OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE COLLEGE

DECEASED DURING THE ACADEMICAL YEAR ENDING IN JULY 1864,
INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED A SHORT
TIME PREVIOUS, HITHERTO UNREPORTED.

[Presented at the Meeting of the Alumni, July 27, 1864.]

[No 5 of the printed Series, and No 23 of the whole Record]
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CLASS OF 1787.

JOSHUA DEWEY, who has been since 1859 the graduate of
doldest academic standing in this College, died at Watertown,
N. Y., Feb 23, 1864, in his ninety-seventh year.

He was born in Lebanon, Conn., April 7, 1767, where his
father, Daniel Dewey, resided as a farmer. The son was fitted
for college in his native town, at the school of the well-known
"Master Tisdale". After the burning of New London in the
Revolutionary War, he shouldered his musket and became for
a time one of the garrison of Fort Griswold on the Thames.

He removed in 1791 to Cooperstown, N. Y., and taught a
school in which James Fenimore Cooper is said to have
learned the alphabet. Two years later he became a farmer in
that neighborhood and began to enter into public life. He was
thrice elected a member of the Legislature, and was afterwards
commissioned by President Adams as a Collector of Internal
Revenue. In 1809, he removed to the new town of De Kalb,
St Lawrence Co., where he also exercised various political func-
tions, being a supervisor of the town, a county magistrate and
a commissioner of schools. In the war of 1812, he joined the
militia for a short time in the defense of Ogdensburgh. In
1817, he became a religious man, and with his wife and four
children united with a Presbyterian Church.
In 1830, he removed to Watertown, and subsequently to Sackett's Harbor and then to Auburn. In his later years, he has resided with his son Lewis, in Brooklyn, L I., (where he attended the church of Rev T. L. Cuyler.) and also with his daughter, Mrs Woolsey Butterfield, at whose house in Watertown he died. In late years he has repeatedly attended the Commencements of Yale College. His mind was clear and his health good till the close of his days.

In 1802, he married Miss Lora Lewis, who died in 1841.

**1792.**

**William Botsford,** the son of Amos Botsford, (Y. C. 1763,) was born in New Haven, April, 1773. His mother was the daughter of Joshua Chandler (Y. C. 1747).

His father, who had been an adherent of the crown during the Revolution, removed to New Brunswick on the cessation of hostilities, and devoted himself to the profession of law. (Cf. Sabine's Amer. Loyalists) The son accompanied the father to Annapolis, N B., in 1782, but was afterwards sent back to Connecticut and fitted to enter college under the instructions of Rev Dr. Elizur Goodrich, of Durham.

After graduation, he went home and pursued the study of law, (partly with Hon. Jonathan Bliss, Chief Justice of the Province of New Brunswick,) was admitted to the bar in 1795, and commenced the practice of his profession at St. John.

In 1803, he was appointed Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court, over which he presided until 1807, when at the request of his father, he removed from St. John to Westmoreland Co., resigning this position.

On the death of his father in 1812, he succeeded him in the representation of the county in the Assembly of the Province. In 1817, he was elected Speaker of the House, and continued so by reelection till 1823, when he was promoted to the Executive and Legislative Council. In 1817, he was appointed Solicitor-General, and he held this position till his elevation to the bench of the Supreme Court in 1823. In this office he remained for twenty-two years. His hearing having then become slightly impaired, he resigned his seat on the bench, and during the remainder of his life resided on his estates at West-cock, active in promoting the public welfare, and especially interested in the advancement of agriculture. His long and honorable career was terminated by death, in Westmoreland, May 8, 1864, in the ninety-second year of his age.

In 1802, he married Mrs. Sarah Lowell Murray, daughter of Hon. William Hazen, and widow of Thos. Murray, Esq. Her
death occurred May 4, 1850. Their children were eight sons and two daughters.

1801.

John Wales, son of Rev Samuel Wales, D. D. (Y. C. 1767,) Professor of Divinity in Yale College, died in Wilmington, Del., Dec. 3, 1863, in his 81st year. He was born in New Haven, Conn, July 31, 1783.

After a course of studies in law, he commenced the practice of his chosen profession at Hartford where he remained till 1812. He then removed to Baltimore and subsequently in 1815, to Wilmington, Del., which continued to be his home during the remainder of his life. He attained great eminence as a lawyer and was an earnest member of the Whig and Republican parties. He was occasionally called into public service. In 1845, he held the office of Secretary of State in Delaware, and in 1849, on the resignation of Mr. Clayton, he was chosen by the Legislature as a Senator of the United States, which position he held until 1851.

On the 12th of November, 1863, he attended a meeting of the friends of the Union at Middletown, and contracted a severe cold, which terminated fatally a few weeks later.

1802.

Pelatiah Perit, son of John and Ruth (Webster) Perit, and grandson of Pelatiah Webster, (Y. C 1746,) was born in Norwich, Conn., June 23, 1785. He was descended from a Huguenot family who early took refuge in New Haven colony.

His preparation for college was made in Philadelphia and New Haven. After graduation he taught for one year a private school in his native town, while he was considering the question of preparing himself for the christian ministry. A weakness of his voice deterred him from this course and he entered upon a life of business in the city of Philadelphia. In 1809, he removed to New York City where he was concerned in commercial affairs to the close of his life. From 1817 to 1861, he was a partner in the shipping house of Messrs. Goodhue & Co., extensively engaged in foreign commerce.

From 1853 to 1863, Mr. Perit was President of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York and in that capacity he took a prominent part in the public affairs of the commercial metropolis. In 1857, when the peace of the city was endangered by riotous assemblages, and party faction prevented an organization of the police, he was chosen a Commissioner.
of the Police, and rendered at much personal sacrifice an important service in restoring the public security. Throughout his life he was an active supporter of the institutions of Christian benevolence. The American Board, the Bible Society, the Seamen’s Friend Society, the Sailor’s Snug Harbor and the N. Y. Orphan Asylum were among the objects to which he devoted his special attention.

From 1836 to 1859, Mr Perit’s residence was at Bloomingdale, on the Hudson. He then removed to New Haven. During the last two years of his life, he was engaged in the collection of materials for illustrating the History of the Commerce of the United States, which he intended to publish.

He died in New Haven, March 8, 1864, aged 78 years. He was married in 1825 to Maria, daughter of Daniel L. Coit, of Norwich, who survives him.

His brother, John W. Perit, graduated at Yale College in 1801, and his cousin in 1803.

A discourse commemorative of his life was preached in New Haven by Rev. L. Bacon, D.D., and was printed in Hunt’s Merchants Magazine for May, 1864.

1804.

WALTER RALEIGH KIBBE died in Somers, Conn., April 22, 1864, aged 82 years. He was born in that town, Sept. 8, 1781.

He was a lawyer by profession, having been admitted to the bar in 1807. He represented his native place in the Legislature during the years 1828, ’29, ’31, ’34, and ’38, and in 1832 was a State Senator from the 20th district. He held the office of Judge of Probate during a period of ten years, and was Postmaster from 1821 to 1828. In the latter year, he was one of the Presidential Electors. In the public and private relations of life he maintained a reputation for uprightness and independence. His devotion to the study of the Bible is said to have been remarkable, especially in the later years of his life.

Three of his six children survive him.

1805.

LEONARD COWLES, son of Gamaliel, and grandson of Josiah Cowles, died in Delaware, Ohio, Dec. 29, 1861, aged about 78 years.

He was born in Southington, Conn., and was one of the earliest settlers of Delaware, Ohio. His profession was the law.
George Olcott died at Charlestown, N. H., Feb. 4, 1864, aged 78 years. He was the eldest son of Judge Simeon Olcott, (Y. C. 1761,) formerly U. S. Senator, and the nephew of Rev. Bulkley Olcott, (Y. C. 1758,) both of Charlestown. His mother was Tryphena Terry, of Enfield, Conn.

Geo. Olcott was born in Charlestown, Nov 22, 1785, and after graduating at this College, he was educated as a lawyer, in the office of Benjamin West, Esq. He practiced his profession in his native town till the year 1824, when he accepted the position of Cashier of the Connecticut River Bank in the same place. He held that post until his death, honored and beloved by all who knew him, as an upright Christian citizen.

He married in 1831, Charity West, widow of Benjamin West, of Boston. She died May 24, 1836, leaving no children by this marriage. In August, 1837, he married Emily A., daughter of Isaac Silsby, Esq., of Charlestown. His widow and three sons survive him.

William Mather Smith was the only child of the late Hon. John Cotton (Y. C. 1783,) and Margarett (Evertson) Smith. He was born at Sharon on the 18th day of August, 1787.

After his graduation he studied law in New York City, with his maternal uncle, Nicholas Evertson, Esq., (Y. C. 1787,) and was admitted to the bar in that city in 1808. Feeble health and a desire to minister to the comfort of his parents, determined him to give up professional pursuits and to spend his days in his native town. He was a man of devoted piety, and spent his life literally in doing good. As early as 1818, he entered warmly into the duty of sustaining and advancing the interests of Sabbath Schools, and the business of instructing children and youth, through that medium, was his chosen and beloved employment during the remainder of his days. He was the superintendent of the Sabbath School in Sharon for more than forty-five years, and his happy method of expounding the scriptures was remarkably adapted to interest the pupils in the subjects on which they were addressed, and to attach them warmly to himself, personally. In 1828, he was chosen Deacon of the Congregational Church, which office he greatly honored and held till his death. He died in great peace of mind, March 19, 1864. He was married February 19, 1809, to Helen, daughter of Robert Livingston, Esq., of Rhinebeck, N. Y., who survives him. Of three sons, two survive him.
CALEB PITKIN was born in New Hartford, Litchfield Co., Connecticut, February 27, 1781. His father, Stephen Pitkin, was a farmer, with whom he labored till twenty-one years of age. He then entered upon a course of study with a view to the gospel ministry.

His preparatory theological studies were pursued under Rev. Asahel Hooker, of Goshen. He was licensed to preach, June 10th, 1807, and supplied for a time the churches of Derby and Oxford. He afterwards became pastor of the Second Church in Milford, where he remained nine years, being dismissed Oct. 22d, 1816. The succeeding winter he spent as a missionary in Ashtabula and Portage Counties, Ohio, being in that portion of the State then known as New Connecticut, or the Western Reserve. He was installed April 23d, 1817, pastor of the Congregational Church in Charlestown, Portage County. Here he remained about ten years, spending one half of the time with the Charlestown Church, and the other half traveling extensively over the Reserve, as a missionary.

Previous to the close of this period, measures had been taken by the Presbyteries of Grand River and Portage, toward the establishment of a college. Mr Pitkin had been an active agent in this work, and henceforward it was the principal object of his attention. In 1828, he removed to Hudson, where Western Reserve College was established in 1826, and remained there till his death. He continued, after his removal to Hudson, to preach in destitute places, upon the Sabbath, as long as his strength permitted, laboring during the week in behalf of the College. He died at Hudson, February 5, 1864, nearly eighty-three years of age. At the time of his death, he was the only remaining member of the original Board of Trustees of Western Reserve College. Mrs. Pitkin (Anna Henderson,) survives her husband. Of five children, three sons and two daughters, the sons survive. Two of these, one a lawyer, the other a minister, are graduates of Western Reserve College. An adopted daughter, wife of Rev. D. Vrooman, a missionary, died in China.

DARIUS MEAD, son of Joshua and Rachel (Knapp) Mead, of Round Hill, Greenwich, Conn., was born in that town, July 9, 1787. He was fitted for College under the tuition of Rev. I. Lewis, D. D.
After pursuing a course of study under Dr. Rush, in Philadelphia, he received a medical diploma in 1809. He practiced medicine for a few months in New York City, but returned to his native town in 1810 and there continued to reside, still engaged in practice.

In 1845 and 1846, he represented the 12th Senatorial District in the Senate of Connecticut, being nominated without his knowledge of the intentions of his fellow-citizens. For one year he was a member of the Corporation of Yale College.

His death occurred in Greenwich, January 28, 1864. A funeral sermon, by Rev. S. B. S. Bissell, of Norwalk, was published. (N. Y., 1864, 8vo. 19 pp.)

Dr. Mead was married in 1809, to Lydia K., daughter of Elisha Belcher, M. D., of Round Hill, who died in 1848

1808.

Timothy Tuttle died in Ledyard, Conn., June 6, 1864, aged 82 years. He was born in East Haven, Conn., Nov. 21, 1781. His father was Joseph Tuttle, a descendant of William Tuttle, one of the early settlers of New Haven. His mother was Mary, daughter of Daniel Granger, of Suffield, Conn. (Y. C. 1730.)

Timothy Tuttle was fitted for college by Rev. D. Smith, D. D., of Durham, to which place his father's family had removed. He studied theology with the same clergyman, and in Sept., 1810, went to North Groton, Conn., as a candidate for the ministry. There he was ordained Aug. 14, 1811, and there he lived and labored through his life, preaching on alternate Sabbaths at North and South Groton until April, 1834, since which time, his labors have been confined to North Groton, now Ledyard.

He married Miss Mary Norton of Durham, Conn., and has left two daughters, one of them the wife of Rev. N. B. Cook, formerly of Stonington and now of Ledyard.

His funeral sermon was preached by Rev. T. L. Shipman, of Jewett City, and a biographical sketch by the same person appeared in the Congregational Quarterly, July, 1864.

1809.

Charles Ezra Clarke was born in Saybrook, Conn., October, 1789, the son of Ezra and Elizabeth (Whittlesey) Clarke. He was fitted for College, in his native place, by the Rev. Frederick W. Hotchkiss, minister of the parish.
After graduating at Yale College, he studied Law in Greene county, New York, and in 1815 established himself at Watertown, Jefferson County, in that State, in the practice of the Law, in which he was engaged constantly for about twenty years and partially till near the close of his life. In 1825 he purchased a farm and mill seat in the same county, and afterward, devoting much attention to that property and becoming a skillful agriculturalist, he gradually withdrew from his profession. He died at his residence, on his farm in Champion, on the 8th day of December, 1863, aged 74 years. He was elected to the legislature of New York two successive terms in the years 1838 and 1839, and to congress in 1849, serving in both stations with distinguished ability. As a lawyer he stood at the head of his profession in the vicinity of his practice.

He married in 1852, and left at his death a widow and four children.

1810.

Lot Newell, son of Samuel (Y. C. 1781) and Sarah (Hosford) Newell, and grandson of Rev Samuel Newell, (Y. C. 1739,) was a native, and for many years a resident, of Bristol, Conn. His career is well known to the residents of that place. He died from exposure to the cold in New York City, March 30, 1864, aged 76 years.

His wife (Naomi Lewis) and child died several years previous.

1812.

Thomas Dunlap, a native, and during his life a resident, of Philadelphia, died in that city July 11, 1864, aged 71 years.

He was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, Sept 4, 1816, and during most of his life was engaged in professional practice.

When Nicholas Biddle resigned the office of President of the United States Bank, Mr. Dunlap was chosen to succeed him, and he remained in that position until the Bank suspended operations, when he resumed the profession of the law.

1814.

Charles Backus Goddard died in Zanesville, Ohio, February 1, 1864, aged 67.

He was the son of Hon. Calvin and Alice (Hart) Goddard, and was born in Plainfield, Conn., October 6, 1796.
After studying Law with his father in Norwich, and with Judge Griswold in Lyme, he was admitted to the Connecticut bar, and went soon afterwards to Zanesville, Ohio, where he continued to reside in the uninterrupted practice of his profession until his death.

He was admitted to the bar in Ohio in 1817, (the year of his arrival) at Gallipolis. He was twice elected to the House of Representatives of the State and twice to the State Senate. He was Speaker of the latter during one term. In 1820, he married Harriet Munro, daughter of Daniel Converse, of Zanesville, who, with seven children, survives him.

David Longworth Ogden died after a short illness in New Haven, October 31, 1863, aged 71 years.

He was the son of Jacob and Jerusha (Rockwell) Ogden, and was born in Hartford, Conn., October 6, 1792. His parents removed to New Haven while he was quite young.

He pursued a course of theological study, extending through three years, in Andover, and afterwards studied for a year at New Haven, under the instruction of Prof Fitch. He at length accepted a call to become Pastor of the Congregational Church in Southington, Conn., and was ordained in that place, Oct. 31, 1821, just forty two years previous to the date of his death.

Mr Ogden was dismissed from the pastoral relation to the Church in Southington, Sept. 13, 1836, and soon after removed with his family to Whitesboro, N. Y., where he was installed on the 28th of December following. Resigning his charge in that place in 1844, he was again installed in Marlboro, Mass., April 26, 1848, which place he left in Dec., 1850. In 1853, he preached for several months in Colebrook, Conn., but declined a call to make that his home. During the latter part of his life he resided in New Haven, preaching occasionally.

He married in 1824, Sarah Amanda daughter of Daniel Judson, Esq., of Stratford, Conn. Their children were five in number, three of whom are now living. One of them graduated at Yale College in 1861.

1817.

Ebenezer Andrews, born in Fairfield, Conn., April 30, 1795, died of apoplexy, in Chicago, Illinois, April 28, 1864, aged 69 years.

His legal studies were pursued in Westport, Conn., and he was admitted to the bar in New Haven, April 30, 1823. In
the following year he began the practice of his profession at Milan, Ohio, and continued it till 1852 or 1853, when he was elected Judge of Probate in Erie County, Ohio. At a subsequent period, he became engaged in banking, first in Milan and after 1862 in Chicago, Ill. In the various stations of life, his uprightness and integrity commanded the respect of all who knew him.

He was married August 15, 1825, to Rachel Hyde of Fairfield, Conn., who with two sons, (graduates of Yale College in 1859 and 1861,) and two daughters, survives him.

1818.

JOHN CALKINS COIT died at his residence in Cheraw, S. C., February 6, 1863, aged about 64 years. He was a son of David and Betsey (Calkins) Coit, of New London, Conn., and was born in that town in 1799. His brother, David G. Coit, graduated at this College in 1819.

After reading law in the office of Judge Swift, of Windham, Conn., and subsequently in the office of Hay & Grimke, in Charleston, S. C., he was admitted to the bar in the last named place, and soon after established himself in Cheraw, S. C., which continued to be his home. For a time he was President of a Bank in that place.

In consequence of a radical change in his religious views, he determined to become a minister of the gospel, and in due course of time he was ordained and installed Pastor of an Old School Presbyterian Church in Cheraw. His ecclesiastical and political sentiments were of a very decided character.

During the last few years of his life, he was without pastoral charge, and for the improvement of his health he made a temporary residence in Milwaukee, Wis., Goldsborough, N. C., and Sumter, S. C., successively.

He was thrice married,—to Miss Campbell, of South Carolina,—to Miss North, of New London,—and to Miss Barge, of North Carolina. Several of his children survive him. His widow resides in Fayetteville, N. C. His son, Henry W. Coit, graduated at the Yale Law School in 1858, and died at home, from camp fever contracted in the Confederate army.

REUBEN STEDMAN HAZEN, eldest son of Frederick and Sarah (Stedman) Hazen, was born at Tunbridge, Vt., and removed with his parents, in childhood, to Norwich and thence to West Springfield, Mass.
After studying theology with Rev. Dr. Osgood, of Springfield, he was licensed to preach in June, 1820, by the Hampden Association. In the following year he was called to be pastor of the associated churches of Agawam and Feeding Hills, in the town of West Springfield, and was ordained Oct. 17, 1821. After remaining in this connection eight years, he withdrew from the church in Feeding Hills, and devoted himself to that in Agawam. After thirteen years additional labor here, he was dismissed May 17, 1843, and was soon after installed in Barkhamstead, Conn. After remaining here about six years and a half, he accepted an invitation to Westminster, where he was installed Sept. 26, 1849.

He died in Westminster, Conn., March 31, 1864, aged 73 years.

He was thrice married; to a daughter of Rev. L Wood,—a daughter of Rev. A King,—and to Miss Burgess, of Westminster. His brother, James A., (Y. C. 1834) died in 1862.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SHELTON, son of Rev. Philo Shelton, (Y. C. 1775) of Bridgeport, was born in Fairfield, Conn., Nov. 21, 1800.

He studied theology at the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York city. On the 3d day of August, 1826, in Christ Church, Hartford, he was admitted to the order of Deacons, by Bishop Brownell, and on the 18th day of December, 1827, in St. James Church, Newtown, L. I., to the order of Priests, by Bishop Hobart.

In 1827, he was invited to the vacant rectorship of St James' Church, Newtown, L. I., which he accepted, and where, in abundant and faithful labors, he spent the remainder of an exemplary Christian life, till, on the 27th of December, 1863, he was called to his reward.

He was deeply interested in the circulation of the Bible, and for a period of twenty-seven years he was Recording Secretary of the Long Island Bible Society, in which capacity it is believed that he visited every town on the Island,—advocating the distribution of the Bible throughout the world.

THOMAS GRAY HUBBARD, son of Thomas Hubbard, M. D., Professor of Surgery in Yale College, and of Elizabeth (Gray) Hubbard, was born in Pomfret, Conn., Sept. 12th, 1803, and died in Hartford, August 26, 1863, aged nearly 60 years.
After graduation he attended medical lectures in New York and Philadelphia, and received the Degree of M. D. at this college in 1825. He practiced his profession for a few years, first in Brooklyn, Conn., and afterwards in New York City.

He was, for the last thirty years of his life, an inmate of the Retreat for the Insane, at Hartford, Conn.

**1824.**

Edgar Burr Day died at Catskill, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1863, aged 60 years

He was son of Orrin and Mary (Hull) Day, of Catskill, N. Y. and was born Sept. 1, 1803

He originally entered Dartmouth College, removing thence to Yale College in his Sophomore year.

After a course of legal study at Catskill, and at Litchfield, he was admitted to the bar in 1827 and continued to practice his profession till 1841, when the failure of his eyesight led him to engage in mercantile pursuits. Catskill was his home through life.

He was an Elder in the Presbyterian Church, and for thirty years Superintendent of the Sunday School in the Church to which he belonged.

In 1835 he married Sophia A. Camp, of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. Their children were four in number.

**1825.**

Thomas Slidell, of New Orleans, died at his residence in Newport, R. I., April 20, 1864, aged 57 years

He was a brother of John Slidell, the Southern representative in Paris. He entered College from New York.

He was an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in Louisiana for several years subsequent to 1847, and in 1855 he was appointed Chief Justice of the State.

Having resigned his position on the bench, he went to Europe in 1856, for the purpose of recruiting his health, which had been impaired for a year or two, in consequence of his excessive professional labor. While abroad, mental disease developed itself, and he was brought back to this country to become a patient of the Butler Hospital, in Providence. During the winter of 1862–3, the cloud lifted, and in most respects his perceptions became quite clear and correct; and in April, 1863, he rejoined his family, who were residing in Newport, R. I., and there he remained until his death.

He leaves a widow, (formerly Miss Callender) and a son who is an officer in the national army.
Josiah Collins, of Edenton, N. C., died in that place in 1863, aged about 57 years.

He was a man of influence and wealth, and somewhat distinguished as a politician. (See page 148.)

Richard DeCharms, son of William and Sarah (Mead) DeCharms, was born in Philadelphia, October 17, 1796, and died in that city, March 20, 1864, aged 67 years 5 months. His father, a native of Hammersmith near London, came to this country in 1793, and became a noted practitioner of medicine in Philadelphia. His mother kept a boarding house in Philadelphia which was the favorite resort of the members of the early Congress assembled in that city. The DeCharms family, (Des Champs,) is of Norman origin; the Huguenot ancestors of the American branch having fled from Caen to London in 1685, on the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes.

In early life Richard DeCharms was a practical printer. His final preparation for College was made under the direction of Rev. John Langdon, at Bethlem, Conn. During the year subsequent to his graduation, he resided in Boston engaged in the study of Swedenborgian theology, under Rev. Thos Worcester, D. D., at the same time superintending the publication of the "New Jerusalem Magazine," the first three numbers of which he printed with his own hands. His theological studies were continued in Baltimore with Rev. John Hargrove, and his first sermon on the "Paramount Importance of Spiritual Things," was published at that place in 1828, and was afterwards reprinted in London. After a year of pastoral labor in Bedford, Penn., Mr. DeCharms went to London and made further studies in Theology under Rev. Samuel Noble. On returning to this country in 1832, he became Pastor of the First New Jerusalem Church in Cincinnati, and conducted a periodical called "The Precursor." In 1839 he became Minister of the New Jerusalem Church in Philadelphia, in which post he remained five years. Between 1845 and 1850 he was settled in Baltimore, after which he returned to Philadelphia.

He subsequently preached for a little while in New York, though Philadelphia continued to be his home.

In his later days he devoted much attention to various mechanical contrivances and inventions of his own. He published a large number of sermons and other treatises chiefly in the defense of Swedenborgian Theology, among the more important of which were the following:—"Sermons illustrating

The mind of Mr. DeCharmes was impaired in early life, but not so seriously as to deter him from active intellectual employments. His severe labor brought on about the year 1847 a congestion of the brain, and other disorders from which he never recovered.

In 1833, he married Miss Mary Graham, daughter of Major George Graham of Stoystown, Penn. They became the parents of eight children, four boys and four girls.

1829.

James Woods McLane, son of John and Lydia (Lawrence) McLane, died at Williamsburgh, N. Y., February 26, 1864, aged 62 years.

He was born May 22, 1801, in Charlotte, N. C., and while he was quite young his father’s family removed to Illinois, from which state he went to Phillips Academy, Andover, to prepare himself for college. He is said to have appeared at the Academy after a journey of a thousand miles on horseback.

After his graduation at New Haven, he taught a school in New London two or three years and then returned to Andover, where he pursued a course of theological study, graduating in 1835. During his residence in the Seminary he was also engaged as a tutor in the Academy of which he had been a pupil.

In 1836 he became the first minister of the Madison Street Presbyterian Church in New York, and remained there till he was called in 1844, to the charge of the First Presbyterian Church in Williamsburgh, L. I., where he continued to be the Pastor during nearly all the remainder of his life. He was dismissed from this charge in Dec. 1863, at his own request, on account of his health, which began to fail while he was in Philadelphia, attending the meeting of the General Assembly, in the June preceding. In addition to his efficient labor as a Pastor he rendered important services to the ecclesiastical and benevolent institutions with which he was connected. He was for many years a Director and the Recorder of the Union Theological Seminary, and was also Secretary of the (N. S.) Presbyterian Church Election Fund.

He was employed by the Committee on Versions in the American Bible Society, (of which Drs. Robinson and Turner
were members,) to collate various editions of the English Bible, with a view to the preparation of a standard copy, which was adopted by the managers of the Society in 1851. This work he performed with great fidelity, pains-taking and accuracy. Various essays on the subject of Biblical Revision, from his pen, appeared in the N. Y. Observer, under the signature of “Camaroy,” and he was also an occasional contributor to the Quarterly Reviews. N. Y. University gave him the degree of D. D. in 1852.

He married Dec. 3, 1833, Miss Ann H Richards, of New London, who with six children survives him. Their eldest son, bearing his father’s name, graduated at Yale College in 1861.

1832.

Charles Theron Prentice died at Canaan, Conn., Oct. 18, 1863, aged 58.

He was the son of Rev. Charles (Y. C. 1802,) and Clarinda (Kasson) Prentice, and was born in Canaan, Conn., March 31, 1805.

After leaving College, he engaged in teaching in Bridgeport, Conn., and at the same time prepared himself for the ministry under the tuition of the Rev. Dr. Hewitt. In June, 1836, he was settled as pastor of the Congregational Church in the parish of North Fairfield, (then part of the town of Weston,) now the town of Easton, Conn. Here he faithfully performed the duties of a pastor until 1851, when he was released from his charge.

From that time till his death he continued to reside in Easton. For several years after his dismissal, he taught either a family school or the Academy of the town, but for the last few years of his life he was chiefly engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was very useful as a citizen and a Christian, and left upon all who knew him the impression of strict integrity of character.

He married Miss Harriet Ensign of Canaan, Conn., April 28, 1835, and leaves a widow, and an adopted daughter.

1833.

Josiah Ballard died at Carlisle, Mass., Dec 12, 1863.

He was born in Peterborough, N. H., April 14, 1806, and fitted for College at Monson Academy. He taught the classics in Westfield Academy for a year and a half, and studied theology with Rev. Dr. Whiton, of Antrim, N. H., whose daughter he married.
In 1836 he was ordained in Chesterfield, N. H., and settled over a Congregational Church in Nelson, N. H. In 1841 he removed to Sudbury, Mass, where he remained as a Pastor eleven years. In 1852 he was installed over a church in New Ipswich, N. H., and in 1855 he became a stated supply of the Church at Plympton, Mass. He was finally installed over the Church in Carlisle, September 15, 1859.

1835.

Frank Johnston, son of Alexander W. and Ann (Poin-tell) Johnston, was born in Philadelphia, October 31, 1816, and died, Dec 10, 1863, at The Meadows, near Pittsburgh, Penn, aged 47 years.

He studied law at Cambridge, and soon took up his residence at Pittsburgh, but did not engage in professional life, his tastes and circumstances leading him to pass his days in scholarly retirement,—chiefly devoted to the study of Greek literature.

One of his sons is a member of the Class of 1867, in Yale College.

1837.

Lemuel Sprague Parsons, son of Amos and Luna (Sperry) Parsons, was born in Wolcott, Conn, May 16th, 1809, and died in Cohoes, N. Y., April 27th, 1864, aged nearly 55 years.

He commenced his preparatory studies in Hamden, Conn., which were afterwards completed at the Academy in Troy, N. Y. He entered Yale College in the class of 1835, but did not graduate until 1837, having devoted one year to teaching in Bristol, Conn. After graduation he taught for a short time in Norfolk Co., Va., but was obliged to return home on account of ill health. After teaching another year in Bristol, he moved to Albany, N. Y., in 1839, where with his sister he established a Select Family School. He was also at the same time Principal of the Pearl Street Academy for Boys, in the same city. In 1845 he was chosen Principal of the Albany Female Academy, the duties of which he discharged with success until 1855, when he resigned his office. In the same year he engaged in manufacturing business in Cohoes, where he remained until his death.

He married, July 14th, 1838, Miss Lucy Stanley, of Goshen, Conn, who, with four children, survives him.
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1838.

George Allen, son of Rev. George (Y.C. 1818) and Elizabeth (Pitkin,) Allen, of Worcester, Mass., was born in Suffield, Conn., June 26, 1816, and died at Chelsea, Mass., May 1, 1864, aged 47 years. He left a widow and four children.

Immediately after leaving College he engaged in the work of teaching, to which his subsequent life was wholly devoted, first in Newton and then in Boston. For many years, and at the time of his death, he was Master of the Hancock School in that place, which has been of late a school for girls, and in this position he was highly esteemed.

Almon David Corbyn died in Jackson, Missouri, Oct. 18, 1855. He was the son of Joseph P. Corbyn, and was born in Ashford, Conn., April 22, 1810. In 1815 the father removed his family to Monroe Co., N. Y., which was then almost a wilderness. The son was fitted for College at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduating at this College, he was for some time employed as a private tutor in Annapolis, Md., and afterwards made his home in St. Louis, Mo., where he was Professor of Greek in Kemper College. Here he was admitted to orders by the Bishop of Missouri. In 1844 he left the College and took charge of the infant parish of Christ Church, Booneville, on the Missouri River, where he built a church and parsonage. In 1852 he left this place for the charge of St. Paul's parish in Columbus, Miss., and the next year he was invited to the Rectorship of St. Andrew's College, near Jackson, Miss. This charge he left in the spring of 1855, for the parish of St. Andrew, in Jackson. In the following August the yellow fever broke out in the city, and while ministering in a self-denying spirit, to the sick and dying, he took the disease and fell beneath the attack.

He was twice married,—first to Miss Mary Hough, of St. Louis, whose two sons are still living; and afterwards, in 1847, to Miss Virginia Buckner, who, with three children, survives him. His brother, Rev. Wm. B. Corbyn, D.D., of the class of 1839, is now living at Palmyra, Missouri.

Joseph Knox Walker died at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Wm. S. Pickett, in Memphis, Tenn., August 21, 1863, aged about 46 years. He was a son of James Walker, of Columbia, Tenn., and a nephew of President Polk.
In March, 1845, he became Private Secretary of President Polk and the signer of land-warrants. In 1858 he was a member of the Tennessee Senate.

Soon after the beginning of the present war, he entered the Confederate service and became Colonel of a regiment. Exposure in camp, at Columbus, Ky., and afterwards in the vicinity of Corinth and Shiloh, impaired his health so seriously that he was compelled to resign his command. The U. S. General commanding the department permitted him to return on a parole of honor, to Memphis, where his strength gradually declined until his death.

1839.

Levi Ward Smith died at Germantown, Penn., Dec. 1863. He was the eldest son of the late Silas O. Smith of Rochester, one of the earliest residents of Monroe Co., N Y.

He began his college life at Hamilton College, but transferred himself to New Haven at the beginning of his Junior year. After leaving college he studied law, was admitted to the bar in Rochester, and engaged with ardor in his chosen profession, devoting, also, much time to politics as a leader of the Whig party in his neighborhood. He was a member of the State Assembly of N Y, in 1849 and 1850, and was subsequently, Adjutant-General of the state under Gov. Hunt.

He at length determined to abandon the career on which he had entered, and study for the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Having been admitted to orders, he was made the minister of a church in Albion, where he remained two years. He then resigned this post and visited Europe. On his return he became Rector of St Michael's Church, in Germantown, Penn. While here, he was appointed a chaplain in the regular army and assigned to the charge of the Military Hospital in Germantown. As his health was impaired by these two-fold engagements, he resigned his rectorship and devoted himself to the hospital until disease completely prostrated him.

His remains were removed to Rochester for interment.

1842.

Samuel Buel Mulford, son of Silvanus S and Fanny (Jessup) Mulford, was born at Montrose, Penn., December 9, 1821.

He studied law in the office of Hon. Wm. Jessup (Y. C. 1815) of Montrose, and was admitted to the bar in 1845. Af-
ter having practised his profession for a time in his native place, he removed, in 1849, to Marysville, Cal., where he resided till his decease. During the latter years of his life, he was much occupied by political affairs, often advocating in public the national cause.

He died in Marysville, Sept. 6, 1863, aged 41 years.

**William Rufus Nelson,** of Peekskill, N. Y., was born November 22, 1822, the son of Hon. William Nelson of that place.

Having pursued a course of legal study with his father and brother, he was admitted to the bar and began to practice his profession in Goshen, Orange Co., N. Y. But he soon returned to his native place, and about 1846 formed a partnership with his father and brother.

He was married, Sept. 14, 1853, to Miss Abby E Tuck, eldest daughter of Hon. Amos Tuck, of Exeter, N. H.

His death occurred at Peekskill, February 24, 1864, in his 42d year.

**1843.**

**John Jacob Brandegee,** the eldest child of John and Mary Ann (Deshon) Brandegee, was born in New London, July 15, 1823, and died in Utica, N. Y., April 6, 1864.

He pursued a three years course of theological studies in the General Theological Seminary in New York, and on its termination he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Brownell, in St. John's Church, Hartford, July 3, 1846.

In the following autumn he went to the West Indies with an invalid brother, and for a time was associated with one of the ministers of the English Church in St. Croix, in his pastoral work. Thence he went to St. Thomas's, where there was a small congregation of members of the Church of England without a place of worship or a pastor. Under his faithful ministrations, the congregation grew in numbers and in stability, and a handsome stone church was built.

On returning to this country, he was ordained Priest by Bishop Henshaw, in St. James's Church, New London, January 24, 1849, and became Rector of St. Michael's Parish, in Litchfield, Conn. In 1854, he became Rector of Grace Church, Utica, N. Y., where, also, a church was erected under his auspices.

The honorary degree of D. D. was conferred on him by Hobart and Hamilton Colleges, in 1863.
He married in Morristown, N. J., Martina L. Condit, who survives him with four children,—three sons and a daughter.

A discourse commemorative of his life was preached by the pastor of his youth, Rev. Dr. R. A. Hallam, of New London, and was printed.

JOSEPH STILLMAN HUBBARD died of typhoid fever, in New Haven, August 16, 1863, aged forty years.

He was the son of Mr. Ezra Stiles Hubbard, and was born in New Haven, Sept. 7, 1823.

After leaving college, he was engaged for a short time in teaching at Southington, Conn., and he then went to Philadelphia where he found occupation for his remarkable powers as a computer, in the service of Mr. Sears C. Walker, the distinguished astronomer. He was subsequently engaged by Capt. John C. Fremont, in the reduction of the Astronomical observations of his first Expedition. Early in 1845, he was appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Bancroft, a professor of Mathematics in the U. S. Navy, and assigned for permanent duty to the Naval Observatory in Washington, then recently established. His distinguished ability, both as an astronomical observer and a mathematician, were apparent, not only in his prolonged service at his post, but also in his extra-official studies and investigations. He remained connected with the Observatory until his death, which appears to have been occasioned by the arduous efforts which he put forth during the warm summer months, to relieve the sick and wounded soldiers in the hospitals of Washington. The printed volumes of Washington Observations contain the chief results of his labors. Many articles from his pen, including investigations on the orbits of several comets and planets, were printed in Dr. Gould's Astronomical Journal. He wrote the article on Telescopes, for Appleton's New American Cyclopædia.

His relatives have presented to the Library of Yale College a collection of his manuscripts, (chiefly computations,) in fourteen quarto volumes.

Prof. Hubbard was appointed by Congress one of the original members of the National Academy of Science.

He married, April 27, 1848; Miss Sarah E. L. Hardy, of Washington, who died in 1861. Their only child died in 1857.
ROBERT WESLEY NELSON died at Walkersville, Md., April 23, 1863, aged 43 years.

He was born at Locust Grove, Frederick Co., Md., April 25, 1820. He pursued the study of medicine in Frederick City, Md., and in the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. He commenced practice in his native town, where he continued to reside until his death.

He was married, May 24, 1854, to Miss Ellen Jones, of Kent Co., Md., who survives him with two children.

HUBERT FRANKLIN NORTH died in New Britain, Conn., October 27, 1863, aged 41 years. He was son of Alvm and Clarissa (Burnham) North, and was born Nov. 13, 1822.

He pursued the study of Law in the office of R. H. Mills, Esq., in New Hartford, Litchfield Co., Conn., in the Yale Law School, and in the office of Hon. W. W. Ellsworth, of Hartford, Conn. He was admitted to the bar in March, 1845, and commenced the successful practice of his profession in his native town.

A serious affection of his eyes, and the failure of his general health, compelled him to abandon his profession and engage in more active pursuits. In 1849, he began the manufacture of saddlery hardware. The firm of H. F. North & Co. was but a short time previous to his death, changed for permanence to North & Judd Manufacturing Co. which is its present designation.

As a business man, a member of community, an earnest and useful Christian, and in all the public and private relations of life, his course was crowned with honor and success, and he died widely mourned and lamented.

He was married, Sept. 1st, 1852, to Jane H., daughter of Abel Hendrick, Esq., of New Britain.

His children were two daughters, one of whom died in 1857.

ROBERT FARRIS FISK died suddenly in Washington, D C., December 16, 1863, aged 44. He was the third son of Deacon William and Jane (Farris) Fisk, and was born in Cambridge, Mass., May 5, 1819.

After a course of study fitting him for commercial life, he entered the counting-room of an India merchant in Boston, and remained there three or four years, subsequently making a voyage to the West Indies. An irresistible desire for a college education, and the partial failure of his health, led him to change his course of life.
After graduating in New Haven, he pursued the study of law at Cambridge, and was admitted to the Massachusetts bar, but he did not enter upon the practice of his profession. He engaged in mercantile and manufacturing pursuits at Boston, and continued there until 1857, when he removed to St. Paul, Minnesota. From 1860 to 1863 he held the office of State Librarian of Minnesota, and then, in consequence of impaired health, he returned to the East.

He was married, June 16, 1847, in New Haven, to Miss Narcissa P. Whittemore, step-daughter of Hon. S. J. Hitchcock. His widow and five children survive him. His brother, Dr. S. A. Fisk, graduated in the same class, and is living in Northampton, Mass.

1847.

Seth Ely Case, the son of Aurora and Betsey Case, was born in Simsbury, Conn., November 3, 1825, the youngest of five brothers.

He fitted himself for college in the school at Ellington, and under the instructions of Rev. C. McLean, at Collinsville.

Having chosen the Law as his profession, he pursued a course of preparatory studies in the Law department of this College, and subsequently in the offices of Judge Parsons and John Hooker, Esq., of Hartford. In 1850 he entered upon the practice of his profession at New Britain, where he continued to reside, respected and beloved by the community, until his death. This occurred, after a short illness, at New Britain, on the 19th of April, 1864, in his 39th year.

He was married, Oct. 16, 1850, to Miss Minerva E. Wilcox, who, with two sons, survives him.

1849.

Andrew Upson, son of Levi Upson, was born in Southington, Conn., May 18, 1825.

After two years employed in teaching at Salem, N. J., and Wellsboro, Tioga Co., Pa., he returned to his native place, and resided there, engaged in agriculture. He was a member of the General Assembly of Connecticut in 1854.

In August, 1862, Mr. Upson entered the military service of the country as First Lieutenant, Company E, 20th Regiment Conn Vols., and was subsequently promoted to be Captain of Co. K., in the same Regiment.

In the battle of Chancellorsville, May 3, 1863, he was taken prisoner and carried to Libby prison. After his release, he was
stationed with his company at Tracy City, Tenn., a small place on the Cumberland mountains, which it was important to hold for the protection of a coal mine worked for the government. On the 20th of Jan., 1864, a detachment of rebel cavalry dashed into the place, and surrounding the quarters of Captain Upson, took him prisoner. After his surrender he was twice cruelly shot, and on the 19th of February he died from the effects of the double wounds.

His career was that of a brave and upright Christian soldier.

He married Miss Elizabeth Gridley, of Southington, who, with three children, survives him.

1851.

CHARLES ALFRED BAER. (See page 149.)

1853.

JOSHUA ANDERSON died of consumption, in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 25, 1864, aged 35 years.

He was born in Buckingham, Pa., Dec. 14, 1828. After a course of studies in the Law Department of this College, he received the degree of LL. B. in 1855, and soon afterwards entered on the active duties of his profession in the city of New York, where he remained until his death.

1854.

GEORGE FREDERICK NICHOLS died in New York city, Oct. 2, 1863, aged 31 years. He was son of Willis Nichols, and was born at Fairfield, Conn., March 8, 1832.

After a short time passed in teaching at Gallatin, Tenn., he pursued the study of law with the firm of Mead & Taft in New York city, and in 1857 he opened an office for the practice of his profession in that place, in connection with Stewart L. Woodford, Esq. There he continued until his decease, which was occasioned by consumption. His remains were buried in Greenfield, Conn.

JAMES CLAY RICE fell in battle, near Spotsylvania Court House, Va., May 11, 1864, aged 34 years.

He was born at Worthington, Mass., Dec. 27, 1829.

After his college course was completed, he resided for a year in Natchez, Mississippi, engaged in teaching and in writing for one of the local newspapers. He also pursued the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in that State.
Returning to the North, he continued his legal studies in New York, in the office of Theodore Sedgewick, Esq., and in 1856 he commenced the practice of his chosen profession.

When the present war began, he engaged in the military service with rare ardor and efficiency. Enlisting as a private in the N. Y Garibaldi Guard, he soon became Lieutenant, then Adjutant, and afterwards Captain. When the 44th Regiment N. Y S. Vol. was organized, he received the appointment in it of Lieutenant Colonel. From that time on, his career is thus recorded in the N. Y. Evening Post, (May 12, 1864.)

"He led his regiment through Yorktown, at Hanover Court House, at the bloody battle of Gaines's Mill, at Malvern Hill, at Manassas, in 1862, and was absent from Antietam because he was on a sick-bed with typhoid fever; then at Fredericksburg, under Burnside, and Chancellorsville, under Hooker; then at Gettysburg, where he rendered the most essential and distinguished service. It was his brigade, then the Third brigade of the First division of the Fifth corps, which held the extreme left of the line on Thursday, the second day of the battle, and which successfully resisted the repeated and desperate onsets of the enemy. For three hours in that battle Colonel Rice fought incessantly, without receiving a single order from any superior officer, sending for, receiving and disposing of reinforcements with such cool skill and judgment that at the close of the day's fight he had cleared his front of the enemy and extended and advanced his line so as to cover Round-Top Mountain, which rendered it secure against any flanking movement. For this great service, as well as in reward for former gallant deeds, General Meade, supported by the previous earnest recommendations of Generals Hooker, Porter and Butterfield, had him appointed Brigadier General, in which position he participated in the advance upon Mine Run, passed through the perils of the Wilderness, and met his death amidst the carnage on the banks of the Po.

He fought from a sense of duty, was always foremost in battle, and the deep religious conviction which animated his heart made him, it is not too much to say, one of the best Christian soldiers of the army."

James Edward Rains, son of John Rains, was born in Wilson Co., Tenn., April 10, 1833, and entered college Sophomore year, a resident of Nashville, Tenn.

After teaching for a short time, he studied law and entered on the practice of his profession in Nashville.
In the Confederate army he held the rank of Colonel, and subsequently of Brigadier General, and fell, shot through the heart, at Murfreesboro', Dec. 31, 1862.

He married Miss Yeatman, a step-daughter of John Bell, formerly U. S. Senator from Tennessee.

1855.

William Wheeler, youngest son of Russell C. (Y. C. 1816) and Theodosia (Davenport) Wheeler, fell in battle, near Marietta, Ga., June 22, 1864. He was born in New York, August 14, 1836. During his college life, the family residence was removed to New Haven.

After graduation he remained in New Haven, engaged in legal and other studies, till May, 1857, when he sailed for Europe. After passing the summer in travel, he continued the study of law during the winter of 1857–8, at the University of Berlin, and he subsequently visited Italy and Greece.

He returned to New Haven in July, 1858, and in the next Spring he entered the Law School at Cambridge, Mass., where he received the degree of LL. B. in 1860. He soon opened an office in New York City, and entered on the practice of his profession; but when the rebellion began, he could not resist the call of his country; and first went to the defense of the Capitol, with the Seventh Reg N. Y. S. N G. in the spring of 1861. After this temporary service, he enlisted a company of men, many of whom were Germans, and received a commission, first as Lieutenant, and subsequently as Captain of the 13th Independent Battery of New York. In this artillery service he was arduously engaged until he was cut down by death.

In the Shenandoah Valley and at Gettysburg, with the Army of the Potomac, and subsequently in the battle of Lookout Mountain, and during the recent advance into Georgia, he bore a most honorable part.

As his battery was connected with no brigade, promotion above the rank of Captain was not possible for him without a change of service. He was however appointed Chief of Artillery on the Staff of Gen. Geary, (2d Div. 20th Army Corps,) in which capacity he served with distinction.

During an engagement with the enemy, it was necessary for his battery to hold an unoccupied position between the First and Second Divisions of his corps. Gen. Geary told him that he could give him no support from the infantry. "Very well, I will support myself then," was Capt. Wheeler's reply. A
A few moments afterwards a bullet from a sharpshooter pierced his heart, and he fell instantly killed.

His keen relish for knowledge, his quickness of perception and his nobility of soul were strengthened by the army service;—and bright hopes of scholarly distinction were buried in this patriot’s grave.

His body rests in Greenwood Cemetery. A Discourse commemorative of his life was preached in New Haven, July 17, by Prof. Timothy Dwight.

1856.

Charles Edwin Bulkeley, the son of Hon. Eliphalet A. Bulkeley (Y. C. 1824) of Hartford, Conn., was born in Colchester, Dec. 16, 1835.

He was fitted for college in the Hartford Grammar School, was admitted to Trinity College, and at the beginning of junior year he became a member of this college.

After his graduation he studied law with his father, and was admitted to the Bar in 1859. He was soon afterwards made Clerk of the Hartford City Court.

He responded to the first call for troops in the present war, and served as a member of Co. A. in the First Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. He was afterwards appointed First Lieutenant in the 1st Conn. Heavy Artillery, and was again promoted to be Captain of Co. E in that regiment. He shared the hardships of the Peninsular campaign and was subsequently stationed in the defenses of Washington. While in the latter position he was selected for his proficiency to be the Adjutant of the 1st Battalion. He died at Battery Garesche, Va., February 13, 1864, after a short attack of typhoid fever and pneumonia, aged 28 years.

George Chester Robinson died at Wellsboro, Penn., Sept. 21, 1863, aged 30 years.

He was the only son of Chester Robinson, Esq., and was born in Wellsboro, August, 1833.

After pursuing a course of theological study in the Union Seminary at New York, he became in 1858 the Minister of the First Place Methodist Episcopal Church in Brooklyn, N. Y., and in the following year he took charge of the Union Chapel in Cincinnati. His health failing, he was sent to Europe by the ecclesiastical society of which he was the minister, and after an extended tour and a prolonged residence in Germany, he returned home with renewed vigor, and with bright hopes.
for the future, but he soon fell a victim to pulmonary consumption.

He was an occasional contributor to "the Methodist" newspaper.

He married, Aug. 4, 1858, Miss Maria M. Stevens, daughter of Rev. Dr. Abel Stevens, now of Mamaroneck, N. Y.

SAMUEL FAY WOODS, youngest son of Mr. H. P. Woods, of Barre, Mass., was born in that town, June 23, 1837. His legal studies were pursued in Worcester and Cambridge, and on reaching the age of twenty-one, he was admitted to the bar and commenced practice in the place of his birth.

On the 19th of April, 1861, he entered the military service of the United States, as a Lieutenant in the Third Battalion of Rifles in Massachusetts, being the first man in his town to enter the service. He returned home with his Regiment at the end of three months, and in the summer of 1862, again joined the Volunteer army as Adjutant of the 34th Mass. Regiment. He afterwards held the position of A. A Adj. Gen. on the staff of Gen. M. Weber, but when his regiment was ordered to the front he chose to rejoin it, and his request was granted.

Having been severely wounded, he returned to Worcester, where he died a few hours after the amputation of his arm, June 26, 1864, aged 27 years.

1858.

DEWEES OGDEN, son of Charles W. Ogden, was born at Pascagoula, Miss., Aug. 5, 1839. After studying law with George P. Stevens, Esq., in New York, he was admitted to the bar and opened an office in that city. He afterwards held a position in the New York Post Office, which he resigned in order to go to the South and enter the Confederate army. He joined the Richmond Howitzers, as a private, and was killed at Gettysburg, in the first battle, it is believed, in which he fought.

CHARLES BOARDMAN WHITTLESEY was born in Haverhill, Mass., Dec. 4, 1834. His father was Rev. Joseph Whittlesey, (Y. C. 1825,) formerly of Stonington, Conn., and afterwards of Berlin. He entered Amherst College in 1854, and during Sophomore year transferred himself to this College.

After graduation he was occupied in farming, residing in Huron Co., Ohio. At the outbreak of the rebellion he enlisted
as a private in the 55th Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, for three years, hoping to be instrumental in freeing the Union from slavery. His health was never vigorous, and from Oct., 1862, to February, 1863, he was confined in the hospital; but he rejoined his regiment in time to participate in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg. His regiment was then transferred to the West, and after taking part in the battle of Chattanooga, was sent to the relief of Knoxville. He was then again taken ill, and after three months confinement in the hospital at Nashville, Tenn., he died in that place, February 21, 1864, aged 29 years

1839.

Peter Vivian Daniel, son of Vivian and Vitula Daniel, was born July 10, 1837, in Hardinsburg, Kentucky, from which place he entered college. After graduation he studied law with Mr. Shepley, in St. Louis, Mo., and was licensed to practice in 1860. At the commencement of the war he assisted in raising a Company of men for the Confederate army, and was appointed First Lieut. in the Fifth, and subsequently Captain in the Ninth Kentucky Regiment of Confederate troops. He was wounded in battle at Baton Rouge, and was present at the battles of Shiloh and Murfreesboro. He was killed in the battle of Chickamauga, while leading his men in a charge on the National breastworks, September 20, 1863, aged 26 years.

1860.

Theodore Lewis Buffett Howe died in North Madison, Conn., of consumption, November 7, 1863, aged 24 years. He was a son of Rev. Samuel Howe, (Y. C. 1827,) and E. L. (Buffet) Howe, now of North Madison, and was born in Lenox, N. Y., June 15, 1839. After graduation he taught a school in Madison, Conn., for a short time,—but a hemorrhage of the lungs, in January, 1861, interrupted this work, and he never recovered his health. He was intending to become a foreign missionary, and with this hope he pursued, as far as his health permitted, the study of theology and medicine.
FREDERICK CALLENDER OGDEN, only son of Edwin Ogden, Esq., of Newport, R. I., fell in an engagement between Gens. Sheridan and Imboden, at Trevillian Station, Va., June 11, 1864, aged 25 years.

He was born in New Jersey, May 21, 1839.

He spent a year after graduation in Europe. He then entered the military service as Lieutenant in the regular Cavalry, in which capacity he was actively engaged at Fort Leavenworth under Gen. Hunter, in Kentucky and Tennessee under Gens. Buel and Rosecrans, and afterwards under Gen. Stoneman, in Virginia. He was promoted to be First Lieutenant, July 17, 1862, and at the time of his death was Adjutant of the First Regiment U. S. Cavalry.

JAMES HENRY SCHNEIDER, the son of Rev. Dr. Benjamin and Susan M. Schneider, (missionaries of the A. B C. F. M. at Antab, Syria,) was born at Broosa, Turkey, March 14, 1839.

During the first three years subsequent to his graduation he was a teacher in the State Normal School, Bridgewater, Mass. He had often felt impelled to offer his services to the country after the rebellion began,—and at length when he was drafted, he determined to report in person for duty. He presently received the appointment of Lieutenant in the 2d Regiment of U. S. colored troops, and was afterwards chosen Chaplain of the Regiment, being ordained at Bridgewater, Oct. 27, 1863. He was stationed at Ship Island, and then at Key West. After a short illness, he became a prey to the yellow fever, and died April 25, 1864, aged 25 years.

In determining, from the purest love of his country, to enter the military service, he declined an appointment as Tutor in Yale College, and postponed indefinitely, direct preparation for the work of a foreign missionary, on which his choice was fixed.

1861.

JOHN NEWELL BANNAN, the son of Benjamin Bannan, was born in Pottsville, Schuylkill County, Penn., August 25, 1839, and died in the same town, Nov. 20, 1863, aged 24 years.

After leaving college he was desirous of entering the service of his country, but on account of his tendency to ill health, he was persuaded by his father to remain for a time at home. Here he took an active part in the enlistment of men of education in the Anderson Cavalry, Col. Palmer, and he finally
joined this regiment in the capacity of Corporal, hoping to be benefitted by an out-door life. The hard service which he saw during the first raid into Maryland, in 1862, was too severe for his health, and he was obliged to seek a discharge from the army. Having partly regained his strength at the time of the second raid into Pennsylvania, he persisted, contrary to the advice of physicians and friends, in re-enlisting,—saying, that "he was ashamed to be seen at home." Again he overtaxed his physical powers, but remained in the army until his regiment was discharged. From that time he continued to fail, until he fell a prey to consumption at the beginning of his 25th year.

James Pepper Pratt, eldest son of Hon. D. D. Pratt, was born at Logansport, Indiana, Oct. 9, 1841, and was killed on the battle field near Hanover Town, Va., May 29, 1864, in his 23d year.

Immediately after leaving college he began the study of law in his father's office,—but the magnitude of the rebellion soon became so obvious that he determined to enter the military service, and notwithstanding the ease and comfort by which he had always been surrounded, he enlisted as a private for three years in the United States Regular Army. For four months he cheerfully did duty in the ranks, till a knowledge of his character reached President Lincoln, by whom he was appointed a Lieutenant in the Regular Army. For several months he was employed in recruiting troops at various posts in the Eastern States, till, in the spring of 1863, he was summoned to join his regiment under Gen. Meade. He was soon made Adjutant of his regiment, (11th U. S. Infantry, Warren's Corps,) in which capacity he shared the varying fortunes of the Army of the Potomac, with acknowledged bravery. He was twice struck at Gettysburg, and finally, after passing through the battles of the Wilderness, he fell, pierced through the heart, on the field near Hanover Town.

1862.

Ira Rush Alexander was killed at Mine Run, Orange County, Va., Nov. 29, 1863.

Soon after his college course was over, he became a First Lieutenant in the 16th Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was speedily promoted to the rank of Captain, in which capacity he served his country until his death.
His regiment being attached to the Army of the Potomac, he bravely participated in over twenty engagements. On the day of his death he had been sent to the front to repel an attack of the enemy. This he did successfully and returned to camp. While he was still on horseback, reporting to his Colonel, he was shot through the body, (probably by a rebel sharp-shooter,) and expired in a few hours.

His body was carried to his home at Lewistown, Penn., for burial.

WILLIAM WATSON HOUSE, son of Wm. W. House, Esq., of Hartford, died of the dysentery at Harney House Hospital, Baton Rouge, La., July 24, 1863, aged 23 years. He was a member of Co. A, 25th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was taken ill during the siege of Port Hudson. He had acquired the respect of his officers and comrades as a brave and faithful soldier.

His body was buried in the U. S. Cemetery at Baton Rouge.

RICHARD SKINNER, only surviving child of Hon. Mark Skinner, of Chicago, Ill., was born in that city in 1842.

On leaving College he entered at once on the military service of the country, receiving a commission as First Lieutenant in the regular army, and becoming attached to the 10th U. S. Infantry. His first service was on the staff of Gen. Hunter, in the department of the South. Subsequently he was transferred to the staff of Gen. Roberts, and was occupied in the inspection and purchase of commissary's stores in Iowa. He was subsequently transferred to the department of the Gulf and served in Texas. When summoned to his regiment, he went with alacrity to the front, and within two or three days of his arrival he was shot down, June 22, 1864, in the neighborhood of Petersburg, Va., and died the next day.

1863.

HARVEY HARRIS BLOOM, son of Benjamin and Abby La Rue Carle Bloom, of North Norwich, (King's Settlement,) New York, was born August 23d, 1838, and died at his father's home, March 18, 1864, aged 25 years.

He was originally a member of the class of 1862, and upon reaching the close of his Junior year, he entered the military service of his country as First Lieutenant in the Fifth Regiment, Excelsior Brigade, N. Y. State Volunteers.
His strength was not sufficient to bear the exposure to which he was liable, and after two severe illnesses he resigned his commission and re-entered college in the class of 1863, with which he graduated. But his health was seriously impaired, and after a gradual decline he died of consumption.

Edwin Macomber, son of John Macomber, was born at Oakham, Mass, Oct. 20, 1836, and died in New Haven, Sept. 6, 1863, aged 26 years.

He prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduating in July last, he spent a few weeks in a visit at Washington, and on returning to New Haven, was attacked with dysentery, and died, after a short illness, in the full assurance of Christian faith.

Walter Hebert Smyth was the elder son of Ralph D., (Y. C. 1827) and Rachel (Seward) Smith, of Guilford, where he was born May 11, 1843.

He fitted for college at the Guilford Institute. In March, 1863, his health, which had been for some time failing, became so much enfeebled that he was obliged to leave college. He was with his class at the time of taking their degrees, but soon after he went to the West, in hopes that the climate beyond the Mississippi might bring convalescence. He died, however, at Fairfield City, Iowa, on the 27th of November, 1863, at the age of 20 years.

The Woolsey and Bristed Scholarships, which were awarded to him on examination, attest his high standing as a scholar among his classmates.

While this record has been passing through the press, the following additional information has come to hand

1826.

Josiah Collins, son of Josiah Collins, a wealthy planter of Edenton, N. C, was born at that place in 1807.

After leaving college, he entered the school at Litchfield, and qualified himself for the profession of the Law. He was a man of mark in the neighborhood of his residence at Edenton, taking an active interest in political affairs, and serving several years as a member of the North Carolina Senate. He died in the latter part of 1863, aged 56 years.

In 1829, he married Miss Riggs, of New Jersey.
1851.

Charles Alfred Baer was born at Lancaster, Pa., May 28, 1831, and died at Norristown, Pa., Sept., 1863.

After graduation, he engaged in study at home for two years, and in October, 1853, he entered the Theological Seminary of the Lutheran Church at Gettysburgh. He was in due time ordained as a minister of that church, and for the last two years prior to his decease, had been a Pastor of a church in Norristown, Pa. His care for the sick and wounded at Gettysburg seriously impaired his health, and he finally sank under an attack of typhoid fever.

In addition to the names above recorded, the following deaths have been reported among the professional graduates of the College, not graduates of the Academic Department

Doctors of Medicine

1821.

Alanson Abbe was born at Enfield, Conn., June 17, 1795; was graduated at the Medical Institution at New Haven, in 1821, and soon after commenced the practice of his profession at Litchfield, Conn., from which place he removed in 1839 to Worcester, Mass., and from there, in 1841, to Boston, where he resided till the time of his death, April 14, 1864, in the 69th year of his age.

His son, Rev. F. R. Abbe, graduated at this College in 1848.

1832.

Asa Leffingwell Spalding was born Sept. 18, 1800, at Killingly, Conn. His parents soon after removed to Colchester, Conn.; where he was fitted for College, at “Bacon Academy.” He relinquished, however, the idea of a collegiate education, and entered upon the study of medicine,—which he pursued in part under the instruction of Dr North, of Hartford, Conn., and subsequently in the Medical School at Yale College, from which he received his degree. He commenced practice in Marlborough, (Conn.) whence he removed to East Haddam, (Conn.) Continuing but a short time in each of these places, he came, in the spring of 1839, to Enfield, Conn., where he spent the remaining twenty-five years of his life, almost constantly engaged in the duties of his profession.

He was a man of marked energy of character,—a quality which showed itself in the vigorous support he rendered in
church and religious matters, no less than in his successful professional life. He died at Enfield, Jan. 7, 1864.

Dr. Spalding was twice married:—in 1834, to Miss Mary R. Dixon;—in 1843, to Miss Sarah H. Field. He was the father of four children, all of whom are living. The two eldest are graduates of Williams College.

1843.


A native of Rodman, Jefferson Co. N. Y., he began his medical studies in Syracuse, and completed his preparatory course at New Haven. Eight of the twenty years of his medical life were spent in Ohio, and the remaining twelve in New York State. He was busily engaged in his profession up to the time of his death, and was also an active member of the Congregational Church.

BACHELOR OF LAWS

1847.

FRANKLIN HULSE CLACK, son of Commander Clack, U. S. N., born in Florida, 1828, graduated at Mount St. Mary's College in 1845, and took the degree of Bachelor of Laws at Yale in 1847. He was appointed Secretary of Legation to Brazil in 1851, and after his return and settlement in New Orleans was appointed U. S. District Attorney for Louisiana. On retiring from this position, he continued the practice of his profession with success.

He married a daughter of Mr. S. Babcock, of New Haven.

He was wounded during the battles of Mayfield and Pleasant Hill, Western Louisiana, which took place on the 8th and 9th of April, 1864, and died on the 24th of April.

BACHELOR OF PHILOSOPHY

1852.

GEORGE WASHINGTON WEYMAN, son of George Weyman, a manufacturer in Pittsburg, Pa., was born in April, 1832, and died at Pittsburg, June 16, 1864.

He studied in Europe three years, at the Universities of Gottingen and Munich, receiving the degree of Ph. D. from the University of Gottingen in 1855. His Inaugural Dissertation was an investigation entitled "Lithia and its Salts."

At the time of his death Dr. Weyman was established at Pittsburg as Pharmaceutist and Analytical Chemist.
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1858 Charles B Whittlesey, 29, Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 21, 1864
1859 Peter V Daniel, 26, Chickamauga Battle Field, Sept 20, 1863.
1860 Theodore L B Howe, 24, North Madison, Conn., Nov. 7, 1863
1860 Frederick C Ogden, 25, Trevilian Station, Va., June 11, 1864
1860 James H Schneider, 25, Key West, Fla., April 25, 1864
1861 John N Bannan, 24, Pottsville, Pa., Nov. 20, 1863
1861 James P Pratt, 22, near Hanover Town, Va., May 29, 1864
1862 Ira R Alexander, Mine Run, Va., Nov. 23, 1863
1862 William W. House, 23, Baton Rouge, La., July 24, 1863
1862 Richard Skinner, 22, near Petersburg, Va., June 22, 1864
1863 Harvey H Bloom, 26, North Norwich, N Y., March 18, 1864
1863 Edwin Macomber, 26, New Haven, Conn., Sept 6, 1863.
1863 Walter H Smyth, 20, Fairfield, Iowa, Nov. 28, 1863.

Total, 66. Average age, 50 years.

DOCTORS OF MEDICINE
1821 Alanson Abbe, 68 Boston, Mass April 14, 1864.
1832 Asa L Spalding, 63 Enfield, Conn. Jan 7, 1864
1843 William T Clark, 45 Mannsville, N Y. Dec 2, 1863

BACHELOR OF LAWS
1847 Franklin H Clack, 36 Louisiana April 24, 1864.

BACHELOR OF PHILOSOPHY
1862 George W Weyman, 32 Pittsburg, Pa June 16, 1864

The number of deaths reported this year has been sixty-six,—besides five graduates of the Law, Medical and Scientific Schools, making a total of seventy-one names recorded in this list.

The deaths among the graduates of the academical department are thus distributed, in Connecticut, 14, in New York, 12, in Pennsylvania, 8, in Virginia, 6; in Tennessee, 5, in Massachusetts, 3, in Ohio, 3, in New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, California, District of Columbia, and New Brunswick, each 1.—Total 66.

Among the deceased were Ministers, 16, Lawyers, 30, Physicians, 2.

The oldest graduates of the College are now
Class of 1788 Rev. Daniel Waldo, of Syracuse, N Y, who will be 102 years of age, Sept 10, 1864.

" 1793 Hon. David S Boardman, of New Milford, Conn.
" 1794 Hon. Ezekiel Bacon, of Unica, N Y
" 1794 Rev. Daniel Huntington, of Hadley, Mass

It is believed, that in all, fourteen graduates of classes prior to the class of 1800 are still surviving.

During the year, the oldest ad eundem or honorary graduate of this College, who was also the oldest graduate of Harvard College, Hon. Josiah Quincy, (admitted to his first degree at Cambridge, in 1790, and here in 1792,) died in Quincy, Mass, July 1, 1864, aged 92 years.

The oldest honorary graduate of this College is now...
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