral office, Mr Davies removed to New Haven in 1819, and became the editor of the Christian Spectator. After having been thus engaged for several years, and subsequently connected with the Religious Intelligencer, he accepted a call from the church in Green Farms, (now Westport,) where he remained from 1829 to 1839. During the next ten years he resided in New Haven, and the residue of his life he divided between his native place, New Haven and Westport, Conn.

He was twice married, and his second wife survives him. One of his sons graduated here in 1843, and another in 1853.
His death occurred at the house of his daughter, in Westport, on the 16th of February, 1865, after an illness of about ten days. A sketch of his life and character, by Rev. Dr. Sprague, appeared in the New York Observer of April 6, 1865.


1815.

Horatio Gridley died in Hartford, November 9, 1864, aged 72 years.
He was native of Berlin, Kensington Society, Conn.
He graduated at the Theological Seminary in Andover in 1818, and also pursued a course of studies in medicine. His life was devoted to the latter profession.
He was at one time a member of the Connecticut Senate, and as such he became one of the Corporation of Yale College. About 13 years ago, he removed to Hartford, soon after the death of his son Dr H. W. Gridley, (Y. C. 1847,) but he did not resume the practice of his profession.

Horace Hooker, son of Elijah and Susanna (Seymour) Hooker, was born in Kensington Society, Berlin, Conn., March 1793, and died in Hartford, December 17, 1864, aged 71 years.
He was a descendant of Rev. Thomas Hooker, first minister of Hartford. He fitted for college under the direction of Rev. Joab Brace, D. D., (Y C 1804,) at Newington. After graduating, he was for about two years Principal of the Hartford Grammar School, from which he was called to be Tutor in Yale College, which office he held from 1817 to 1822. During this time he studied theology and was licensed to preach the gospel. In the year 1822, he was ordained as pastor of the Congregational Church in Watertown, Conn., where he remained about two years, being then compelled to resign his pastorate on account of ill-health. In 1824 he returned to Hartford and became editor of the Connecticut Observer, a religious newspaper, which he conducted with ability for many years. He also held the office of Secretary of the Missionary Society of Connecticut, from 1826, and of the Connecticut Home Missionary Society, from 1831 till his death.
In 1852, he was appointed Chaplain of the Retreat for the
Insane, performing the duties of that office until incapacitated
by an attack of paralysis in August, 1862. For several years
previous to 1853, he spent his leisure time in the preparation
of books for children. Among these were "Child's Book on
the Sabbath;" "The Farmer;" "Prophets and Prophecy;"
and four volumes of "Scripture Biography." In connection
with Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, he prepared "The Practical Spelling
Book," and "The School and Family Dictionary." With the
assistance of Rev. Dr. Daggett, he selected and arranged the
"Hymns and Psalms," as set forth by the General Associa-
tion of Connecticut, in use for twenty years past in most of
the Congregational Churches in this State.

Mr. Hooker was a clear thinker, and expressed his thoughts
in a style remarkable for its neatness and perspicuity.

He married, July 17, 1822, Mary Ann Brown, who died
May 3, 1838, without children. He married Harriet Watkin-
son, Nov 22, 1843, who survives him. He left a son, Thomas,
(Y. C. 1864,) and a daughter.

1816.

THOMAS MATHER SMITH died while on a visit to his friends
at Portland, Me., Sept. 6, 1864, aged 67 years.

He was born in 1797 in Stamford, Conn., the son of Rev.
Daniel Smith, (Y. C. 1791,) for fifty years Pastor of the
Congregational Church in that place.

When his college course was concluded, he spent a year in
study with his uncle, Hon John Cotton Smith, and in 1820
he graduated at the Theological Seminary in Andover. In
1822 he was ordained as a minister, and settled over the Third
Congregational Church in Portland. He was subsequently a
Pastor in Fall River, Mass., Catskill, N. Y., and New Bed-
ford, Mass.

His views respecting the ministry having changed, he de-
sired to be admitted to orders in the Episcopal Church, and was
ordained Deacon, at New Bedford, by Bishop Smith, of Ken-
tucky, and a year later, Priest by Bishop Eastburn, of Massa-
chusetts. He was soon after appointed Milnor Professor of
Systematic Divinity in the Theological Seminary at Gambier,
Ohio, and subsequently, for four years, in addition to holding
this Professorship, he was President of Kenyon College

After eighteen years of unremitting toil at Gambier, he re-
signed his professorship and was named an Emeritus Professor.
He received the degree of D. D from Bowdoin College in 1850.
His wife was the daughter of Rev. Dr. L. Woods, of Andover.
1817.

William Heathcote DeLancey, was born at Mamaroneck, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1797, a descendant of Huguenot ancestors. He died at Geneva, N. Y., April 5, 1865, aged 67 years.

Having studied theology under Bishop Hobart, he was admitted in 1822, to the order of priests, and soon became an assistant minister in the associated parishes of Christ Church, St. Peter's and St. James's in Philadelphia. From 1823 to 1830, he was annually chosen Secretary of the Diocesan Convention, and from 1823 to 1829, was also Secretary of the House of Bishops. In 1828, he became Provost of the University of Pennsylvania. After remaining in that office for five years, he became again an assistant minister of St. Peter's church, and on the death of Bishop White, the Rector of that parish.

In 1838, he was chosen Bishop of the newly constituted Diocese of Western New York, and accordingly removed his residence to Geneva. His consecration to the Episcopal office took place May 9, 1839.

In 1852, Bishop DeLancey was appointed a delegate to attend the Jubilee commemoration of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, and in this capacity made a visit to Europe. He then received the degree of J. C. D. from the University of Oxford. He had in 1828 received the degree of S. T. D. from his Alma Mater, and in 1847, the degree of LL. D. from Union College.

The body of Bishop DeLancey was interred in the family burial-ground at Mamaroneck.

1819.

Noyes Billings, second son of Coddington and Eunice (Williams) Billings, was born March 31, 1800, at Stonington, Conn. He was fitted for College at New London, by the late Prof. Olmsted.

After his graduation he commenced the study of law with Judge Swift of Windham, which he continued with Judges Reeve and Gould in Litchfield. In 1821 he went to New Orleans with the expectation of practicing his profession in that city, but ill-health compelled his return to the north. For the same cause he was persuaded to give up a professional life, and after a visit to Europe in 1823, he established himself in the whaling business at New London, in company with his brother. He was at different times Mayor of New London,
Representative in the General Assembly, State Senator and Lieut. Governor. He repeatedly declined invitations to office under the Democratic administrations of the United States.

In 1838 he made a second visit to Europe. In 1844 he retired from business, and in 1846 he again went abroad, residing in Europe during the greater part of the next six years. After a short residence in New York City, he returned to New London, which continued to be his home. He died April 24, 1865, at the age of 65 years, leaving a widow but no children.

He was married in October, 1825, to Isabella L., daughter of James Stewart, then British Consul at New London.

STEPHEN WILLIAM STAKKEY was the son of Stephen and Phebe Starkey, of part of the town of Saybrook, comprising the present town of Essex, Conn., where he was born September 7, 1797.

For some time after taking his first degree in college, he was engaged in teaching, pursuing at the same time the study of law. He was admitted to the bar at Haddam, in Middlesex County, Conn., April 8, 1823; after having completed his studies in the office of Joseph Platts, Esq., in his native town. Here he followed his profession, managing at the same time a considerable farm, all his life.

He married first Miss Emily Hayden, and after her decease, Miss Mary Hayden, both of Saybrook. The latter still survives him. He died at Essex, March 14, 1863, aged 66 years.

WILLIAM JOSEPH HUBBARD died in Boston, Nov. 14, 1864, aged 62 years. He was son of David Greene Hubbard, and was born in New York City, July 3, 1802.

Immediately after leaving college, he went to Boston and began the study of law in the office of his uncle, Hon. Samuel Hubbard (Y. C. 1802,) residing in his family. Boston continued to be his home through life, and the law his chosen profession.

He was occasionally called into public life, having been in 1834, and subsequently, a member of the State Legislature, and in 1853, a member of the Convention for revising the Constitution of the State. He was a Master in Chancery, and was often appointed a referee in legal business. For nearly twenty years he was a leading member and chairman of the Prudential Committee of the A. B. C. F. M. To the close of
his life he presided over the corporation which has the care of
the Academy and the Theological Seminary at Andover.

His death was occasioned by an accident which befell him
about four weeks previous, in the city of New York. He left
a widow and several children. His son, David G., graduated
at this college in 1852 A discourse commemorative of his
life and character was delivered by Rev. J. E. Todd, and
printed, Boston 1864, 8vo. 17pp.

CHARLES RICHARD ALSOP was born in Middletown, Dec. 25,
1802, and died in that city March 5, 1865, aged 62 years.

After studying law with Chancellor Kent, and Daniel Lord,
Esq of New York, he was admitted to the bar in his native
state, and commenced the practice of his profession, residing
in Middletown

From 1843 to 1846 he was Mayor of Middletown, and in
1855 he represented the 18th Senatorial District in the Con-
nnecticut Legislature.

He was a member of the Corporation of Yale College in
1855–6.

DAVID WALKER [BENJAMIN] BARTON died in Winchester,
Va., July, 1863, aged about 61 years.

He was a lawyer by profession, and had been a member of
the Virginia Legislature He was an earnest opponent of the
southern secession, and his death is said to have been occa-
sioned by the domestic distress which the war produced.

HUBBARD WINSLOW died at Williston, Vermont, his native
place, Aug 13, 1864.

He was born Oct. 30, 1799, son of Nathaniel and Anna
(Kellogg) Winslow, and brother of Rev. Miron and Rev.
Gordon Winslow

He began his theological studies in Andover, and completed
them in New Haven In December 1828, he was ordained
Pastor of the First Congregational Church in Dover, N. H.,
from which place he retired three years afterward.

In Sept. 1832, he was installed Pastor of the Bowdoin St.
Church, Boston, succeeding there Rev. Lyman Beecher. In
1844 he became principal of the Mount Vernon School for
Young Ladies, which position he held nine years, often preach-
ing on the Sabbath in Boston and its vicinity.
He afterward made a visit to Europe, and then devoted himself to the preparation of several books. In June 1857, he was installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Geneva, N. Y. He remained there two years and then went to New York, where he opened a boarding-school for young ladies. In 1861 he was installed pastor of the 50th St. Presbyterian Church in New York, but he did not continue there many months. He devoted the closing part of his life to teaching and writing for the press.

Among the most important of his numerous publications are the following:—"Discourses on the Trinity," "The Young Man's Aid," "Self Examination," "Intellectual Philosophy," and "Moral Philosophy."

He is also the author of various printed discourses, including a history of the Presbyterian Church in Geneva.

He received the degree of D. D. from Hamilton College in 1858.

1826.

WILLIAM OTIS NORCROSS died in Newark, N. J., Jan. 24, 1863.

1829.

MASON FITCH COGSWELL died in Albany, Jan. 21, 1865. He was son of M. F. Cogswell, M. D., and Mary (Ledyard) Cogswell, and born at Hartford, Nov. 10, 1809.

After a course of medical studies in New York, he received the degree of M. D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in 1832. He then established himself at Albany, and devoted his life to his chosen profession. Among other local trusts which he held, he was for a long time one of the physicians of the City Hospital. He married, in 1847, Lydia Bradford, and his widow and two sons survive him.

On the breaking out of the rebellion he was appointed examining surgeon of the military post at Albany, and many thousand volunteers passed under his inspection. In 1862, during the Peninsular Campaign, he was active in organizing a Field Hospital at the White House in Virginia, and the exposure and arduous labors incident to that work led to serious inroads on his health. He was subsequently surgeon of the Post Hospital, Assistant Surgeon of the U. S. Hospital, and later, full Surgeon.

In February, 1863, with Dr. Thomas Hun, he was appointed under the direction of the Sanitary Commission, to inspect the Western Hospitals, and the duty was performed with efficiency and thoroughness.
DAVID FRANCIS BACON died in the city of New York, Jan. 23, 1865, aged 51 years.
He was a son of Rev David Bacon, (well known as one of the missionary pioneers in Ohio and Michigan,) and was born Nov. 30, 1813, in Prospect, Ct.
He graduated in medicine at this college in 1836, and a short time afterwards was sent out by the American Colonization Society, as principal colonial Physician in Liberia.
After his return from Africa, he published three parts of a work entitled "Wanderings on the Seas and Shores of Africa," in which his observations on the west coast of that country are very minutely recorded (N. Y. 1843. 8vo)
During most of his life he resided in New York, and at one time he was actively engaged in political affairs, as an earnest advocate of the election of Henry Clay to the Presidency. He was a frequent contributor to the periodicals of the day.
In 1835 he published a work, evincing much research, entitled "Lives of the Apostles."

HIRAM DOANE died at Vicksburg, July 22, 1863.
He was born in the town of Loraine, N. Y., March 17, 1806.
After studying theology in this college, he engaged in the work of a minister in different parts of New York State. He was settled at Smithville in 1838, and in 1841 became pastor of a church in Rutland, N. Y. In 1850 he was settled in Carthage, laboring also in Deep River. In 1856 he removed to Norwich, then to Wabashaw, and afterwards to Peoria, Ill.
In 1862 he became chaplain in the 47th Ill. Inf serving with fidelity and bravery in the campaign before Vicksburg, till his life gave way under the malarial influences to which he was exposed.
A commemorative sermon preached at Rutland, N. Y., Oct 4, 1863, by Rev J Douglas, has been printed.

HENRY WILLIAM ELLSWORTH, son of Hon. Henry L., (Y. C 1810) and Nancy (Goodrich) Ellsworth, was born at Windsor, Conn., in 1814.
His legal studies were pursued at the Law School in New Haven.
In 1844, he was one of the Presidential electors in Indiana,
voting for President Polk, by whom he was appointed in the following year, Chargé des Affaires in Sweden.

His death occurred in New Haven, August, 1864, at the age of 50 years

1835.

Joshua Hill was born in 1813, at Limerick, Maine.

After a course of legal studies he was admitted to the bar in his native state in Nov. 1838, and commenced the practice of his profession first with Hon Hannibal Hamlin, and was afterwards in business by himself in the town of Hampden, Me.

At one time he was Inspector of Customs at that place.

His death occurred Oct 12, 1860, at the age of 47 years.

He married in 1840 a daughter of Hon J. Herrick, of Hampden, and his widow with two children survives him.

1843.

John Myers Huntington, son of Thomas M. and Mary (Campbell) Huntington of Norwich, was born in New York, April 3, 1821, and died at Marietta, Ohio, October 10, 1864, aged 43 years.

After a course of legal study at Cambridge, Mass, he established himself in Cleveland, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar. In 1846, he removed to Cincinnati, and was for a time engaged in editorial labors. Two years later he went to California and resumed the practice of his profession at Sonora.

He subsequently came to Chicago, where he resided till the time when the rebellion began.

He entered the Union army as a volunteer, and held the rank of Captain in the Quartermaster's Department.

Timothy Linsley, son of the Rev. Ammi Linsley, was born in Hartland, Conn, May 3, 1822, and died in North Haven, Nov. 4, 1864, aged 42 years.

After graduating, he taught school for nearly two years in Trumbull and Washington, Conn.

During the greater part of his life since leaving college, he has been an inmate of the Retreats in Brattleboro and Hartford.

1845.

William Gustine Conner died at Gettysburg, July 3, 1863.

He held the position of Brigadier General in the rebel army, and as such was killed in action.
JAMES REDFIELD fell mortally wounded in the battle of Allatoona Pass, October 6, 1864, at the age of 40 years. He was son of Luther Redfield and was born in Clyde, Wayne Co., N. Y., March 27, 1824.

After leaving college he studied law in his native place, was elected County School Commissioner, and finally accepted a position at Albany, in the office of Hon. Christopher Morgan, Secretary of State.

In 1855, he removed to Iowa, and established himself near the geographical centre of the State. The town of Redfield, Dallas Co., received its name from him. He held several offices of trust in the county, and in 1860 was elected State Senator.

On the outbreak of the war he raised a company of which he was elected Captain, and on the organization of a regiment, the 39th Iowa Infantry, he was elected its Lieutenant Colonel. He continued in that post until his death. His regiment was in active service at the West, under Buel, Grant and Sherman.

When Allatoona Pass was attacked by French's Division of Hood's army, Col Redfield, then garrisoning the town of Rome, went forward with his command to defend the pass. While cheering on his men to resist the rebel attack, a ball pierced his heart and he fell dead.

His remains were buried in a village near the battle-field.

He left a widow and three children.

OTHNEL DE FOREST died at his residence in New York City, December 16, 1864, aged 37 years. He was son of Charles De Forest, and was born in New York, Aug. 13, 1826.

In July 1861 he received authority from the Secretary of War to raise a regiment of Cavalry, and subsequently to raise a Brigade. He succeeded in organizing two regiments and a part of a third, when the Government determined to raise no more Cavalry. These two regiments were the 5th and 6th N. Y. Cavalry, and were called the 1st and 2nd "Ira Harris Guards." In 1862 he raised another regiment which became the 12th New York.

He married in 1851, Miss Frances K. Nevins, who with four children survives him.

HENRY HAMILTON HAPLEY, youngest son of Prof. James Hadley, of Buffalo, N. Y., died at Washington, D. C., Aug. 1, 1864.

After graduation, he pursued for one year a general course of study in New Haven, and then entered the Theological
Department of the College. In Sept. 1850 he went to Andover, Mass., where he completed his studies in preparation for the ministry in 1851. In May of that year, he became Tutor in Yale College, and continued in this office until Dec. 1852. At the beginning of the year 1853, owing to doubts in regard to his fitness for the pastoral work, he turned his attention to the study of law, and removed to the city of New York. His scholastic tendencies, however, were too strong to be resisted, and in 1854 he returned to New Haven, where he devoted himself for four years to the careful study of the Hebrew language and the Old Testament Scriptures. In 1858 he was appointed instructor in Hebrew, in Union Theological Seminary in New York, and in 1862 he became Assistant Professor of Hebrew in that institution. He continued in that position till the time of his death. In 1861, after the death of Prof. Gibbs, he was elected to the Professorship of the Hebrew language and literature in this college, but he held this office only for a single year, and during that time discharged its duties in connection with the duties of his place in New York. He had already become one of the most successful and promising scholars in the country in his department, and in his death the cause of theological learning sustained a loss which is not easily measured.

His devotion to the cause of the country in the late struggle, was manifested from the very outset. He was with great difficulty, and only by the urgent advice of his friends, prevented from enlisting as a soldier in the army; and, when at length he gave up going himself, he provided successively two substitutes to serve in his place. Not content with this, after the close of the Seminary year in June 1865, he engaged in the work of the Sanitary Commission, and served in one of the Hospitals at City Point, Va. Here he was prostrated by sickness, and, after lingering for a while, was compelled to return homeward. He had pursued his journey only as far as Washington, when his death occurred.

1849.

Sheldon Clark Beecher was born at Oxford, Conn, April 7, 1826.

After leaving college he was occupied nearly all his time in teaching, at various towns in the state of New York, until 1858, when he established himself in Brooklyn, as a teacher in a private school.

In Sept. 1862, he received a commission as 1st Lieut. Co. C,
139th N Y. Infantry, and was promoted to be Captain of the same company Dec. 16, 1863.

On the 2nd of June 1864, his regiment was engaged in an action at Cold Harbor, Va., in which he was struck by a ball and died soon after.

He left a widow, now residing in Bristol, Conn., and four children.

1851.

James Budlong died in Richmond, Va., Jan 29, 1860, in the 33rd year of his age. He was born in Nashua, N. H., April 12, 1827, the only son of James and Julia Budlong of Pawtucket, R. I.

He pursued a course of medical studies in Providence, R. I. and in Philadelphia, receiving the degree of M. D. from the University of Pennsylvania, in 1854. For the sake of further improvement in his profession, he went abroad, and spent a year in studies at Paris.

He finally established himself in practice at Pawtucket, and acquired a good reputation as a Physician and Surgeon.

His death was occasioned by consumption on his return from a tour to the south in search of health.

Byron Hart died in N Y., October 7, 1864, aged 36 years. He was born in Hartsville, Buck Co., Penn, October 15, 1827.

He studied medicine in Philadelphia, received his degree at the Jefferson Medical College in March, 1854, and continued to practice in the same city.

1852.

William Flintoff Humphrey, was born at Maccan, Cumberland Co. Nova Scotia, Oct 24, 1826.

After leaving college, he pursued a course of studies in medicine, at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, receiving the degree of M. D. at that institution in April, 1854. He continued his professional studies in Edinburgh and Paris, and was occupied for a year as House Physician in the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh.

He subsequently established himself at St. John, New Brunswick, and engaged successfully in the practice of his profession.

Last November he left his home for the Mediterranean, hoping that a milder climate might restore his failing health, but his pulmonary complaint was incurable, and he died at Valetta in the island of Malta, Feb. 7, 1865, aged 38 years.

His widow survives him.
177

1854.

Samuel Curtis Blackman, son of Hon. Alfred Blackman, (Y. C. 1828,) died in New Haven, Aug. 20, 1864, aged 31. He was born in Humphreysville, (now Seymour,) Conn., April 7, 1833. He studied law in New Haven, and was admitted to the bar in this place, Sept 2, 1856. He was for a time clerk in the U. S. District and Circuit Courts, and was also clerk of the city of New Haven.

John Samuel Donelson, son of Andrew J. Donelson, died Sept. 9, 1863. After graduation he studied law and began the practice of his profession in Memphis. In 1862, he entered the Confederate service as Lieutenant, and was subsequently promoted to be Captain. He was killed in the battle of Chickamauga.

Lewis Ledyard Weld, the third son of Lewis Weld, (Y. C. 1818,) was born at Hartford, May 13, 1833. After two years spent in teaching, he pursued the study of law in Cleveland, Ohio, and in New York City, and was admitted to the bar in 1857. In 1858 and 1859, he was settled as an Attorney at Leavenworth, Kansas, and took strong ground in opposition to the Lecompton Constitution. He afterwards removed to the neighborhood of Pike’s Peak, settled at Denver and continued the practice of his profession. When the territory of Colorado in 1861 was organized, he was made the Secretary, and was for some time the Acting Governor, exerting powerful influence for the maintenance of the national authority.

In 1862, he resigned his office, with a view to engage in the military service. While awaiting a suitable opportunity he edited the Denver Commonwealth newspaper. In Oct 1863, he passed the examining board as Major, and subsequently became Lieutenant Colonel of the 41st U. S. Colored Troops. He served in Maryland, South Carolina, Florida, and in the Army of the James before Richmond, where he died Jan. 10, 1865, from an acute disease brought on by exposure.
FRANK HENRY PECK, the son of Chauncey B. Peck, was born in New Haven, Sept. 20, 1836. He died in 1864, on the anniversary of his birth, aged 28 years.

After leaving college he was engaged for a short time in teaching at West Killingly, Conn., and in 1857 he began the study of law in the Law School at New Haven. He was admitted to the bar in 1859, and began his professional career in his native place, holding at one time the office of clerk of the Probate Court, and subsequently that of Grand Juror.

Upon the organization of the 12th Reg. Conn. Vols., (Col. Deming,) he went with it, as Major, to New Orleans. During much of the time he was in command of the regiment and at length he was commissioned as its Colonel.

He fell in the battle of Opequan Creek, near Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, 1864, and died in hospital next day.

THEODORE WOOLSEY TWINING was the eldest of twin brothers, born Sept. 4, 1835, at West Point, N. Y., sons of Alex C. Twining (Y C. 1820,) and Harriet A. (Kinsley) Twining.

For two years after graduation, he was occupied partly in teaching and partly as an assistant in the field operations of a civil engineer. He subsequently entered the Law Department of Yale College, received the degree of LL. B in 1862, and was admitted to the bar in New Haven, May 15, 1863. He deferred entering upon the practice of his profession for the sake of serving the country in the war. He first enlisted as a private in the 37th N. Y. Regiment, and was mustered out with the regiment when its term of service expired. In July, 1863, he received an appointment as Acting Assistant Paymaster in the U. S. Navy, and served in that capacity on the U. S. Steamer Kensington till May 1864. He was then ordered to the U. S. Bark Roebuck, serving as a blockader on the east coast of Florida. The vessel was afterwards ordered to the west coast, and in lying off Key West for three days, became infected with yellow fever. Paymaster Twining was attacked by this disease, and after an illness of little more than three days, died on Sunday, August 14th, 1864, in Tampa Bay. His remains are buried at Egmont Key.
EDWARD CARRINGTON, the son of Edward Carrington, was born in Hartford, in 1838. His parents soon removed to Colebrook, from which place he came to college in 1855.

After a year passed in teaching, he entered the Law School of Columbia College, where he was graduated LL. B, in 1862. He immediately commenced practice in the office of Bowdoin, Larocques & Barlow, of New York.

Upon learning of the death of his classmate, Capt. Hannahs, who fell in the service of the nation, in the autumn of 1862, he determined to enter the volunteer army, and received a commission as 2nd Lieutenant in the 143d Regiment of N. Y. volunteers. He was soon promoted to be 1st Lieutenant, and assigned to Gen. Wadsworth's staff, in which capacity he acted in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg. He was afterwards transferred to Gen Newton's staff, and accompanied that officer in Sherman's campaign against Atlanta. Gen. Newton being assigned to duty at Key West, he accompanied him to that place, and acted as Associate Judge in the Provost Court. He participated in many battles but was always unhurt, till he fell mortally wounded on the 6th of March, 1865, in the advance against St. Marks, while leading one of the columns to a charge in the battle of Natural Bridge.

HENRY WARD CAMP was born in Hartford, February 4, 1839, the son of Rev. Henry B. (Y. C. 1833,) and Cornelia (Baldwin) Camp. The father was one of the instructors in the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.

After a few months spent in teaching, Henry W. Camp commenced the study of law in the office of John Hooker, Esq., in Hartford. In December 1861, he was commissioned as 2nd Lieut. in the 10th Connecticut Infantry. He was afterwards appointed Adjutant, and on one occasion was detailed as Judge Advocate of a General Court Martial on Seabrook Island.

In July 1863, he took part in the heavy fight on James Island, and also in the assault on Fort Wagner on the 19th of that month. In a cessation of hostilities for the burial of the dead and the removal of the wounded, he was seized with Chaplain H. C. Trumbull, and carried as a prisoner to Charleston, and thence to Columbia, S. C. He escaped at length from confinement, but after a tramp of nearly a hundred miles,
was recaptured and held a prisoner till April 1864. He made a short visit at home, but as soon as his exchange was effected, he hurried back to his regiment, and shared with it in the Army of the James, five months of the most arduous and dangerous service. In Sept. 1864, while before Petersburg, he was commissioned as Major.

On the 13th of October he fought his last fight. After skirmishing all day between the Darbytown and Charles City roads, about four miles from Richmond, his regiment was ordered to lead an assault on the enemy's works. "Come on, boys, Come on," he shouted to his men, and the words were hardly uttered before he fell shot through and through. His body was recovered next day and taken to Hartford for interment. The record of his beautiful and heroic life has been written by the Chaplain of the regiment, Rev. H. C. Trumbull, under the title of "The Knightly Soldier; a record of College, Field and Prison."

1861.

WILLIAM BARDWELL CLARK, son of Erastus Clark, of Granby, Mass., was born in that place Jan. 20, 1838.

In July 1862, he enlisted as a private in the 34th Mass. Inf. and served as a private and non-commissioned officer until Jan. 20, 1864. He was then appointed, after an examination by Gen. Casey's Board, a Captain in the 22nd Regt. U. S. Colored Troops. He was wounded at Petersburg, Va., June 15, when his regiment was the first to plant the national colors on the rebel works. In a reconnoissance in force beyond the Fair Oaks battle field, Oct. 27, 1864, our troops were repulsed, and Capt. Clark was left on the field mortally wounded.

GILBERT MILES STOCKING died at Jefferson Barracks Hospital, Jan 24, 1865, aged 26 years.

He was a native of Waterbury, Conn., where he was born Dec. 22, 1838.

Having spent two years in teaching at Lyme and Greenwich, Conn., and in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, he determined to give himself to the cause of the country. At the close of the year 1863, he enlisted and soon afterwards joined Co. B, of the 20th Connecticut Infantry, then in the Department of the Cumberland, guarding the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad. During the rest of the winter he acted as clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, and in the
following spring took the field and participated in the operations which resulted in the capture of Atlanta. Though detailed as a clerk at Brigade Headquarters, he claimed no exemption from the work of a private soldier, but took his turn in the trenches and on the picket line, till his strength was exhausted, and he was compelled to go into hospital. He was sent northward when Atlanta was evacuated, and after a weary journey was placed in the Hospital of Jefferson Barracks near St Louis.

It was thought he would recover his health if quiet and care could be secured for him, and his discharge papers were accordingly made out. He was expecting to set out for home in a day or two, when alone at night he quietly passed away from earth to Heaven.

His remains were brought home to Waterbury. A sketch of his career, from the pen of one of his classmates, appears in the Connecticut War Record for May 1865.

GEORGE WORMAN was born in Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland Co., Penn., Nov 24, 1832. His widowed mother had in 1850 removed her home to Mendon, Ill., from which place he came to college.

He was engaged as a teacher in Illinois after leaving college until the spring of 1864, when he enlisted in the 137th Illinois Infantry.

In the month of June his regiment was ordered to Memphis, Tenn. In August, the rebel Gen. Forrest made a raid into the town and carried off a large number of prisoners, including Worman, who was attending his sick brother, a graduate of 1863. The prisoners endured the severest hardships and cruelty, to which at length George Worman succumbed. He died Oct. 27, 1864, at the age of 32, leaving the record of a good soldier and a true Christian.

1863.

JAMES ELEAZER BULKLEY, son of Geo Bulkley, of Southport, died at St. Luke's Hospital, New York, October 18, 1864, aged 23 years. He was born in New York City, April 25, 1841. Immediately after leaving college he became a member of the Law School of Columbia College.

His death was occasioned by injuries received in an accident on the New York and New Haven Railroad, on the 10th of October.
SAMUEL ERWIN COOPER, died at Cooper's Plains, Steuben Co., N. Y., Aug 3, 1854, aged 23. He was the son of John Cooper, Jr., and was born at Cooper's Plains, Feb. 6, 1841.

At the time of his decease he was a member of the Law School of Columbia College.

1864.

DANIEL LATHROP COIT, the second son of Daniel W., and Harriet F. Coit, of Norwich, was born in that town, Nov. 24, 1842, and died in the same place, June 1, 1865, aged 22 years.

Soon after his graduation, he was induced by patriotic motives, to engage himself for the winter as a relief-agent in the field service of the Sanitary Commission, but his strength was not adequate to this work, and while employed on the James River, he was seized with an illness from which he never recovered. He bore his protracted sufferings with Christian resignation, and died with the satisfaction of having done what he could for the cause of his country.

HOWARD Eben Pratt, son of Nathaniel J. Pratt, was born in Essex, Conn., Oct. 29, 1840.

He came to college from Williston Seminary.

He returned home after graduation, and devoted himself closely to his invalid father who was declining with consumption. The same disease was soon developed in himself, and he survived his father but three weeks, closing his life in Christian hope, February 21, 1865.

In addition to the names above recorded, the following deaths have been reported among the professional graduates of the College, not graduates of the Academical Department.

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE.

1825.

HOSEA Edwards died in New Orleans, Feb. 27, 1865

1831.

ADRIAN RUSSELL TERRY died in Chicago, Ill., Dec. 4, 1864. He was for a time Professor of Chemistry and Natural History in Bristol College, Penn.
drian Russell Terry M.D. Yale 1831
on lack place and date of birth. Stephen
erry, Notes on Terry Families, Hartford,
887 page 73 says: born Hartford, Conn.,
pt. 29, 1808; Professor of Chemistry in
ristol Coll. (Penn.)
From a letter to Miss Anne Pratt, 23, 1948, from Frederick C. Waite
Dover, New Hampshire.
183

1863.

CYRUS HUMISTON who came to the Medical School from Cheshire, was drowned in the Naugatuck river, August 5, 1863, at the age of 22 years.

BACHELOR OF LAW.

WILLIAM FREDERICK CROSWELL died in New Haven in June, 1865.

BACHELOR OF PHILOSOPHY

JOHN ANTOINE DUVLILLARD, died at Fort Hamilton, New York, on the 8th of May, 1865, aged 31 years. Lieut. D. was the son of John Duvillard, a native of Geneva, Switzerland, who, with many other young men, accompanied Joseph Bonaparte to Jefferson Co., New York, where they settled on his land. Lieut. D. was born at Cape Vincent, Jefferson Co., New York.

On the completion of his collegiate education, Mr. Duvillard visited Europe, spending much time with his relatives in Geneva; his paternal grandfather having been a distinguished Professor for upwards of forty years in the college at that city. On his return he went into mercantile business, and the manufacture of flour at Cape Vincent. On the breaking out of the rebellion, Mr. D. hastened to Providence, R. I., and joined the First Regiment Rhode Island Volunteers, under Colonel [afterwards General] Burnside, as a private. He was in the company of sharpshooters, at the battle of Bull Run, and remained in this regiment until it was disbanded, when he was appointed a Lieutenant in the 12th U. S. Infantry.

He was with his regiment in all the campaigns of the army of the Potomac, and was engaged in no less than sixteen pitched battles.

In the winter of 1863-4, when his regiment had become greatly reduced by losses in action, the officers were sent out on recruiting service. Lieut. Duvillard was sent to Ogdensburg, New York, where, from his acquaintance along the border, he met with great success and obtained a larger number of recruits than any other officer, except the one in the city of New York. Soon after he took up his residence in Ogdensburg, his health began to give way from the effects of his severe and continued service. In March last he rejoined his regiment at Fort Hamilton, but so feeble that he was unable to do active duty. His health continued to fail until he died. Lieutenant Duvillard married the daughter of Hon. John R. Bartlett, Secretary of State of Rhode Island, who with one son survive him.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Name and Age</th>
<th>Place and</th>
<th>Time of Death</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1788</td>
<td>Daniel Waldo, 101,</td>
<td>Syracuse, N Y,</td>
<td>July 30, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1793</td>
<td>David S. Boardman, 96</td>
<td>New Milford,</td>
<td>Dec 2, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1794</td>
<td>Dan Huntington, 90</td>
<td>Hadley, Mass,</td>
<td>Oct 31, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1796</td>
<td>Benjamin Silsman, 83</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
<td>Nov 24, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1800</td>
<td>Samuel Jones, 81</td>
<td>Bensor, Me,</td>
<td>Oct 29, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1802</td>
<td>John A. Davenport, 81</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
<td>Oct 14, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1802</td>
<td>Mark Mead, 81</td>
<td>Greenwuch,</td>
<td>Aug 8, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1802</td>
<td>Nathan Shelton, 80</td>
<td>Jamaica, L I,</td>
<td>July 25, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1804</td>
<td>Joseph Wright, 79</td>
<td>Glastenbury,</td>
<td>Nov 24, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>Nathaniel Channev, 76</td>
<td>Philadelphia, Pa,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>Joseph Edwards, 79</td>
<td>Ripleu, Ohio,</td>
<td>April 30, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>James Lockwood, 81</td>
<td>Lewsboro', N Y,</td>
<td>Sept 30, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>William F. Vanil, 81</td>
<td>Wetzersfield, Ill,</td>
<td>Feb 24, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1808</td>
<td>Jonathan Knichet, 73</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
<td>Aug 25, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Hezekiah B. Chaffe,</td>
<td>Windsor,</td>
<td>Dec 15, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Howland Fish, 75</td>
<td>Fultonville, N Y</td>
<td>June 21, 1862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Samuel G. Chaffe, 73</td>
<td>Hartford,</td>
<td>July 10, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Alphonse Dumke, 77</td>
<td>Bloomingburgh, N Y,</td>
<td>Jan 17, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1811</td>
<td>William Deming, 73</td>
<td>Litchfield,</td>
<td>May 2, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1812</td>
<td>Charles Nichols, 75</td>
<td>Brooklyin,</td>
<td>June 2, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Thomas F. Davies, 71</td>
<td>Westport,</td>
<td>Feb 16, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Ambrose Eggleston, 72</td>
<td>Coldwater, Mich,</td>
<td>Jan 22, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1815</td>
<td>Horatio Gruley, 72</td>
<td>Hartford,</td>
<td>Nov 9, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1815</td>
<td>Horace Hooker, 71</td>
<td>Hartford,</td>
<td>Dec 17, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1816</td>
<td>Thomas M. Smith, 67</td>
<td>Portland, Me,</td>
<td>Sept 6, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1817</td>
<td>Wm H. DeLancey, 67</td>
<td>Geneva, N Y,</td>
<td>April 3, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1819</td>
<td>Noves Billings, 65</td>
<td>New London,</td>
<td>April 24, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1820</td>
<td>William J. Hubbard, 62</td>
<td>Boston,</td>
<td>Nov 14, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1820</td>
<td>Stephen W. Starkey, 66</td>
<td>Essex,</td>
<td>March 14, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Charles R. Alsop, 62</td>
<td>Middletown,</td>
<td>March 5, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>David W. Barton, 60</td>
<td>Winchester, Va,</td>
<td>July 7, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1825</td>
<td>Hubbard Winslow, 64</td>
<td>Williston, Vt,</td>
<td>Aug 13, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1826</td>
<td>William O. Norcross, 56</td>
<td>Newark, N J,</td>
<td>Jan 24, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1829</td>
<td>Mason F. Cogswell, 55</td>
<td>Albany,</td>
<td>Jan 21, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1831</td>
<td>David F. Bacon, 51</td>
<td>New York,</td>
<td>July 22, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1833</td>
<td>Hiram Donoe, 57</td>
<td>Vicksburg,</td>
<td>Aug 14, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1834</td>
<td>Henry W. Ellsworth, 50</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
<td>Oct 1&quot; 1860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1834</td>
<td>Joshua Hill, 47</td>
<td>Hampden Me,</td>
<td>Oct 10, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1835</td>
<td>John M. Huntington, 43</td>
<td>Maretto, Ohio,</td>
<td>Nov 4, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1841</td>
<td>Timothy Luskey, 42</td>
<td>North Haven,</td>
<td>Oct 6, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1845</td>
<td>James Redfield 40</td>
<td>Allatoona Pass,</td>
<td>July 3, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1845</td>
<td>William G. Conner,</td>
<td>Gettysburg,</td>
<td>Dec 16, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1847</td>
<td>New York City,</td>
<td>Washington, D C,</td>
<td>Aug 1, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1849</td>
<td>Sheldon C. Beecher, 38</td>
<td>Cold Harbor, Va,</td>
<td>June 2, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>James Budlong, 32</td>
<td>Richmond, Va,</td>
<td>Jan 28, 1860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>Byron Hart, 36</td>
<td>New York,</td>
<td>Oct 7, 1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1862</td>
<td>William F. Humphrey 33</td>
<td>Viletta, Malta,</td>
<td>Feb 7, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Samuel C. Blackman, 31</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
<td>Aug 20, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>John D. Donelson, 32</td>
<td>Chickamauga battle field,</td>
<td>Sept 9, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Lewis L. Weld, 31</td>
<td>Point of Rocks, Va,</td>
<td>Jan 10, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Name and Age</td>
<td>Place and</td>
<td>Time of Death</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1856</td>
<td>Frank H Peck, 28,</td>
<td>Shenandoah Valley Va,</td>
<td>Sept 20, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1858</td>
<td>Theodore W Twining, 28,</td>
<td>Tampa Bay, Flor,</td>
<td>Aug 14, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1859</td>
<td>Edward Carrington, 27,</td>
<td>St Marks, Florida,</td>
<td>March 6, 1865,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1860</td>
<td>Henry W Camp, 25,</td>
<td>near Richmond, Va,</td>
<td>Oct 13, 1864,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>William H Clark, 26,</td>
<td>near Richmond, Va,</td>
<td>Oct 27, 1864,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>Gilbert M Stocking, 26,</td>
<td>near Saint Louis, Mo</td>
<td>Jan 24, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>George Worman, 32,</td>
<td></td>
<td>Oct 27, 1862,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>James E Balkley, 23,</td>
<td>New York City,</td>
<td>Oct 18, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Samuel E Cooper, 23,</td>
<td>Cooper's Plains, N Y</td>
<td>Aug 3, 1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1864</td>
<td>Daniel L Cot, 22,</td>
<td>Norwich,</td>
<td>June 1, 1865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1864</td>
<td>Howard E Pratt, 20,</td>
<td>Essex,</td>
<td>Feb 21, 1865</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DOCTORS OF MEDICINE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Place</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1825</td>
<td>Hosea Edwards</td>
<td>New Orleans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1831</td>
<td>Adrian R Terry</td>
<td>Chicago, Ill,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Cyrus Humiston, 22,</td>
<td>Naugatuck,</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BACHELOR OF PHILOSOPHY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Place</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>John A Duvillard</td>
<td>Fort Hamilton N Y,</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BACHELOR OF LAW**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Place</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1862</td>
<td>William F Croswell</td>
<td>New Haven,</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total number of names recorded, 67

Graduates of the Academic department, 62, average age, 55 years. Fourteen of this number, including almost all the younger persons, gave up their lives, it is believed, in the service of the country. Several other deaths, including a number at the South, have been reported to the necrologist, but without sufficient definiteness to be here recorded.

The oldest surviving graduates of the College are,—

Class of 1794 Hon Ezekiel Bacon, of Utica

Class of 1795 Rev Jeremiah Day, D D, of New Haven.
# ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Alsop, Charles R</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>1815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Bacon, David F</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>1847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1821</td>
<td>Barton, David W B</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>1851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1849</td>
<td>Beecher, Sheldon C</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>1835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1819</td>
<td>Bellings, Noyes</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>1815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Blackman, Samuel C</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>1829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1793</td>
<td>Boardman, David S</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>1852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1851</td>
<td>Budlong, James</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>1794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Bulkley, James E</td>
<td>181</td>
<td>1843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1860</td>
<td>Camp, Henry W</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>1860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1859</td>
<td>Carrington, Edward</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>1808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Chaffee, Hezekiah B</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>1843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Chaffee, Samuel G</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>Chauncey, Nathaniel</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>1802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1829</td>
<td>Cogswell, Mason F</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>1812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1861</td>
<td>Clark, William B</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>1826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1864</td>
<td>Colt Daniel L</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>1825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1845</td>
<td>Conner, William G</td>
<td>173</td>
<td>1864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1863</td>
<td>Cooper, Samuel E</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>1845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1802</td>
<td>Davenport, John A</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>1802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Davies, Thomas F</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>1796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1847</td>
<td>DeForest, Othnel</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>1816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1817</td>
<td>Delancey, William H</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>1820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1811</td>
<td>Deming, William</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>1861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1810</td>
<td>Dumdeck, Alpheus</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>1858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1833</td>
<td>Doane, Hiram</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>1806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1854</td>
<td>Donlon, John S</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>1788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1806</td>
<td>Edwards, Joseph</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>1854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1813</td>
<td>Eggleston, Ambrose</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>1861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1834</td>
<td>Ellsworth, Henry W</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>1825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1809</td>
<td>Fish, Howland</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>1894</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>